OMRON

Machine Automation Controller NX-series Safety Control Unit

User's Manual

NX-SL
NX-SI
NX-SO





Z930-E1-27

Safety Control Unit

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Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NX-series Safety Control Unit.

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the NX-series Safety Control Unit. Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the Unit before you attempt to use it in a control system.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.
- Personnel with the qualifications, authority, and responsibility for providing safety at each phase of the lifecycle of the machine: design, installation, operation, maintenance, and disposal.
- Personnel with a knowledge of functional safety.

For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS B 3503.

Applicable Products

This manual covers the following products.

NX-series Safety Control Units

NX-SL

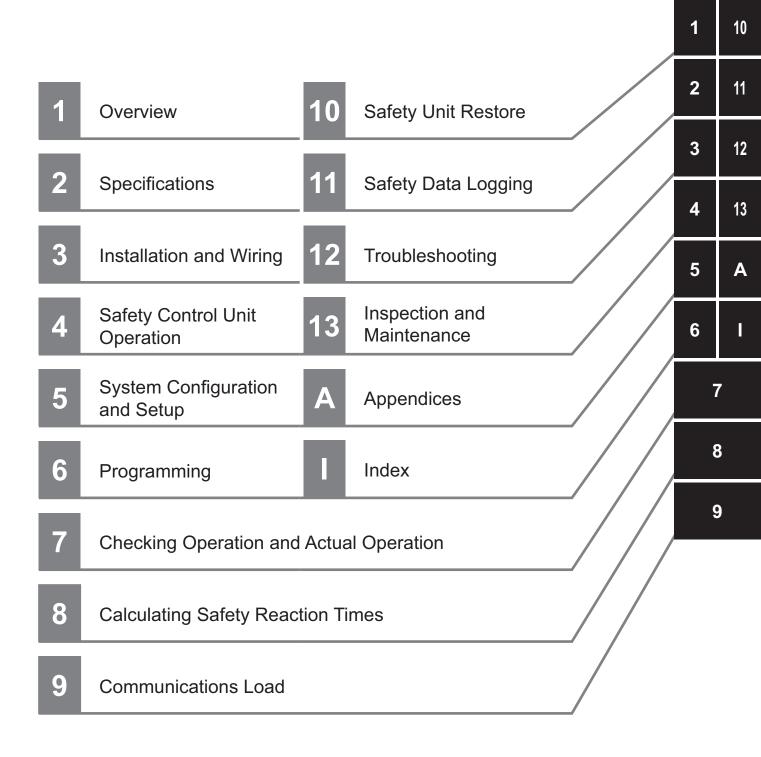
NX-SI

NX-SO

Note that this manual provides information for using an NX-series Safety Control Unit described above together with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, an EtherCAT Coupler Unit, or with an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit. When you use it with an NX-CSG320 Communication Control Unit, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit / Communication Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z395)*.

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Relevant Manuals

The following table provides the relevant manuals for this product. Read all of the manuals that are relevant to your system configuration and application before you use the product.

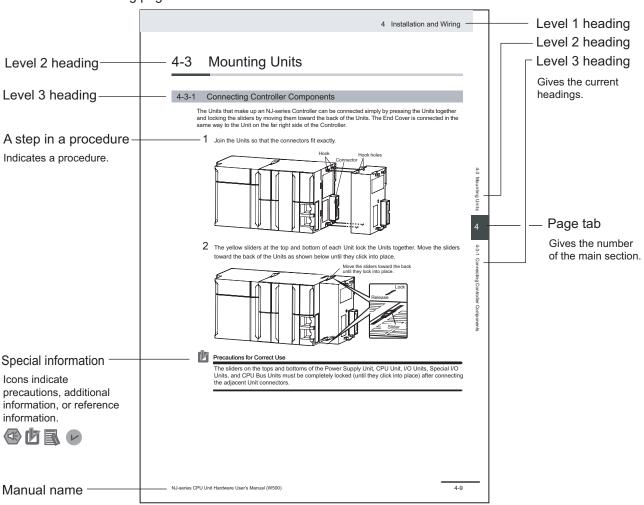
Most operations on this product are performed from the Sysmac Studio Automation Software. For details on the Sysmac Studio, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)*.

	Purpose of use	NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual	NX-series Safety Control Unit / Communication Control Unit User's Manual	NX-series Communication Control Unit Built-in Function User's Manual	NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual
	ling a safety control system integrated with NJ/NX-ser- PU Units	•			
	ling a standalone safety control system with rNet/IP Coupler Units	•			
	ling a safety network control system with Communica- Control Units		•		
Intro	duction to Safety Control Unit	•	•		
Setti	ng devices and hardware				
	NX-SL5□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•	•		
	NX-SL3□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•			
	NX-SI	•	•		
	NX-CSG		•		
Softv	vare settings				
	NX-SL5□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•	•		
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	NX-SI	•	•		
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	Built-in functions for Communication Control Unit		•	•	
Lean	ning about error corrections				
	NX-SL5□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•	•		•
	NX-SL3□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•			•
	NX-SI	•	•		
	NX-CSG		•		
Main	tenance				

Purpose of use	NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual	NX-series Safety Control Unit / Communication Control Unit User's Manual	NX-series Communication Control Unit Built-in Function User's Manual	NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual
NX-SL5□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•	•		
NX-SL3□□□ Safety CPU Unit	•			
NX-SI	•	•		
NX-CSG		•		

Manual Structure

Page Structure



The following page structure is used in this manual.

This illustration is provided only as a sample. It may not literally appear in this manual.

Special Information

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:

Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.

Precautions for Correct Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



Additional Information

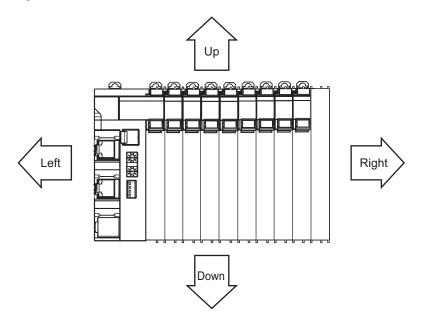
Additional information to read as required. This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.

Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for Controller with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio is given.

Precaution on Terminology

In this manual, the directions in relation to the Units are given in the following figure, which shows upright installation.



Terms and Conditions Agreement

Warranty, Limitations of Liability

Warranties

Exclusive Warranty

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Further, in no event shall liability of Omron Companies exceed the individual price of the Product on which liability is asserted.

Application Considerations

Suitability of Use

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes or regulations which apply to the combination of the Product in the Buyer's application or use of the Product. At Buyer's request, Omron will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use which apply to the Product. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the Product in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use. Buyer shall be solely responsible for determining appropriateness of the particular Product with respect to Buyer's application, product or system. Buyer shall take application responsibility in all cases.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCT FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY OR IN LARGE QUANTITIES WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT(S) IS PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIP-MENT OR SYSTEM.

Programmable Products

Omron Companies shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable Product, or any consequence thereof.

Disclaimers

Performance Data

Data presented in Omron Company websites, catalogs and other materials is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of Omron's test conditions, and the user must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the Omron's Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

Change in Specifications

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons. It is our practice to change part numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the Product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special part numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application. Please consult with your Omron's representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased Product.

Errors and Omissions

Information presented by Omron Companies has been checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical or proofreading errors or omissions.

Statement of security responsibilities for assumed use cases and against threats

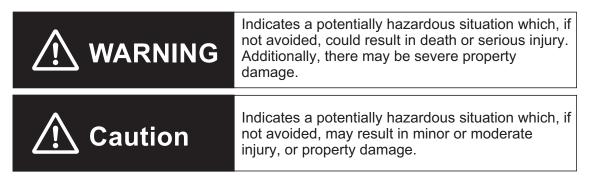
OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE AND/OR LIABLE FOR ANY LOSS, DAMAGE, OR EX-PENSES DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY RESULTING FROM THE INFECTION OF OMRON PROD-UCTS, ANY SOFTWARE INSTALLED THEREON OR ANY COMPUTER EQUIPMENT, COMPUTER PROGRAMS, NETWORKS, DATABASES OR OTHER PROPRIETARY MATERIAL CONNECTED THERETO BY DISTRIBUTED DENIAL OF SERVICE ATTACK, COMPUTER VIRUSES, OTHER TECHNOLOGICALLY HARMFUL MATERIAL AND/OR UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS.

It shall be the users sole responsibility to determine and use adequate measures and checkpoints to satisfy the users particular requirements for (i) antivirus protection, (ii) data input and output, (iii) maintaining a means for reconstruction of lost data, (iv) preventing Omron Products and/or software installed thereon from being infected with computer viruses and (v) protecting Omron Products from unauthorized access.

Safety Precautions

Definition of Precautionary Information

The following notation is used in this manual to provide precautions required to ensure safe usage of the NX-series Safety Control Unit. The safety precautions that are provided are extremely important to safety. Always read and heed the information provided in all safety precautions. The following notation is used.



Symbols

	The circle and slash symbol indicates operations that you must not do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example indicates prohibiting disassembly.
	The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a precaution for electric shock.
$\underline{\land}$	The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a general precaution.
0	The filled circle symbol indicates operations that you must do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example shows a general precaution for something that you must do.

Warnings

Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

When building the system, observe the following warnings to ensure the integrity of the safety-related components.

\land WARNING

Setting Up a Risk Assessment System

The process of selecting these products should include the development and execution of a risk assessment system early in the design development stage to help identify potential dangers in your equipment and optimize safety product selection. Related International Standards:



• ISO 12100 General Principles for Design - Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction

Protective Measure

When developing a safety system for the equipment and devices that use safety products, make every effort to understand and conform to the entire series of international and industry standards available, such as the examples given below. Related International Standards:

- · ISO 12100 General Principles for Design Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction
- IEC 60204-1 Electrical Equipment of Machines Part 1: General Requirements
- · ISO 13849-1, -2 Safety-related Parts of Control Systems
- ISO 14119 Interlocking Devices Associated with Guards Principles for Design and Selection
- IEC 62046 Application of Protective Equipment to Detect the Presence of Persons
- IEC 62061 Functional Safety of Safety-related Electrical, Electronic and Programmable Electronic Control Systems
- IEC 61508 Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems

Role of Safety Products

Safety products incorporate standardized safety functions and mechanisms, but the benefits of these functions and mechanisms are designed to attain their full potential only within properly designed safety-related systems. Make sure you fully understand all functions and mechanisms, and use that understanding to develop systems that will ensure optimal usage.



Related International Standards:

- ISO 14119 Interlocking Devices Associated with Guards Principles for Design and Selection
- ISO 13857 Safety Distances to Prevent Hazard Zones being Reached by Upper and Lower Limbs

NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual (Z930)

Installing Safety Products

Qualified engineers must develop your safety-related system and install safety products in devices and equipment. Prior to machine commissioning verify through testing that the safety products works as expected.

Related International Standards:

- · ISO 12100 General Principles for Design Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction
- IEC 60204-1 Electrical Equipment of Machines Part 1: General Requirements
- ISO 13849-1, -2 Safety-related Parts of Control Systems
- ISO 14119 Interlocking Devices Associated with Guards Principles for Design and Selection
- IEC 62061 Functional Safety of Safety-related Electrical, Electronic and Programmable Electronic Control Systems
- IEC 61508 Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems

Observing Laws and Regulations

Safety products must conform to pertinent laws, regulations, and standards. Make sure that they are installed and used in accordance with the laws, regulations, and standards of the country where the devices and equipment incorporating these products are distributed.

Observing Usage Precautions

Carefully read the specifications and precautions as well as all items in the Instruction Manual for your safety product to learn appropriate usage procedures. Any deviation from instructions will lead to unexpected device or equipment failure not anticipated by the safety-related system.

Transferring Devices and Equipment

When transferring devices and equipment, be sure to retain one copy of the Instruction Manual and supply another copy with the device or equipment so the person receiving it will have no problems with operation and maintenance.

Related International Standards:

- ISO 12100 General Principles for Design Risk Assessment and Risk Reduction
- · IEC 60204-1 Electrical Equipment of Machines Part 1: General Requirements
- ISO 13849-1, -2 Safety-related Parts of Control Systems
- · IEC 62061 Functional Safety of Safety-related Electrical, Electronic and Programmable Electronic Control Systems
- IEC 61508 Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems

Design



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Confirm that the calculated reaction times meet the required specifications for all safety chains. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0
All safety devices and components that are connected to an NX-series Safety Control Unit must be selected and used to meet the required level of safety and the relevant safety category.	0
Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions. Do not use indicators on the NX-series Safety Control Units for safety operations. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0
Check during the import of the program that the CRC of the program is correct. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0
Check during the import of the user defined function that the CRC of the imported func- tion block is correct. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0
Do not use non-safety signals, including tag data links, explicit messages, and ex- posed variables, as safety signals. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0
If you select "Open Only" for the Open Type setting, make sure to verify that the origi- nator/target have correct configurations. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0
Before connecting an NX Series Safety Control Unit to the network, clear the previous settings. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0

Debugging

Before you perform safety validation of the safety programs, complete debugging of the safety programs.

Otherwise, the Safety CPU Unit will start with safety programs that are not fully debugged and may cause serious personal injury.

Make sure that the area around the system is safe before you change the operating mode, change present values, or execute forced refreshing. The outputs may operate and may cause serious injury.

Make sure that the area around the system is safe before you start the system operation while the online functional test is in progress. The outputs may operate and may cause serious injury.

Testing Operation

Before you start the system, perform user testing to make sure that all safety devices operate correctly. The safety signature is validated upon completion of the user testing. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

After you perform safety validation, check items for safety validation printed out to confirm Safety Control Units are correctly configured.

Although the Simulator and Simple Automatic Test simulate the operation of the Safety CPU Unit, there are differences from the Safety CPU Unit in operation and timing. Always confirm operation on the actual equipment before you operate the equipment. Accidents may occur if the controlled system performs unexpected operation.

Wiring

Wire the safety input and output lines so that they do not touch other lines. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

Wire the Safety Control Unit properly so that 24-VDC lines do not touch output lines accidentally or unintentionally.

Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

Wire the safety output lines and 24-VDC lines so that ground faults will not cause the loads to turn ON.

Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

The wiring information that is displayed on the Sysmac Studio is for reference only and may differ from the actual wiring diagrams. Always confirm the actual wiring and performing suitable wiring.

Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

During Power Supply

Do not touch any of the terminals or terminal blocks while the power is being supplied. Doing so may result in electric shock.

Do not attempt to take any Unit apart.

In particular, high-voltage parts are present in Units that supply power while power is supplied or immediately after power is turned OFF. Touching any of these parts may result in electric shock. There are sharp parts inside the Unit that may cause injury.

Replacing Units

When replacing a Safety Control Unit, confirm that the model of the Unit is correct, confirm that the Unit and terminal block mounting positions are correct, configure the replacement Unit suitably, and confirm that the Unit operates correctly.



Voltage and Current Inputs











Make sure that the voltages and currents that are input to the Units and slaves are within the specified ranges. Inputting voltages or currents that are outside of the specified ranges may cause acci-

dents or fire.

Transferring

Always confirm safety at the destination before you transfer the unit configuration information, parameters, set values, or other data from tools such as the Sysmac Studio. The devices or machines may perform unexpected operation regardless of the operating mode of the Controller.

Restoring Data

When you restore the Safety CPU Unit, confirm that the safety signature for the restored programs is correct. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

Security Measures

Anti-virus protection

Install the latest commercial-quality antivirus software on the computer connected to the control system and maintain to keep the software up-to-date.

Security measures to prevent unauthorized access

Take the following measures to prevent unauthorized access to our products.

- Install physical controls so that only authorized personnel can access control systems and equipment.
- Reduce connections to control systems and equipment via networks to prevent access from untrusted devices.
- Install firewalls to shut down unused communications ports and limit communications hosts and isolate control systems and equipment from the IT network.
- Use a virtual private network (VPN) for remote access to control systems and equipment.
- Adopt multifactor authentication to devices with remote access to control systems and equipment.
- Set strong passwords and change them frequently.
- Scan virus to ensure safety of USB drives or other external storages before connecting them to control systems and equipment.

Data input and output protection

Validate backups and ranges to cope with unintentional modification of input/output data to control systems and equipment.

- · Checking the scope of data
- Checking validity of backups and preparing data for restore in case of falsification and abnormalities
- Safety design, such as emergency shutdown and fail-soft operation in case of data tampering and abnormalities









Data recovery Backup data and keep the data up-to-date periodically to prepare for data loss.

When using an intranet environment through a global address, connecting to an unauthorized terminal such as a SCADA, HMI or to an unauthorized server may result in network security issues such as spoofing and tampering. You must take sufficient measures such as restricting access to the terminal, using a terminal equipped with a secure function, and locking the installation area by yourself.

When constructing an intranet, communication failure may occur due to cable disconnection or the influence of unauthorized network equipment. Take adequate measures, such as restricting physical access to network devices, by means such as locking the installation area.

When using a device equipped with the SD Memory Card function, there is a security risk that a third party may acquire, alter, or replace the files and data in the removable media by removing the removable media or unmounting the removable media. Please take sufficient measures, such as restricting physical access to the Controller or taking appropriate management measures for removable media, by means of locking the installation area, entrance management, etc., by yourself.

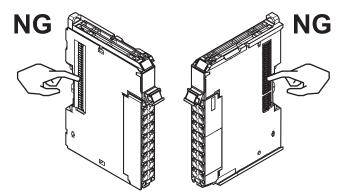
Precautions for Safe Use

Transporting

- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify any Units. Doing so may result in malfunction or fire.
- Do not drop any Unit or subject it to abnormal vibration or shock. Doing so may result in Unit malfunction or burning.
- When transporting any Unit, use the special packing box for it. Also, do not subject the Unit to excessive vibration or shock during transportation.

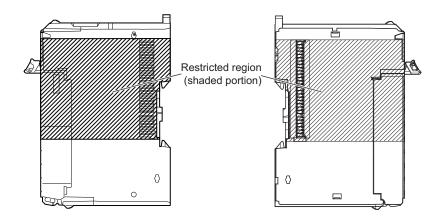
Mounting

- Always turn OFF the power supply before mounting a Unit. If the power supply is not OFF, the Unit may malfunction or may be damaged.
- Mount terminal blocks and connectors only after checking the mounting location carefully. Be sure that the terminal blocks, expansion cables, and other items with locking devices are properly locked into place.
- Do not apply labels or tape to the Unit. When the Units are installed or removed, adhesive or scraps may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.
- Do not touch the pins in the NX bus connector on the Unit. Dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.

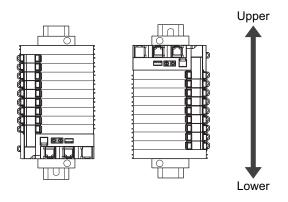


Example: NX Unit (12 mm width)

Do not write on the an NX Unit with ink within the restricted region that is shown in the following figure. Also do not get this area dirty. When the Unit is installed or removed, ink or dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions in the Controller.
 Refer to the user's manual of the CPU Unit or Communications Coupler Unit to be connected for details on the restricted region of the CPU Unit or Communications Coupler Unit.

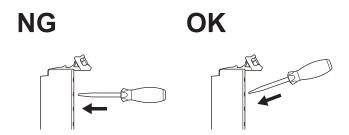


• For the installation orientations in the following figure, support the cables, e.g., with a duct, so that the End Plate on the bottom is not subjected to the weight of the cables. The weight of the cables may cause the bottom End Plate to slide downward so that the Slave Terminal is no longer secured to the DIN Track, which may result in malfunctions.

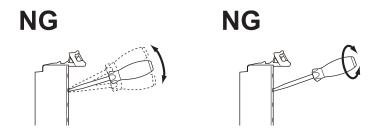


Wiring

- · Follow the instructions in this manual to correctly perform wiring.
- Double-check all switch settings to make sure that they are correct before turning ON the power supply.
- Use the correct wiring parts and tools when you wire the system. Otherwise, cables may be disconnected to cause short-circuit or wire breakage.
- Do not pull on the cables or bend the cables beyond their natural limit. Do not place any heavy objects on the cables or other wiring lines. Doing so may severe the cables.
- When wiring or installing the Units, do not allow metal fragments to enter the Units.
- Do not press the flat-blade screwdriver straight into the release hole on the screwless clamping terminal block. Doing so may damage the terminal block.



- When you insert a flat-blade screwdriver into a release hole on the screwless clamping terminal block, press the screwdriver down with a force of 30 N or less. Applying excessive force may damage the terminal block.
- Do not tilt or twist the flat-blade screwdriver while it is pressed into the release hole on the screwless clamping terminal block. Doing so may damage the terminal block.



Power Supply Design

- Use the I/O power supply capacity within the range that is given in the Unit specifications.
- · Provide suitable power supply capacity according to the reference manuals.
- Use the power supply voltage that is specified in the related manuals.
- Do not apply voltages that exceed the rated value to any Input Unit.

Debugging

- With forced refreshing, the values of variables are overwritten with specified values and then the safety programs are executed. If forced refreshing is used for variables that give the results of program processing, the variables will first take the specified values, but they will then be overwritten by the safety program.
- · Depending on the difference in the forced status, the control system may operate unexpectedly.
- After you clear the memory, the Controller operates in the same way as immediately after you create the system configuration with the Controller in the factory default condition.
- Verify that the safety communications with a remote node will be established in the debug mode of the Safety CPU Unit.

Turning ON the Power Supply or Restarting after Safety Validation

- Remember that if safety validation is successful, the next time the Safety CPU Unit is started, it will
 automatically start in RUN mode.
- When you download the parameters for the NJ/NX-series CPU Units, the Communications Coupler Unit and NX Units, the Safety CPU Unit automatically restarts.

Turning ON the Power Supply

• Double-check all wiring connections and switch settings to make sure that they are correct before turning ON the power supply. Use the correct wiring parts and tools when you wire the system.

• Make sure that the voltages and currents that are input to the Units and slaves are within the specified ranges. Inputting voltages or currents that are outside of the specified ranges may damage the Units or slaves or cause fire.

Actual Operation

• The relevant Units will maintain the safe states for I/O data with safety connections after an error is detected in safety process data communications. However, when the cause of the error is removed, safety process data communications will recover automatically.

If you need to prevent equipment from restarting when safety process data communications recover automatically, implement suitable restart conditions in the user program.

Turning OFF the Power Supply

- Do not disconnect the cable or turn OFF the power supply to the Controller or a Slave Terminal when downloading data or the user program from the Support Software.
- Always turn OFF the external power supply to the Units before attempting any of the following.
 - a) Mounting or removing an NX Unit.
 - b) Assembling Units
 - c) Setting DIP switches or rotary switches
 - d) Connecting or wiring cables
 - e) Attaching or removing terminal blocks or connectors

The Power Supply Unit may continue to supply power to the Controller for a few seconds after the power supply turns OFF. The UNIT PWR and I/O PWR indicators are lit during this time. Confirm that the UNIT PWR and the I/O PWR indicators are not lit before you perform any of the above actions.

General Communications

- Do not exceed the ranges that are given in the specifications for the communications distance and number of connected Units.
- Refer to the user's manual for the CPU Unit or Communications Coupler Unit for precautions for the safe use of communications with the connected CPU Unit or Communications Coupler Unit.

Standards

• The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.

Maintenance

Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
 To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

Unit Replacement

- After you replace the Safety Control Unit, set the program and all configuration settings that are necessary to resume operation. Make sure that the safety functions operate normally before you start actual operation.
- When you replace a Unit, start operation only after you transfer the settings and variables that are required for operation to the new Unit.

Disposal

• Dispose of the product according to local ordinances as they apply.

Precautions for Correct Use

Storage and Installation

- Follow the instructions in this manual to correctly perform installation and wiring.
- Do not operate or store the Units in the following locations. Doing so may result in burning, in operation stopping, or in malfunction.
 - a) Locations subject to direct sunlight
 - b) Locations subject to temperatures or humidity outside the range specified in the specifications
 - c) Locations subject to condensation as the result of severe changes in temperature
 - d) Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases
 - e) Locations subject to dust (especially iron dust) or salts
 - f) Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, or chemicals
 - g) Locations subject to shock or vibration
 - h) Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise
- Take appropriate and sufficient countermeasures when installing the Controller in the following locations.
 - a) Locations subject to strong, high-frequency noise
 - b) Locations subject to static electricity or other forms of noise
 - c) Locations subject to strong electromagnetic fields
 - d) Locations subject to possible exposure to radioactivity
 - e) Locations close to power lines
- Before touching a Unit, be sure to first touch a grounded metallic object in order to discharge any static build-up.
- Use the rated power supply voltage for the Units that supply power. Take appropriate measures to ensure that the specified power with the rated voltage and frequency is supplied in places where the power supply is unstable.

Wiring

• Do not allow foreign matter to enter the openings in the Unit. Doing so may result in Unit burning, electric shock, or failure.

Actual Operation

- Make sure that you are connected to the correct Safety CPU Unit before you perform any online operations with the Safety CPU Unit.
- Before you transfer safety application data to the Safety CPU Unit, check the safety signature and make sure the data is the intended data.
- Always confirm the destination before you transfer configuration information and safety application data from the Sysmac Studio.
- You cannot monitor or perform certain online operations with the same Safety CPU Unit from more than one copy of the Sysmac Studio at the same time.

Turning OFF the Power Supply

• Do not turn OFF the power supply while data is being transferred.

General Communications

• Refer to the user's manual for the CPU Unit, EtherNet/IP Unit, or Communications Coupler Unit for precautions for the correct use of communications with the connected CPU Unit, EtherNet/IP Unit, or Communications Coupler Unit.

Debugging

- The task period affects the safety response performance. If the task period changes due to changes in the configuration or programs, recalculate the safety reaction times.
- If you change the I/O for a variable to publish to a NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, the device variable assignments to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit will be canceled. In this case, you need to assign the device variables, and then transfer the settings and programs to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. After you transfer the settings and programs, check that the operation of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit is correct.
- If you change the exposed variable in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal configuration, the I/O allocations of the EtherNet/IP Couplers Unit will be changed. Check that the operation of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is correct.
- For security purposes, we recommend that you set a password for the Safety CPU Unit and the project file. To avoid the leakage, keep the passwords under strict control. Especially, when you transmit password data through the Internet, implement a measure to secure the transmission such as by using the public key encryption.
- If you lose the password that is set to the Safety CPU Unit, you will no longer be able to make changes to the Safety CPU Unit. Take caution not to lose the password. If you want to reset the configured password, contact your OMRON representative.
- For safety data logging, make sure to use the settings file generated from the same project file as the logging target.
- After editing the SRA parameters for the safety servo drive, you need to transfer the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit settings and programs. Once the settings and programs are transferred, check to see if the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit runs normally.
- After changing the unit conversion settings for the axis to which the safety servo drive is assigned, make sure that the position and speed settings for the safety function of the safety servo drive are correct.

Periodic Inspections and Maintenance

• Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the Safety Control Unit. Doing so may lead to loss of safety functions.

Disposal

• Be careful not to injure yourself when dismantling the Safety Control Unit.

Regulations and Standards

The NX-series Safety Control Units are certified for the following standards.

• Safety CPU Unit NX-SL5500 / NX-SL5700

Certification body	Standards		
TÜV Rheinland ^{*1}	• EN ISO 13849-1: 2015	• IEC 61326-3-1: 2017	
	• EN ISO 13849-2: 2012	• IEC 61131-6: 2012	
	• IEC 61508 parts 1-7: 2010		
	• IEC/EN 61131-2: 2007		
UL	NRAG (UL61010-1, UL61010-2-201, and UL121201)		
	NRAG7 (CSA C22.2 No.61010-1, CSA C22.2 No.61010-2-201, and CSA C22.2 No.213)		
	FSPC (IEC 61508 and ISO 13849)		

*1. The FSoE protocol was certified for applications in which OMRON FSoE devices are connected to each other.

For compatibility with FSoE devices other than OMRON FSoE devices, the customer must validate FSoE communications.

 Safety CPU Unit NX-SL3300 / NX-SL3500 and Safety I/O Unit NX-SID800 / NX-SIH400 / NX-SOD400 / NX-SOH200

Certification body	Standards		
TÜV Rheinland ^{*1}	• EN ISO 13849-1: 2015 • IEC 61326-3-1: 2017		
	• EN ISO 13849-2: 2012		
	• IEC 61508 parts 1-7: 2010		
	• IEC/EN 61131-2: 2007		
UL	NRAG (UL508 and ANSI/ISA 12.12.01)		
	NRAG7 (CSA C22.2 No.142 and CSA C22.2 No.213)		

*1. The FSoE protocol was certified for applications in which OMRON FSoE devices are connected to each other.

For compatibility with FSoE devices other than OMRON FSoE devices, the customer must validate FSoE communications.

The NX-series Safety Control Units allow you to build a safety control system that meets the following standards.

- Requirements for SIL 3 (Safety Integrity Level 3) in IEC 61508, IEC/EN 62061, (Functional Safety of Electrical/Electronic/Programmable Electronic Safety-related Systems)
- Requirements for PLe (Performance Level e) and for safety category 4 in EN ISO13849-1

The NX-series Safety Control Units are also registered for RCM, EAC, and KC compliance.

Conformance to EU Directives

Applicable Directives

- EMC Directives
- Low Voltage Directive

Concepts

• EMC Directives

OMRON devices that comply with EU Directives also conform to the related EMC standards so that they can be more easily built into other devices or the overall machine. The actual products have been checked for conformity to EMC standards.*1

Whether the products conform to the standards in the system used by the customer, however, must be checked by the customer. EMC-related performance of the OMRON devices that comply with EU Directives will vary depending on the configuration, wiring, and other conditions of the equipment or control panel on which the OMRON devices are installed. The customer must, therefore, perform the final check to confirm that devices and the overall machine conform to EMC standards.

 Applicable EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) standards are as follows: EMS (Electromagnetic Susceptibility): EN 61131-2 EMI (Electromagnetic Interference): EN 61131-2 (Radiated emission: 10-m regulations).

Machinery Directive

The Machinery Directive requires ensuring the required safety for safety components used for machinery safety.

Applicable standards: EN ISO 13849-1.

Conformance to EU Directives

The NX-series Units comply with EU Directives. To ensure that the machine or device in which the NX-series Units are used complies with EU Directives, the following precautions must be observed.

- The NX-series Units must be installed within a control panel.
- You must use SELV power supply for the DC power supplies that are connected as the Unit power supplies and I/O power supplies for the NX-series Units.

EMC standard compliance was confirmed for the recommended Power Supplies. Refer to the user's manual for the connected CPU Unit for information on the recommended Power Supplies for the CPU Rack of the NX-series CPU Unit. If your High-speed Analog Input Unit is connected to a Slave Terminal, we recommend that you use the OMRON S8VK-S-series Power Supplies.

 NX-series Units that comply with EU Directives also conform to the Common Emission Standard. Radiated emission characteristics (10-m regulations) may vary depending on the configuration of the control panel used, other devices connected to the control panel, wiring, and other conditions.

You must therefore confirm that the overall machine or equipment in which the NX-series Units are used complies with EU Directives.

• This is a Class A product (for industrial environments). In a residential environment, it may cause radio interference. If radio interference occurs, the user may be required to take appropriate measures.

Conformance to EN ISO 13849-1

EN ISO 13849-1 requires functional safety management to avoid systematic failure during the software development. This is required in all phases of the life cycle of software programming and software design (e.g., basic software design, safety circuit system design, and software upgrades) in safety control systems to be developed using safety controllers. Therefore, functional safety management is required for design and development of software for facilities and equipment that use the function blocks provided in the Safety Controller. The customer must implement measures to ensure compliance with these standards.

You can download the reliability data for safety of machinery that is required to verify the safety performance of your equipment from the following URL: http://www.ia.omron.com/support/sistemalibrary/ index.html.

Conformance to UL and CSA Standards

The NX-series Safety Control Units comply with the following UL and CSA standards. The application conditions for standard compliance are defined. Refer to the *Instruction Sheet* that is provided with each Unit before application.

Conformance to Shipbuilding Standards

Some NX-series products comply with shipbuilding standards. If you use an NX-series product that complies with shipbuilding standards and the machinery or system in which you use the NX-series product must also comply with the standards, consult with your OMRON representative. Application conditions are defined according to the installation location. Application may not be possible for some installation locations.

Usage Conditions for NK and LR Shipbuilding Standards

- A Safety Control Unit must be installed within a control panel.
- Gaps in the door to the control panel must be completely filled or covered with gaskets or other material.
- The following noise filter must be connected to the power supply line.

Noise Filter

Name	Manufacturer	Model
Noise filter	Cosel Co., Ltd.	TAH-06-683

Conformance to KC Certification

When you use this product in South Korea, observe the following precautions.

사용자안내문
이 기기는 업무용 환경에서 사용할 목적으로 적합성평가를 받은
기기로서 가정용 환경에서 사용하는 경우 전파간섭의 우려가 있습니다.

This product meets the electromagnetic compatibility requirements for business use. There is a risk of radio interference when this product is used in home.

Usage Conditions for KC Certification

Take the same measures as those described in *Conformance to EU Directives* on page 34. In addition, attach a clamp core to the port side of the EtherNet/IP cable. The recommended clamp core is given below.

Recommended Clamp Core

Manufacturer	Product	Model	Turns of cable
TOKIN	Clamp core	ESD-SR-250	1 turn

Unit Versions

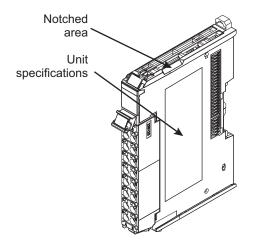
This section describes the notation that is used for unit versions, the confirmation method for unit versions, and the relationship between unit versions and Sysmac Studio versions.

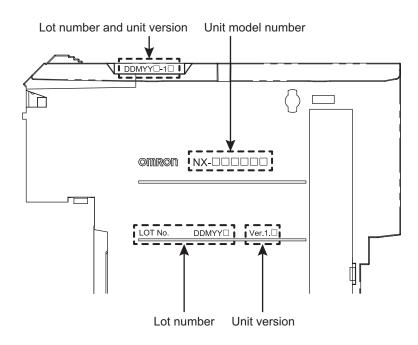
Unit Versions

A "unit version" refers to a revision number of the respective NX-series Units. A "unit version" has been introduced to manage the Units in the NX Series according to differences in functionality accompanying Unit upgrades.

Notation of Unit Versions on Products

The unit version is given with the Unit specifications on the side of the Unit or in the notched area.





Name	Function
Unit model number	Gives the model of the Unit.
Unit version	Gives the unit version of the Unit.
Lot number	Gives the lot number of the Unit.
	DDMYY⊡: Lot number, □: Used by OMRON.
	"M" gives the month (1 to 9: January to September, X: October, Y: November, Z:
	December)

The following information is provided in the Unit specifications on the Unit.

The following information is provided in the notched area on the Unit.

Name	Function
Lot number and unit ver- sion	 Gives the lot number and unit version of the Unit. DDMYY□: Lot number, □: Used by OMRON. "M" gives the month (1 to 9: January to September, X: October, Y: November, Z: December) 4□: Uset version
	 1 : Unit version The decimal portion of the unit version is omitted. (It is provided in the Unit specifications.)

Confirming Unit Versions with the Support Software

If your NX Unit is connected to a CPU Unit, refer to the user's manual of the connected CPU Unit for the confirmation method for the unit version of the NX Unit.

If your NX Unit is connected to a Communications Coupler Unit, refer to the user's manual of the connected Communications Coupler Unit for the confirmation method for the unit version of the Communications Coupler Unit and NX Unit.

Unit Versions of Units and Sysmac Studio Versions

The functions that are supported depend on the unit version of the Unit. The version of Sysmac Studio that supports the functions that were added for an upgrade is also required to use those functions. Refer to *A-19 Version Information* on page A-110 for the relationship between the unit versions of the Units and the Sysmac Studio versions, and for the functions that are supported by each unit version.

Related Manuals

The followings are the manuals related. Use these manuals for reference.
--

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series Safety Control Unit User's Manual	Z930	NX-SLOOOO NX-SIOOOO NX-SOOOOO	Learning how to use NX-series Safety Control Units.	Describes the hardware, setup methods, and functions of the NX-series Safety Con- trol Units.
NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Man- ual	Z931	NX-SLOOOO	Learning about the specifications of in- structions for the Safety CPU Unit.	Describes the instructions for the Safety CPU Unit.
GI-S Series Safety I/O Terminal User's Manual	Z400	GI-SOOOOO	Learning how to use the GI-S Series Safe- ty I/O Terminals.	Describes the hardware, setup methods, and functions of the GI-S Series Safety I/O Terminals.
NX-series Data Reference Manual	W525	NX-00000	Referencing lists of the data that is re- quired to configure systems with NX-ser- ies Units.	Lists of the power consumptions, weights, and other NX Unit data that is required to configure systems with NX-series Units are provided.
Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual	W504	SYSMAC -SE2□□□	Learning about the operating procedures and functions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.
NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual	W503	NX701-000 NX502-000 NX102-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning about the errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Con- troller.	Concepts on managing errors that may be detected in an NJ/NX-series Controller and information on individual errors are descri- bed.
NX-series EtherCAT [®] Coupler Unit User's Manual	W519	NX-ECC	Learning how to use the NX-series Ether- CAT Coupler Unit and EtherCAT Slave Terminals.	The following items are described: the overall system and configuration methods of an EtherCAT Slave Terminal (which con- sists of an NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit and NX Units), and information on hardware, setup, and functions to set up, control, and monitor NX Units through EtherCAT.
NX-series EtherNet/IP [™] Coupler Unit User's Manual	W536	NX-EIC	Learning how to use an NX-series Ether- Net/IP Coupler Unit and EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.	The following items are described: the overall system and configuration methods of an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal (which consists of an NX-series EtherNet/IP Cou- pler Unit and NX Units), and information on hardware, setup, and functions to set up, control, and monitor NX Units.
NX-series System Units User's Manual	W523	NX-PD1000 NX-PF0000 NX-PC0000 NX-TB000X	Learning how to use NX-series System Units	The hardware and functions of the NX-ser- ies System Units are described.
NX-series EtherNet/IP [™] Unit User's Manual	W627	NX-EIP201	Learning how to use the NX-series Ether- Net/IP Unit.	Information on the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series NX502 CPU Unit	W629	NX502-□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the	An introduction to the entire NX502 system is provided along with the following infor-
Hardware User's Manual			NX502 CPU Units, including introductory information, design-	mation on the CPU Unit.Features and system configurationIntroduction
			ing, installation, and maintenance.	Part names and functionsGeneral specifications
			Mainly hardware in- formation is provided.	Installation and wiringMaintenance and inspection
NX-series NX102 CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W593	NX102-□□□	Learning the basic specifications of the NX102 CPU Units, including introductory information, design- ing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware in- formation is provided.	 An introduction to the entire NX102 system is provided along with the following infor- mation on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Built-in EtherNet/IP [™] Port User's Manual	W506	NX701-000 NX502-000 NX102-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ301-000	Using the built-in EtherNet/IP port on an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	Information on the built-in EtherNet/IP port is provided. Information is provided on the basic setup, tag data links, and other features.
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	W501	NX701-000 NX502-000 NX102-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning how to pro- gram and set up an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Mainly software infor- mation is provided.	 The following information is provided on a Controller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. CPU Unit operation CPU Unit features Initial settings Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual	W502	NX701-000 NX502-000 NX102-000 NX1P2-000 NJ501-000 NJ301-000 NJ101-000	Learning detailed specifications on the basic instructions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC 61131-3 specifications) are described.
AC Servomotors/Servo Drives	1576	R88M-K□ R88D-KN□-ECT	Learning how to use the AC Servomotors/	Describes the hardware, setup methods and functions of the AC Servomotors/
G5 Series with Built-in EtherCAT [®] Communi- cations User's Manual	1577	R88L-EC-□ R88D-KN□-ECT-L	Servo Drives with built-in EtherCAT Communications.	Servo Drives with built-in EtherCAT Com- munications. The Linear Motor Type models and dedi- cated models for position control are avail- able in G5-series.
Multi-function Compact Inver- ter MX2-series V1 User's Manual	1585	3G3MX2-A□□□- V1	Learning how to use the MX2-series Multi- function Compact In- verter.	Describes the hardware, setup methods, and functions of the MX2-series Multi-func- tion Compact Inverter.
AC Servomotors/Servo Drives	1586	R88M-1□ R88D-1SN□-ECT	Learning how to use the Servomotors/	Describes the hardware, setup methods and functions of the Servomotors/Servo
1S-series with Built-in EtherCAT [®] Communi- cations User's Manual	l621	R88M-1AL□/ -1AM □ R88D-1SAN□-ECT	Servo Drives with built-in EtherCAT Communications.	Drives with built-in EtherCAT Communica- tions.

Terminology

Term	Description
standard	The generic term for devices, functions, and data that are used for general control purposes as opposed to those that are used for safety measures.
safety function	A function that is executed by the safety control system to achieve a safe state for a machine hazard.
safe state	The status of a device or piece of equipment when the risk of danger to humans has been reduced to an acceptable level.
safety signal	A signal that is used for safety controls. In this safety control system, the data type of a variable determines whether a signal is relat- ed to the safety controls. Broadly speaking, there are two data types: safety data types and standard data types.
standard signal	A signal or data that is used for general control purposes.
Safety data type	The data type for a safety signal.
Standard data type	The data type for a standard signal.
safety reaction time	The time required for the system to enter a safe state in a worst-case scenario after the oc- currence of a safety-related input (press of an emergency stop pushbutton switch, interrup- tion of a light curtain, opening of a safety door, etc.) or device failure. The reaction time of the system includes the reaction times of sensors and actuators, just like the reaction time for a Controller or network.
safety control	A type of control that uses devices, functions, and data that are designed with special safety measures.
standard control	A type of control that use devices, functions, and data that are designed for general control purposes. This term is used to differentiate from a safety control
safety process data communications	A type of I/O data communications that is used for safety control purposes.
standard process data communications	A type of I/O data communications that is used for standard control purposes.
Safety I/O connection	A type of connections that is used for safety process data communications.
CIP Safety connection	Safety I/O connection that is used to transmit safety process data by the communication pro- tocol called CIP Safety. CIP Safety originator connection and CIP Safety target connection are available depending on the roles of communications.
CIP Safety originator connection	A CIP Safety connection when an own node is a CIP Safety originator.
CIP Safety target connection	A CIP Safety connection when an own node is a CIP Safety target.
CIP Safety originator	A role in CIP Safety communications. A CIP Safety originator manages a CIP Safety connec- tion for a CIP Safety target. CIP Safety originator exists in a connection unit, and not in a device unit.
CIP Safety target	A role in CIP Safety communications. A CIP Safety target receives a request to open a CIP Safety connection from a CIP Safety originator. CIP Safety target exists in a connection unit, and not in a device unit.
single-cast connection	A safety process data communications method in CIP Safety. A CIP Safety originator and a CIP Safety target communicate one-to-one in this connection. You can apply this setting for both of input data and output data.
multi-cast connection	A safety process data communications method in CIP Safety. A CIP Safety target sends the input data of the CIP Safety target in multi-cast to multiple CIP Safety originators in this connection. This is a connection type you can set only for input data of a CIP Safety target. You cannot apply this setting for output data.
FSoE master connection	Master safety I/O connection that is used to transmit safety process data by the communica- tion protocol called FSoE.
safety master connection	The generic term for the CIP Safety originator connection and the FSoE master connection.
exposing global variables to the NJ/NX- series CPU Unit	Exposing specified global variables to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to allow the exchange of standard signals between the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and the Safety CPU Unit.
Safety Control Unit	The generic term for a Unit that is used in safety controls.
Safety CPU Unit	A CPU Unit that is used for safety controls. This is a type of NX Unit.
Safety I/O Unit	An I/O Unit that is used for safety controls. This is a type of NX Unit.

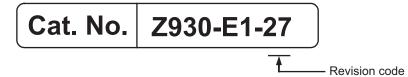
Term	Description
safety input device	An input device that is designed with special safety measures for use in safety controls.
	The generic term for safety input devices, such as emergency stop pushbutton switches and
	safety switches.
safety output device	An output device that is designed with special safety measures for use in safety controls.
	The generic term for safety output devices, such as safety relays.
EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal	An EtherNet/IP Slave Unit Terminal is a building-block slave that is created by mounting a
	group of NX Units.
Safety program	User programming for safety controls in the Safety CPU Unit.
	This term is used to differentiate safety programs from user programs in the NJ/NX-series
	CPU Unit.
	Safety programs are programmed in the FBD language.
FBD language	The abbreviation for the function block diagram programming language. This is a graphical
	language used to program algorithms with connecting lines that represent the flow of inputs
	and data, and rectangular boxes that represent functions or function blocks. Unlike the ladder diagram language, the FBD language does not have bus bars, and the
	connecting lines represent the flow of inputs and data rather than the power flow.
	Algorithms are executed in order from top to bottom in units that are called networks. A net-
	work consists of configuration elements that use connecting lines to connect inputs to out-
	puts. The FBD language does not have an END instruction. Execution for the task period
	ends when the last network is executed.
	You use the FBD language to write safety programs for the Safety CPU Unit.
user program	All of the programs that are created by the user. It refers to the programs for standard con-
	trols of the NJ/NX-series CPU Units and the safety program of the Safety CPU Units.
operating mode	The status of the Safety CPU Unit, when it is in normal operation, that the user changes to
	run or check the operation of the Safety CPU Unit.
	There are the three modes: PROGRAM mode, DEBUG mode, and RUN mode.
	You can use DEBUG mode only when the Sysmac Studio is online with the Safety CPU Unit.
safety validation	The process of appending confirmation information to the safety application data if safety val-
	idation testing demonstrates that the safety controls meet the required specifications of a
	safety system.
	You execute the safety validation from the Sysmac Studio when the Safety CPU Unit is in
	DEBUG mode. The validated safety programs are automatically transferred to the non-vola- tile memory of the Safety CPU Unit.
DEBUG mode	The mode that is used to debug unvalidated safety programs. DEBUG mode is only available
DEBOG mode	when the Sysmac Studio is online with the Safety CPU Unit.
	Use this mode to check that the safety programs and external devices operate correctly. Af-
	ter you confirm that the system meets the required specifications, perform the safety valida-
	tion. This will enable you to change to RUN mode.
	When you change from PROGRAM mode to DEBUG mode, the unvalidated safety programs
	are automatically transferred to the main memory of the Safety CPU Unit.
DEBUG mode (RUN)	A status that indicates that an unvalidated safety program is in execution in DEBUG mode.
	You can control BOOL variables, use forced refreshing, and change present values.
DEBUG mode (STOPPED)	A status that indicates that an unvalidated safety program is stopped in DEBUG mode. You
	can control BOOL variables, use forced refreshing, and change present values.
PROGRAM mode	A mode indicates that execution of the safety program is stopped. You cannot control BOOL
	variables, use forced refreshing, or change present values.
RUN mode	A mode that indicates that execution of the validated safety programs is in progress. Unlike
	DEBUG mode (RUN), the validated safety programs in the non-volatile memory of the Safety
	CPU Unit are executed. You cannot control BOOL variables, use forced refreshing, or
	change present values.
before safety validation	A status that indicates that safety validation has not been performed on the safety applica-
	tion data from the Sysmac Studio because it has not yet been determined whether the safety
	controls meet the required specifications of the safety system.
after safety validation	A status indicates that safety validation has been performed on the safety application data
	from the Sysmac Studio because it has been determined that the safety controls meet the
	required specifications of the safety system.

Term	Description	
CPU Rack	A Rack to which a CPU Unit or Communication Control Unit is mounted. For NX-series CPU Units to which NX Units can be connected, a CPU Rack has a CPU Unit with NX Units and	
	an End Cover mounted to it. For NX-series Communication Control Units, a CPU Rack has a Communication Control Unit with NX Units and an End Cover mounted to it.	
CPU Rack settings	Consists of the following items.	
	Configuration information	
	Unit operation settings	
	Unit application data	
Slave Terminal settings	Consists of the following items.	
	Configuration information	
	Unit operation settingsUnit application data	
configuration information	It consists of the following data:	
	Unit configuration information	
	I/O allocation information	
I/O allocation information	The set of information that specifies the I/O data to be processed by I/O refreshing.	
	On the Sysmac Studio, this is shown as configuration information and includes the Unit con- figuration information.	
Unit configuration information	The set of information that specifies the configuration of the NX Units that are connected to the NX bus master.	
	On the Sysmac Studio, this is shown as configuration information and includes the I/O allo- cation information.	
safety application data	The data that contains the settings that are used to operate the NX-series Safety Control Units.	
	It consists of the safety programs, safety task, and variables. You use the Sysmac Studio to	
	create this data, and then transfer and execute it on the Safety CPU Unit.	
	On the Sysmac Studio, this data is shown as the slave parameters.	
	The location where the safety application data is stored on the Safety CPU Unit depends on	
	whether the safety programs have been validated. (Unvalidated safety programs are stored in the main memory, while validated safety programs are stored in the non-volatile memory.)	
safety input function	A function that evaluates whether the signals that are input on a safety input terminal are normal or abnormal.	
	Specific safety evaluation functions include test pulse evaluation and dual channel evalua- tion.	
	When the evaluation result shows an abnormality, the safety input data is made inactive (OFF).	
safety output function	A function that evaluates whether the values of safety output data and the output signals on	
	safety output terminals are normal or abnormal. Specific safety evaluation functions include test pulse evaluation and dual channel evalua-	
	tion.	
	When the evaluation result shows an abnormality, the output signal on the safety output ter- minal is turned OFF.	
dual channel evaluation	This function uses a pair of safety input or safety output terminals as redundant terminals that are checked for consistency to evaluate the status of the safety input or safety output.	
single channel	The input or output is used as a single point.	
dual channels	Two inputs or outputs are used as a pair of points for redundancy.	
test pulse evaluation	This function outputs a test pulse that is used to evaluate a safety input or safety output for	
	failures or wiring errors with the connected external device.	
change tracking	A pin is used to manage whether the safety application data has been changed after the fi- nalized data is created.	
UNID	An ID assigned to a device so that it can be uniquely identified by all the networks on the safety system for CIP Safety communications. An UNITD is a 10-byte value, consisting of a	
	6-byte Safety Network Number and a 4-byte Node ID.	
Safety Network Number (SNN)	A number assigned to a safety network so that it can be uniquely identified for CIP Safety communications. The Safety Network Number is set for the NX bus, the built-in EtherNet/IP ports 1 and 2.	

Term	Description
Node ID	An ID assigned to each of devices on a network so that the devices with the same Safety
	Network Number (SNN) can be uniquely identified for CIP Safety communications.
	The Safety CPU Unit is the only CIP Safety device on the NX bus, and the Node ID is always
	1. For a CIP Safety device on an EtherNet/IP network, its IP address is used as the Node ID.

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



Revision code	Date	Revised content	
01	June 2013	Original production	
02	September 2013	 Added NX-SL3500. Added information on offline debugging. Added information on 10-A Terminal Blocks. Corrected mistakes. 	
03	December 2013	Added procedures to upload data.Corrected mistakes.	
04	August 2014	 Made changes accompanying the upgrade to NX-SL□□□unit version 1.1. Made changes accompanying the upgrade to NX-SIH400 unit version 1.1. Made revisions accompanying connection to EtherNet/IP Coupler Units. Corrected mistakes. 	
05	January 2015	• Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.12.	
06	April 2015	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.13. Corrected mistakes. 	
07	July 2015	 4-1-2 Calculating the Safety Reaction Time Corrected numeric values for OMRON Special Safety Input Devices that are used when calculating safety sensor/switch response time. 4-1-2 Calculating the Safety Reaction Time Corrected the calculation method for safety input refresh time and safety out- put refresh time for safety I/O refresh time. 4-1-2 Calculating the Safety Reaction Time Added precaution for conformance to ISO 13856-1:2013. 	
08	April 2016	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.15. 3-3-1 Safety Input Function Changed connection wiring diagrams. A-3 Application Examples Changed wiring examples. Added precautions for correct use. Corrected mistakes. 	
09	July 2016	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.16. Corrected mistakes. 	

Revision code	Date	Revised content
10	October 2016	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.17. 6-9-2 Exporting/Importing Data for the Entire NX Unit 7-5-2 Registering POUs Added program import/export functions. 8-5 Checking External Device Wiring 8-7-2 Data Protection Added the program data protection function. Corrected mistakes.
11	April 2018	 Made revisions accompanying connection to NX-series CPU Units. Made revisions associated with the addition of UM Safety Mats. Corrected mistakes.
12	July 2018	Added NX-SL5700 and NX-SL5500Corrected mistakes.
13	August 2018	Added PFH values.
14	October 2018	Made revisions accompanying the appearance change of the indicators.Corrected mistakes.
15	April 2019	 Made revisions accompanying the addition of R88D-1SAN -ECT. Added precautions for correct use. Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.27. Corrected mistakes.
16	July 2019	Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.29.Corrected mistakes.
17	January 2020	Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.31.Corrected mistakes.
18	April 2020	 Made changes accompanying the upgrade toNX-SL5500/NX-SL5700unit version 1.4. Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.40. Corrected mistakes.
19	July 2020	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.41. Corrected mistakes.
20	April 2021	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.45. Corrected mistakes.
21	April 2022	 Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.49. Corrected mistakes.
22	June 2022	Corrected mistakes.
23	October 2022	Revisions for adding safety precautions regarding security.
24	April 2023	 Made revisions accompanying the release of NX502 CPU Units and NX-series EtherNet/IP Units. Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.54.
25	October 2023	• Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.56.
26	April 2024	• Made revisions accompanying the upgrade to Sysmac Studio version 1.58.
27	June 2024	 Made revisions accompanying the addition of D40A-2 Non-contact Door Switch. Added troubleshooting description for safety input. Corrected mistakes.

Overview

This section introduces and describes the features, system configuration, and application procedure of the NX-series Safety Control Units.

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	1-1-2	Features of Safety Control Unit	
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		EtherCAT Network	1-8
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1-1 Introduction and Features

1-1-1 Overview of Safety Control Unit

The NX-series Safety Control Units are part of the lineup of Sysmac devices. They are used to execute safety controls. Safety Control Units are classified as NX Units and they are used connected to an NX-seriess, EtherCAT Coupler Unit or EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

You use the integrated development environment that is provided by the Sysmac Studio Automation Software to build the safety control system, and perform all settings, programming, and debugging of the Safety Control Unit.

Safety Control System on CPU Rack or EtherCAT Network

The NX-series Safety Control Units can be connected to the following Units.*1

- NX-series CPU Unit^{*2}
- NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit

When using both the CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit, you can integrate the installation, wiring, and setting methods of the NX Unit, which will enable design costs to be reduced.

These Units achieve safety controls on an CPU Rack or EtherCAT network when they are used in a sequence and motion control system that is based on the NJ/NX-series Machine Automation Controller.

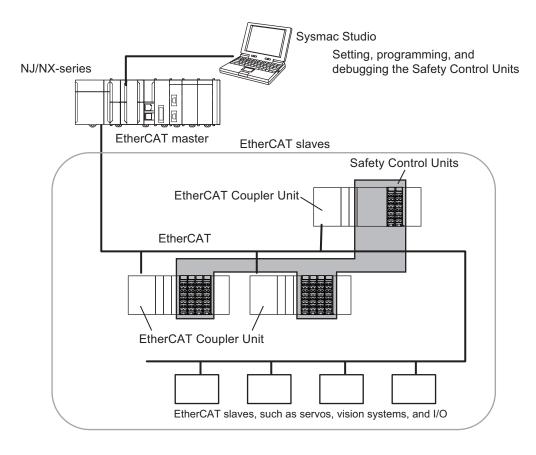
- *1. Only one Safety CPU Unit can be used in this system.
- *2. Refer to the user's manual of the CPU Unit to be used for details on whether the Safety Control Unit can be connected to the CPU Unit to be used.

The Safety Control Unit connected to a CPU Unit performs I/O communications with the CPU Unit. The Safety Control Unit connected to an EtherCAT Coupler Unit performs remote I/O communications with the EtherCAT master through the EtherCAT Coupler Unit. Both methods support the FSoE (Safety over EtherCAT) protocol through each communication and perform safety I/O communications between the FSoE master and slaves through the CPU Unit that has a built-in EtherCAT master. This allows you to use safety process data communications and standard process data communications on the same EtherCAT network through the NX bus of the CPU Unit that has a built-in EtherCAT master.



Additional Information

- NX502 CPU Units or NX102 CPU Units support connection of NX-SL
 Units, NX-SI
 Units, and NX-SO
 Units.
- NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Units support connection of NX-SL3 U Units, NX-SI U Units, and NX-SO U Units. It does not support connection to NX-SL5 U Units.



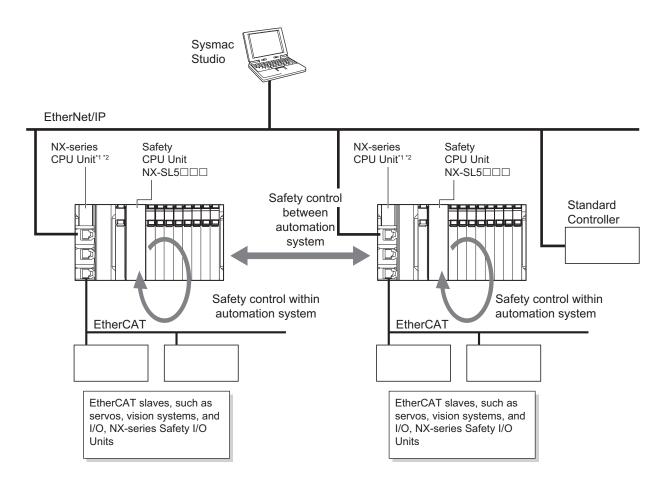
When you set up the Safety System configuration on the Sysmac Studio, you automatically achieve safety process data communications (Safety over EtherCAT) on any EtherCAT network that was installed for standard process data communications.

Safety Control System on EtherNet/IP Network

You can build a safety control system which performs CIP Safety communications with other controllers on the same EtherNet/IP network when you connect an NX-series NX-SL5 U Unit with an NXseries CPU Unit^{*1 *2}.

- *1. Refer to A-19 Version Information on page A-110 for the model numbers and unit versions of the applicable NX-series CPU Units.
- *2. For the NX502 CPU Units, CIP Safety communications via the built-in EtherNet/IP port can be used with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.64 or later. If you set CIP Safety communications with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version earlier than 1.64, use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- *3. When the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later is used with the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later, you can use tag data link and CIP Safety communications together in one NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

The NX-series NX-SL5 C can also be connected to an NX-series Communication Control Unit NX-CSG320 to create a safety control system with CIP Safety communications in a system without an NXseries CPU Unit. Refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit / Communication Control Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. Z395)* for information on systems that use the NX-series Communication Control Unit.



- *1. Refer to A-19 Version Information on page A-110 for the model numbers and unit versions of the applicable NX-series CPU Units.
- *2. For the NX502 CPU Units, CIP Safety communications via the built-in EtherNet/IP port can be used with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.64 or later. If you set CIP Safety communications with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version earlier than 1.64, use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- *3. When the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later is used with the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later, you can use tag data link and CIP Safety communications together in one NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

This system enables the safety controls between respective automation systems upon building up each automation system that has the safety control built around EtherCAT which feature high speed and high precision.

Additional Information

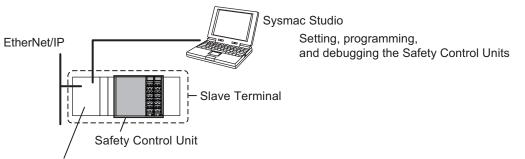
CIP Safety communications are only available for the combination where an NX-SL5 is connected to an NX-series CPU Unit or to a Communication Control Unit. It cannot be used with NX-SL3 is Units.

Standalone Safety Control System

The NX-SL3300 Unit is used connected to an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit to achieve safety controls in a Slave Terminal.

The Safety Control Unit performs remote I/O communications with a standard controller through an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

1



EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit



Additional Information

- Standalone safety control systems do not support CIP Safety communications.
- The EtherNet/IP Coupler Units support connection of NX-SL3300 Units, NX-SI
 Units and NX-SO
 Units. It does not support connection to NX-SL5
 Units and NX-SL3500 Units.

1-1-2 Features of Safety Control Unit

Achieving Safety Control System on CPU Rack or EtherCAT Network

Integrating Safety Controls in a Sequence and Motion Control System

You can use NX-series Safety Control Units to integrate a safety control system into a sequence and motion control system.

The safety I/O communications support the FSoE protocol and can be built in as a subsystem on the NX Bus of CPU Unit or EtherCAT network. Therefore, no special safety control communications cables or interface devices are required for safety communications.

Easy Creation of an Interface with the Standard Controls

You can exchange data between the safety controls that are based on the Safety CPU Unit and the standard controls that are based on the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

This allows you to maintain the independent nature of the previously separate safety controls and standard controls while easily interfacing monitoring and commands between them.

Achieving Safety Control System on EtherNet/IP Network

• CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP Is Supported

You can combine an NX-series NX-SL5 U Unit with an NX-series CPU Unit^{*1} to enable CIP Safety-based communications between devices that support CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP or other Safety CPU Units.

*1. For the NX502 CPU Units, CIP Safety communications via the built-in EtherNet/IP port can be used with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.64 or later. If you set CIP Safety communications with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version earlier than 1.64, use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

*2. When the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later is used with the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later, you can use tag data link and CIP Safety communications together in one NXseries EtherNet/IP Unit.

Achieving Standalone Safety Control System on EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

Constructing a Small Safety Control System

You can configure a small standalone safety control system on the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal by using an NX-series Safety Control Unit.

Easy Creation of an Interface with the Standard I/O Data

You can easily exchange data between Safety CPU Unit and standard I/O Units.

Excellent Connectability with OMRON Safety I/O Devices

You can directly connect OMRON's wide lineup of Safety I/O Devices to Safety I/O Units without using any special units.

Integrating Setting and Debugging Operations for Safety Controls into the Sysmac Studio

Setting and debugging operations for safety controls are integrated into the Sysmac Studio Automation Software.

The shared concepts, such as IEC 61131-3, consistent operating procedures, one-project management, integrated debugging, and integrated troubleshooting, reduce the software workload.

Support for the IEC 61131-3 Programming Environment

Program Languages Based on the IEC 61131-3 International Standard

Programming is possible with the FBD language, which is part of the programming language specifications of IEC 61131-3. And the safety function blocks that are defined in PLCopen® TC5 Safety are also supported.

Programming with Variables

Programming with variables eliminates the need to specify memory addresses so that you can create user programs that are not dependent on any hardware considerations, such as the model of the Controller or the system configuration. This allows you to reuse user programming, even for different Controller models or system configurations.

Complete Advanced Validation

Checking Safety Programs and Safety Parameters

You can verify beforehand whether your safety programs (user program for safety controls that runs on the Safety CPU Unit) and safety parameters (parameters that are used for safety controls) meet the validity and safety aspects that are outlined below.

- Validity and safety issues related to function block diagram programs, such as missing or incorrect connection for function blocks
- Safety issues, such as the incorrect connection of a standard input to a safety input parameter of a function block
- · Validity of the safety task period

These checks help to prevent design regression and help to ensure the reliability of the safety designs.

Debugging function

You can connect the Sysmac Studio to perform various types of debugging, including monitoring, changing present values, and forced refreshing.

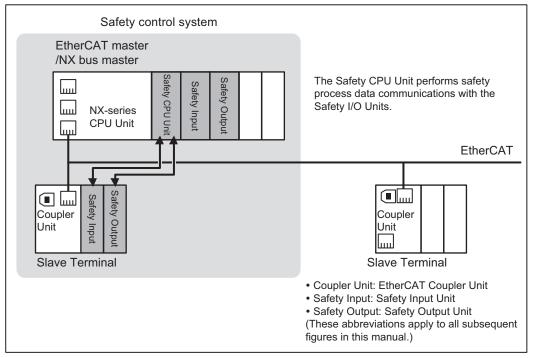
1-2 System Configuration and Configuration Devices

1-2-1 Safety Control System Configuration on NX bus of CPU Unit or EtherCAT Network

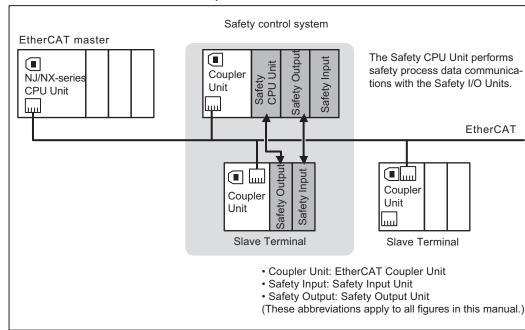
In this configuration, the safety control system operates on the NX bus of the NX-series CPU Unit and on the EtherCAT network.

The safety control system consists of the NX-series CPU Unit with the NX bus master function, CPU Unit with the EtherCAT master function, and the NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit with the EtherCAT slave function.

NX-series NX Bus/EtherCAT Integrated System



1

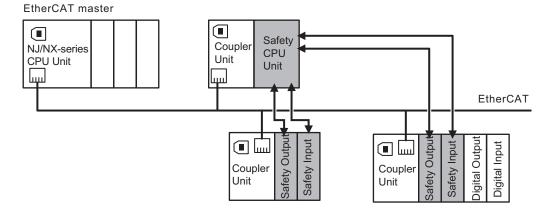


The Safety CPU Unit serves the FSoE master function to control the Safety I/O Units with the FSoE slave function served and the FSoE slave.^{*1} As shown in the above figure, the Safety CPU Unit can be used to control not only the Safety I/O Units that are mounted to the same CPU Rack or EtherCAT Slave Terminal, but also it can control Safety I/O Units that are mounted to other EtherCAT Slave Terminals through the EtherCAT network. You can use only one Safety CPU Unit on each EtherCAT network.

*1. The connectivity of FSoE communications between the OMRON NX-series Safety Control Unit is confirmed using the OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive.

You can also mount just a Safety CPU Unit to an EtherCAT Coupler Unit without mounting Safety I/O Units, as shown in the following figure. Standard I/O Units^{*1} can also be mounted in the same Slave Terminal, but they cannot be controlled by the Safety CPU Unit.

*1. This refers to NX Units used for standard control, such as Digital Input Units and Digital Output Units.



Refer to the *NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)* for information on EtherCAT network configurations.

NJ/NX-series EtherCAT Communications System

• Applicable NJ/NX-series CPU Units and NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit

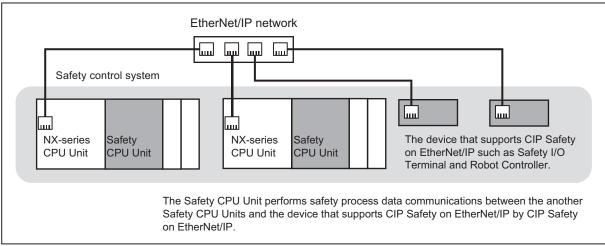
Refer to *A-19 Version Information* on page A-110 for the model numbers and unit versions of the NJ/NX-series CPU Units and the NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Units that can be used together.

Precautions for Correct Use

If you use an NX-series CPU Unit, you cannot set both the priority-5 periodic task and another task for an EtherCAT Coupler Unit that contains a Safety Control Unit. Refer to the *NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)* for details on task settings.

1-2-2 Safety Control System Configuration on EtherNet/IP Network

The safety control system operates in the EtherNet/IP network.



Safety Control System in EtherNet/IP Network

• Applicable NX-series CPU Units

Refer to *A-19 Version Information* on page A-110 for the model numbers and unit versions of the applicable NX-series CPU Units.

For the NX502 CPU Units, CIP Safety communications via the built-in EtherNet/IP port can be used with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.64 or later. If you set CIP Safety communications with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version earlier than 1.64, use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit. When the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later is used with the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit unit version 1.01 or later, you can use tag data link and CIP Safety communications together in one NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

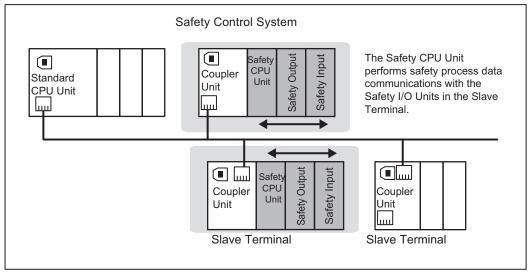
1-2-3 Standalone Safety Control System Configuration

The safety control system operates in the Slave Terminals of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.

1

1-2-4 Types of Safety Control Unit

Safety Control System in EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals



You can control Safety I/O Units that are mounted to the same Slave Terminal as the Safety CPU Unit You cannot use the EtherNet/IP network to control the operation of Safety I/O Units that are mounted to other Slave Terminals. You can use only one Safety CPU Unit on each Slave Terminal.

• Applicable NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Units

Refer to *A-19 Version Information* on page A-110 for the model numbers and unit versions of the applicable NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.

1-2-4 Types of Safety Control Unit

Unit classification		Introduction	
Safety CPU Unit		This Unit has safety control functions.	
		It operates as an NX Unit.	
		It also operates as an FSoE master.	
		It operates as a CIP-Safety-on-EtherNet/IP device.	
Safety I/O Units		These Units have safety input functions or safety output functions.	
-		They operate as NX Units.	
		These Units operate as FSoE slaves.	
	Safety Input Unit	These Units have safety input functions.	
	Safety Output Unit	These Units have Safety Output functions.	

This section provides the Classification of NX-series Safety Control Unit.

Refer to Section 2 Specifications on page 2-1 for details on individual Units.

1-3 Support Software

You use the Support Software to set up the safety control system for the Safety Control Unit and to perform programming and debugging.

1-3-1 Applicable Support Software

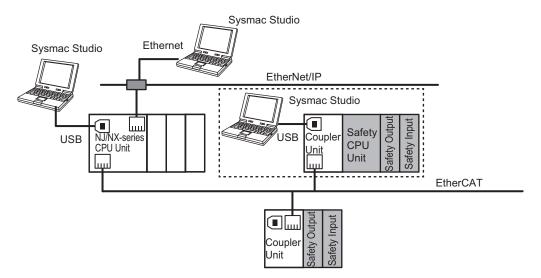
You use the Support Software to set up the safety control system for the Safety Control Unit, and to perform programming and debugging. Refer to *A-19 Version Information* on page A-110 for information on combinations of the applicable Support Software and versions.

Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for the system requirements of the Sysmac Studio.

1-3-2 Connection Method and Procedures for EtherCAT Coupler Units

In general, there are the following two ways to connect the Sysmac Studio.

- USB Connection or Ethernet Connection to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit The USB connection and Ethernet connection are functionally identical. This is the most common connection method. For the NX502 CPU Units, you can also use the Ethernet connection with the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- USB Connection to the NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit This method is functionally limited when compared with a connection to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. This connection method is used mainly for debugging.

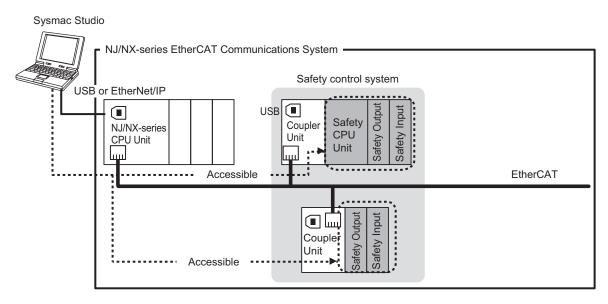


Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for the connection procedure.

USB Connection or Ethernet Connection to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit

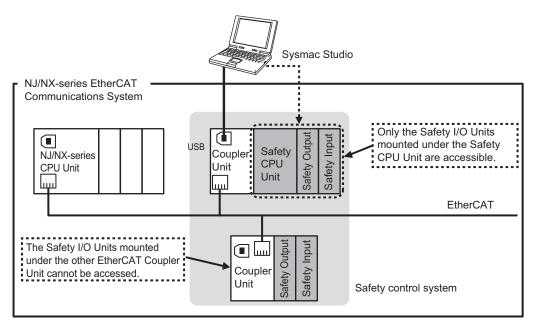
You use the Sysmac Studio to connect to the USB port or the built-in EtherNet/IP port of the NJ/NXseries CPU Unit. For the NX502 CPU Units, you can also connect to the EtherNet/IP port of the NXseries EtherNet/IP Unit.

This connection allows you to download safety programs to the Safety CPU Unit and to monitor the Safety I/O Units on the EtherCAT network.



USB connection to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit

You can connect the Sysmac Studio to the USB port on the EtherCAT Coupler Unit. This connection allows you to download, upload, and monitor the safety programs for only the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units that are under the EtherCAT Coupler Unit that the Sysmac Studio is online with. The other devices cannot be accessed.





Precautions for Correct Use

There are functional restrictions when you connect to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit via the USB port in comparison with connecting to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. We therefore recommend that you connect to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

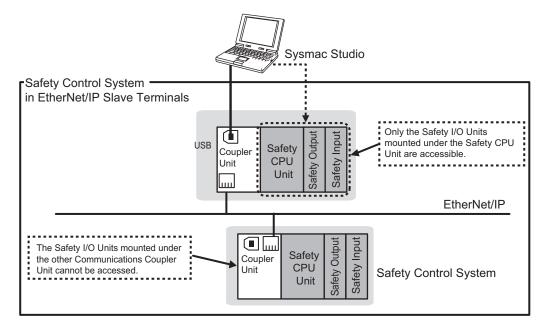
Functional Differences on the Sysmac Studio Based on the Connection Point

The functions that you can use on the Sysmac Studio depend on what the Sysmac Studio is connected to. Refer to the *NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)* for details.

1-3-3 Connection Method and Procedures for EtherNet/IP Coupler Units

Connect the Sysmac Studio to the USB port on the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

This connection allows you to download, upload, and monitor the safety programs for only the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units that are under the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit that the Sysmac Studio is online with. The other devices cannot be accessed.

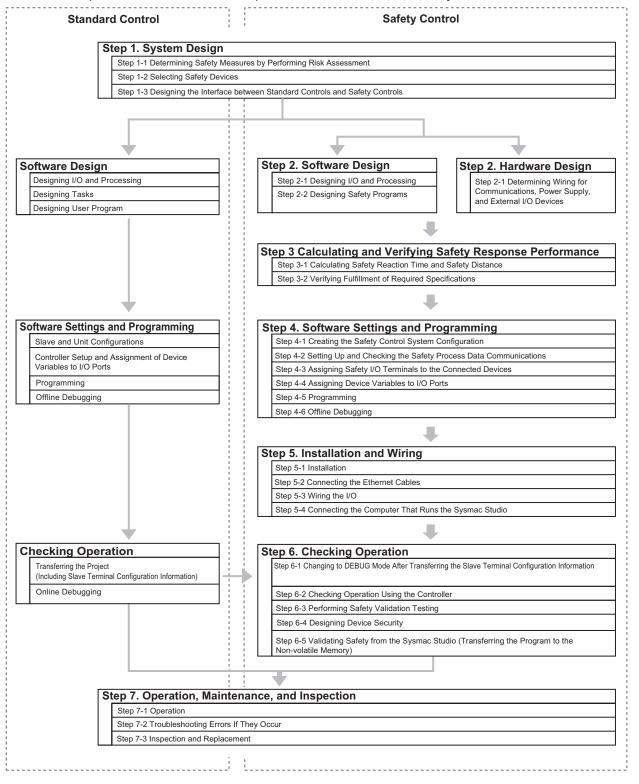


1-4 Commissioning Procedures

1-4-1 Overall Procedure

Use the following procedure to build a safety system.

The procedure is divided into steps for standard control and safety control.



1-4-2 Detailed Procedures

As described in the previous section, the standard controls and safety controls are linked with one another throughout the setup procedures.

This section describes the detailed procedures for the safety controls.

Refer to *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501)* for the detailed procedures for using NJ/NX-series CPU Units for standard control.

Step 1. System Design

Step	Description	Reference
Step 1-1 Determining	Identify potential danger factors and perform	
Safety Measures by Per-	risk assessment.	
forming Risk Assessment	Study and decide on measures to reduce	
	risks.	
-		
Step 1-2 Selecting Safety	Select the safety devices for inputs, logic, and	1-2 System Configuration and
Devices	outputs of the safety controls.	Configuration Devices on page
		1-8
		Section 2 Specifications on
		page 2-1
		2-1-2 Part Names and Func-
		<i>tions</i> on page 2-8
-		
Step 1-3 Designing the In-	Design the interface between the standard con-	5-7 Exposing Variables to
terface between Standard	trols and safety controls.	Standard Controllers on page

Step 2. Software Design

Controls and Safety Con-

trols

Step	Description	Reference
Step 2-1 Designing I/O and Processing	Design the configuration of the safety I/O devices and Safety I/O Units.Safety I/O devicesProgram contents	2-1-2 Part Names and Func- tions on page 2-8

This is done by exposing the global variables to 5-46

the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

Step	Description	Reference
Step 2-2 Designing Safety Programs	 Design the POUs (Program Organization Units). Programs Function blocks Design of Variables: Design the data types of the variables (particularly the design of safety data types and standard data types). Define the variables that you will use in more than one POU and variables that you will use in only specific POUs. Define the variable names for the device variables that you use to access Safety I/O Units. Define the attributes of variables, such as the Name attribute. Design the variables to expose to the user program for the standard controls. 	Section 6 Programming on page 6-1
	of the user program for the standard controls.	

Step 2. Hardware Design

Step	Description	Reference
Step 2-1 Determining Wir- ing for Communications, Power Supply, and Exter- nal I/O Devices	Determine the wiring for the communications network, power supply, and safety I/O devices.	2-1-2 Part Names and Func- tions on page 2-8 Manuals for specific Communi- cations Coupler Units Manuals for the specific NX Units

Step 3. Calculating and Verifying Safety Response Performance

	•	Reference
Step 3-1 Calculating Safe- C	Calculate the safety reaction times and use	Section 8 Calculating Safety
ty Reaction Time and Safe- th	them to find the safety distances.	Reaction Times on page 8-1
ty Distance		

Step 3-2 Verifying Fulfill-	Check to see if requirements are met. If require-	Section 8 Calculating Safety
ment of Required Specifi-	ments are not met, reconsider the designs again	Reaction Times on page 8-1
cations	starting with the system design.	

Step 4. Software Settings and Programming

Step	Description	Reference
Step 4-1 Creating the Safety Control System Configuration	On the Sysmac Studio, configure the NX bus master, Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.	5-3 Controller Configuration and Setup of the Safety Control Units on page 5-5
-		
Step 4-2 Setting Up and Checking the Safety Proc- ess Data Communications	Check the settings for the safety process data communications and make any necessary changes.	5-4 Setting Up the Safety Proc- ess Data Communications on page 5-12

Step	Description	Reference
Step 4-3 Assigning Safety I/O Terminals to the Con- nected Devices	On the Parameter Settings Pane for the Safety I/O Units, select the safety I/O devices that are connected to the safety I/O terminals.	5-5 Safety I/O Functions on page 5-37
Step 4-4 Assigning Device Variables to I/O Ports	Register the device variable in the variable ta- ble. (You can use either user-defined or automatical- ly assigned variable names.)	5-6 Registering Device Variables on page 5-40
Step 4-5 Programming	 Variable Registration: Register the variables that are used by more than one POU in the global variable table with the Sysmac Studio. Register the variables that are used in only a specific program in the local variable table for that program. Register the variables that are used in only a specific function block in the local variable table table for that function block. Writing Algorithms for POUs: Write the algorithms for the POUs (programs 	6-5 Programming Operations on page 6-26

Step 4-6 Offline Debugging	The Simulator is used to debug the program.	n. 6-8 Offline Debugging on page	
		6-98	

Step 5 Installation and Wiring

Step	Description	Reference
Step 5-1 Installation	Connect the Units to each other.	Section 3 Installation and Wir-
	Mount the connected Units on a DIN Track.	<i>ing</i> on page 3-1
Step 5-2 Connecting the	Connect the NJ/NX-series CPU Units or other	Manuals for specific Communi-
Ethernet Cables	standard controllers to the Communications	cations Coupler Units
Coupler Units.		
-		
Step 5-3 Wiring the I/O	Wire the Safety I/O Units.	Section 3 Installation and Wir-
		<i>ing</i> on page 3-1

Step	Description	Reference
Step 5-4 Connecting the Computer That Runs the Sysmac Studio	 Use one of the following connections. Connect a USB cable to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit^{*1} Connect an Ethernet cable to the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.*1 Connect a USB cable to the Communications Coupler Unit 	 1-3 Support Software on page 1-12 Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) Manuals for specific Communi- cations Coupler Units

*1. You can use this connection method only if you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit. For the NX502 CPU Units, you can also connect to the EtherNet/IP port of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

Step 6. Checking Operation

Step	Description	Reference
Step 6-1 Changing to DE- BUG Mode After Transfer- ring the Slave Terminal Configuration Information	Place the Sysmac Studio online with the NJ/NX- series CPU Unit ^{*1} or the Communications Cou- pler Unit and then transfer the Slave Terminal configuration information. Then, change the Safety CPU Unit from the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View. This transfers the safety application data to the Safety CPU Unit and enables debugging.	7-2 Transferring the Configura- tion Information on page 7-7 7-3 Operating Modes of the Safety CPU Unit on page 7-11 7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode on page 7-17
Step 6-2 Checking Opera- tion Using the Controller	Check all wiring and the operation of the pro- gram to check that the Safety Control Unit oper- ates as intended.	7-6 Functions for Checking Op- eration on page 7-28
Step 6-3 Performing Safety Validation Testing	Test all safety functions to see if they operate according to designs.	7-6 Functions for Checking Op- eration on page 7-28
Step 6-4 Designing Device Security	Set the safety passwords.	7-10 Security Settings on page 7-59
Step 6-5 Validating Safety from the Sysmac Studio	After the safety validation testing has been passed, execute the Safety Validation operation from the Sysmac Studio. This transfers the safety application data to the non-volatile memory in the Safety CPU Unit and enables operation.	7-11 Performing Safety Valida- tion and Operation on page 7-65

*1. You can use this connection method only if you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

Step 7. Operation, Maintenance, and Inspection

Step	Description	Reference	
Step 7-1 Operation	Restart the Safety CPU Unit.	7-11 Performing Safety Valida-	
	If the Safety CPU Unit has a validated user pro-	<i>tion and Operation</i> on page	
	gram, the Safety CPU Unit will automatically	7-65	
	start in RUN mode.		
-			
Step 7-2 Troubleshooting	If an error occurs, use the troubleshooting func-	Section 12 Troubleshooting on	
Errors If They Occur	tion of the Sysmac Studio to check the error and	page 12-1	
	determine the cause. Then, remove the error.		
Step 7-3 Inspection and	Perform periodic maintenance.	Section 13 Inspection and	
Replacement	If you find any defects or problems during the in-	Maintenance on page 13-1	
	spection, replace the affected devices.		

2

Specifications

This section provides the specifications of the Safety CPU Unit and the Safety I/O Units.

2-1	Safety	y CPU Unit	
	2-1-1	Models and Specifications	
	2-1-2	Part Names and Functions	
	2-1-3	Indicators	
2-2	Safety	y Input Unit	
	2-2-1	Models and Specifications	
	2-2-2	Part Names and Functions	
	2-2-3	Indicators	
2-3	Safety	y Output Unit	
	2-3-1	Models and Specifications	
	2-3-2	Part Names and Functions	
	2-3-3	Indicators	
2-4	PFH		

2-1 Safety CPU Unit

This section describes the models and specifications of the Safety CPU Units as well as the names and functions of the parts.

2-1-1 Models and Specifications

The Safety CPU Unit specifications are described below.

Models

The following table specifies the list of Safety CPU Unit models.

Model	Maximum number of safety I/O points	Program ca- pacity	Number of safety I/O con- nections	I/O refreshing method
NX-SL3300	256 points	512 KB	32 ^{*1}	Free-Run refreshing
NX-SL3500	1,024 points	2,048 KB	128 ^{*1}	Free-Run refreshing
NX-SL5500	1,024 points	2,048 KB	128 ^{*2}	Free-Run refreshing
NX-SL5700	2,032 points	4,096 KB	254 ^{*2}	Free-Run refreshing

*1. Only FSoE master connections are supported.

*2. CIP Safety originator connections, CIP Safety target connections, and FSoE master connections are supported.

General Specifications

This section provides the general specifications of the Safety CPU Unit.

Item	Specification
Enclosure	Mounted in a panel (open)
Grounding method	Ground to 100 Ω or less

Item		Specification
Operating environment	Ambient operating tem- perature	0 to 55°C
	Ambient operating humid- ity	10% to 95% (with no condensation or icing)
	Atmosphere	Must be free from corrosive gases.
	Ambient storage tempera- ture	−25 to 70°C (with no condensation or icing)
	Altitude	2,000 m max.
	Pollution degree	2 or less: Meets IEC 61010-2-201
	Noise immunity	Conforms to IEC 61131-2, 2 kV (power supply line)
	Insulation class	CLASS III (SELV)
	Overvoltage category	Category II: Meets IEC 61010-2-201
	EMC immunity level	Zone B
	Vibration resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-6 5 to 8.4 Hz with amplitude of 3.5 mm
		8.4 to 150 Hz, acceleration of 9.8 m/s ² 100 min. in each X, Y, and Z directions (10 sweeps of 10 min. each = 100 min. total)
	Shock resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-27
		147 m/s ² , 3 times in each X, Y, and Z directions
Installation method		DIN Track (IEC 60715 TH35-7.5/TH35-15)

Individual Specifications

This section provides the individual specifications of the Safety CPU Unit.

• Datasheet Items for Safety CPU Unit

The following table gives the meaning of the datasheet items for the Safety CPU Unit.

Item	Description
Maximum number of safety	This is the number of safety I/O points that Safety CPU Unit can control.
I/O points	
Program capacity	This is the capacity of the safety programs in the Unit.
Number of safety I/O connec-	This is the maximum number of Safety I/O connections that can be set to this
tions ^{*1}	Unit. The value is the total number of CIP Safety originator connections, CIP
	Safety target connections, and FSoE master connections.
Number of CIP Safety origi-	This is the maximum number of CIP Safety originator connections that can be
nator connections ^{*2}	set to this Unit.
Number of CIP Safety target	This is the maximum number of CIP Safety target connections that can be set
connections ^{*2}	to this Unit.
Number of originators that	When this unit is a CIP Safety target, it is the number of CIP Safety origina-
can be connected with a mul-	tors that can be connected with a multi-cast connection by a single CIP Safe-
ti-cast connection	ty target connection.
CIP Safety maximum data	This is the maximum data size per connection for CIP Safety.
size per connection	
Number of FSoE master con-	It is the maximum number of FSoE master connections that can be config-
nections	ured to this unit.
I/O refreshing method	The I/O refreshing methods that are used by the Unit.

Item	Description
External connection termi- nals	The type of terminal block and connector that is used for connecting the Unit. This specification includes the number of terminals for a screwless clamping terminal block.
Indicators	The type of indicators on the Unit and the layout of those indicators.
Hardware switch settings	It is the type and layout of hardware switches for the Unit.
Dimensions (mm)	These are the external dimensions of the Unit. The dimensions are given in the form $W \times H \times D$. The dimensions are given in "millimeters".
I/O power supply method	The method for supplying I/O power for the Unit. The supply method is deter- mined for each Unit. The power can be supplied either from the NX bus or from an external source.
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminal	The current capacity of the I/O power supply terminals (IOV/IOG) of the Unit. Do not exceed this value when supplying the I/O power to the connected external devices.
NX Unit power consumption	The power consumption of the NX Unit power supply of the Unit.
Current consumption from I/O power supply	The current consumption from I/O power supply of the Unit. This value does not include the load current of any external connection loads or the current consumption of any connected external devices.
Weight	The weight of the Unit.
Installation orientation and restrictions	This is the installation orientation of the Unit. Any restrictions to specifications that result from the installation orientation are also given.

*1. Refer to 5-4-3 Calculating the Number of Connections on page 5-34 for how to calculate the number of connections.

*2. The number of CIP Safety connections that can be actually set depends on the maximum number of routable CIP Safety connections of the NX-series CPU Unit.

For NX102 CPU Units, the maximum number of routable CIP Safety connections is 16.

Item	Specification
Maximum number of safety I/O points	256 points
Program capacity	512 KB
Number of safety I/O connections	32
Number of CIP Safety originator connections	0
Number of CIP Safety target connections	0
Number of originators that can be connected	0
with a multi-cast connection	
Number of FSoE master connections	32
I/O refreshing method	Free-Run refreshing
External connection terminals	None
Indicators	[FS] LED, [VALID] LED, [DEBUG] LED, [TS] LED, [RUN]
	LED
	SL3300 FSE DTS VALIDE DRUN DEBUGE
Hardware switch settings	None
Dimensions (mm)	30 × 100 × 71 mm (W × H × D)
I/O power supply method	Not supplied.
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminals	No I/O power supply terminals

Item	Specification
NX Unit power consumption ^{*1}	 Connected to a CPU Unit 1.25 W max. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit 0.90 W max.
Current consumption from I/O power supply	No consumption
Weight	75 g max.
Installation orientation and restrictions	 Installation orientation: Connected to a CPU Unit^{*2} Possible in the upright installation orientation. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit Six possible orientations. Restriction: None.

*2. Only NX502 CPU Units and NX102 CPU Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units cannot be connected.

Item	Specification
Maximum number of safety I/O points	1,024 points
Program capacity	2,048 KB
Number of safety I/O connections	128
Number of CIP Safety originator connections	0
Number of CIP Safety target connections	0
Number of originators that can be connected with a multi-cast connection	0
Number of FSoE master connections	128
I/O refreshing method	Free-Run refreshing
External connection terminals	None
Indicators	(FS] LED, [VALID] LED, [DEBUG] LED, [TS] LED, [RUN] LED SL3500 FSG DTS VALIDO DRUN DEBUGG
Hardware switch settings	None
Dimensions (mm)	30 × 100 × 71 mm (W × H × D)
I/O power supply method	Not supplied.
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminals	No I/O power supply terminals
NX Unit power consumption ^{*1}	 Connected to a CPU Unit 1.25 W max. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit 0.90 W max.
Current consumption from I/O power supply	No consumption
Weight	75 g max.

Item	Specification
Installation orientation and restrictions	Installation orientation:
	 Connected to a CPU Unit^{*2} Possible in the upright installation orientation. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit Six possible orientations.
	Restriction: None.

*2. Only NX502 CPU Units and NX102 CPU Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units cannot be connected.

Item	Specification
Maximum number of safety I/O points	1,024 points
Program capacity	2,048 KB
Number of safety I/O connections	128
Number of CIP Safety originator connections	128
Number of CIP Safety target con- nections	4
Number of originators that can be connected with a multi-cast con- nection	8
CIP Safety maximum data size per connection	16 bytes
Number of FSoE master connec- tions	128
I/O refreshing method	Free-Run refreshing
External connection terminals	None
Indicators	[TS] indicator, [NS] indicator, [FS] indicator, [P ERR] indicator, [RUN] in- dicator, [VALID] indicator, [DEBUG] indicator, seven-segment indicator
	Seven-segment indicator
	[TS] indicator, [NS] indicator, [FS] indicator [P ERR] indicator, [RUN] indicator, [VALID] indicator, [DEBUG] indicator

Item	Specification	
Hardware switch settings	[SERVICE] switch, [SETTING] switch	
	SERVICE 1 2 3 4	
Dimensions (mm)	30 × 100 × 71 mm (W × H × D)	
I/O power supply method	Not supplied.	
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminal	No I/O power supply terminals	
NX Unit power consumption*1	3.35 W max.	
Current consumption from I/O power supply	No consumption	
Weight	130 g max.	
Installation orientation and re-	Installation orientation: Upright installation	
strictions ^{*2}	Restriction: None.	

*2. Only NX502 CPU Units, NX102 CPU Units, and Communication Control Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units or Communications Coupler Units cannot be connected.

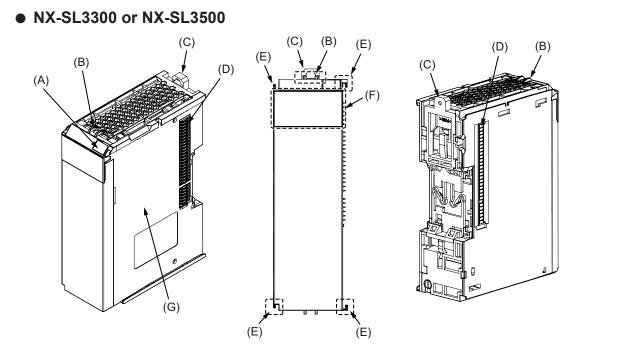
Item	Specification
Maximum number of safety	2,032 points
I/O points	
Program capacity	4,096 KB
Number of safety I/O connec-	254
tions	
Number of CIP Safety origi-	254
nator connections	
Number of CIP Safety target	4
connections	
Number of originators that	8
can be connected with a mul-	
ti-cast connection	
CIP Safety maximum data	16 bytes
size per connection	
Number of FSoE master con-	254
nections	
I/O refreshing method	Free-Run refreshing
External connection termi-	None
nals	

ltem	Specification
Indicators	[TS] indicator, [NS] indicator, [FS] indicator, [P ERR] indicator, [RUN] indica-
	tor, [VALID] indicator, [DEBUG] indicator, seven-segment indicator
	Seven-segment indicator
	[TS] indicator, [NS] indicator, [FS] indicator [P ERR] indicator, [RUN] indicator, [VALID] indicator, [DEBUG] indicator
Hardware switch settings	[SERVICE] switch, [SETTING] switch
	SERVICE 1 2 3 4
Dimensions (mm)	30 × 100 × 71 (W × H × D)
I/O power supply method	Not supplied.
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminals	No I/O power supply terminals
NX Unit power consump-	3.35 W
tion ^{*1}	
Current consumption from I/O power supply	No consumption
Weight	130 g max.
Installation orientation and	Installation orientation: Upright installation
restrictions ^{*2}	Restriction: None.

*2. Only NX502 CPU Units, NX102 CPU Units, and Communication Control Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units or Communications Coupler Units cannot be connected.

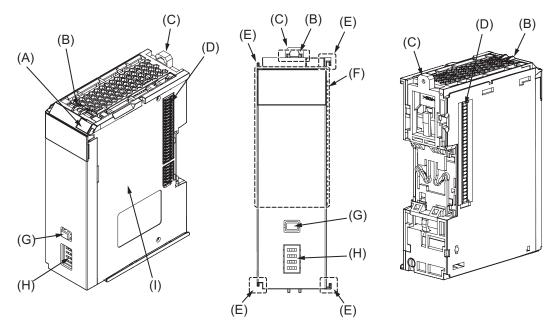
2-1-2 Part Names and Functions

This section describes the names and functions of the Safety CPU Unit components.



Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Marker attachment loca- tions	The locations where markers are attached. The markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. Commercially available markers can also be installed. Refer to <i>3-1-2 Attaching Markers</i> on page 3-4.
(B)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the Unit.
(C)	DIN Track mounting hook	These hooks are used to mount the NX Unit to a DIN Track.
(D)	NX bus connector	This is the NX-series bus connector.
(E)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect two Units.
(F)	Indicators	The indicators show the current operating status and power supply status of the Safety CPU Unit. Refer to <i>2-1-3 Indicators</i> on page 2-10.
(G)	Unit specifications	The specifications of the Safety CPU Unit are given.

• NX-SL5500/SL5700



Let- ter	Name	Function
(A)	Marker attachment loca- tion	The locations where markers are attached. The markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. Commercially available markers can also be installed. Refer to <i>3-1-2 Attaching Markers</i> on page 3-4.
(B)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the Unit.
(C)	DIN Track mounting hook	This hook is used to mount the NX Unit to a DIN Track.
(D)	NX bus connector	This is the NX-series bus connector.
(E)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect two Units.
(F)	Indicators	The indicators show the current operating status and power supply status of the Safety CPU Unit. Refer to <i>2-1-3 Indicators</i> on page 2-10.
(G)	Service switch	This switch is used for the start trigger of various functions.
(H)	DIP switch	This switch is used for the Safety Unit Restore and the safety data logging function. Refer to <i>10-1-2 Safety Unit Restore Function</i> on page 10-4 for details on the Safety Unit Restore. Refer to <i>11-3 Safety Data Logging Operation Procedure</i> on page 11-6 for details on the Safety Data Logging function.
(I)	Unit specifications	The specifications of the Safety CPU Unit are given.

2-1-3 Indicators

The Safety CPU Unit has indicators that show the current operating status and communications status.

Do not use the status of the indicators on the NX-series Safety Control Units for safety operations.

This will compromise the safety functions of the Unit and may cause serious injury in the event of an accident.

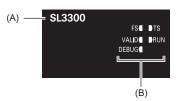


The appearance of the indicators on NX-SL3300 and NX-SL3500 is different depending on whether the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, or the date of or after September 20, 2018. In this manual, indicators for lot numbers of or after September 20, 2018 are shown.

For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators (NX-SL3300/SL3500)* on page 2-16.

Refer to *Notation of Unit Versions on Products* on page 38 for how to identify the lot number of the Unit.

NX-SL3300/SL3500



Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Model number display	Displays part of the model number of the Safety CPU Unit.
(B)	Indicators	Show the current operating status and communications status of the Safety CPU Unit.

The rest of this section gives the indicator specifications.

• TS Indicator

The TS indicator shows the current status of the Safety CPU Unit and the communications status with the NX bus master.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit.	The Unit is operating normally.
		Flashing (at 2-s intervals)	Initialization is in progress (from when the power supply is turned ON until RUN or PROGRAM mode is entered), or I/O allocation information data is being downloaded from the Sysmac Studio.
Red	d Lit. A hardware error, WDT error, or other critical error has occ		A hardware error, WDT error, or other critical error has occurred.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An NX bus communications error, I/O allocation information data error, or other recoverable minor error that is attributed to the NX bus has occurred.

Color	Status	Meaning
	Not lit.	 There is no Unit power supply. Restarting the Unit Waiting for initialization to start

FS Indicator

The FS indicator shows the safety communications status and safety function status of the Safety CPU Unit.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit.	All FSoE connections are established and there are no errors in any Safety CPU Unit functions.
		Flashing (at 1-s in- tervals)	One or more FSoE connections are not established or are currently being established and there are no errors in any Safety CPU Unit functions.
Red		Flashing (at 1-s in- tervals)	An FSoE communications error, program execution error, or other minor error that is attributed to the safety application has occurred. ^{*1}
Green/Re d		Alternates at 1-s in- tervals.	The safety application data has not been stored.
		Not lit.	Power is not being supplied or a fatal fault has occurred.

*1. For approximately 30 seconds after the power supply to the Safety CPU Unit is turned ON, a *Safety Process Data Communications Initialization Error* event is not registered as an error if the Safety I/O Units do not exist. During that time, the FS indicator will flash green.

RUN Indicator

The RUN indicator shows the execution status of the safety programs.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green	Lit.		Execution of a safety program is in progress (operation is in progress in RUN mode, or DEBUG mode (RUN)).
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	Initialization is in progress (from when the power supply is turned ON until RUN or PROGRAM mode is entered).
	Not lit.		Operation is in progress in PROGRAM mode or DEBUG mode (STOPPED), or a fatal fault has occurred.

DEBUG Indicator

The DEBUG indicator shows the status whether the debug function is executable on Safety CPU Unit.

Refer to 6-8-3 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using Forced Refreshing on page 6-101 for the debug function of Safety CPU Unit.

Color	Status	Meaning
Yellow	Lit.	Operation is in progress in DEBUG mode.

Color	Sta	itus	Meaning
		Not lit.	
			red.

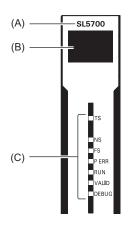
• VALID Indicator

The VALID indicator shows whether safety validation has been performed. The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Sta	itus	Meaning
Yellow		Lit.	Safety application data from the execution of the safety validation is stored in the non-volatile memory.
	Not lit.		Safety application data from the execution of the safety validation is not stored in the non-volatile memory, or a fatal fault has occurred.

Refer to 7-3 *Operating Modes of the Safety CPU Unit* on page 7-11 for details on the relationship between the operating modes of the Safety CPU Unit and the indicators.

NX-SL5500/SL5700



Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Model number display	Displays part of the model number of the Safety CPU Unit.
(B)	Seven-segment Indicator	Displays detailed information on the Safety CPU Unit.
(C)	Indicators	Show the current operating status and communications status of the Safety CPU Unit.

The rest of this section gives the indicator specifications.

• TS Indicator

The TS indicator shows the current status of the Safety CPU Unit and the communications status with the NX Bus Master.

Color	Status	Meaning
Green	Lit	The Unit is operating normally.
	Flashing (at 2-s intervals)	Initialization is in progress (from when the power supply is turned ON until RUN or PROGRAM mode is entered), or I/O allocation information data is being downloaded from the Sysmac Studio.
Red	Lit	A hardware error, WDT error, or other critical error has oc- curred.
	Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An NX bus communications error, I/O allocation information data error, or other recoverable minor error that is attributed to the NX bus has occurred.
	Not lit	There is no Unit power supplyThe Unit is restartingWaiting for initialization to start

• NS Indicator

The NS indicator shows the CIP Safety communications status of the Safety CPU Unit.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color		Status	Meaning
Green	Lit Lit		The CIP Safety connections are established.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	The CIP Safety connections are not established.
Red		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	A CIP Safety communications error occurred.*1
		Not lit	The CIP Safety communications are not executed.

*1. For approximately 30 seconds after the power supply to the Safety CPU Unit is turned ON, the *CIP Safety Target Does Not Exist* is not registered as an error. During that time, the NS indicator will flash red.

• FS Indicator

The FS indicator shows the FSoE communications status of the Safety CPU Unit.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit	All FSoE connections are established.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	The FSoE connections are being established.
Red		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An FSoE communications error occurred.*1
		Not lit	FSoE communications are not executed.

*1. For approximately 30 seconds after the power supply to the Safety CPU Unit is turned ON, a *FSoE Master Connection Not Established Error* event is not registered as an error if the Safety I/O Units do not exist. During that time, the FS indicator will flash green.

P ERR Indicator

The P ERR indicator shows the error status of the running program or settings of the Safety CPU Unit.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Red	Lit		The safety program, CIP Safety communications, and FSoE communications stopped due to the running program or settings, which resulted in error.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	Local error occurred in the running program.
		Not lit	No errors in the running program or settings

RUN Indicator

The RUN indicator shows the execution status of the programs for the Safety CPU Unit.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit	Execution of a safety program is in progress (operation is in progress in RUN mode, or DEBUG mode (RUN)).
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	Initialization is in progress (from when the power supply is turned ON until RUN or PROGRAM mode is entered).
		Not lit	Operation is in progress in PROGRAM mode or DEBUG mode (STOPPED), or a fatal fault has occurred.

• DEBUG Indicator

The DEBUG indicator shows the status whether the debug function can be executed on Safety CPU Unit.

Refer to 6-8-3 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using Forced Refreshing on page 6-101 for the debug function of Safety CPU Unit.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Yellow		Lit	Operation is in progress in DEBUG mode. (the debug func- tion can be executed)
		Not lit	Operation is in progress in a mode other than DEBUG mode or a fatal fault has occurred. (the debug function can- not be executed)

VALID Indicator

The VALID indicator shows whether safety validation has been performed on the safety application data in the Safety CPU Unit.

Color	Status		Meaning
Yellow		Lit	Safety application data from the execution of the safety vali- dation is stored in the non-volatile memory.
		Not lit	Safety application data from the execution of the safety vali- dation is not stored in the non-volatile memory, or a fatal fault has occurred.

• Seven-segment Indicator

The two-digit seven-segment indicator shows the detailed information on the Safety CPU Unit.

Item	Meaning
At normal operation	It shows the lowest one byte of the safety signature for the safety pro- gram that is operating. If the safety signature is not confirmed, "—" is dis- played. While a CIP Safety originator connection is being established, the indica- tor flashes. When all the CIP Safety originator connections are establish- ed, the indicator is lit.
When an error occurs	Refer to 12-2-1 Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety CPU Unit on page 12-3.
When a signature code is checked	Refer to A-14 Checking the Signature Code on the Seven-segment Indi- cator on page A-102.
When the Safety Unit Restore is executed	Refer to 10-1-2 Safety Unit Restore Function on page 10-4.
When the Safety Data Logging is executed	Refer to 11-4 Checking the Logging Status on page 11-7.

Differences in Appearance of the Indicators (NX-SL3300/SL3500)

The appearance of the indicators on NX-SL3300 and NX-SL3500 is different depending on whether the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, or the date of or after September 20, 2018.

The following table shows how the appearance of the indicators is different depending on the lot number.

		Lot number			
Indicator	Description	Date of or before Sep.19, 2018	Date of or after Sep. 20, 2018		
TS indicator FS indicator RUN indicator DEBUG indicator VALID indicator	The shape of the light emit- ting parts is changed from a square to a pentagon.	FS TS VALID FRUN DEBUG	FS I DTS VALID I DRUN DEBUG I		



Additional Information

The appearance of the indicators on NX-SL5500 and NX-SL5700 is not different depending on the lot number of the Unit.

2-2 Safety Input Unit

This section describes the models and specifications of the Safety Input Units as well as the names and functions of the parts.

2-2-1 Models and Specifications

The Safety Input Unit specifications are described below.

Models

The following table specifies the list of Safety Input Unit models.

Model	Number of safety in- put points	Number of test output points	Internal I/O common	Rated input voltage	OMRON Special Safety Input Devices	Number of safety slave connec- tions	I/O refresh- ing method
NX-SIH400	4 points	2 points	Sinking in- puts (PNP)	24 VDC	Can be con- nected.	1	Free-Run re- freshing
NX-SID800	8 points	2 points	Sinking in- puts (PNP)	24 VDC	Cannot be connected.	1	Free-Run re- freshing

General Specifications

This section provides the general specifications of the Safety Input Unit.

Item	Specification	
Enclosure	Mounted in a panel (open)	
Grounding method	Ground to 100 Ω or less	

Item		Specification
Operating environment	Ambient operating temper-	0 to 55°C
	ature	
	Ambient operating humidi-	10% to 95% (with no condensation or icing)
	ty	
	Atmosphere	Must be free from corrosive gases.
	Ambient storage tempera-	−25 to 70°C (with no condensation or icing)
	ture	
	Altitude	2,000 m max.
	Pollution degree	2 or less: Meets IEC 61010-2-201
	Noise immunity	Conforms to IEC 61131-2, 2 kV (power supply line)
	Insulation class	CLASS III (SELV)
	Overvoltage category	Category II: Meets IEC 61010-2-201
	EMC immunity level	Zone B
	Vibration resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-6
		5 to 8.4 Hz with amplitude of 3.5 mm
		8.4 to 150 Hz, acceleration of 9.8 m/s ²
		100 min. in each X, Y, and Z directions (10 sweeps of
		10 min. each = 100 min. total)
	Shock resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-27
		147 m/s ² , 3 times in each X, Y, and Z directions
	Isolation method	Photocoupler isolation
	Insulation resistance	20 M Ω between isolated circuits (at 100 VDC)
	Dielectric strength	510 VAC between isolated circuits for 1 minute at a
		leakage current of 5 mA max.
Installation method		DIN Track (IEC 60715 TH35-7.5/TH35-15)

Individual Specifications

This section provides the individual specifications of the Safety Input Unit.

• Datasheet Items for Safety Input Unit

The following table gives the meaning of the datasheet items for the Safety Input Units.

Item	Specification
Number of safety input points	This is the number of safety input points on the Unit.
Number of test output points	This is the number of test output points on the Unit. The test output points are used with the safety input terminals.
Internal I/O common	This is the polarity that the Unit uses to connect to input devices.
Rated input voltage	This is the rated input voltage of the Unit.
OMRON Special Safety Input De- vices	This tells whether the Unit supports the connection of OMRON Special Safety Input Devices (D40A-2 Non-contact Door Switches, E3FS Single Beam Safety Sensors, etc.).
Number of safety slave connec- tions	This is the number of slave connections that the Unit can have through FSoE. You can perform communications with one FSoE master device per connection.
I/O refreshing method	This is the I/O refreshing method for the Unit.
External connection terminals	This is the type of terminal block and connector that is used to wire the Unit. This specification includes the number of terminals for a screwless clamping terminal block.

Item	Specification
Indicators	This gives the names and the layout of the indicators on the Unit.
Safety input current	This is the input current at the rated voltage of the safety inputs on the Unit.
Safety input ON voltage	This is the input voltage at which the safety inputs on the Unit turn ON.
Safety input OFF voltage/OFF current	These are the input voltage and input current at which the safety inputs on the Unit turn OFF.
Test output type	This is the polarity that the Unit uses to connect to devices.
Test output rated current	This is the maximum load current for each test output on the Unit.
Test output ON residual voltage	This is the residual voltage when the test output on the Unit is ON.
Test output leakage current	This is the leakage current when the test output on the Unit is OFF.
Dimensions (mm)	These are the external dimensions of the Unit. The dimensions are given in the form W \times H \times D. The dimensions are given in "millimeters".
Isolation method	This is the method that is used to isolate the input circuits from the internal circuits of the Unit.
Insulation resistance	This is the insulation resistance between the input circuits and the internal circuits of the Unit.
Dielectric strength	This is the dielectric strength between the input circuits and the internal circuits of the Unit.
I/O power supply method	This is the method that is used to supply I/O power to the Unit.
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminal	This is the current capacity of the I/O power supply terminals (IOV/IOG) on the Unit. When you supply I/O power to external devices that are connected to the Unit, make sure that the total power does not exceed this value.
NX Unit power consumption	This is the power consumption of the Unit from the NX bus power supply.
Current consumption from I/O power supply	This is the current consumption of the Unit from the I/O power supply. This value does not include the load current of any external connection loads or the current consumption of any connected external devices.
Weight	This is the weight of the Unit.
Circuit layout	This is the internal circuits of the Unit.
Terminal connection diagram	This is the connection diagram between the Unit and connected external devices.
Installation orientation and re- strictions	This is the installation orientation of the Unit. If the installation orientation imposes any restrictions on the specifications, those restrictions are also described.
Protective functions	These are the protective functions that are supported by the Unit.

• NX-SIH400

Item	Specification	
Number of safety input points	4 points	
Number of test output points 2 points		
Internal I/O common	PNP (sinking inputs)	
Rated input voltage	24 VDC (20.4 to 28.8 VDC)	
OMRON Special Safety Input De- Can be connected.		
vices		
Number of safety slave connec-	1	
tions		
I/O refreshing method Free-Run refreshing		
External connection terminals Screwless clamping terminal block (8 terminals)		

Item	Specification		
Indicators	[TS] indicator, [FS] indicator, [IN] indicator, [IN ERR] indicator SIH400 FSE ■TS 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 [IN] indicator 2 3 [IN ERR] indicator		
Safety input current	4.5 mA typical		
Safety input ON voltage	11 VDC min.		
Safety input OFF voltage/OFF current	5 VDC max./1 mA max.		
Test output type	Sourcing outputs (PNP)		
Test output rated current	25 mA max.		
Test output ON residual voltage	1.2 V max. (IOV and all output terminals)		
Test output leakage current	0.1 mA max.		
Dimensions (mm)	12 × 100 × 71 (W × H × D)		
Isolation method	Photocoupler isolation		
Insulation resistance	20 M Ω min. between isolated circuits (at 100 VDC)		
Dielectric strength	510 VAC between isolated circuits for 1 minute at a leakage current of 5 mA max.		
I/O power supply method	Power supplied from the NX bus		
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminals	No applicable terminals.		
NX Unit power consumption	 Connected to a CPU Unit or a Communication Control Unit 1.10 W max. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit 0.70 W max. 		
Current consumption from I/O power supply	20 mA max.		
Weight	70 g max.		
Circuit layout	Terminal block NX bus connector (left) I/O power supply + I/O power supply - NX bus connector (left) NX bus		

ltem	Specification	
Terminal connection diagram	Si0 to Si3: Safety input terminals T0, T1: Test output terminals Safety Input Unit NX-SIH400 A1 B1 Safety Switch Si0 • Si1 • T0 • T1 • T0 • T1 • Si2 Si3 T0 T1 A8 B8	
Installation orientation and re- strictions	 Refer to 4-3-1 Safety Input Function on page 4-10 for details. Installation orientation: Connected to a CPU Unit or a Communication Control Unit *1 Possible in the upright installation orientation. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit Six possible orientations. Restriction: Maximum ambient temperature is 50°C for any orientation other than upright installation. 	
Protective functions	Overvoltage protection circuit and short detection (test outputs)	

*1. Only NX502 CPU Units, NX102 CPU Units, and Communication Control Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units cannot be connected.

• NX-SID800

Item	Specification		
Number of safety input points	8 points		
Number of test output points	2 points		
Internal I/O common	PNP (sinking inputs)		
Rated input voltage	24 VDC (20.4 to 28.8 VDC)		
OMRON Special Safety Input De- vices	Cannot be connected.		
Number of safety slave connec- tions	1		
I/O refreshing method	Free-Run refreshing		
External connection terminals	Screwless clamping terminal block (16 terminals)		
Indicators	[TS] indicator, [FS] indicator, [IN] indicator, [IN ERR] indicator SID800 FS TS 0 1 0 1 2 3 2 3 4 5 4 5 6 7 6 7 [IN ERR] indicator [IN] indicator		
Safety input current	3.0 mA typical		
Safety input ON voltage	15 VDC min.		

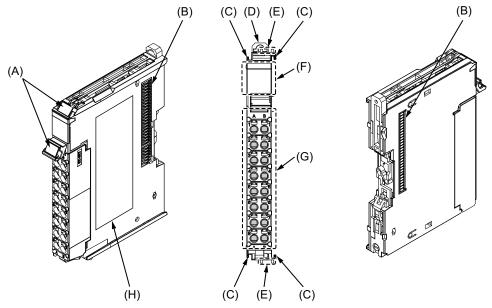
Item	Specification		
Safety input OFF voltage/OFF	5 VDC max./1 mA max.		
current			
Test output type	Sourcing outputs (PNP)		
Test output rated current	50 mA max.		
Test output ON residual voltage	1.2 V max. (IOV and all output terminals)		
Test output leakage current	0.1 mA max.		
Dimensions (mm)	12 × 100 × 71 (W × H × D)		
Isolation method	Photocoupler isolation		
Insulation resistance	20 MΩ min. between isolated circuits (at 100 VDC)		
Dielectric strength	510 VAC between isolated circuits for 1 minute at a leakage current of 5 mA max.		
I/O power supply method	Power supplied from the NX bus		
Current capacity of I/O power supply terminals	No applicable terminals.		
NX Unit power consumption	 Connected to a CPU UNIT or a Communication Control Unit 1.10 W max. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit 0.75 W max. 		
Current consumption from I/O power supply	20 mA max.		
Weight	70 g max.		
Circuit layout	Terminal block		
Terminal connection diagram	Si0 to Si7: Safety input terminals T0, T1: Test output terminals Safety Input Unit NX-SID800 A1 B1 Safety Switch A1 B1 T0 • T1 • T1 • Si2 Si3 T0 T1 Si4 Si5 T0 T1 Si6 Si7 T0 T1 A8 B8 Refer to 4-3-1 Safety Input Function on page 4-10 for details.		

Item	Specification	
Installation orientation and re-	Installation orientation:	
strictions	 Connected to a CPU Unit or a Communication Control Unit *1 Possible in the upright installation orientation. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit Six possible orientations. Restriction: Maximum ambient temperature is 50°C for any orientation other than upright installation. 	
Protective functions	Overvoltage protection circuit and short detection (test outputs)	

*1. Only NX502 CPU Units, NX102 CPU Units, and Communication Control Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units cannot be connected.

2-2-2 Part Names and Functions

This section provides the names and functions of the parts of the Safety Input Unit.

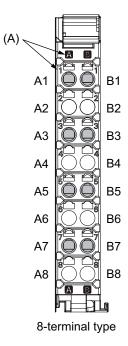


Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Marker attachment loca- tion	The locations where markers are attached. The markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. Commercially available markers can also be installed. Refer to <i>3-1-2 Attaching Markers</i> on page 3-4.
(B)	NX bus connector	This is the NX-series bus connector.
(C)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect two Units.
(D)	DIN Track mounting hooks	These hooks are used to mount the NX Unit to a DIN Track.
(E)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the Unit.
(F)	Indicators	The indicators show the current operating status of the Safety Input Unit or signal input status. Refer to <i>2-2-3 Indicators</i> on page 2-25.
(G)	Terminal block	The terminal block is used to connect external devices.
(H)	Unit specifications	The specifications of the Safety Input Unit are given here.

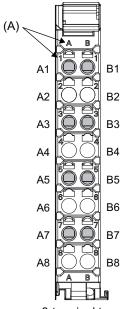
Terminal Blocks

There are two models of screwless clamping terminal blocks: NX-TB 2 and NX-TB 1. The following models of Terminal Blocks can be mounted to Safety Input Units.

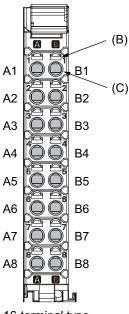




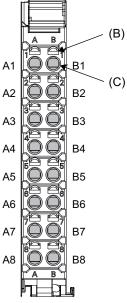




8-terminal type







16-terminal type

Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Terminal number indications	The terminal numbers are given by column letters A and B, and row numbers 1 to 8. The combination of the "column" and "row" gives the terminal numbers from A1 to A8 and B1 to B8. The terminal number indicators are the same regardless of the number of terminals on the terminal block, as shown above.
(B)	Release holes	Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into these holes to connect or remove the wires.
(C)	Terminal holes	The wires are inserted into these holes.

Terminal Blocks for Safety Input Units come in two types depending on the number of terminals that can be used. There are 8-terminal and 16-terminal Terminal Blocks.

The terminal block must have the same number of terminals that the Unit is designed for.

Additional Information

The 8-terminal type does not have terminal holes and release holes for the following terminals. • A2, A4, A6, A8, B2, B4, B6, and B8.

There are two types of Terminal Blocks in terms of current capacity, 10 A for the NX-TB \square \square 2 Terminal Blocks and 4 A for the NX-TB \square \square 1 Terminal Blocks.

To differentiate between the two types of Terminal Blocks, use the terminal number column indications. The Terminal Block with white letters on a dark background is the NX-TB \Box \Box 2 Terminal Block. You can mount either type of Terminal Block to a Unit with a terminal current capacity of 4 A max. You can only mount the NX-TB \Box \Box 2 Terminal Block to the Units that the current capacity specification of the terminals is greater than 4 A.

• Applicable Terminal Blocks for Each Unit Model

The following table gives the Terminal Blocks that are applicable to each Unit.

Unit model number	Terminal block			
onnt moder number	Model number	Number of terminals	Ground terminal mark	Current capacity
NX-SIH400	NX-TBA081	8	Not provided	4 A
	NX-TBA082			10 A
NX-SID800	NX-TBA161	16	Not provided	4 A
	NX-TBA162			10 A

Precautions for Correct Use

You can mount either NX-TBDDD1 or NX-TBDDD2 Terminal Block to a Unit with a terminal current capacity of 4 A.

Even if you mount an NX-TB 2 Terminal Block, the current specification does not change because the terminal current capacity of the Unit is 4 A.

Refer to the I/O power supply terminal current capacities given in *Individual Specifications* on page 2-18 for the terminal current capacity specifications of the Units.

Refer to *A-11 List of Screwless Clamping Terminal Block Models* on page A-97 or the model numbers of the Terminal Blocks.

2-2-3 Indicators

This section describes the indicators of the Safety Input Unit.

🗥 WARNING

Do not use the status of the indicators on the NX-series Safety Control Units for safety operations.

This will compromise the safety functions of the Unit and may cause serious injury in the event of an accident.



The appearance of the indicators is different depending on whether the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, or the date of or after September 20, 2018. In this manual, indicators for lot numbers of or after September 20, 2018 are shown.

For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators* on page 2-29.

Refer to *Notation of Unit Versions on Products* on page 38 for how to identify the lot number of the Unit.

The indicator pattern depends on the number of input points, as shown below.



Unit with 4 I/O Points Unit with 8 I/O Points

Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Model number dis-	Displays part of the model number of the Safety I/O Units.
	play	The model number indication is red on all Safety Control Units.
(B)	Indicators	Show the current operating status and communications status of the Safety I/O Units.

Safety Input Unit Operation Status Indicators

Indicators to show the operation status of the Safety Input Unit are located in the center of the front side of the Safety Input Unit.

The following section describes the specifications of each indicator.

0 2 0	DO TS 1 3 1 3 1 3	IN IN ERR
	TS	
FS	TS	
FS	TS	
FS● 0 1 0 2 3 2 4 5 4	∎TS 1 3 5	
FS	TS	

IN ERR IN

• TS Indicator

The TS indicator shows the current status of the Safety Input Unit and its communications status with the NX Bus Master.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color	Status		Meaning
Green		Lit	The Unit is operating normally.
		Flashing (at 2-s intervals)	Initializing, or I/O allocation information data is being down- loaded from the Sysmac Studio.
Red		Lit	A hardware error, WDT error, or other critical error has oc- curred.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An NX bus communications error, I/O allocation information data error, or other recoverable minor error that is attributed to the NX bus has occurred.
		Not lit	There is no Unit power supplyRestarting the UnitWaiting for initialization to start

FS Indicator

The FS indicator shows the FSoE communications status and safety function status of the Safety Input Unit.

Color	Status	Meaning
Green	Lit	The FSoE connections are established and there are no errors in any Safety I/O Units functions.
	Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	The FSoE connections are being established.
Red	Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An FSoE communications error, safety input terminal error, or other minor error has occurred.

Color	Status		Meaning
		Not lit	Power is not being supplied or a fatal fault has occurred.

IN Indicator

The IN indicator shows the signal input status of the safety input terminal.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

The table shows an example of safety input terminal Si01. The safety input terminal number is lit or not lit.

Color	Status		Meaning
Yellow]1	Lit	The safety input terminal is ON and there are no errors.
	1	Not lit	The safety input terminal is OFF or an error has occurred.



Additional Information

If the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, the indicators have square-shaped light emitters. For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators* on page 2-29.

Color	Status		Meaning
Yellow		Lit	The safety input terminal is ON and there are no errors.
		Not lit	The safety input terminal is OFF or an error has occur- red.

IN ERR Indicator

The IN ERR indicator shows the error status of the safety input terminal.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

The table shows an example of safety input terminal Si01. The safety input terminal number is lit, flashing or not lit.

Color		Status	Meaning
Red]1	Lit	An error has occurred in the safety input terminal.
]1	Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An error has occurred in the safety input terminal for the other channel of the dual channel I/O.
	1	Not lit	There are no errors in the safety input terminal.

Additional Information

If the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, the indicators have square-shaped light emitters. For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators* on page 2-29.

Color	Status	Meaning
Red	Lit	An error has occurred in the safety input terminal.
	Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An error has occurred in the safety input terminal for the other channel of the dual channel I/O.
	Not lit	An error has occurred in the safety input terminal.

Refer to *12-2-1 Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety CPU Unit* on page 12-3 for details on the relationship between the errors of the Safety Input Unit and the indicators.

Differences in Appearance of the Indicators

The appearance of the indicators is different depending on whether the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, or the date of or after September 20, 2018. The following table shows how the appearance of the indicators is different depending on the lot number.

		Lot nu	umber
Indicator	Description	Date of or before Sep.19, 2018	Date of or after Sep. 20, 2018
TS indicator FS indicator	The shape of the light emitting parts is changed from a square to a pentagon.	FS TS	FS TTS
IN indicator IN ERR indicator	Square-shaped light emitters of the indi- cators are changed to light-emitting ter- minal numbers.	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3

2-3 Safety Output Unit

This section describes the models and specifications of the Safety Output Units as well as the names and functions of the parts.

2-3-1 Models and Specifications

The Safety Output Unit specifications are described below.

Models

The following table specifies the list of the Safety Output Unit models.

Model	Number of safety out- put points	Internal I/O common	Maximum load current	Rated voltage	Number of safety slave connec- tions	I/O refreshing method
NX-SOH200	2 points	Sourcing out- puts (PNP)	2.0 A/point, 4.0 A/Unit at 40°C 2.5 A/Unit at 55°C	24 VDC	1	Free-Run re- freshing
NX-SOD400	4 points	Sourcing out- puts (PNP)	0.5 A/point and 2.0 A/Unit	24 VDC	1	Free-Run re- freshing

General Specifications

This section provides the general specifications of the Safety Output Unit.

ltem	Specification	
Enclosure	Mounted in a panel (open)	
Grounding method	Ground to 100 Ω or less	

Item		Specification
Operating environment	Ambient operating temper- ature	0 to 55°C
	Ambient operating humidi- ty	10% to 95% (with no condensation or icing)
	Atmosphere	Must be free from corrosive gases.
	Ambient storage tempera- ture	−25 to 70°C (with no condensation or icing)
	Altitude	2,000 m max.
	Pollution degree	2 or less: Meets IEC 61010-2-201
	Noise immunity	Conforms to IEC 61131-2, 2 kV (power supply line)
	Insulation class	CLASS III (SELV)
	Overvoltage category	Category II: Meets IEC 61010-2-201
	EMC immunity level	Zone B
	Vibration resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-6
		5 to 8.4 Hz with amplitude of 3.5 mm
		8.4 to 150 Hz, acceleration of 9.8 m/s ²
		100 min. in each X, Y, and Z directions (10 sweeps of 10 min. each = 100 min. total)
	Shock resistance	Conforms to IEC 60068-2-27
		147 m/s ² , 3 times in each X, Y, and Z directions
	Isolation method	Photocoupler isolation
	Insulation resistance	20 M Ω between isolated circuits (at 100 VDC)
	Dielectric strength	510 VAC between isolated circuits for 1 minute at a leakage current of 5 mA max.
Installation method		DIN Track (IEC 60715 TH35-7.5/TH35-15)

Individual Specifications

This section provides the individual specifications of the Safety Output Unit.

• Datasheet Items for Safety Output Unit

The following table gives the meaning of the datasheet items for the Safety Output Units.

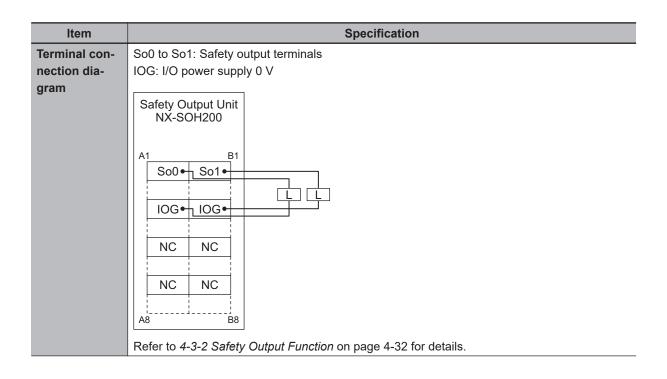
Item	Specification
Number of safety output points	This is the number of safety output points on the Unit.
Internal I/O common	This is the polarity that the Unit uses to connect to output devices.
Maximum load current	This is the maximum load current for outputs on the Unit. A specifica- tion is given for each output and each Unit.
Rated voltage	This is the rated voltage of the outputs on the Unit.
Number of safety slave connec- tions	This is the number of slave connections that the Unit can have through FSoE. You can perform communications with one FSoE master device per connection.
I/O refreshing method	The I/O refreshing methods that are used by the Unit.
External connection terminals	The type of terminal block and connector that is used for connecting the Unit. This specification includes the number of terminals for a screwless clamping terminal block.
Indicators	This gives the names and the layout of the indicators on the Unit.

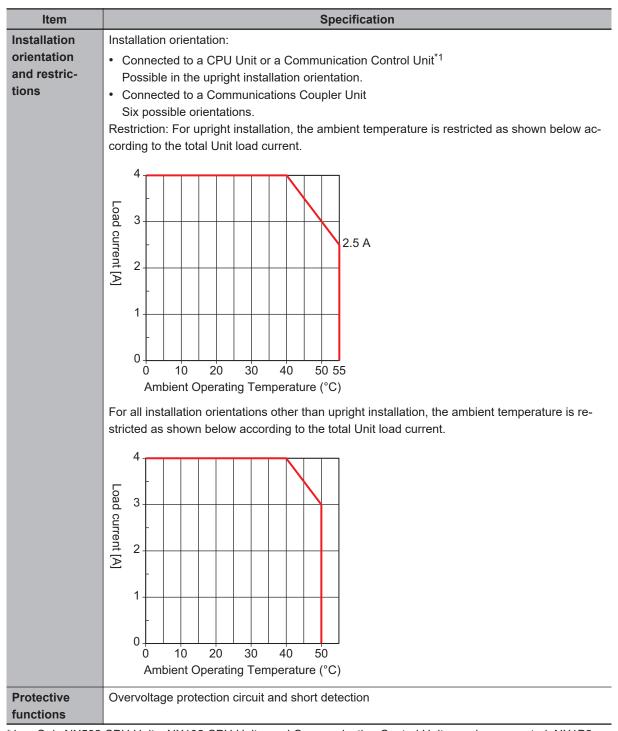
Item	Specification
Safety output rated current	This is the maximum load current for safety outputs on the Unit. The inrush current of the external connection load must be lower than this value.
Safety output ON residual voltage	This is the residual voltage when a safety output on the Unit is ON.
Safety output OFF residual voltage	This is the residual voltage when a safety output on the Unit is OFF.
Safety output leakage current	This is the leakage current when a safety output on the Unit is OFF.
Dimensions (mm)	These are the external dimensions of the Unit. The dimensions are given in the form W \times H \times D. The dimensions are given in millimeters.
Isolation method	This is the method that is used to isolate the output circuits from the internal circuits of the Unit.
Insulation resistance	This is the insulation resistance between the output circuits and the in- ternal circuits of the Unit.
Dielectric strength	This is the dielectric strength between the output circuits and the inter- nal circuits of the Unit.
I/O power supply method	The method for supplying I/O power for the Unit.
Current capacity of I/O power sup- ply terminal	This is the current capacity of the I/O power supply terminals (IOV/ IOG) on the Unit. When you supply I/O power to external devices that are connected to the Unit, make sure that the total power does not ex- ceed this value.
NX Unit power consumption	This is the power consumption of the Unit from the NX bus power sup- ply.
Current consumption from I/O pow- er supply	This is the current consumption of the Unit from the I/O power supply. This value does not include the load current of any external connection loads or the current consumption of any connected external devices.
Weight	This is the weight of the Unit.
Circuit layout	This is the internal circuits of the Unit.
Terminal connection diagram	This is the connection diagram between the Unit and external devices.
Installation orientation and restric- tions	This is the installation orientation of the Unit. If the installation orienta- tion imposes any restrictions on the specifications, those restrictions are also described.
Protective functions	These are the protective functions that are supported by the Unit.

• NX-SOH200

Item	Specification
Number of	2 points
safety output	
points	
Internal I/O	PNP (sourcing outputs)
common	
Maximum load	2.0 A/point
current	4.0 A/Unit at 40°C
	2.5 A/Unit at 55°C
	The maximum load current depends on the installation orientation and ambient temperature.
Rated input	24 VDC (20.4 to 28.8 VDC)
voltage	
Number of	1
safety slave	
connections	
I/O refreshing	Free-Run refreshing
method	

ltem	Specification		
External con- nection termi- nals	Screwless clamping terminal block (8 terminals)		
Indicators	[TS] indicator, [FS] indicator, [OUT] indicator, [OUT ERR] indicator SOH200 FSC DTS 0 1 [OUT] indicator 0 1 [OUT ERR] indicator		
Safety output ON residual voltage	1.2 V max. (between IOV and all output terminals)		
Safety output OFF residual voltage	2 V max. (between IOG and all output terminals)		
Safety output leakage cur- rent	0.1 mA max.		
Dimensions (mm)	12 × 100 × 71 (W × H × D)		
Isolation meth- od	Photocoupler isolation		
Insulation re- sistance	20 MΩ min. between isolated circuits (at 100 VDC)		
Dielectric strength	510 VAC between isolated circuits for 1 minute at a leakage current of 5 mA max.		
I/O power sup- ply method	Power supplied from the NX bus		
Current ca- pacity of I/O power supply terminals	IOG: 2 A/terminal max.		
NX Unit power consumption	 Connected to a CPU UNIT or a Communication Control Unit 1.05 W max. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit 0.70 W max. 		
Current con- sumption from I/O power sup- ply	40 mA max.		
Weight	65 g max.		
Circuit layout	NX bus connector (left) [1/0 power supply -] NX bus connector (left) [1/0 power supply -] NX bus connector (right)]] NX bus connector (right)]		





*1. Only NX502 CPU Units, NX102 CPU Units, and Communication Control Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units cannot be connected.

• NX-SOD400

Item	Specification
Number of safety output	4 points
points	
Internal I/O common	PNP (sourcing outputs)
Maximum load current	0.5 A/point and 2.0 A/Unit
Rated input voltage	24 VDC (20.4 to 28.8 VDC)
Number of safety slave	1
connections	

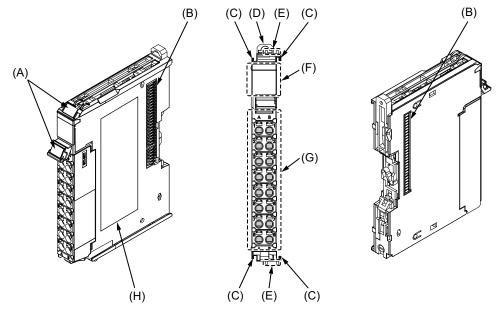
Item	Specification
I/O refreshing method	Free-Run refreshing
External connection ter- minals	Screwless clamping terminal block (8 terminals)
Indicators	[TS] indicator, [FS] indicator, [OUT] indicator, [OUT ERR] indicator SOD400 FS ■TS 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 [OUT] indicator 2 3 [OUT ERR] indicator
Safety output ON residual voltage	1.2 V max. (between IOV and all output terminals)
Safety output OFF residu- al voltage	2 V max. (between IOG and all output terminals)
Safety output leakage cur- rent	0.1 mA max.
Dimensions (mm)	12 × 100 × 71 (W × H × D)
Isolation method	Photocoupler isolation
Insulation resistance	20 M Ω min. between isolated circuits (at 100 VDC)
Dielectric strength	510 VAC between isolated circuits for 1 minute at a leakage current of 5 mA max.
I/O power supply method	Power supplied from the NX bus
Current capacity of I/O	IOG (A3 and B3): 2 A/terminal max.
power supply terminals	IOG (A7 and B7): 0.5 A/terminal max.
NX Unit power consump- tion	 Connected to a CPU UNIT or a Communication Control Unit 1.10 W max. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit 0.75 W max.
Current consumption from I/O power supply	60 mA max.
Weight	65 g max.
Circuit layout	NX bus connector (left) I/O power supply + //O power supply - //O power supply - //O power supply - //O power supply - //O power supply - NX bus connector (right)

Item	Specification
Terminal connection dia- gram	So0 to So3: Safety output terminals IOG: I/O power supply 0 V Safety Output Unit NX-SOD400 A1 B1 IOG IOG IOG IOG IOG IOG A8 B8 Refer to 4-3-2 Safety Output Function on page 4-32 for details.
Installation orientation and restrictions	 Installation orientation: Connected to a CPU Unit or a Communication Control Unit^{*1} Possible in the upright installation orientation. Connected to a Communications Coupler Unit Six possible orientations. Restriction: None.
Protective functions	Overvoltage protection circuit and short detection

*1. Only NX502 CPU Units, NX102 CPU Units, and Communication Control Units can be connected. NX1P2 CPU Units cannot be connected.

2-3-2 Part Names and Functions

This section provides the names and functions of the parts of the Safety Output Unit.

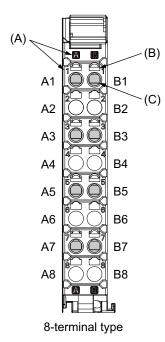


Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Marker attachment loca- tion	The locations where markers are attached. The markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. Commercially available markers can also be installed. Refer to <i>3-1-2 Attaching Markers</i> on page 3-4.
(B)	NX bus connector	This is the NX-series bus connector.
(C)	Unit hookup guides	These guides are used to connect two Units.
(D)	DIN Track mounting hook	This hook is used to mount the NX Unit to a DIN Track.
(E)	Protrusions for removing the Unit	The protrusions to hold when removing the Unit.
(F)	Indicators	The indicators show the current operating status of the Safety Output Unit or signal I/O status. Refer to <i>2-3-3 Indicators</i> on page 2-40.
(G)	Terminal block	The terminal block is used to connect external devices.
(H)	Unit specifications	The specifications of the Safety Output Unit are given.

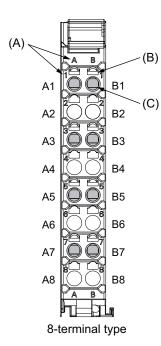
Terminal Blocks

There are two models of screwless clamping terminal blocks: NX-TBDD2 and NX-TBDD1. The following models of Terminal Blocks can be mounted to Safety Output Units.

NX-TB



NX-TB



Letter	Name	Function	
(A)	Terminal number	The terminal numbers are given by column letters A and B, and row numbers 1 to 8.	
	indications	The combination of the "column" and "row" gives the terminal numbers from A1 to	
		A8 and B1 to B8.	
		The terminal number indicators are the same regardless of the number of terminals	
		on the terminal block, as shown above.	
(B)	Release hole	Insert a flat-blade screwdriver into these holes to connect or remove the wires.	
(C)	Terminal hole	The wires are inserted into these holes.	

Only 8-terminal type blocks can be inserted to the terminal blocks of Safety Output Units.

To prevent incorrect insertion, terminal blocks in any other types besides the 8-terminal type cannot be mounted.

Additional Information

The 8-terminal type does not have terminal holes and release holes for following terminal numbers.

• A2, A4, A6, A8, B2, B4, B6, and B8.

There are two types of Terminal Blocks in terms of current capacity, 10 A for the NX-TB \square Terminal Blocks and 4 A for the NX-TB \square Terminal Blocks.

To differentiate between the two types of Terminal Blocks, use the terminal number column indications. The Terminal Block with white letters on a dark background is the NX-TB \Box \Box 2 Terminal Block. You can mount either type of Terminal Block to a Unit with a terminal current capacity of 4 A. You can only mount the NX-TB \Box \Box 2 Terminal Block to the Units that the current capacity specification of the terminals is greater than 4 A.

Applicable Terminal Blocks for Each Unit Model
 The following table gives the Terminal Blocks that are applicable to each Unit.

Unit model number	Terminal block			
Unit model number	Model	Number of terminals	Ground terminal mark	Current capacity
NX-SOH200	NX-TBA081	8	Not provided	4 A
	NX-TBA082			10 A
NX-SOD400	NX-TBA081	8	Not provided	4 A
	NX-TBA082			10 A

Precautions for Correct Use

You can mount either NX-TB 1 or NX-TB 2 Terminal Blocks to the Units that the current capacity specification of the terminals is 4 A or less.

Even if you mount an NX-TB 2 Terminal Block, the current specification does not change because the terminal current capacity of the Unit is 4 A.

Refer to the I/O power supply terminal current capacities given in *Individual Specifications* on page 2-31 for the terminal current capacity specifications of the Units.

Refer to A-11 List of Screwless Clamping Terminal Block Models on page A-97 for information on the models of terminal blocks.

2-3-3 Indicators

This section describes the indicators of the Safety Output Unit.

Do not use the status of the indicators on the NX-series Safety Control Units for safety operations.

This will compromise the safety functions of the Unit and may cause serious injury in the event of an accident.



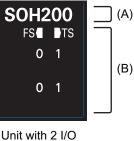
The appearance of the indicators is different depending on whether the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, or the date of or after September 20, 2018. In this manual, indicators for lot numbers of or after September 20, 2018 are shown.

For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators* on page 2-43.

Refer to *Notation of Unit Versions on Products* on page 38 for how to identify the lot number of the Unit.

The indicator pattern depends on the number of output points, as shown below.

SOD400 FS● DTS 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	SC
Lipit with 4 1/O	Lipit



Points

Unit with 4 I/O Points

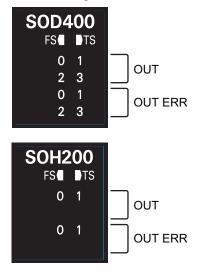
Letter	Name	Function
(A)	Model number dis- Displays part of the model number of the Safety I/O Units.	
	play The model number indication is red on Safety Control Units.	

Letter	Name	Function
(B)	Indicators	Show the current operating status and communications status of the Safety I/O Units.

Safety Output Unit Operation Status Indicators

There are the indicators to show the operation status of Safety Output Unit in the center of the front side of the Safety Output Unit.

The following section describes the specifications of each indicator.



• TS Indicator

The TS indicator shows the current status of the Safety Output Unit and its communications status with the NX Bus Master.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

Color		Status	Meaning
Green	Lit		The Unit is operating normally.
		Flashing (at 2-s intervals)	Initialization is in progress, or I/O allocation information data is being downloaded from the Sysmac Studio.
Red	Red Lit A hardware error, WDT error, or oth curred.		A hardware error, WDT error, or other critical error has oc- curred.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An NX bus communications error, I/O allocation information data error, or other recoverable minor error that is attributed to the NX bus has occurred.
		Not lit	There is no Unit power supplyThe Unit is restartingWaiting for initialization to start

FS Indicator

The FS indicator shows the FSoE communications status and safety function status of the Safety Output Unit.

Color		Status	Meaning
Green	Lit		The FSoE connections are established and there are no errors in any Safety I/O Units functions.
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	The FSoE connections are being established.
Red		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An FSoE communications error, safety output terminal er- ror, or other minor error has occurred.
	- Not lit		Power is not being supplied or a fatal fault has occurred.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

OUT Indicator

The OUT indicator shows the signal input status of the safety output terminal.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

The table shows an example of safety output terminal So01. The safety output terminal number is lit or not lit.

Color	Status		Meaning
Yellow]1	Lit	Safety output terminal is ON and there are no errors.
	1	Not lit	Safety output terminal is OFF or an error has occurred.



Additional Information

If the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, the indicators have square-shaped light emitters. For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators* on page 2-29.

Color	Status		Meaning
Yellow		Lit	Safety output terminal is ON and there are no errors.
		Not lit	Safety output terminal is OFF or an error has occurred.

OUT ERR Indicator

The OUT ERR indicator shows the error status of the safety output terminals.

The following table lists the possible states for this indicator and what they mean.

The table shows an example of safety output terminal So01. The safety output terminal number is lit, flashing or not lit.

Color		Status	Meaning	
Red	Red Lit		An error has occurred in the safety output terminal.	
]1	Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An error has occurred in the safety output terminal for the other channel of the dual channel I/O.	
	1 Not lit		There are no errors in the safety output terminal.	

Additional Information

If the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, the indicators have square-shaped light emitters. For details on the differences in appearance of the indicators, refer to *Differences in Appearance of the Indicators* on page 2-29.

Color		Status	Meaning	
Red	Red Lit		An error has occurred in the safety output terminal.	
		Flashing (at 1-s intervals)	An error has occurred in the safety output terminal for the other channel of the dual channel I/O.	
		Not lit	There are no errors in the safety output terminal.	

Refer to *12-2-1 Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety CPU Unit* on page 12-3 for details on the relationship between errors of the Safety Output Unit and the indicators.

Differences in Appearance of the Indicators

The appearance of the indicators is different depending on whether the lot number of the Unit represents the date of or before September 19, 2018, or the date of or after September 20, 2018. The following table shows how the appearance of the indicators is different depending on the lot number.

		Lot number		
Indicator	Description	Date of or before Sep.19, 2018	Date of or after Sep. 20, 2018	
TS indicator FS indicator	The shape of the light emitting parts is changed from a square to a pentagon.	FS TS	FS TTS	
OUT indicator OUT ERR indicator	Square-shaped light emitters of the in- dicators are changed to light-emitting terminal numbers.	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	

2-4 PFH

This section gives the PFH (PFH_D) values of the NX-series Safety CPU Unit and the Safety I/O Units.



Precautions for Correct Use

Go to the following URL for the most recent PFH values: http://www.ia.omron.com/support/sistemalibrary/index.html



Additional Information

The NX-series Safety Control Unit is a Type B subsystem that is defined by IEC 61508 with HFT = 1 and SFF > 90%.

• Safety CPU Unit

Model	PFH
NX-SL3300	3.1E-10
NX-SL3500	3.0E-10
NX-SL5500	5.0E-11
NX-SL5700	5.0E-11

Safety Input Unit

Model	PFH
NX-SID800	1.5E-9 ^{*1}
	4.3E-10 ^{*2}
NX-SIH400	1.4E-9 ^{*1}
	3.1E-10 ^{*2}

*1. This value includes PFH value of FSoE connection.

*2. This value does not include PFH value of FSoE connection.

Safety Output Unit

Model	PFH
NX-SOD400	1.6E-9 ^{*1}
	5.5E-10 ^{*2}
NX-SOH200	1.4E-9 ^{*1}
	3.6E-10 ^{*2}

*1. This value includes PFH value of FSoE connection.

*2. This value does not include PFH value of FSoE connection.

3

Installation and Wiring

This section describes how to install and wire the Safety Control Units.

3-1	Instal	ling Units	
	3-1-1	Installing NX Units	3-2
	3-1-2	Attaching Markers	
	3-1-3	Removing Units	3-5
	3-1-4	Installation Orientation	
3-2	Powe	r Supply Types and Wiring	
	3-2-1	Applications of I/O Power Supply and Supply Methods	
	3-2-2	Calculating the Total Current Consumption from I/O Power Supply	
3-3	Wiring	g the Terminals	3-10
	3-3-1	Wiring to the Screwless Clamping Terminal Blocks	
	3-3-2	Checking Wiring	

3-1 Installing Units

The NX-series Safety Control Units are installed in the same way as the NX Units. This section describes how to install and remove NX Units and how to attach markers.

Refer to the user's manual of the NX bus master, that the Safety Control Unit is to be connected to, for details on preparations for installation, installation in a control panel, etc.

3-1-1 Installing NX Units

This section describes how to mount two NX Units to each other.

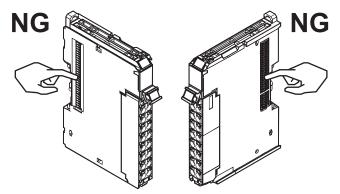
Always turn OFF the power supply before you mount NX Units.

Always mount NX Units one at a time. If you attempt to mount multiple NX Units that are already connected together, the connections between the NX Units may separate from each other and fall.



Precautions for Safe Use

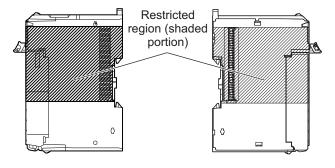
- Do not apply labels or tape to the Unit. When the Unit is installed or removed, adhesive or scraps may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.
- Do not touch the pins in the NX bus connector on the Unit. Dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions.



Example: NX Unit (12 mm width)

• Do not write on an NX Unit with ink within the restricted region that is shown in the following figure. Also do not get this area dirty. When the Unit is installed or removed, ink or dirt may adhere to the pins in the NX bus connector, which may result in malfunctions in the CPU Rack or the Slave Terminal.

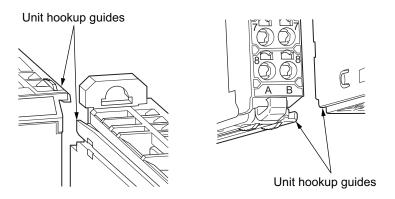
Refer to the user's manual for the connected CPU Unit, Communications Coupler Unit, or Communication Control Unit for details on the restricted region on the CPU Unit, Communications Coupler Unit, or Communication Control Unit.



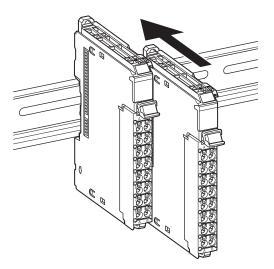
rh .

Precautions for Correct Use

- When you install an NX Unit, do not touch or bump the pins in the NX bus connector.
- When you handle an NX Unit, be careful not to apply any stress to the pins in the NX bus connector. If the NX Unit is installed and the power supply is turned ON when the pins in the NX bus connector are deformed, contact failure may cause malfunctions.
- **1** From the front of the previously mounted NX Unit, engage the Unit hookup guides on a new Unit with the Unit hookup guides on the previously mounted NX Unit.



2 Slide the NX Unit in on the hookup guides.



3 Press the NX Unit with a certain amount of force against the DIN Track until you hear the DIN Track mounting hook lock into place.

When you mount the NX Unit, it is not necessary to unlock the DIN Track mounting hook on the NX Unit.

After you mount the NX Unit, make sure that it is locked to the DIN Track.



Additional Information

- It is not normally necessary to unlock the DIN Track mounting hook when you mount the NX Unit. If you mount an NX Unit on a DIN Track that is not one of the recommended DIN Tracks, the DIN Track mounting hook may not lock into place. If that happens, first unlock the DIN Track mounting hook, mount the NX Unit to the DIN Track, then lock the DIN Track mounting hook.
- Refer to the hardware user's manual for the CPU Unit to which NX Units can be connected for information on how to mount the CPU Unit and how to mount NX Units to the CPU Unit.
- Refer to the user's manual for the Communications Coupler Unit for information on how to mount the Communications Coupler Unit and how to mount the NX Unit to the Communications Coupler Unit.

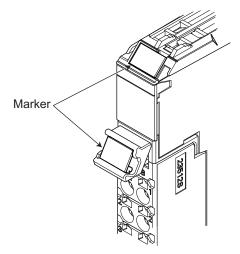
3-1-2 Attaching Markers

You can attach markers to the NX Units and to the terminal blocks to identify them.

The plastic markers made by OMRON are installed for the factory setting. The ID information can be written on them.

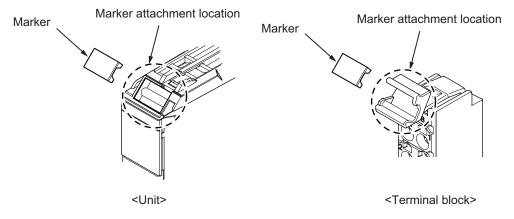
Commercially available markers can also be installed.

Replace the markers made by OMRON if you use commercially available markers now.



Installation Method

Insert the protrusions on the markers into the marker attachment locations on the NX Units and terminal blocks on NX Units.



• Commercially Available Markers

Commercially available markers are made of plastic and can be printed on with a special printer. To use commercially available markers, purchase the following products.

Product name	Model number			
Product name	Manufactured by Phoenix Contact	Manufactured by Weidmuller		
Markers	UC1-TMF8	DEK 5/8		
Special marker printer	UM EN BLUEMARK X1	PrintJet PRO		

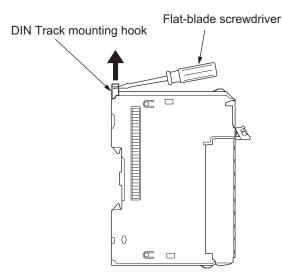
The markers made by OMRON cannot be printed on with commercially available special printers.

3-1-3 Removing Units

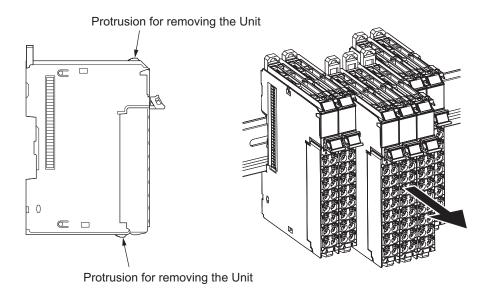
Precautions for Safe Use

Always turn OFF the Unit power supply and I/O power supply before you remove the NX Unit.

1 Use a flat-blade screwdriver or similar tool to pull up the DIN Track mounting hook on the NX Unit to remove.



2 As shown in the following figure, place your fingers on the protrusions on more than one NX Unit, including the NX Unit to remove, and pull the NX Units straight forward.



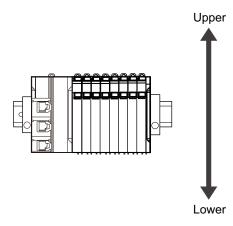
Precautions for Correct Use

- To remove an NX Unit, remove multiple NX Units together including the one you need to remove. If you attempt to remove only one NX Unit, it may be tight and difficult to pull out.
- Do not unlock the DIN Track mounting hooks on all of the NX Units at the same time. If you
 release the DIN Track mounting hooks on all of the NX Units at the same time, all of the NX
 Units will come off.

3-1-4 Installation Orientation

Installation Orientation in the Case of a CPU Unit

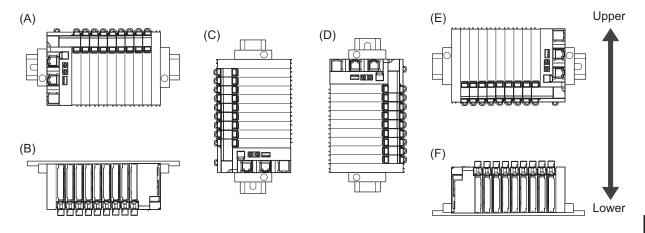
Orientation is possible only in the upright installation orientation.



However, there are restrictions on the specifications depending on the NX Units to be used. Refer to the user's manuals for the NX Units and System Units that you will use for details on restrictions.

Installation Orientation on Slave Terminals

The Slave Terminal can be installed in any of the following six orientations.



(A) is the upright installation orientation and (B) to (F) are installation orientations other than upright.

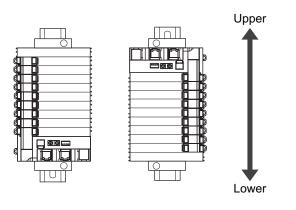
However, there are restrictions on the installation orientation and restrictions to the specifications that can result from the Communications Coupler Units and NX Units that are used.

For detailed restrictions, refer to descriptions of installation orientations and restrictions for each model in the user's manuals for the Communications Coupler Units, NX Units, and NX-series System Units that you will use.



Precautions for Safe Use

• For the installation orientations in the following figure, support the cables, e.g., with a duct, so that the End Plate on the bottom is not subjected to the weight of the cables. The weight of the cables may cause the bottom End Plate to slide downward so that the Slave Terminal is no longer secured to the DIN Track, which may result in malfunctions.



3-2 Power Supply Types and Wiring

There are the following two types of power supplies that supply power to the NX Units.

Power supply type	Description
Unit power supply	This power supply is used for operating the NX Units.
I/O power supply	This power supply is used for driving the I/O circuits of the NX Units and for the connected external devi-
	ces.

The method for supplying power to the NX Units and the wiring method depend on the specifications for the CPU Unit to which NX Units are connected or the specifications for the Slave Terminal. Refer to *Designing the Power Supply System* or *Wiring*, which are described both in the hardware user's manual for the CPU Unit to which NX Units are connected and user's manual for the COMUNITY Complexity of the method for supplying power to the NX Units and the wiring method.

The subsequent sections describe the applications of I/O power supply for the Safety Control Unit and supply methods, and how to calculate the total current consumption from the I/O power supply.

3-2-1 Applications of I/O Power Supply and Supply Methods

The applications of I/O power supply and supply methods for the Safety Control Unit are given as follows. Note that the Safety Control Unit does not use I/O power supply.

Applications of I/O Power Supply

The I/O power supply is used for the following applications.

- · Driving the I/O circuits of the Safety Input Unit or Safety Output Unit
- · Input current to the Safety Input Unit
- · Load current of external loads of Safety Output Unit
- · Power for connected external devices

I/O Power Supply Methods

I/O power is supplied to a Safety Control Unit from the NX bus.

This power is supplied through the NX bus connectors by connecting an I/O power supply to the I/O power supply terminals on the Communications Coupler Unit or Additional I/O Power Supply Unit.

Refer to *Designing the Power Supply System* and *Wiring* in the hardware user's manual for the connected CPU Unit for details on Units to which I/O power is supplied in a CPU Rack. Refer to *Designing the Power Supply System* and *Wiring* in the user's manual for the connected Communications Coupler Unit for details on Units to which I/O power is supplied in a Slave Terminal.

Additional Information

Power Supply-related Units for the NX-series

The following three NX-series are related to power supply.

- Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit
- Additional I/O Power Supply Unit
- I/O Power Supply Connection Units

Refer to the *NX-series System Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W523)* for the specifications of these Units.

For a complete list of the latest power supply Units in the NX-series, refer to the *product catalog* or OMRON websites, or contact your OMRON representatives.

3-2-2 Calculating the Total Current Consumption from I/O Power Supply

The total current consumption of I/O power supplied from the NX bus must be within the range of the maximum I/O power supply current of the Communications Coupler Unit or the Additional I/O Power Supply Unit. Furthermore, for the CPU Rack, this must be less than the maximum I/O power supply current specified for the CPU Unit. Refer to the hardware user's manual for the CPU Unit to which the NX Units are connected for details on restrictions for CPU Racks. To confirm this and to calculate the I/O power supply capacity, calculate the total current consumption of the I/O power supply from the NX bus.

To confirm this and to calculate the I/O power supply capacity, calculate the total current consumption of the I/O power supply from the NX bus.

The total I/O current consumption from the NX bus is the sum of the following: the current consumption from the I/O power supply for the NX Units that receive power from the I/O power supply from the NX bus, the current consumption of those I/O circuits, and the current consumption of connected external devices.

The current consumption of external connection loads and connected external devices is not included in the *current consumption from I/O power supply* that is given for each model in the datasheets.

The total current consumption from I/O power supply of the Safety Control Unit is calculated as follows:

Total Current Consumption from I/O Power Supply of Safety Input Unit

= (Current consumption from I/O power supply of Safety Input Unit) + (Input current of Safety Input Unit × Number of inputs used) + (Total current consumption of connected external devices)

Total Current Consumption from I/O Power Supply of Safety Output Unit

= (Current consumption from I/O power supply of Safety Output Unit) + (Total connected load current) + (Total current consumption of connected external devices)

Refer to *Section 2 Specifications* on page 2-1 for the current consumption from I/O power supply of each model of Safety I/O Unit and the input current for each model of Safety Input Unit.

3-3 Wiring the Terminals

This section provides information on wiring the terminals on Safety I/O Units.

Make sure that the voltages and currents that are input to the Units and slaves are within the specified ranges.

Inputting voltages or currents that are outside of the specified ranges may cause accidents or fire.



3-3-1 Wiring to the Screwless Clamping Terminal Blocks

This section describes how to connect wires to the screwless clamping terminal blocks, the installation and removing methods, and functions for preventing incorrect attachment.

You can connect ferrules that are attached to the twisted wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. You can also connect the twisted wires or the solid wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. If you connect the ferrules, all you need to do to connect the wires is to insert the ferrules into the terminal holes.

Wiring Terminals

The terminals to be wired are as follows.

- I/O power supply terminals
- I/O terminals

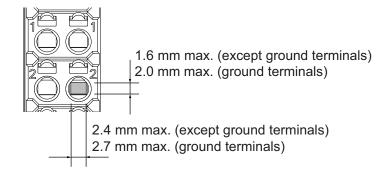
Applicable Wires

You can connect twisted wires, solid wires, or ferrules attached to twisted wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. The applicable wire dimensions and preparation methods are given below.

• Dimensions of Wires Connected to the Terminal Block

The dimensions of wires that you can connect into the terminal holes of the screwless clamping terminal block are as in the figure below.

Process the applicable wires that are specified in the following description to apply the dimensions.



• Using Ferrules

If you use ferrules, attach the twisted wires to them.

Observe the application instructions for your ferrules for the wire stripping length when attaching ferrules.

Precautions for Correct Use

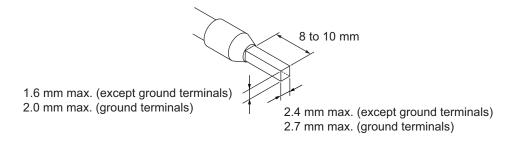
Always use plated one-pin ferrules. Do not use unplated ferrules or two-pin ferrules.

The applicable ferrules, wires, and crimping tools are given in the following table.

Termi- nal type	Manufac- turer	Ferrule model	Applicable wire (mm ² (AWG))	Crimping tool
All ter-	Phoenix	AI0,34-8	0.34 (#22)	Phoenix Contact (Applicable wire sizes are given in
minals	Contact	AI0,5-8	0.5 (#20)	parentheses.)
except		AI0,5-10		CRIMPFOX 6 (0.25 to 6 mm ² , AWG24 to 10)
ground termi-		AI0,75-8	0.75 (#18)	
nals		AI0,75-10		
haio		AI1,0-8	1.0 (#18)	
		AI1,0-10		
		AI1,5-8	1.5 (#16)	
		AI1,5-10		
Ground termi- nals		AI2,5-10	2.0 ^{*1}	
All ter-	Weidmuller	H0.14/12	0.14 (#26)	Weidmuller (Applicable wire sizes are given in pa-
minals		H0.25/12	0.25 (#24)	rentheses.)
except		H0.34/12	0.34 (#22)	PZ6 Roto (0.14 to 6 mm ² , AWG26 to 10)
ground termi-		H0.5/14	0.5 (#20)	
nals		H0.5/16		
haio		H0.75/14	0.75 (#18)	_
		H0.75/16		
		H1.0/14	1.0 (#18)	
		H1.0/16		
		H1.5/14	1.5 (#16)	
		H1.5/16		

*1. Some AWG14 wires exceed 2.0 mm² and cannot be used in the screwless clamping terminal block.

When you use any ferrules other than those in the above table, crimp them to the twisted wires so that the following processed dimensions are achieved.



• Using Twisted or Solid Wires

If you use twisted wires or solid wires, use the following table to determine the correct wire specifications.

Terminals		Wire type					Conductor
		Twisted wires		Solid wires		Wire size	Conductor length (strip-
Classifica- tion	Current capacity	Plated	Unplat- ed	Plated	Unplat- ed	WII 6 5126	ping length)
All termi-	2 A max.	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	0.08 to 1.5 mm ²	8 to 10 mm
nals except ground ter- minals	Greater than 2 A and 4 A or less Greater	Possi-	Not pos- sible	Possi- ble ^{*1} Not pos-	Not pos- sible	(AWG28 to 16)	
	than 4 A	ble ^{*1}		sible			
Ground terminals		Possible	Possible	Possi- ble ^{*2}	Possi- ble ^{*2}	2.0 mm ²	9 to 10 mm

- *1. Secure wires to the screwless clamping terminal block. Refer to *Securing Wires* on page 3-13 for how to secure wires.
- *2. With the NX-TB 1 Terminal Block, use twisted wires to connect the ground terminal. Do not use a solid wire.

Conductor length (stripping length)

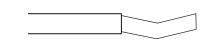


Precautions for Correct Use

- Use cables with suitable wire sizes for the carrying current. There are also restrictions on the current due to the ambient temperature. Refer to the manuals for the cables and use the cables correctly for the operating environment.
- For twisted wires, strip the sheath and twist the conductor portion. Do not unravel or bend the conductor portion of twisted wires or solid wires.

NG

NG



Unravel wires

Bend wires

Additional Information

If more than 2 A will flow on the wires, use plated wires or use ferrules.

• Securing Wires

It is necessary to secure wires to the screwless clamping terminal block depending on the wire types that are used or the current flows on the wires.

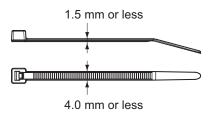
The following table gives the necessity for securing wires.

Terminals		Wire type				
Classifica-	Current ca-	Ferrule	Twisted wires		Solid	wires
tion	pacity	rerruie	Plated	Unplated	Plated	Unplated
All terminals	2 A max.	No	No	No	No	No
except ground termi- nals	Greater than 2 A and 4 A or less			Not possible	Yes	Not possible
	Greater than 4 A		Yes		Not possible	
Ground termi- nals			No	No	No	No

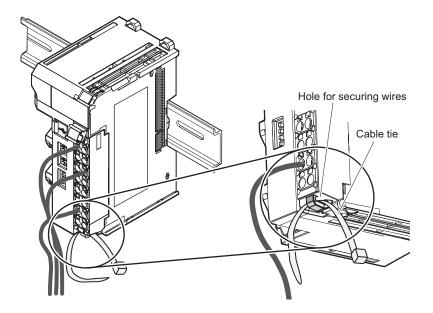
Use the following procedure to secure the wires.

1 Prepare a cable tie.

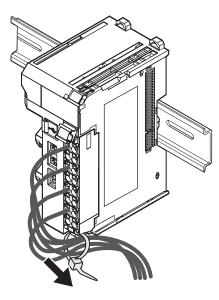
A cable tie can be used with a width of 4 mm or less and a thickness of 1.5 mm or less. Select a cable tie correctly for the operating environment.



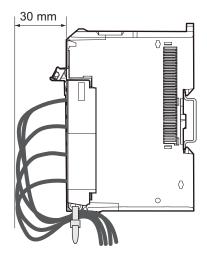
2 Pass a cable tie through the hole for securing wires on the bottom of the screwless clamping terminal block.



3 Bundle the wires with a cable tie and secure them to the screwless clamping terminal block.



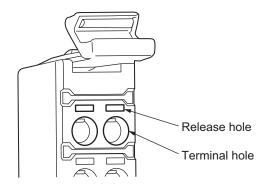
Secure wires within the range of 30 mm from the screwless clamping terminal block.



Connecting and Removing Wires

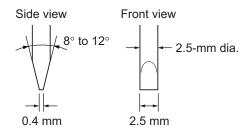
This section describes how to connect and remove wires.

• Terminal Block Parts and Names



• Required Tools

Use a flat-blade screwdriver to connect and remove wires. Use the following flat-blade screwdriver.

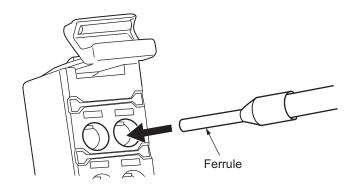


Recommended screwdriver

Model	Manufacturer
SZF 0-0,4X2,5	Phoenix Contact

• Connecting Ferrules

Insert the ferrule straight into the terminal hole. You do not need to insert a flat-blade screwdriver into the release hole.



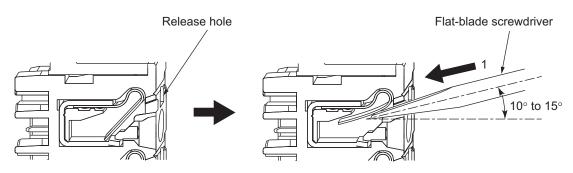
After you make a connection, make sure that the ferrule is securely connected to the terminal block.

Connecting Twisted Wires/Solid Wires

Use the following procedure to connect the twisted wires or solid wires to the terminal block.

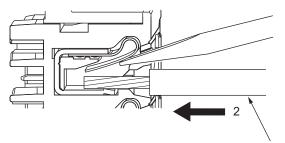
1 Press the flat-blade screwdriver diagonally into the release hole.

The optimal angle for insertion is between 10° to 15°. If you press in the screwdriver correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole.



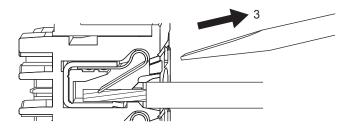
2 Leave the flat-blade screwdriver pressed into the release hole and insert the twisted wire or the solid wire into the terminal hole.

Insert the twisted wire or the solid wire until the stripped portion is no longer visible to prevent shorting.



Twisted wire or Solid wire

3 Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.

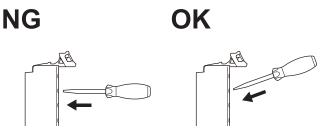


After you make a connection, lightly pull the twisted wire or the solid wire to make sure that the wire is securely connected to the terminal block.

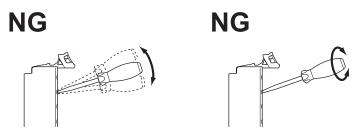


Precautions for Safe Use

• Do not press the flat-blade screwdriver straight into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.



- When you insert a flat-blade screwdriver, press it down with a force of 30 N or less. Applying excessive force may damage the terminal block.
- Do not tilt or twist the flat-blade screwdriver while it is pressed into the hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.

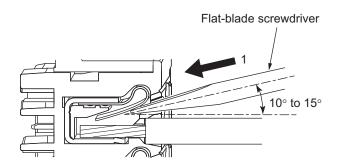


- Make sure that all wiring is correct.
- Do not bend the cable forcibly. Doing so may severe the cable.

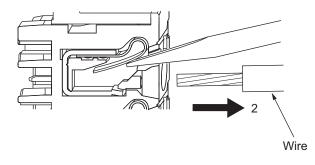
Removing Wires

Use the following procedure to remove the wires from the terminal block. The removal process is the same for both ferrules and twisted/solid wires.

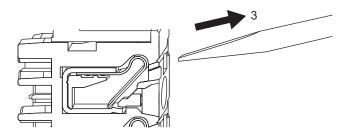
Press the flat-blade screwdriver diagonally into the release hole. The optimal angle for insertion is between 10° to 15°. If you press in the screwdriver correctly, you will feel the spring in the release hole.



2 Leave the flat-blade screwdriver pressed into the release hole and pull out the wire.



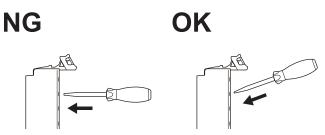
3 Remove the flat-blade screwdriver from the release hole.



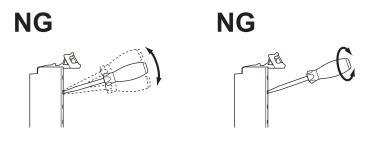


Precautions for Safe Use

• Do not press the flat-blade screwdriver straight into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.



- When you insert a flat-blade screwdriver into a release hole, press it down with a force of 30 N or less. Applying excessive force may damage the terminal block.
- Do not tilt or twist the flat-blade screwdriver while it is pressed into the release hole. Doing so may break the terminal block.

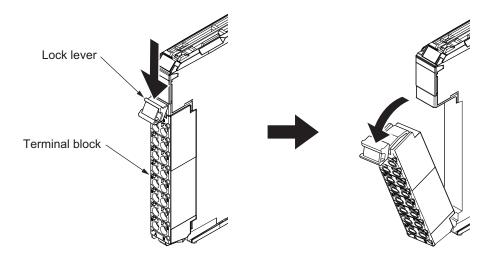


- Make sure that all wiring is correct.
- Do not bend the cable forcibly. Doing so may severe the cable.

Removing a Terminal Block

Press the lock lever on the terminal block and pull out the top of the terminal block to remove it.

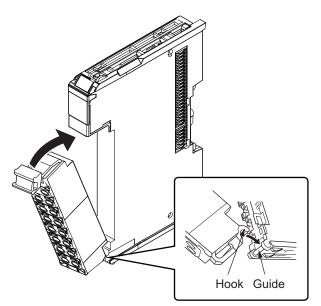
1



Attaching a Terminal Block

1 Mount the terminal block hook that is applicable to each Unit model on the guide at the bottom of the NX Unit, lift up the terminal block, and press in on the top of the terminal block until you hear it engage.

The terminal block will click into place on the Unit. After you mount the terminal block, make sure that it is locked to the Unit.



Mount a Terminal Block that is applicable to the model of each Unit.

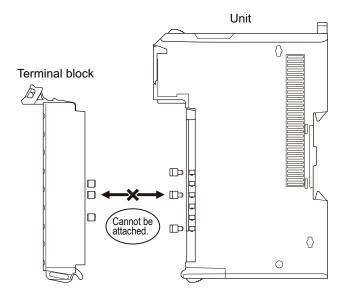
Refer to Applicable Terminal Blocks for Each Unit Model (*Terminal Blocks* on page 2-24, *Terminal Blocks* on page 2-38) for the applicable Terminal Blocks.

Preventing Incorrect Attachment of Terminal Blocks

In order to prevent unintentionally installing the wrong terminal block, you can limit the combination of a Unit and a terminal block.

Insert three Coding Pins (NX-AUX02) into three of the six incorrect attachment prevention holes on the Unit and on the terminal block. Insert these pins into positions so that they do not interfere with each other when the Unit and terminal block are connected to each other.

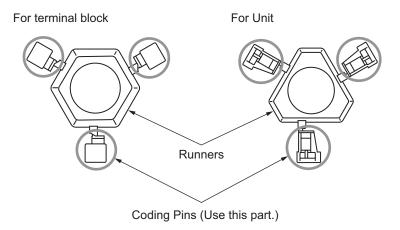
You can use these pins to create a combination in which the wrong terminal block cannot be attached because the pin patterns do not match.



• Types of Coding Pins

There are two types of Coding Pins, both with their own unique shape: one for terminal blocks and one for Units.

Three pins come with each runner.



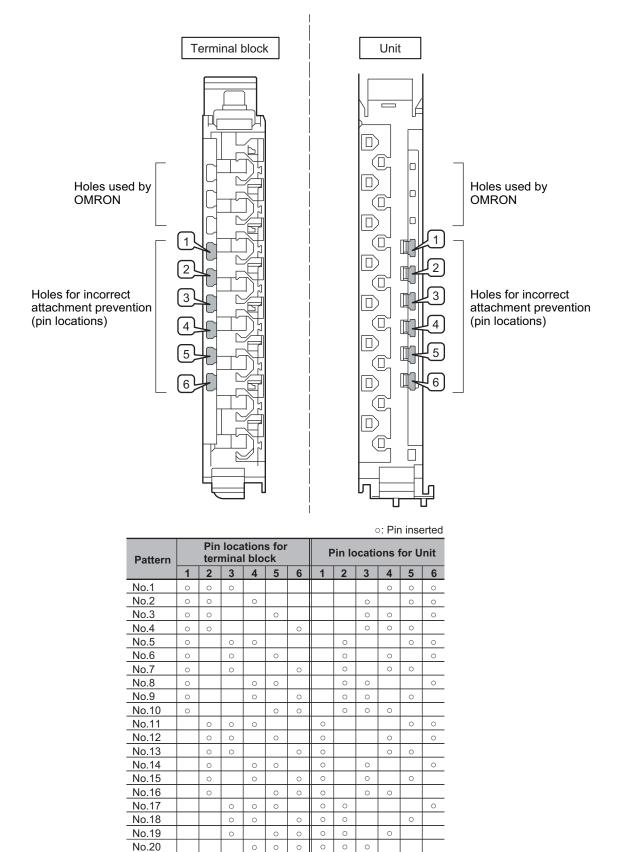
Use the following Coding Pins.

Name	Model	Specification
Coding Pin	NX-AUX02	For 10 Units (Terminal block: 30 pins, Unit: 30 pins)

Insertion Locations and Patterns of Coding Pins

Insert three Coding Pins each on the terminal block and on the Unit at the positions designated by the numbers 1 through 6 in the figure below.

As shown in the following table, there are 20 unique pin patterns that you can use.



Two sets of NX-AUX02 Pins are required to make the maximum of 20 pin patterns. (One set for 10 Units.)



Precautions for Correct Use

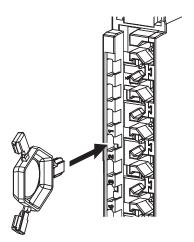
- The holes not designated by the numbers 1 through 6 in the above figure are used by OM-RON. If you insert any Coding Pins into the holes reserved for use by OMRON, you will not be able to mount the terminal block to the Unit.
- Do not use Coding Pins that have been attached and removed.

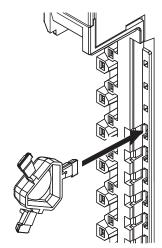
• Inserting the Coding Pins

1 Hold the pins by the runner and insert a pin into one of the incorrect attachment prevention holes on the terminal block or on the Unit.

Terminal block

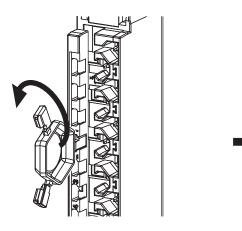
Unit

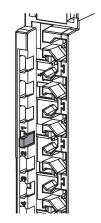




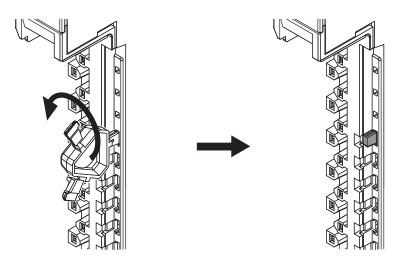
2 Rotate the runner to break off the Coding Pin.

Terminal block





Unit



3-3-2 Checking Wiring

For Input Units, you can turn ON and OFF an input from the external device that is connected to the Unit you need to check and monitor the results.

For Output Units, you can use forced refreshing to control the I/O outputs to the Unit you need to check to confirm the operation of the connected external device.

If you use the I/O Map, you can also monitor and perform forced refreshing even if the variables are not defined or the algorithms are not created. Therefore, you can easily check the wiring.

Refer to *Section 7 Checking Operation and Actual Operation* on page 7-1 for the monitoring and forced refreshing operations.

3

Safety Control Unit Operation

This section provides information that is necessary to use the Safety Control Unit, including how the Safety Control Unit works.

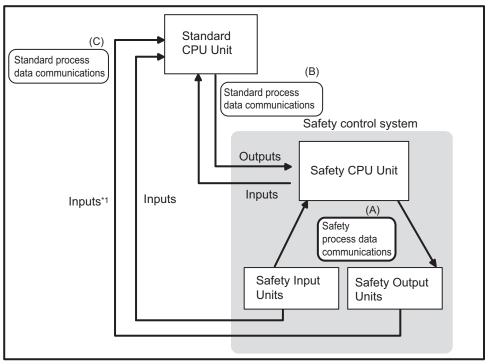
4-1	Relatio	onship between Units and Types of Communications	4-2
	4-1-1	Safety Control System on CPU Rack or EtherCAT Network	4-2
	4-1-2	Safety Control System on EtherNet/IP Network	4-4
	4-1-3	Standalone Safety Control System	4-6
4-2	I/O Sys	stem	4-8
	4-2-1	Relationship between the Types of Signals and the Types of Commu-	
		nications	4-8
	4-2-2	Safety Data Types and Standard Data Types	4-8
	4-2-3	Specifying Safety Data Types and Standard Data Types	
4-3	Safety	I/O Function	4-10
	4-3-1	Safety Input Function	4-10
	4-3-2	Safety Output Function	4-32

4-1 Relationship between Units and Types of Communications

This section describes the relationships between Units and communications between Units in safety control systems that use CPU Units, EtherCAT Coupler Units and EtherNet/IP Coupler Units.

4-1-1 Safety Control System on CPU Rack or EtherCAT Network

The section describes the relationships of the Safety CPU Unit, Safety I/O Units, and a standard CPU Unit within the system, and provides details on communications between the Units based on the following figure.



*1. You cannot send outputs to the Safety Output Units. You can input the output values.

The safety control system consists of the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.

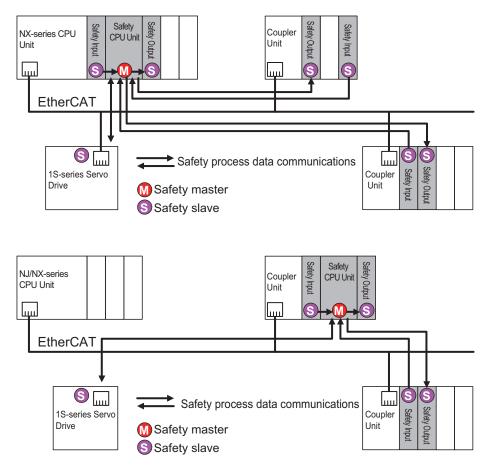
The Safety CPU Unit performs safety controls with the Safety I/O Units through "safety process data communications". (Section (A) in the above figure.)

The Safety CPU Unit can perform standard I/O control with a standard CPU Unit through "standard process data communications". (Section (B) in the above figure.)

The standard CPU Unit can also perform "standard process data communications" with Safety I/O Units, but only for inputs. (Section (C) in the above figure.)

Relationship between Master and Slaves during Safety Process Data Communications

The following figure shows the safety master/slave relationship during safety process data communications.



The Safety CPU Unit performs safety process data communications with the following devices using the FSoE protocol.

- · Safety I/O Unit on the same CPU rack or the same Slave Terminal
- Safety I/O Unit on the Slave Terminal on the EtherCAT network
- EtherCAT slave with the FSoE slave function on the EtherCAT network (OMRON 1S-series Servo Drive)

In the example above, the Safety CPU Unit operates as a master of safety process data communications. The 1S-series Servo Drive or the Safety I/O Unit operates as a slave of safety process data communications.

The NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and the Communications Coupler Unit relay safety process data communications between a safety master unit and a safety slave unit.

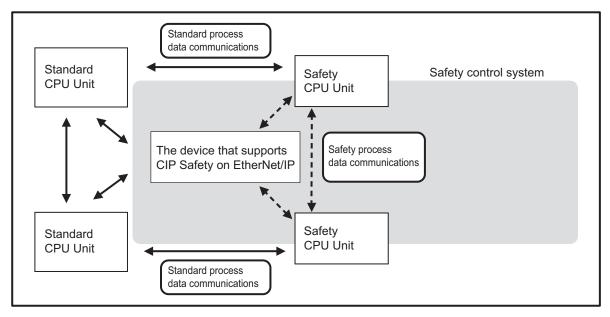
Relationship between Master and Slaves during Standard Process Data Communications

The Safety Control Unit operates as a standard slave of a standard CPU Unit through the connected NX bus master. Safety process data communications with the standard CPU Unit are not available.

4

4-1-2 Safety Control System on EtherNet/IP Network

The section describes the relationships of the Safety CPU Unit, CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP device, standard CPU Units, and NX-series EtherNet/IP Units within the system, and provides details on communications between the Units based on the following figure.

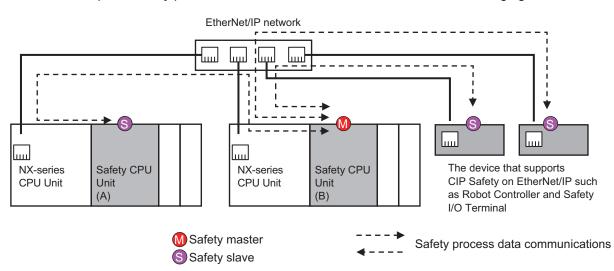


The safety control system consists of a Safety CPU Unit and a CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP device. The Safety CPU Unit performs safety controls with another Safety CPU Unit and a CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP device through "safety process data communications". (Dashed arrows in the above figure.)

The Safety CPU Unit can perform standard I/O control with a standard CPU Unit and a NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit through "standard process data communications". (Solid arrows in the above figure.)

Relationship between Master and Slaves during Safety Process Data Communications

The relationships for safety process data communications are shown in the following figure.



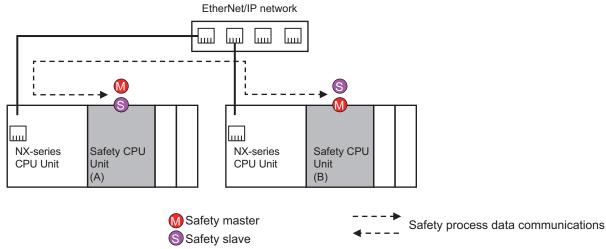
The Safety CPU Unit performs safety process data communications with the following devices using the CIP Safety protocol.

- The Safety CPU Unit connected to another NX-series CPU Unit
- The NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit connected to another CPU Unit
- · CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP-compatible devices

To explain the operation better, the originator is referred to as "master" and the target is referred to as "slave"in this section, although the originator/target model is adopted for CIP Safety.

In the example above, the Safety CPU Unit (B) operates as a master of safety process data communications. On the other hand, the Safety CPU Unit (A) and the CIP Safety on EtherNet/IP devices operate as slaves in the safety process data communications.

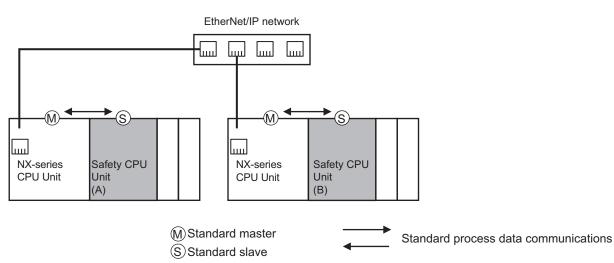
The NX-series CPU Units or NX-series EtherNet/IP Units relay safety process data communications between a safety master unit and a safety slave unit.



The Safety CPU Unit can also behave as a slave in the safety process data communications, while serving as a master of the safety process data communications. Using this feature, you can configure a system where the two Safety CPU Units can mutually monitor and control their operations as shown in the above figure.

Relationship between Master and Slaves during Standard Process Data Communications

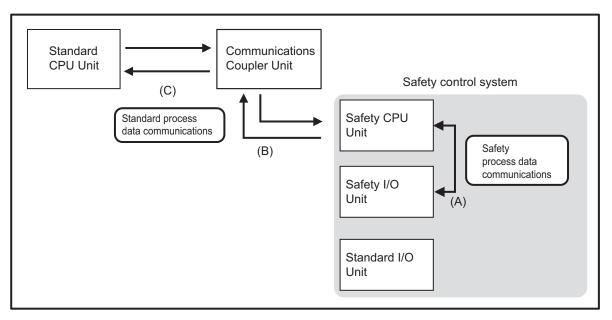
The relationships for standard process data communications are shown in the following figure.



The Safety CPU Unit serves as a standard slave of the connected CPU Unit or NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit. The Safety CPU Unit does not serve as a master of the standard process data communications.

4-1-3 Standalone Safety Control System

The section describes the relationships of the Safety CPU Unit, EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit, and a standard CPU Unit within the system, and provides details on communications between the Units based on the following figure.



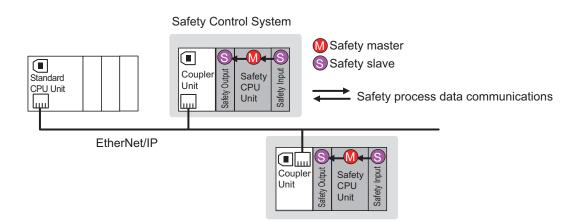
The safety control system consists of the Safety CPU Unit, Safety I/O Units, and standard I/O Units. The Safety CPU Unit performs safety controls with Safety I/O Units through "safety process data communications". (Section (A) in the above figure.)

The Safety CPU Unit, Safety I/O Units and standard I/O Units can perform standard I/O with the Communications Coupler Unit through "standard process data communications". (Section (B) in the above figure.)

The standard CPU Unit can indirectly monitor the operating status of the safety control system through "standard process data communications" when the Communications Coupler Unit is connected. (Section (C) in the above figure.)

Relationship between Master and Slaves during Safety Process Data Communications

The relationships for safety process data communications are shown in the following figure.



The Safety CPU Unit performs safety process data communications with the Safety I/O Units on the same Slave Terminal.

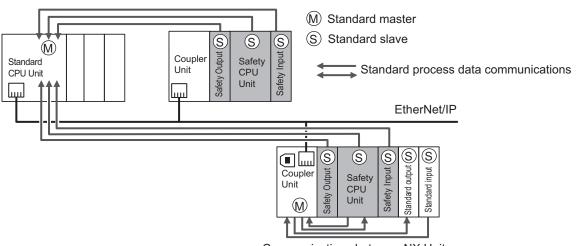
Safety process data communications are not performed with Safety I/O Units on other Slave Terminals on the EtherNet/IP network.

Here, the Safety CPU Unit operates as the master in the safety process data communications. Meanwhile, the Safety I/O Units operate as slaves in the safety process data communications.

The Communications Coupler Unit relays safety process data communications between a safety master unit and a safety slave unit.

Relationship between Master and Slaves during Standard Process Data Communications

The relationships for standard process data communications are shown in the following figure.



Communications between NX Units

The standard controller and the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit perform standard process data communications with the Safety CPU Unit and the Safety I/O Units on the EtherNet/IP network. A standard controller and an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit cannot output signals to Safety I/O Units.

Also, the Safety CPU Unit performs standard process data communications with the Standard I/O Units on the same Slave Terminal.

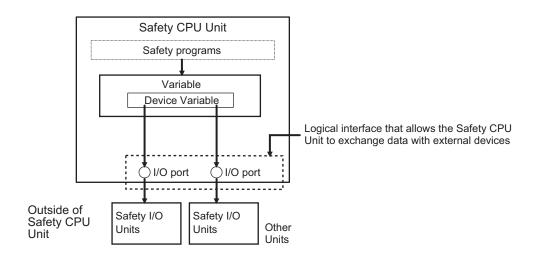
4-2 I/O System

This section describes how the Safety CPU Unit processes I/O with external devices such as Safety I/O Units.

When the Safety CPU Unit exchanges signals with Safety I/O Units and other external devices, it does so through logical interfaces that are called "I/O ports".

I/O ports are created automatically when you create the control configuration for safety controls on the Sysmac Studio and set up the safety process data communications.

You assign device variables to I/O ports to gain access to the external devices from the safety programs.



You can check the I/O ports in the I/O Map of the Sysmac Studio.

4-2-1 Relationship between the Types of Signals and the Types of Communications

The safety control system uses the communications that are described below to process all I/O with safety inputs, safety outputs, standard inputs, standard outputs, standard controllers, and NX-series EtherNet/IP Units.

- The exchange of signals with safety inputs and safety outputs is done with safety process data communications.
- The exchange of standard signals with safety inputs, safety outputs, and standard controllers is done with standard process data communications.

4-2-2 Safety Data Types and Standard Data Types

In this safety control system, the data type of a variable determines whether a signal is related to the safety controls. Broadly speaking, there are the following two data types: safety data types and standard data types.

Safety Data Type Variables

A safety data type variable is a variable that specifies data that is related to safety controls. The names of safety data type variables have the word *SAFE* appended to a *standard data type name* such as *SAFEBOOL* and *SAFEBYTE*.

Refer to 6-2-5 Data Type on page 6-14 for details on the safety data types.

Standard Data Type Variables

These variables represent data that is not related to safety controls.

Refer to 5-7 *Exposing Variables to Standard Controllers* on page 5-46 for details on how to access standard data type variables from the standard controllers.

Each type of signal is defined with a standard data type or safety data type as shown below.

Type of signal	Data type of variable to use
Outputs from safety control to standard control	Standard data type
Inputs from standard control to safety control	
Safety inputs from external devices	Safety data type
Safety outputs to external devices	
Standard inputs from external devices	Standard data type
Standard outputs to external devices	
Internal safety-related signals with no I/O with any external devi-	Safety data type
ces	
Internal standard-related signals with no I/O with any external de-	Standard data type
vices	

4-2-3 Specifying Safety Data Types and Standard Data Types

The safety data type variables and standard data type variables are used depending on the type of communications.

- Signals that are input and output through safety process data communications must be defined as safety data type variables.
- Signals that are input and output through standard process data communications must be defined as standard data type variables.

4-3 Safety I/O Function

The following sections describe the safety I/O functions of the Safety I/O Units.

4-3-1 Safety Input Function

Connectable Input Devices

The Safety Input Unit diagnoses the connected external devices and other things through the safety input terminals.

The safety input devices and standard input devices that can be connected to the safety input terminals of the Safety Input Unit are listed in the following table.

Input device name	Type of input device	Type of contacts
Emergency stop switch	Device with mechanical contacts	Single channel
		Dual-channel equivalent input
Safety door switch	Device with mechanical contacts	Single channel
		Dual-channel equivalent input
		Dual-channel complementary input
Safety limit switch	Device with mechanical contacts	Single channel
		Dual-channel equivalent input
		Dual-channel complementary input
Two-hand switches	Device with mechanical contacts	Dual-channel complementary input
Safety key selector switch	Device with mechanical contacts	Single channel
		Dual-channel equivalent input
		Dual-channel complementary input
Enabling switch	Device with mechanical contacts	Dual-channel equivalent input
EDM feedback	Device with mechanical contacts	Single channel
Reset switch	Device with mechanical contacts, standard in-	Single Channel with Test Pulse
	put	Single Channel without Test Pulse
Safety light curtain	Device with semiconductor output	Dual-channel equivalent input
Safety laser scanner	Device with semiconductor output	Dual-channel equivalent input
High-coded door switch	Device with semiconductor output	Dual-channel equivalent input

You can set the above parameters for the following general-purpose input devices.

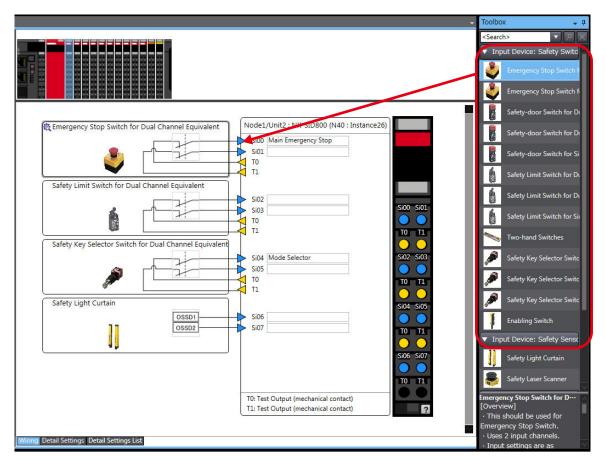
Туре	Possible settings
Safety input devices with mechanical contacts	Emergency stop switch, safety door switch, safety
 Mechanical Contact for Single Channel 	limit switch, two-hand switches, safety key selec-
 Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent 	tor switch, Enabling switch, and EDM feedback
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Complementary	
Safety input device with semiconductor output	Safety light curtain, safety laser scanner, and
 Semiconductor Output for Single Channel 	high-coded door switch
 Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Equivalent 	
Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Complementary	

The following OMRON Special Safety Input Devices can be connected directly without a special controller. (This applies only to the NX-SIH400.)

Туре		Examples
OMRON Single-beam Safety Sensors	E3ZS and E3FS	* Conforms to Type 2 and PLc.
OMRON Non-contact Door Switches	D40A-2	* Conforms to PLe and Safety Category 4.
	D40Z	* Conforms to PLe and Safety Category 4.
	D40A	* Conforms to PLd and Safety Category 3.
OMRON Safety Mats	UM and UMA	* Conforms to PLd and Safety Category 3.
OMRON Safety Edges	SGE (4-wire connection)	* Conforms to PLd and Safety Category 3.

Setting Up Safety Functions

You can easily set the safety functions of the safety input terminals from the Sysmac Studio by selecting the types of external devices that are connected. Refer to the *4-3 Safety I/O Function* on page 4-10 for details.



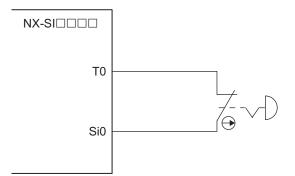
Connecting Input Devices

This section describes the connection methods for input devices.

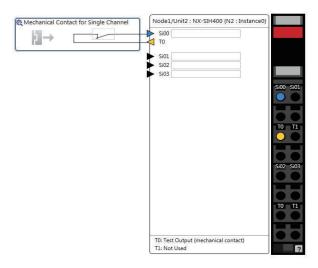
• Devices with Mechanical Contacts

A device with mechanical contacts, such as an emergency stop pushbutton or safety limit switch, is used with the safety input terminal (Si) and test output terminal (To).

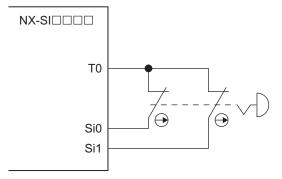
Single-channel Input



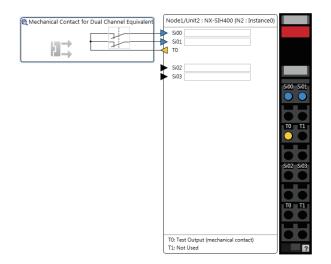
Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:



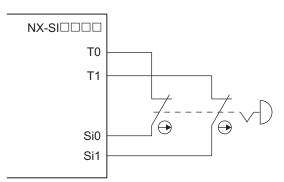
• Dual-channel Input When I/O Short Detection between Lines Is Not Required



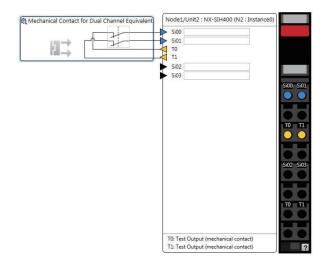
Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:



• Dual-channel Input When I/O Short Detection between Lines Is Required



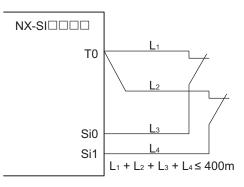
Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:





Precautions for Correct Use

- Configure dual-channel inputs with safety input terminals on the same Unit. It is not always
 possible to detect short circuits between safety input terminals on different Units.
- The total length of cable connected to one test output must be as follows: NX-SIH400 and NX-SID800: 400 m max.





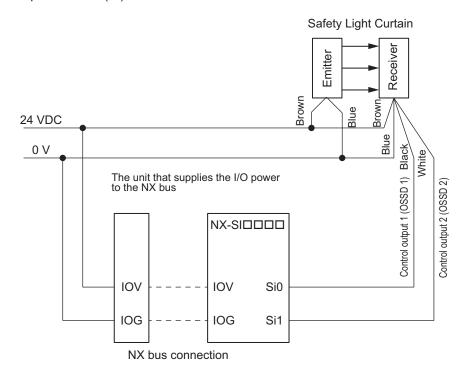
Additional Information

You can detect short-circuits between two input channels with the following methods:

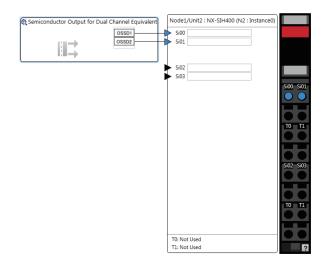
- Dual-channel equivalent input: "With Test Pulse"
- · Dual-channel complementary input: "Without Test Pulse" and "With Test Pulse"

Devices with Semiconductor Outputs

The signal from a device with a semiconductor output, such as a light curtain, is input to a safety input terminal (Si).





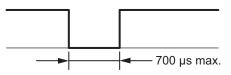




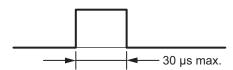
Precautions for Correct Use

Safety devices with semiconductor outputs, such as safety light curtains, sometimes provide a pulse output that is used to detect wiring errors. Observe the following when connecting a Safety Device with a semiconductor output to a safety input terminal.

• OFF pulse width when semiconductor output is ON: 700 µs max.



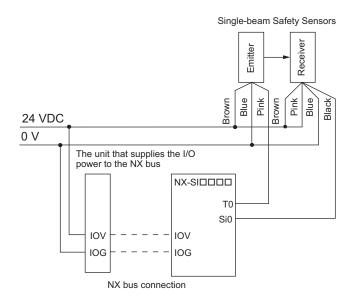
• ON pulse width when semiconductor output is OFF: 30 µs max.

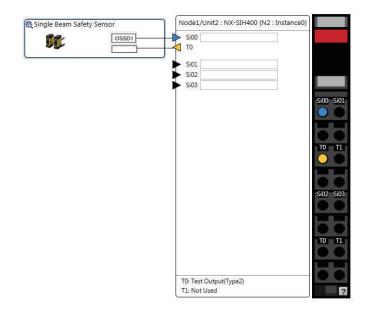


Check the specifications of the connected device for the maximum cable length.

• E3ZS/E3FS Single-beam Safety Sensors

An OMRON E3ZS/E3FS Single-beam Safety Sensor is connected as shown in the following figure.

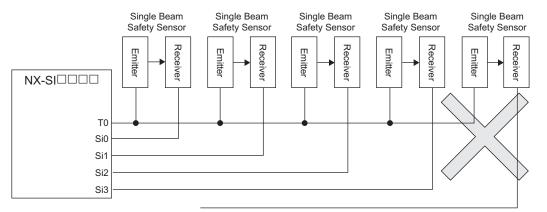




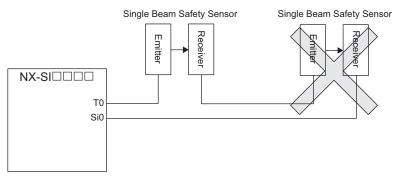
Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:

Precautions for Correct Use

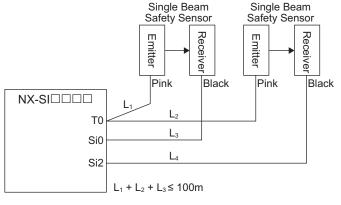
- The maximum number of connections per Unit is as follows: NX-SIH400: 4
- You can branch the connections to up to four Single-beam Safety Sensors for each test output.



• Series connections are not possible.



• The total wiring length for the E3ZS/E3FS Single-beam Safety Sensors is 100 m max.

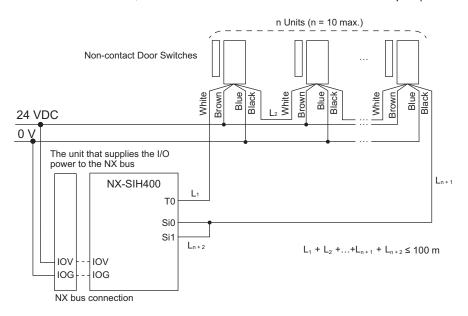


$L_1 + L_2 + L_4 \le 100m$

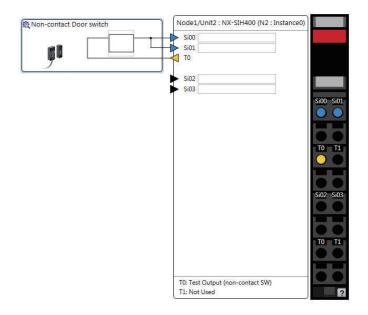
- The E3ZS/E3FS Single-beam Safety Sensor can be used in a Type 2 or lower or PLc or lower application. It cannot be used in a Type 3 or higher, or PLd or higher application.
- If you use more than one Single-beam Safety Sensor, it may not always be possible to detect shorts between wires. Therefore, to satisfy safety category 2, the cables must be protected from external damage for connections to single beam safety sensors. Use ducts or separate cables for each system to protect the cables from external damage when you connect the Single-beam Safety Sensors. You can also use special XS2F Cables for protection.
- The test period for a Single-beam Safety Sensor is 1,200 ms. Use this value for reference to determine the standard compliance of your system.

D40A-2/D40A/D40Z Non-contact Door Switches

The non-contact door switch output (black line) from the OMRON D40A-2, D40A or D40Z Non-contact Door Switch is input to a safety input terminal. This is a one-line signal. When connecting it, branch it as shown at Si0 and Si1 in the following figure. Only one test output terminal is used. Connect the D40A-2, D40A or D40Z Non-Contact Door Switch input (white line).



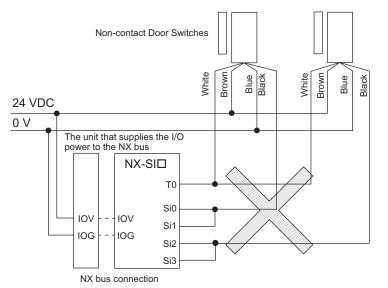
Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:



b

Precautions for Correct Use

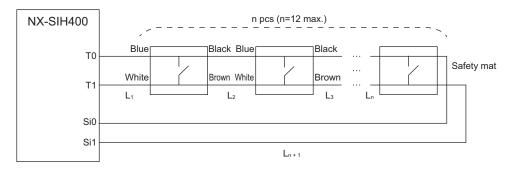
- The maximum number of connections per Unit is as follows: NX-SIH400: 20 (10 connected in series × 2 series)
- You can connect up to 10 Non-contact Door Switches to each test output terminal.
- You cannot branch the connections to more than one Non-contact Door Switch from the same test output terminal.



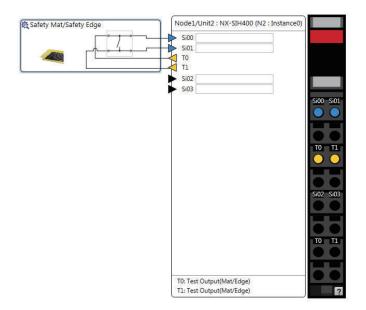
- The total wiring length (L1 + L2 +...+ Ln+2 in the figure above) for the D40A-2, D40A or D40Z Non-contact Switches is 100 m max.
- The D40A-2 Non-contact Door Switch can be used in a Safety Category 4 or lower or a PLe or lower application.
- The D40A Non-contact Door Switch can be used in a Safety Category 3 or lower or a PLd or lower application. It cannot be used in a Safety Category 4 or PLe application.
- The D40Z Non-contact Door Switch can be used in a Safety Category 4 or lower or a PLe or lower application.

UM/UMA Safety Mats

OMRON UM/UMA Safety Mats are connected as shown in the following figure.



Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:

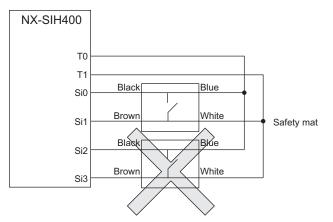


Refer to *Precaution for Conformance to ISO 13856-1:2013* on page 8-4 for a precaution on conformance to ISO 13856-1:2013.



Precautions for Correct Use

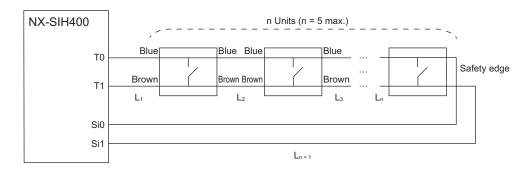
- The maximum number of connections per Unit is as follows: NX-SIH400: 12 (12 connected in series × 1 series)
- A Safety Mat requires two test output terminals when it is used. If a Safety Mat is connected to the NX-SIH400 Unit, you cannot connect any additional safety input devices that require test output terminals.
- You can connect up to 12 Safety Mats to the two test output terminals.
- You cannot branch the connections to more than one Safety Mat or Safety Edge from the same test output terminal.



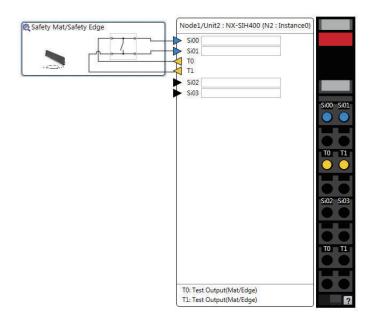
- The total wiring length (L1 + L2 +...+ Ln+1) for the UM/UMA Safety Mats is 100 m max.
- The UM/UMA Safety Mats can be used in a Safety Category 3 or lower or a PLd or lower application. They cannot be used in a Safety Category 4 or PLe application.

SGE Safety Edges

OMRON SGE Safety Edges are connected as shown in the following figure.



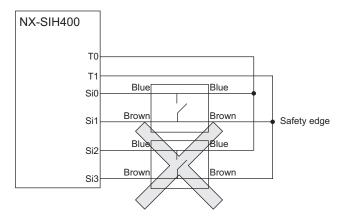
Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:





Precautions for Correct Use

- The maximum number of connections per Unit is as follows: NX-SIH400: 5 (5 connected in series × 1 series)
- A Safety Edge requires two test output terminals when it is used. If a Safety Edge is connected to the NX-SIH400 Unit, you cannot connect any additional safety input devices that require test output terminals.
- You can connect up to five Safety Eddges to the two test output terminals.
- You cannot branch the connections to more than one Safety Edge or Safety Mat from the same test output terminal.



- Safety Edges can be connected only with two wires on each side (no terminating resistance). You cannot connect terminating resistance.
- The total wiring length (L1 + L2 +...+ Ln+1 in the figure above) for the SGE Safety Edges is 100 m max.
- The SGE Safety Edge can be used in a Safety Category 3 or lower or a PLd or lower application. It cannot be used in a Safety Category 4 or PLe application.

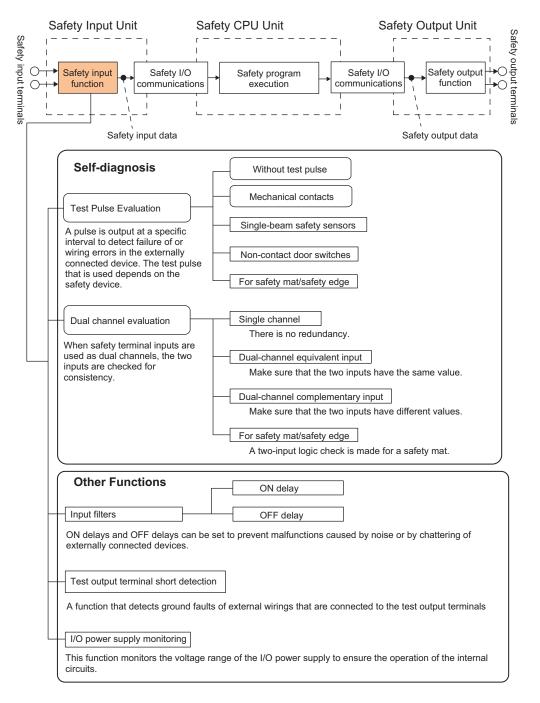
Types of Safety Input Functions

The types of safety input functions that are performed by the Safety Input Unit is shown below.

For the safety input functions, the safety signals that are input to the safety input terminals are evaluated and safety input data that can be used in the safety program is created.

The configuration of the safety input functions is shown in the following figure.

The values that are read from the safety input terminals are passed to the safety program only after they are evaluated by the safety input functions.



The following pages describe the details of the individual safety input functions.

Test Pulse Evaluation

A test pulse with a specific period is output on the 24-VDC power line from a test output terminal to detect wiring errors and failure of the externally connected device. The following parameters are also used.

- Test Pulse Diagnosis
- Test Source
- Test Pulse Mode

• Test Pulse Diagnosis

The Test Pulse Diagnosis setting determines whether to output a test pulse with a specific period from the test output terminal. The parameter determines whether test pulse evaluation is used. This parameter is set according to the type of external device that is connected to the safety input terminal.

Setting	Description
Without Test	A test pulse from the test output terminal is not output for diagnosis.
Pulse	This setting is used for safety devices with semiconductor outputs that diagnose the OSSD out-
	put themselves, such as safety light curtains, and for standard devices.
With Test	A test pulse from the test output terminal is output for diagnosis.
Pulse	The mode of the test output to use as the test source is selected according to the safety device
	that is connected.

Test Source

The Test Source setting determines the test output terminal to use when the Test Pulse Diagnosis parameter is set to *with Test Pulse*. The test output terminal is automatically assigned by the Sysmac Studio, but it can be changed to any test output terminal.

• Test Pulse Mode

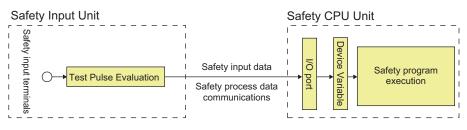
The Test Pulse Mode setting is used to output a test pulse that is suitable for the external device when the Test Pulse Diagnosis parameter is set to *with Test Pulse*.

Setting	Description
Mechanical Con-	The test pulse is connected to a device with mechanical contacts. The test output signal
tact	(pulse output) is input to the safety input terminal through the mechanical contact device.
	The following can be detected: Contact of the input signal line with the positive side of the
	power supply line, ground faults, and short-circuits to the other input signal lines.
Single Beam	An OMRON E3ZS/E3FS Single-beam Safety Sensor is connected. A test signal for Single-
Safety Sensor	beam Safety Sensor diagnosis is output.
Non-contact	An OMRON D40A-2, D40A or D40Z Non-contact Door Switch is connected. Test signals for
Door Switch	the D40A-2, D40A or D40Z will be output.
Safety Mat/Safe-	An OMRON UM/UMA Safety Mat or SGE Safety Edge (4-wire) is connected. A test signal
ty Edge	for Safety Mat/Safety Edge diagnosis is output.

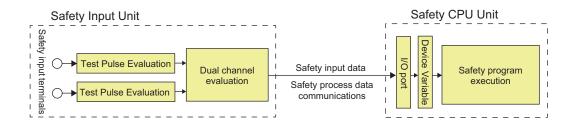
Dual Channel Evaluation

Safety input terminals can be used as dual channels (one pair). The dual channel evaluation evaluates the data for two inputs to check for discrepancy.

• Single Channel



Dual Channels



The following parameters are also used.

- Single/Dual
- Discrepancy Time

Single/Dual

Set the evaluation method to use with the safety input terminals.

Setting	Description
Single Channel	The safety input terminals are used as independent safety input terminals.
Dual Channel Equivalent	The safety input terminals are used as dual-channel-equivalent inputs.
Dual Channel Complementary	The safety input terminals are used as dual-channel-complementary inputs.
Safety Mat/Safety Edge	The safety input terminals are used as safety mat/safety edge inputs.

• Discrepancy Time

For two inputs set in a Dual Channel Mode, the time is monitored from a change in the value of one input to a change in the value of the other input. An error occurs if the value of the other input does not change within the set discrepancy time.

The discrepancy time can be set to any of the following eight values between 500 ms and 64,000 ms.

1: 500 [ms], 2: 1000 [ms], 3: 2000 [ms], 4: 4000 [ms], 5: 8000 [ms], 6: 16000 [ms], 7: 32000 [ms], 8: 64000 [ms]

The discrepancy time cannot be set in Single Channel Mode.

Relationship between the Single/Dual Setting and Safety Input Data

The signals that are input to safety input terminals are evaluated as shown in the following table. This safety input data can be used in the safety program in the Safety CPU Unit.

 Relationship between Input Signals to Safety Input Terminals and Safety Input Data for Singlechannel Inputs

Single/Dual	Input signals on the safe- ty input terminals	Safety input data	Meaning of status		
	Si (x)	Si (x)			
Single Channel	0	0	Inactive (OFF)		
	1	1	Active (ON)		

• Relationship between Input Signals to Safety Input Terminals and Safety Input Data for Dualchannel Inputs

n = Even number

Single/Dual		s on the safe- terminals	Safety ir	iput data	Meaning of status	
	Si (n)	Si (n+1)	Si (n)	Si (n+1)		
Dual Channel Equivalent	0	0	0	0*1	Inactive (OFF)	
	0	1	0	0*1	Discrepant status	
	1	0	0	0*1	Discrepant status	
	1	1	1	0*1	Active (ON)	
Dual Channel Comple-	0	0	0	0*1	Discrepant status	
mentary	0	1	0	0*1	Inactive (OFF)	
	1	0	1	0*1	Active (ON)	
	1	1	0	0*1	Discrepant status	

*1. If the terminals are set to Dual Channel Mode, the safety program in the Safety CPU Unit must access the safety input data for the even-numbered terminal.

Relationship between Safety Mat Status and Safety Input Data for Safety Mat/Safety Edge Inputs
 n = Even number

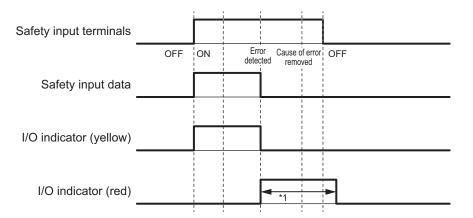
Single/Dual	Safety mat/safety	Safety input data		Meaning of status	
Siligie/Dual	edge status Si (n)		Si (n+1)	weating of status	
Safety Mat/Safety Edge	Without load	1	0*1	Active (ON)	
	With load	0	0*1	Inactive (OFF)	

*1. If the terminals are set to Dual Channel Mode, the safety program in the Safety CPU Unit must access the safety input data for the even-numbered terminal.

• Operation for Single Channel: Normal Operation

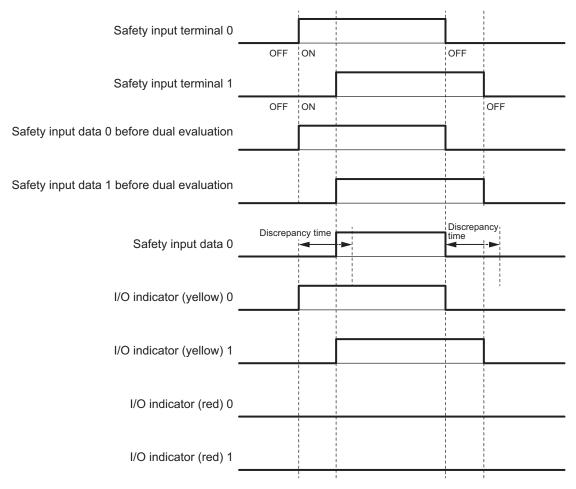
Safety input terminals			
	OFF	ON	OFF
Safety input data			
I/O indicator (yellow)			
I/O indicator (red)			

• Operation for Single Channel: Test Pulse Evaluation Error by Stuck-at-high Error



*1. This is the time that the error status (control data, status data, and indicator status) is held (1 s min.).

Operation for Dual-channel Equivalent Inputs: Normal Operation



Operation for Dual-channel Equivalent Inputs: Discrepancy Error

Safety input terminal 0		; 			
Safety input terminal 1	OFF	ON		OFF	_
Galety input terminal 1		OFF	ON	OFF	 —
Safety input data 0 before dual evaluation .					_
Safety input data 1 before dual evaluation					
Safety input data 0		Discrepancy time			
I/O indicator (yellow) 0		ļ			
I/O indicator (yellow) 1					
I/O indicator (red) 0		-	*1	7	
I/O indicator (red) 1		ſ			

*1. This is the time that the error status (control data, status data, and indicator status) is held (1 s min.).

Errors Detected during Self-diagnosis

The errors that can be detected for safety input terminals are determined by the parameter settings. The following table gives the errors that are detected for each parameter setting.

Devices with Mechanical Contacts and Devices with Semiconductor Outputs

Setting		Error detection				
Single/Dual	Test pulse	Contact with posi- tive side of power line	Ground fault ^{*1}	Disconnection	Short circuits in input wiring	
Single Channel	Without Test Pulse	Not detecta- ble.	Not detectable.	Not detectable.		
	With Test Pulse	Detectable.	Detectable when input turns ON.	Not detectable.		

Setting		Error detection				
Single/Dual	Test pulse	Contact with posi- tive side of power line	Ground fault ^{*1}	Disconnection	Short circuits in input wiring	
Dual Channel Equivalent	Without Test Pulse	Not detecta- ble. ^{*2}	Not detectable.	Detectable when input turns ON.	Not de- tecta- ble. ^{*2}	
	Same test source for pair of safety input terminals	Detectable.	Detectable when input turns ON.	Detectable when input turns ON.	Not de- tectable.	
	Different test sources for pair of safety input termi- nals	Detectable.	Detectable when input turns ON.	Detectable when input turns ON.	Detecta- ble.	
Dual Channel Complementary	Without Test Pulse	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detecta- ble.	
	Same test source for pair of safety input terminals	Detectable.	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detecta- ble.	
	Different test sources for pair of safety input termi- nals	Detectable.	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detectable when input turns ON or OFF.	Detecta- ble.	

*1. To detect ground faults, the 0-V line of the external power supply must be grounded.

*2. Detection is possible with the OSSD diagnostic function of the light curtain or laser scanner.

Single-beam Safety Sensors, Non-contact Door Switches, Safety Mats, and Safety Edges

	Error detection					
Input device	Contact with positive side of power line	Ground fault ^{*1}	Disconnec- tion	Short cir- cuits in in- put wiring	Failure of input device	Sensor bypass
Single-beam Safe- ty Sensor	Detectable.	Not detectable.	Not detecta- ble.		Not detecta- ble.	Detectable.
D40A-2/D40A Non-contact Door Switch	Detectable.	Not detectable.	Not detecta- ble.		Detectable.	Detectable.
D40Z Non-contact Switch	Detectable.	Not detectable.	Not detecta- ble.		Detectable.	Detectable.
Safety Mat/Safety Edge	Detectable.	Detectable.	Detectable.	Not detecta- ble.	Not detecta- ble.	

*1. To detect ground faults, the 0-V line of the external power supply must be grounded.

Additional Information

To detect burnouts in a muting lamp, use a PIT si1.2 Muting Lamp manufactured by Pilz, which supports defective lamp detection.

4

-6

Input Filters

The input filter helps prevent malfunctions that are sometimes caused by chattering or noise from the external device that is connected to a safety input terminal.

You can filter out chattering and noise from the external device for the widths that are set with the ON delay time and OFF delay time.

ON delays and OFF delays can be set to one of the 10 options given below, from 0 to 1,536 ms, for each safety input terminal.

- 1: 0 [ms], 2: 6 [ms], 3: 12 [ms], 4: 24 [ms], 5: 48 [ms], 6: 96 [ms], 7: 192 [ms],
- 8: 384 [ms], 9: 768 [ms], 10: 1536 [ms],

The effect of chattering from external devices can be reduced more by increasing the delay time, but this will slow the response to input signals.

The input filter can be used with dual channel evaluation.

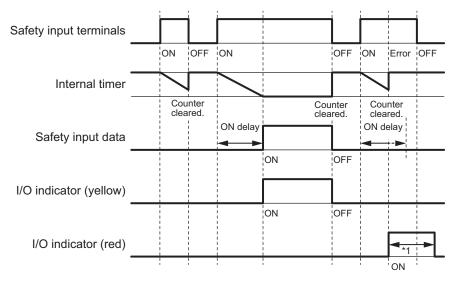
rh

Precautions for Correct Use

If an OFF delay is used, the OFF delay time affects the safety reaction time. Add the OFF delay time to the safety reaction time. (Refer to *Section 8 Calculating Safety Reaction Times* on page 8-1.)

• Operation with an ON Delay

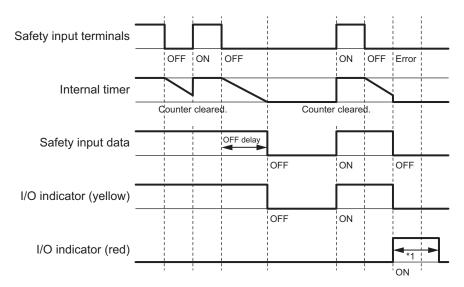
You can filter out ON pulses for the width that is set with the ON delay time.



*1. This is the time that the error status (control data, status data, and indicator status) is held (1 s min.).

Operation with an OFF Delay

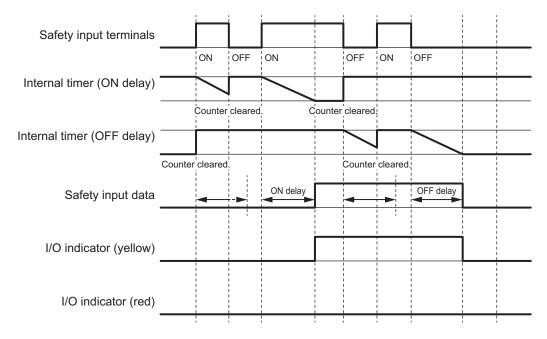
You can filter out OFF pulses for the width that is set with the OFF delay time.



*1. This is the time that the error status (control data, status data, and indicator status) is held (1 s min.).

• Operation with Both an ON Delay and OFF Delay

You can filter out ON pulses for the width that is set with the ON delay time and filter out OFF pulses for the width that is set with the OFF delay time.



Test Output Terminal Short Detection

The test output terminal short detection prevents the internal circuits of the test output terminals from being destroyed if an overcurrent flows due to a ground fault or other cause.

If an overcurrent is detected, the safety input data for the safety input terminal that is being used as the test source for the terminal is turned OFF.

At this time, an Overload Detected at Test Output event will occur. To troubleshoot errors, refer to Section 12 Troubleshooting on page 12-1.

I/O Power Supply Monitoring

I/O power supply monitoring monitors the voltage range of the I/O power supply.

If a voltage that is less than the specified range is detected, all safety inputs for the Unit are turned OFF.

At this time, an *I/O Power Supply Voltage Error* occurs. To troubleshoot errors, refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1.

This function does not work if all of the terminals are set as unused terminals.

4-3-2 Safety Output Function

Connectable Output Devices

The Safety Output Unit diagnoses the connected external devices through the safety output terminals. The general-purpose safety output devices that can be connected to the safety output terminals of a Safety Output Unit are listed in the following table.

Туре	Examples
Safety devices that can be connected to PNP outputs	Safety relays, contactors, or safety inputs from servo drives



Additional Information

The connection of incandescent lamps is not supported. Connect them to an NX-series Digital Output Unit.

Setting the Safety Functions for Safety Output Terminals

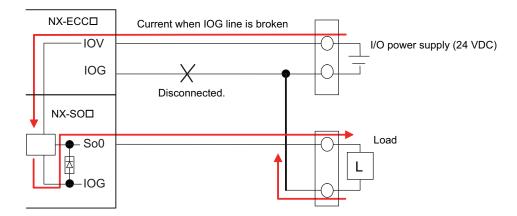
You can easily set the safety functions of the safety output terminals from the Sysmac Studio by selecting the external devices that are connected.

Refer to 4-3 Safety I/O Function on page 4-10 for details.

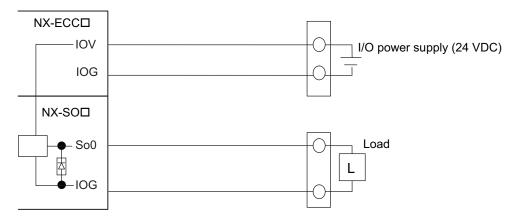
Connecting the I/O Power Supply

This section describes the connection methods for the I/O power supply.

If the Safety Output Unit is wired as shown in the following figure and the IOG wire breaks, a floating condition will result. If that occurs, a few volts may be applied to the output terminals of the Safety Output Unit, turning ON the load.



Use the wiring that is shown in the following figure to prevent a floating condition for the IOG of the Safety Output Unit even if the IOG line is broken.

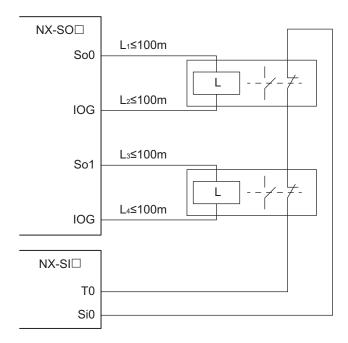


Connecting Output Devices

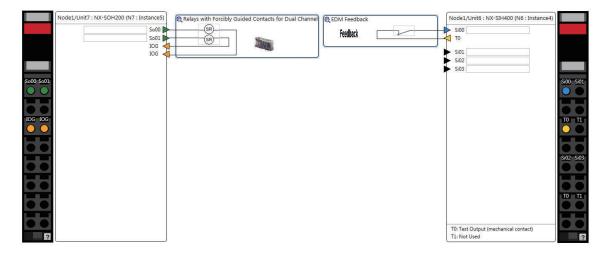
This section describes the connection methods for output devices.

Safety Relays and Contactors

Connect a safety relay or contactor as shown in the following figure.



Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:



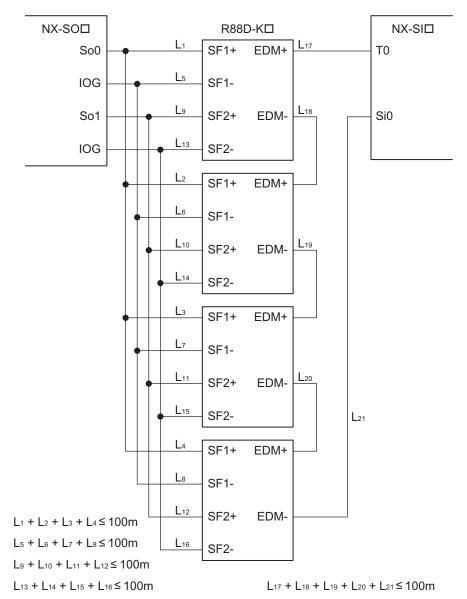


Precautions for Correct Use

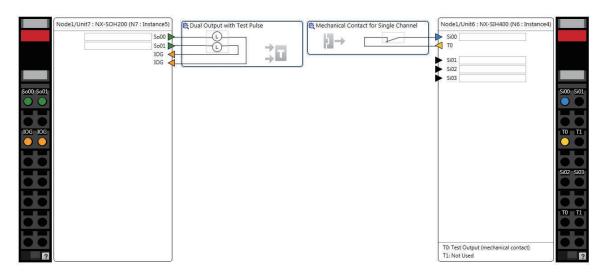
- The line length from the safety output terminals to the output devices (L1, L2, L3, and L4) is 100 m max. for each line.
- The total length of cable that is connected to one test output must be as described in 4-3-1 Safety Input Function on page 4-10.

Servo Drive

OMRON R88D-K□ Servo Drives are connected as shown in the following figure.



Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:





Precautions for Correct Use

• If you directly connect more than one EDM terminal to one safety input terminal, the voltage at the safety input terminal will be reduced proportionately to the number of connections. When determining the number of direct connections, consider the voltage drop between the EDM terminals in the design.

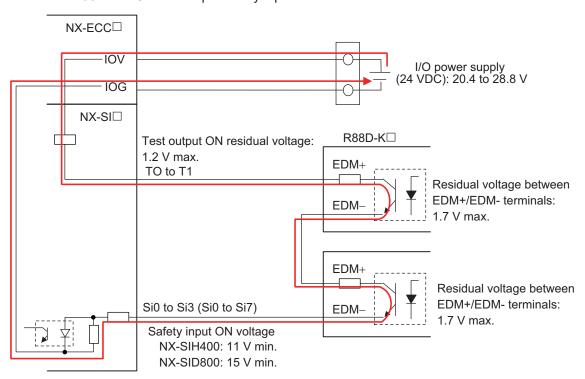
Formula

{[I/O power supply - Test output ON residual voltage - Safety input ON voltage}

/Residual voltage between EDM terminals ≥ Number of direct connections

Theoretical Values

NX-SID800: Two Units max. per safety input terminal NX-SIH400: Four Units max. per safety input terminal



 If you branch connections to more than one SF terminal from one safety output terminal, the load current at the safety output terminal will be increased proportionately to the number of connections. When determining the number of branch connections, consider the input current to the SF terminals in the design.

Formula

{Maximum load current per safety output terminal}

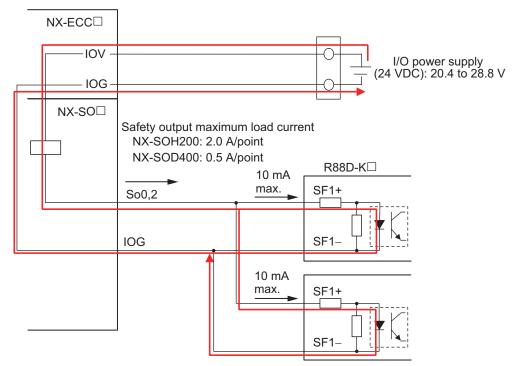
/ {Input current per SF terminal} ≥ Number of branch connections

Theoretical Values

NX-SOD400: 50 Units max. per safety output terminal

NX-SOH200: 200 Units max. per safety output terminal

It is also necessary to consider the mounting directions, ambient temperature, and Unit total load current.



- The total wiring length from the safety output terminal to the output device (L1 + L2 + L3 + L4, L5 + L6 + L7 + L8, L9 + L10 + L11 + L12, and L13 + L14 + L15 + L16) is 100 m max.
- The total wiring length of cables (L17 + L18 + L19 + L20 + L21) that can be connected to one test output is 100 m max.
- Set the input device to *Mechanical Contact Type* to set the NX-SI□ EDM connection terminals.
- An RD88-K
 Servo Drive can be used in a Safety Category 3 or lower or a PLd or lower application. It cannot be used in a Safety Category 4 or PLe application.
- Refer to the following manuals for details on the safety function settings and the precautions for the correct use of the R88D-K□ Servo Drive.
 - a) AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications User's Manual (Cat. No. 1576)
- b) AC Servomotors/Servo Drives G5-series with Built-in EtherCAT Communications Linear Motor Type User's Manual (Cat. No. 1577)

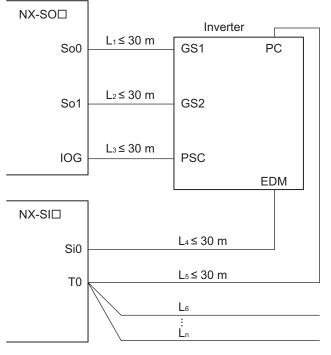


Additional Information

- A special connector (R88A-CNK81S) is required to connect the RD88D-K
- The wiring diagram shown above is an example that turns OFF four axes simultaneously. Alternatively, each axis can be wired to a separate safety I/O terminal.

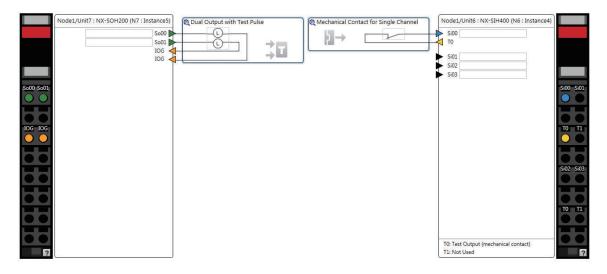
Inverters

OMRON 3G3MX2 Inverters are connected as shown in the following figure.



 $L_4 + L_5 + L_6 + ... + L_n \le 100 \text{ m}$

Example of Sysmac Studio Settings:





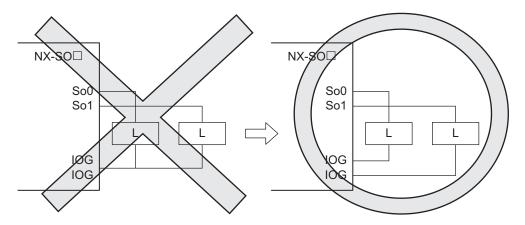
Precautions for Correct Use

- The maximum number of connections per Unit is as follows: When NX-SOD400 and NX-SI□ are used: 2 (1 connected in series × 2 series) When NX-SOH200 and NX-SI□are used: 1 (1 connected in series × 1 series)
- The total wiring length of cables (L4 + L5 + L6 + ... + Ln) that can be connected to one test output is 100 m max.
- Set the input device to *Mechanical Contact Type* to set the NX-SI□ EDM connection terminals.
- The total wiring length of cable that can be connected from the safety output terminal to the output device (L1 + L2 + L3) is 30 m max.
- The 3G3MX2 Inverter can be used in a Safety Category 3 or lower or a PLd or lower application.It cannot be used in a Safety Category 4 or PLe application.
- Refer to the *Multi-function Compact Inverter 3G3MX2-V1 User's Manual (Cat. No. I585)* for the safety function settings and application precautions for a 3G3MX2 Inverter.

• Connecting More Than One Output Device

The IOG terminals on the Safety Output Unit are connected internally in the Unit. Make sure that the current that flows through each IOG terminal is less than the current capacity of the I/O power supply terminals.

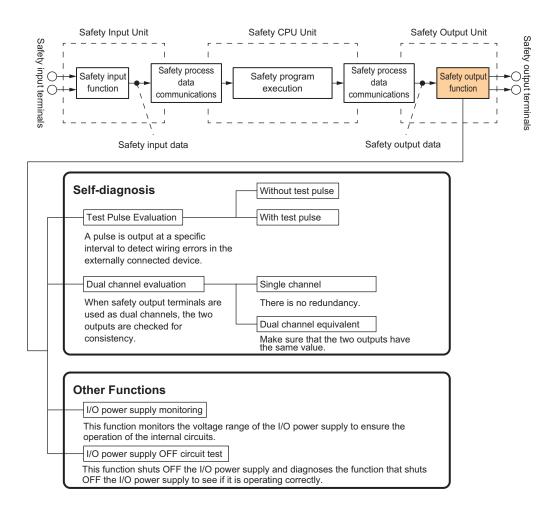
If the wiring is shared for the IOG lines to the output devices, the sum of the output currents will flow in the IOG line. Therefore, wire the IOG lines separately.



Types of Safety Output Functions

The types of safety output functions that are performed by the Safety Output Unit is shown below. The safety output functions diagnose the outputs to the safety output terminals and the external device wiring based on the safety output data from the safety program.

The execution results of the safety program are evaluated by the safety output functions and the evaluation results are output from the safety output terminals.



Test Pulse Evaluation

The test pulse evaluation outputs a test pulse with a specific period on the 24-VDC power line from a safety output terminal to detect errors in wiring to the externally connected device. This evaluation is achieved through the *Test Pulse Diagnosis* parameter.

• Test Pulse Diagnosis

The Diagnosis setting determines whether to output a test pulse with a specific period from the safety output terminal. The parameter determines whether test pulse evaluation is used. The errors that can be detected are determined by the parameter settings.

Refer to *Errors Detected during Self-diagnosis* on page 4-28 for the errors that can be detected for each parameter setting.

内

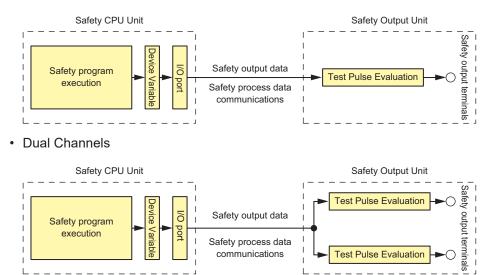
Precautions for Correct Use

When the Test Pulse Diagnosis parameter is set to *with Test Pulse*, OFF pulse signals with a pulse width of 640 μ s are output while the safety output is ON to diagnose the output circuit. Check the input response time of the connected control device to make sure it will not malfunction due to these OFF pulses.

Dual Channel Evaluation

The use of dual-channel-equivalent outputs lets you control two safety output terminals with one safety output data from the safety program. If an error is detected in either of the two output terminals, the outputs to the external devices are both turned OFF.

Single Channel



This evaluation is achieved through the Single/Dual parameter.

Single/Dual

Set the evaluation method to use with the safety output terminals.

Setting	Description		
Single Channel	The safety output terminals are used as independent safety output terminals.		
Dual Channel Equiv-	The pair of safety output terminals are used as dual channel outputs. The output is ON		
alent	if the paired safety output terminals are both normal.		

• Relationship between the Single/Dual Setting and Safety Output Data

The safety output data that is used in the safety program is output to the safety output terminals according to the Single/Dual parameter as shown below.

 Relationship between Safety Output Data and Signals Output from Safety Output Terminals for Single-channel Outputs

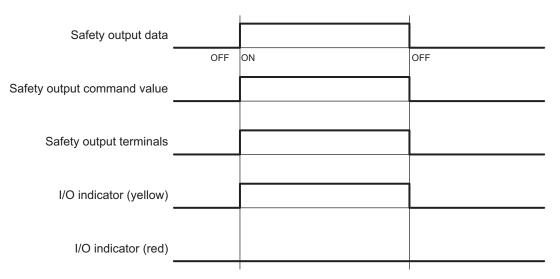
Single/Dual	Safety output data	Output signal on the safety output terminal	Meaning of status	
	So (x)	So (x)		
Single Channel	0	0	Inactive (OFF)	
	1	1	Active (ON)	

• Relationship between Safety Output Data and Signals Output from Safety Output Terminals for Dual-channel Equivalent Outputs

n = Even number

Single/Dual	Safety output data	Output signal on term	Meaning of status	
	So (x)	So (n)	So (n+1)	
Dual Channel Equiva-	0	0 (OFF)	0 (OFF)	Inactive (OFF)
lent	1	1 (ON)	1 (ON)	Active (ON)

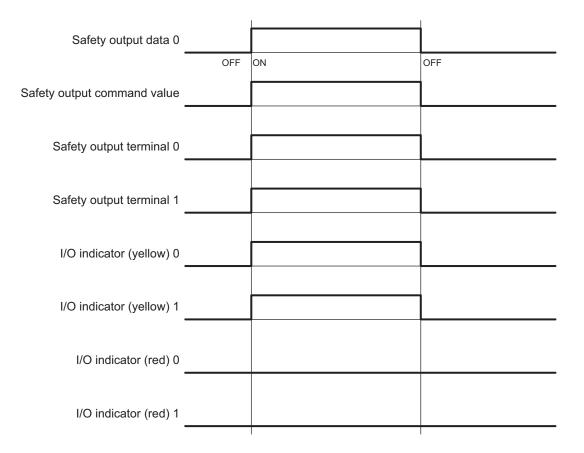
• Operation for Single Channel: Normal Operation



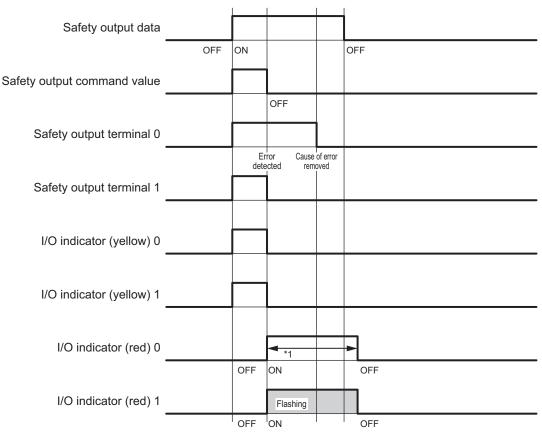
• Operation for Single Channel: Test Pulse Evaluation Error by Stuck-at-high Error

Safety output data				
	OFF	ON		OFF
Safety output command value				
·			OFF	
Safety output terminals				
·	OFF		ror Cau cted remo	
I/O indicator (yellow)				
·	OFF		OFF	
I/O indicator (red)			▲ *1	→

- *1. This is the time that the error status (control data, status data, and indicator status) is held (1 s min.).
- Operation for Dual-channel Equivalent Outputs: Normal Operation



• Operation for Dual-channel Equivalent Outputs: Test Pulse Evaluation Error



*1. This is the time that the error status (control data, status data, and indicator status) is held (1 s min.).

4

Errors Detected during Self-diagnosis

The errors that can be detected for safety output terminals are determined by the parameter settings. The following table gives the errors that are detected for each parameter setting.

		Error det				ection		
Test pulse di- agnosis	Description of operation	Contact with posi- tive side of power line		Ground	d fault ^{*1}	Short circuits in output wiring		
		Output ON	Output OFF	Output ON	Output OFF	Short cir- cuit when both out- puts are ON	Short cir- cuit when both out- puts are OFF	Short cir- cuit when one output is ON and the other is OFF
Without	Test pulses	Not de-	Detecta-	Detect-	Not de-	Not detect-	Not detect-	Detectable.
Test Pulse	are not output when the out- put is ON.	tectable.	ble.	able.	tecta- ble.	able.	able.	
With Test	Test pulses	Detecta-	Detecta-	Detect-	Not de-	Detecta-	Not detect-	Detectable.
Pulse	are output when the out- put is ON.	ble.	ble.	able.	tecta- ble.	ble.	able.	

*1. To detect ground faults, the 0-V line of the external power supply must be grounded.

Safety Output Terminal Short Detection

The safety output terminal short detection prevents the internal circuits of the safety output terminals from being destroyed if an overcurrent flows due to a ground fault or other cause.

If an overcurrent is detected, the safety output terminal is turned OFF.

At this time, a *Short Circuit Detected at Safety Output* event will occur. To troubleshoot errors, refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1.

I/O Power Supply Monitoring

I/O power supply monitoring monitors the voltage range of the I/O power supply to ensure the operation of the internal circuits.

If a voltage that is outside of the specified range is detected, all safety output terminals for the Unit are turned OFF.

At this time, an *I/O Power Supply Voltage Error* occurs. To troubleshoot errors, refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1.

This function does not work if all of the terminals are set as unused terminals.

I/O Power Supply OFF Circuit Test (Internal Circuit Diagnosis)

The I/O power supply OFF circuit test shuts OFF the I/O power supply and diagnoses the function that shuts OFF the I/O power supply to see if it is operating correctly.

If an internal circuit fault is detected by this function, all safety output terminals for the Unit are turned OFF.

This test is executed at the following two times. The I/O power supply OFF circuit test is executed only once when the Unit power supply is turned ON. The test is not performed again until the Unit power supply is turned ON again.

When the Status Changes to Refreshing Status

If the I/O power supply is turned ON before the status changes to refreshing status, the I/O power supply OFF circuit test is performed when the status changes to refreshing status.

• When I/O Power Supply is Turned ON

If the I/O power supply is turned ON after the status changes to refreshing status, the I/O power supply OFF circuit test is performed when the I/O power supply is turned ON.

4

5

System Configuration and Setup

This section describes how to use the Sysmac Studio to configure and set up the safety control system.

5-1	Config	uration and Setup Procedures	5-2
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5-1 Configuration and Setup Procedures

This section describes the procedures for using the Sysmac Studio to configure and set up the safety control system. Make the settings in the following order.



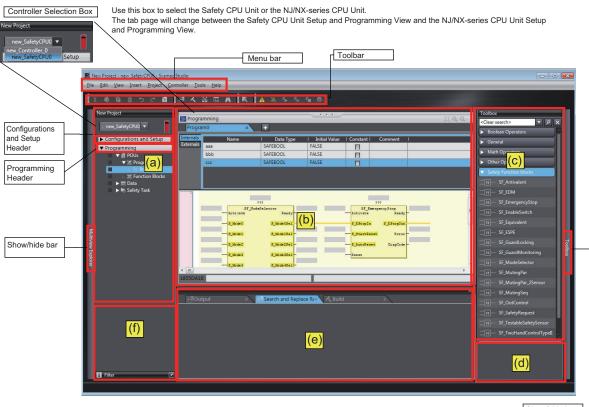
Configure and set up the safety control system.



- Set up safety process data communications.
- **3** Select the connected input devices and output devices to set up the input terminals and output terminals.
- **4** Register the device variables
- **5** Expose the variables to the standard controller.

5-2 Part Names and Functions of the Sysmac Studio Window

This section gives the names of the parts of the Sysmac Studio Window.



Show/hide bar

Item	Name	Function
(a)	Multiview Explor- er	This pane is your access point for all Sysmac Studio data that is related to the Safety CPU Unit.
		It has a Controller Selection Box, and is separated into a Configurations and Setup Layer and a Programming Layer.
		Use the Controller Selection Box to select the Safety CPU Unit or NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.
(b)	Edit Pane	The Edit Pane is used to display and edit the data for any of the items.
(c)	Toolbox	The Toolbox shows the objects that you can use to edit the data that is displayed in the Edit Pane.
	Search and Re- place Pane	In this pane, you can search for and replace strings in the data in the Programming Layer of the Multiview Explorer.
(d)	Controller Status Pane	This pane shows the operating status of the Safety CPU Unit. The Controller Status Pane is displayed only while the Sysmac Studio is online with the Safety CPU Unit or when the Simulator is running.
	Simulation Pane	This pane is used to start and stop the Safety CPU Unit Simulator.

5

Item	Name	Function
(e)	Output Tab Page	The Output Tab Page shows the results of building.
	Watch Tab Page	The Watch Tab Page shows the monitor results of the Simulator or the online Safety
		CPU Unit.
	Build Tab Page	The Build Tab Page shows the results of program checks and building.
	Search and Re-	The Search and Replace Results Tab Page shows the results when Search All or Re-
	place Results	place All is executed.
	Tab Page	
(f)	Filter Pane	The Filter Pane allows you to search for color codes and for items with an error icon.
		The results are displayed in a list.

This manual describes only the functions and operations of the Sysmac Studio that are related to the safety control system.

Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for details on Sysmac Studio operation.

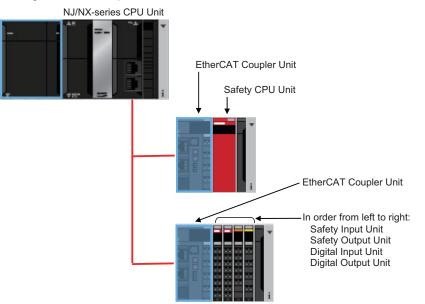
5-3 Controller Configuration and Setup of the Safety Control Units

This section describes the Safety Control Unit configuration and setting procedures for the CPU Rack of an NX-series CPU Unit, EtherCAT Slave Terminals and EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

CPU Rack or EtherCAT Slave Terminal Configuration and Setting Procedures

You configure and set up the CPU rack, EtherCAT network and EtherCAT Slave Terminals where the Safety Control Units are mounted as part of the Controller Configuration and Setup of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

This section describes the operations to perform based on the following configuration. Configuration Example:

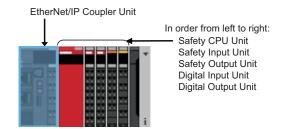


Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)* for details on configuring and setting up the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

• EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Configuration and Setting Procedures

Set up the Slave Terminal (create the configuration and set the parameters) on the Edit EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page.

This section describes the operations to perform based on the following configuration. Configuration Example:



5-3-1 Procedures for Creating the Controller Configuration for Safety Control

Use the following procedure to create the Controller configuration for the Safety Control Unit.

Procedures for Creating the Controller Configuration for Safety Control

Use the following procedure to create the Controller configuration for the Safety Control Units on EtherCAT Slave Terminals.

- **1** Start the Sysmac Studio.
- 2 Select the model and version of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, and create a project file.
- **3** Double-click **EtherCAT** under **Configurations and Setup**in the Multiview Explorer.
- **4** Select **Terminal Coupler** from the Groups List in the Toolbox. The EtherCAT Coupler Unit is displayed below it. Drag the Unit and add it to the configuration.

New Project new_Controller_0	Configurations and Setup EtherCAT × +			All vendors Groups
Configurations and Setup	Node Address Network configuration Master Master	Item name	Value	Terminal Coupler Gene Driver Frequency Inverter
 Node1 : NX-ECC201(E001) : Offline CPU/Expansion Racks 	1 E001 NX-ECC201 Rev:1.1	Device name Model name Product name	E001 NX-ECC201 NX-ECC201 EtherCAT coupler	Click
 ↓ I/O Map ▶ R Controller Setup 		Revision	1.1 1	Measurement Sens
	Drag & Drop	Enable/Disable Settings Serial Number	Enabled Ox00000000	Digital Type Sensor
🗆 🍋 Task Settings		PDO Map Settings	LTI+PDO Map Settings	Input Keyword
■ L M Data Trace Settings ▼ Programming		Enable Distributed Clock Reference Clock	Enabled 🗸 🗸	NX-ECC201 Rev:1
▼		Setting Parameters	Setting Edit Setting Parameters	
▼ Program0		Backup Parameter Settings	Setting Edit Backup Parameter Settings	Click
If Functions If Function Blocks		Slave Terminal Configuration	Setting Edit Slave Terminal Configuration	

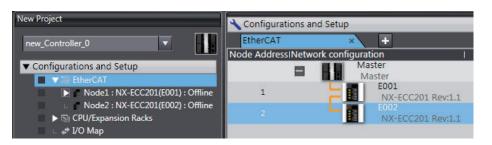
5 Click the **Edit Slave Terminal Configuration** Button at the bottom of the list of EtherCAT Coupler Unit settings. Or, right-click the EtherCAT Coupler Unit and select **Edit Slave Terminal Configuration** from the menu.

The Slave Terminal Tab Page is displayed.

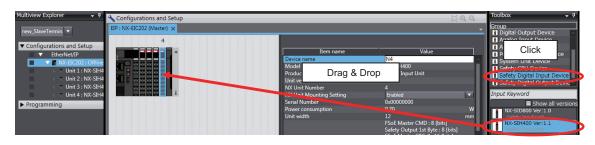
6 Select **Safety CPU Device** from the Groups List in the Toolbox. The Safety CPU Unit is displayed below it. Drag the Safety CPU Unit to the Slave Terminal and add it to the configuration.

Multiview Explorer 🗸 📮	Configurations and Setup		୍ର ପ୍	Toolbox 🗸 🖡
new_SlaveTermin ▼ ▼ Configurations and Setup	EIP : NX-EIC202 (Master) X		•	Group Digital Output Device Ar Ar Click
EtherNet/IP NX-EC202 : Offline Unit 1 : NX-SL33 Programming		Drag & Drop Item name Model name Product name Unit version NX Unit Number	Value NI NX-SL3300 Safety CPU Unit 1.1	
		NA unit in the Setting Serial Number Power consumption Unit width	Enabled 0.90 30	Input Keyword

7 Perform steps 3 and 4 to add another EtherCAT Coupler Unit.



- **8** Or, perform step 5 for the EtherCAT Coupler Unit that was added to display the Slave Terminal Tab Page.
- **9** Select **Safety Digital Input Device** or **Safety Digital Output Device** from the Groups List in the Toolbox. The Safety I/O Unit is displayed below it. Drag the model of the Safety I/O Unit to the Slave Terminal and add it to the configuration.



This completes the creation of the Controller configuration for an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit that includes Safety Control Units.

After the Safety CPU Unit is added to the NJ/NX-series Controller configuration, the Safety CPU Unit will be displayed in the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer. The Safety CPU Unit that was added is displayed below the NJ/NX-series Controller (i.e., the EtherCAT master).



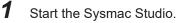


Additional Information

- You can place only one Safety CPU Unit on a CPU Rack or in the EtherCAT network. If you add more than one Safety CPU Unit, the exclamation icon sis displayed under all of the Safety CPU Units, and it will cause an error during the synchronization and download processes.
- Refer to the *NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519-E1-02 or later)* for the number of NX Units that can be mounted to a Slave Terminal.
- · Use the Multiview Explorer to move NX Units between Slave Terminals.

EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal Configuration and Setting Procedures

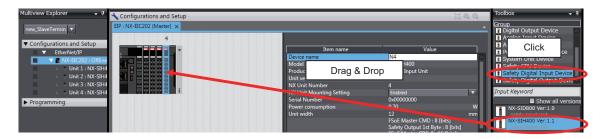
Use the following procedure to create the Controller configuration for the Safety Control Unit on Ether-Net/IP Slave Terminals.



- 2 Select the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit on the Slave Terminal and create a project file.
- **3** Double-click **NX-EIC202** under **EtherNet/IP Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer. The Slave Terminal Tab Page is displayed.
- **4** Select **Safety CPU Device** from the Groups List in the Toolbox. The Safety CPU Unit is displayed below it. Drag the Safety CPU Unit to the Slave Terminal and add it to the configuration.

Iultiview Explorer 🚽 🗣	🔧 Configurations and Setup		[] Q , Q ,	Toolbox 👻 🕂
new_SlaveTermin 🔻	EIP : NX-EIC202 (Master) ×			Group
▼ Configurations and Setup ▼ EtherNet/IP	1	Drag & Drop Item name	Value	Ar Click
NX-EIC202 : Offline Unit 1 : NX-SL33 Programming		Model name Product name Unit version NX Unit Number	NX-SL3300 Safety CPU Unit 1.1	Safety CPU Device
	i	NX Unit Number NX Unit Number Serial Number	I Enabled Q-00000000	Input Keyword
		Power consumption Unit width	0.90 30 m.	NX-SL3300 Ver:1.1 Safety CPU Unit

5 Select **Safety Digital Input Device** or **Safety Digital Output Device** from the Groups List in the Toolbox. The Safety I/O Unit is displayed below it. Drag the Safety I/O Unit to the Slave Terminal and place it in the configuration.



This completes the creation of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal configuration for Safety Control Units. After the Safety CPU Unit is added to the configuration, this Safety CPU Unit will be displayed in the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer. The Safety CPU Unit that was added is displayed below the Coupler Unit.

New Project	
new_Controller_1	
new_Controller_0 ∟ new_SafetyCPU0	
new_Controller_1	
□ new_SafetyCPU1 1) : Offlin	e

Additional Information

- You can place only one Safety CPU Unit on an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal. If you add more than one Safety CPU Unit, the exclamation icon I is displayed under all of the Safety CPU
 - Units, and it will cause an error during the synchronization and download processes.
- Refer to the *NX-series EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W536)* for the number of NX Units that can be mounted to a Slave Terminal.

5-3-2 Setting and Viewing the Safety Control Unit Settings

Set or view the settings for the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units (hereinafter, Safety Control Unit) as necessary.

You can change the device names of registered Safety Control Unit, and enable or disable individual Units as NX Units.

Item	Editing	Description	Data range	Default
Device name	Possible.	This is the name of the Safety Control Unit. The device name is automatically assigned when you register the Safety CPU Unit or Safety I/O Units. You can change the device name if necessary. Device names must be unique within the same safety control configuration. If you specify the same name for more than one Unit, an error will occur.	Text string	N* (where * is a serial number from 1)
Model name	Not pos- sible.	Model of Safety Control Unit.		
Product name	Not pos- sible.	This is the product name.		
Unit version	Not pos- sible.	Unit version of the Safety Control Unit.		
NX Unit num- ber	Not pos- sible.	This number represents the logical position of the Safety Control Unit as an NX Unit. Numbers are auto- matically assigned from the leftmost mounting posi- tion.		
NX Unit mounting set- ting	Possible.	This setting enables or disables I/O refreshing for the Safety Control Unit. Refer to the <i>NX-series EtherCAT Coupler Unit User's Manual (Cat. No. W519)</i> for details on this function.	Enabled or disa- bled	Enabled
Serial number	Not pos- sible.	Serial number of the Safety Control Unit. You can get the serial number to set the serial number of the ac- tual EtherCAT Coupler Unit.		00000000 hex

ltem	Editing	Description	Data range	Default
Power con- sumption [W]	Not pos- sible.	The power consumption of the Safety Control Unit from the NX bus. This setting applies to Units other than an Additional NX Unit Power Supply Unit.		Depends on the model of the Unit.
Unit width [mm]	Not pos- sible.	Width of the Safety Control Unit.		Depends on the model of the Unit.
I/O allocation settings	Not pos- sible.	I/O allocation settings for the Safety Control Unit.		
Unit operation settings	Not pos- sible.	There are no settings that you can edit for the Safety Control Unit		

5-3-3 Procedure to Change the Model of the Safety Control Unit

After you create the Controller configuration, you can change the model or unit version of the Safety Control Unit without changing the saved settings information.

Use the following procedure to change the Safety CPU Unit. You can also change the model of a Safety I/O Unit with essentially the same procedure.

1 Display the Slave Terminal Tab Page for the CPU Rack or Slave Terminal where the Safety CPU Unit to change is located.

Multiview Explorer 🚽 🗸	🔧 Configurations and Setup
new_Controller_0	Node1:NX-ECC201(E001) ×
Configurations and Setup V	

2 Right-click the Safety CPU Unit to change and select **Change Model**. The Change Model Dialog Box is displayed.



3

Select the model or unit version to change to and then click the **OK** Button.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Safety validation is not executed when you change the model of a Safety Control Unit. Always execute safety validation again after you change the model.
- If you change the model of a Safety Control Unit, recalculate the safety reaction times. The safety reaction times may change if you change the model.

5-4 Setting Up the Safety Process Data Communications

5-4-1 Setting Up the FSoE Communications

When the Safety Control Unit is placed on the NX bus in the Sysmac Studio CPU rack configuration, EtherCAT network configuration, and EtherCAT slave terminal configuration, the FSoE communications are set up automatically.

Use the following procedure to view or change the settings for the FSoE communications.

1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

2 Select Configurations and Setup – Communications – Safety, and then double-click Safety I/O.

Multiview Explorer 🗸 🗸	👔 Safety I/O 🗙						
new_Controller_0	Position	Active	Device name	Product Information	FSoE slave address	FSoE watchdog timer (WDT) [ms	WDT auto setting
new_SafetyCPU0	NXBusMaster/Unit2		N3	NX-SID800; 1.0	2	25	
Configurations and Setup	NXBusMaster/Unit3		N2	NX-SIH400; 1.1	1	28	
V 📑 Communications	NXBusMaster/Unit4		N4	NX-SOD400; 1.0	3	25	
🗸 🖓 Safety	NXBusMaster/Unit5		N5	NX-SOD400; 1.0	4	25	
Safety I/O							
EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings							
Standard							
🐻 Task Settings							
📣 I/O Map							

The meanings of the items in the Safety I/O Tab Page are given below.

ltem	Editing	Description	
Position	Not	Node address	
	possible	Fixed to NXBusMaster when connected to the CPU rack.	
		For a connection to an EtherCAT Coupler Unit, the node number of the Unit as an	
		EtherCAT slave is displayed.	
		"EIP" is displayed for a connection to an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.	
		Unit number	
		It displays the NX Unit number of the Safety I/O Unit.	
Active (Ena-	Possi-	The communications setting for FSoE communications is displayed.	
ble/Disable)	ble	Selected: Enabled	
		This setting assigns the Safety I/O Unit to the Safety CPU Unit as a communications	
		node, and displays the I/O ports for that Unit in the I/O Map.	
		Not selected: Disabled	
		This setting does not assign the Safety I/O Unit to the Safety CPU Unit as a communi-	
		cations node, and does not display the I/O ports for that Unit in the I/O Map.	
Device	Not	This is the name of the Safety Control Unit.	
	possible		
Product In-	Not	This is the model and version of the Unit.	
formation	possible		
FSoE Slave	Possi-	When the Active setting described above is set to Enabled, the FSoE Slave Address	
Address	ble	is automatically set as an internal address for use with FSoE communications.	
		You can change the FSoE slave address. The setting range is from 1 to 65,535.	
		Set a unique FSoE slave address for each FSoE slave in the FSoE communications.	
		If the same FSoE slave address is set more than once, an error is displayed on the	
		Sysmac Studio.	

ltem	Editing	Description
FSoE	Possi-	This is the setting of the timeout value for FSoE communications between the Safety
Watchdog	ble	CPU Unit and the Safety I/O Unit.
Timer ^{*1}		The setting range is from the lowest value of the FSoE watchdog timers to 65,535 ms.
WDT auto	Possi-	This setting specifies the setting method for the FSoE watchdog timer (WDT).
setting ^{*1}	ble	Cleared: You can set the FSoE watchdog timer (WDT) to the desired value.

*1. Refer to Section 8 Calculating Safety Reaction Times on page 8-1 for information on setting the FSoE watchdog timers and the WDT auto setting.

Precautions for Safe Use

The relevant Units will maintain the safe states for I/O data with FSoE connections after an error is detected in FSoE communications. However, when the cause of the error is removed, FSoE communications will recover automatically.

If you need to prevent equipment from restarting when FSoE communications recover automatically, implement suitable restart conditions in the user program.



Version Information

- You can change the FSoE watchdog timers and the WDT auto setting with Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher.
- You can change the FSoE slave addresses with Sysmac Studio version 1.11 or higher.

5-4-2 Setting Up the CIP Safety Communications

Safety Network Number Settings for the NX Bus

Use the following procedure to set the Safety Network Number (SNN) for the NX bus.

1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

2 Select Configurations and Setup – Communications – Safety – EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click Safety Network Number Settings. The Safety Network Number Settings Tab Page is displayed.

Please define Safety Network Number to identify this NX bus network uniquely across all networks in the safety system.			
Safety network number (NX bus) 41BD011ED526			
Safety network devices on this NX bus:			
Position Device Name Product Information Node ID UNID			
Unit1 N1 NX-SL5700, 1.2 0x00000001 41BD011ED526_00000001			

3 Click the button located on the right side of Safety network number (NX bus). The Safety Network Number Settings Dialog Box is displayed.

Safety Network Number Settings
5NN Network Type: NX bus
Safety Network Number (SNN)
Auto
O Manual 0006
Hex Decimal
OK Cancel

When you click the **Auto** Option, the Safety Network Number (SNN) is automatically generated from the current time information of the computer on which the Sysmac Studio is running. When you click the **Manual** Option, enter a unique number that is not used in any other system.

4 Click the OK Button.

The Safety Network Number (SNN) is determined, and UNID is updated.



Additional Information

You can also enter the Safety Network Number (SNN) directly in the Safety Network Number Settings Tab Page.

Originator Connection Settings

To use the Safety CPU Unit as an originator device for CIP Safety, the CIP Safety communications need to be set. Use the following procedure to set the CIP Safety communications.

Adding Target Devices

Use the following procedure to add a target device to open a CIP Safety connection.

- 1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- Select Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety
 Connection Settings and double-click Connection Settings (Originator).
 Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page is displayed.
 A list of target devices that can be set for the connection is shown in the Toolbox.

Connection Settings1 N ×			
BusMaster/Unit1 NX-EIP201(X1)	Use CIP Safety communications and Tag Data Link commun	ications together 🔵 Allow 🧿 Deny	
you add connection settings, I/O por fter allocating device variables to the	t of the target I/O assembly will be generated on the Safety I/O port on the I/O Map, input and output values of connec	I/O Map. tion can be used in the program.	Go To I/O Map
▼ EtherNet/IP Port 1 (192.168.250		Safety Network Nur	nber : 4A2600F56C2C Import Export 🔻
Active In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment EPI [ms] Network Reaction Time [ms] Instance name
EtherNet/IP Port 2 (192.168.251)			nber : 4A2600F56C38 Import Export
Active In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment EPI (ms] Network Reaction Time [ms] Instance name
EDS Library for CIP Safety		Device Bandwidt	h Batch connection settings 🔻 TUNID Batch Settin

The Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page consists of the items shown in the following table.

Item	Description
Use CIP Safety communica- tions and Tag Data Link com-	Select whether the CIP Settings on the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit allow CIP Safety communications and tag data link communications to be used togeth-
munications together ^{*1}	er. Allow: Allows CIP Safety communications and tag data link communications to be used together
	Deny: Do not allow CIP Safety communications and tag data link communica- tions to be used together
EtherNet/IP Port 1	Settings of CIP Safety connections via the EtherNet/IP port 1 are listed. Safety Network Number: Specifies the SNN for the EtherNet/IP network for which the port 1 is connected Connection list: Connections grouped together by each target device are list- ed.
EtherNet/IP Port 2	Settings of CIP Safety connections via the EtherNet/IP port 2 are listed. Safety Network Number: Specifies the SNN for the EtherNet/IP network for which the port 2 is connected Connection list: Connections grouped together by each target device are list- ed.
Target Device	IP address, Unit number, and device name are displayed for the target device with which a CIP Safety connection is to be opened.
In/Out	Shows the data direction of each connection.
	III - Data to be received from the target device
	: Out - Data to be sent to the target device
Target I/O Assembly	I/O Assembly name of the target device with which a connection is to be opened is displayed.
Active	Enable/disable each connection. Selected: Connection is active. Not selected: Connection is inactive.
EPI [ms]	Specifies the Expected Packet Interval (data update cycle) in ms.
Network Reaction Time [ms]	Displays the value of the Network Reaction Time in ms. This is used in calcu- lating the safety reaction time.
Instance name	Name of the instance being managed in the program. Connection status can be checked if the connection is registered in the Watch Tab Page.
Go To I/O Map Button	Click this button to open the I/O Map Tab Page.
Device Bandwidth Button	Click this button to show bandwidth usage of originator connection.

Item	Description
Import Button	Click this button to open the Import Dialog Box.
Export Button	Output export file or Migrate to other EtherNet/IP port can be selected
	from the pull-down menu.
EDS Library for CIP Safety	Click this button to display the EDS Library for CIP Safety Dialog Box. You
Button	can install, uninstall, create, and export EDS files.

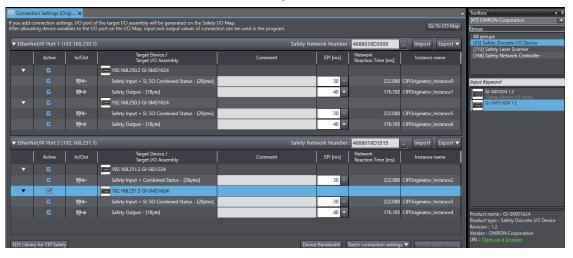
*1. This item is displayed when the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later and the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later are used, and setting the connection settings of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.



Additional Information

- If more than one CPU Unit or Communication Control Unit is connected to the same Ether-Net/IP network via a EtherNet/IP port, the same Safety Network Number should be set for the EtherNet/IP port of each Unit.
- For the NX502 CPU Units, CIP Safety communications via the built-in EtherNet/IP port can be used with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.64 or later. If you set CIP Safety communications with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version earlier than 1.64, use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- When the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later is used with the NX-series Ether-Net/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later, you can use tag data link and CIP Safety communications together in one NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- Since the I/O refresh time of the NX502 CPU Unit changes depending on the increase or decrease of the safety connections for CIP Safety communications, check the effect on the task execution time.

3 Select a target device to open a connection from the Toolbox. Drag and drop it on the connection list for either Port 1 or Port 2 to add the target device and default connection.



4

The dialog box is displayed to enter settings to calculate the EPI setting range and network reaction time. Enter the task period of the target controller and other settings. The dialog box and setting items displayed change with the target device and Sysmac Studio version as follows.

• Dialog box displayed when the target devices are the NX502 CPU Unit and Safety CPU Unit and Sysmac Studio version 1.58 or higher is used

NXS02/NX-SLSS00 Rev.1.1
Enter the task period of the target Controller. It will be used for calculation of EPI setting range and network reaction time. The following settings can be changed later.
Standard controller (NXS02) Primary Task Period: Ins Use Built-in EtherNet/IP Port Do not use Built-in EtherNet/ IP Port Use CIP Safety communications and Tag Data Link communications together Allow Deny
Safety CPU Unit (NX-SLS500) — Safety Task Period: 20 ms
OK

Item		Description
Standard controller	Primary task peri- od	Set the task period of the primary periodic task of the CPU Unit.
	Use of the built-in EtherNet/IP port	Select whether to use the built-in EtherNet/IP port of the CPU Unit as the communications port.
		Use Built-in EtherNet/IP Port: Select this option to use the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the CPU Unit. Do not use Built-in EtherNet/IP Port: Select this option to use the EtherNet/IP port on the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
	Use CIP Safety communications and Tag Data	Select whether the CIP Settings on the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit allow CIP Safety communications and tag data link communica- tions to be used together.
	Link communica- tions together	Allow: Allows CIP Safety communications and tag data link com- munications to be used together Deny: Do not allow CIP Safety communications and tag data link
		communications to be used together
Safety CPU Unit	Safety task peri- od	Set the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit.

• Dialog box displayed when the target devices are the NX502 CPU Unit and Safety CPU Unit and Sysmac Studio version lower than 1.58 is used

NX502/NX-SL5500 Rev.1.1	
Enter the task period of the target Controller. It will be used for calculation of EPI setting range and network respo The following settings can be changed later.	
Standard controller (NXS02)	
Primary Task Period: 1ms	
Use Built-in EtherNet/IP Port	
Safety CPU Unit (NX-SL5500)	
Safety Task Period : 20 ms	
	ОК

Item		Description
Standard con- troller	Primary task pe- riod	Set the task period of the primary periodic task of the CPU Unit.
	Use Built-in EtherNet/IP Port	Select this check box to use the built-in EtherNet/IP port of the CPU Unit as the communications port. Uncheck this check box to use the EtherNet/IP port of the NX- series EtherNet/IP Unit as the communications port.

ltem		Description
Safety CPU	Safety task peri-	Set the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit.
Unit	od	

• Dialog box displayed when the target devices are the NX102 CPU Unit and Safety CPU Unit



Item		Description
Standard controller Primary task period		Set the task period of the primary periodic task of the CPU
		Unit.
Safety CPU Unit Safety task period		Set the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit.

 Dialog box displayed when the target devices are the Communication Control Unit and Safety CPU Unit

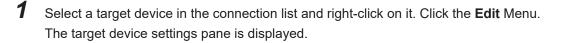
NX-CSG/NX-SL5500 Rev.1.1	
Enter the task period of the target Controller. It will be used for calculation of EPI setting range and network reaction The following settings can be changed later.	
Safety CPU Unit (NX-SL5500)	
Safety Task Period: 20 ms	
0	ĸ

Item		Description
Safety CPU Unit Safety task period		Set the safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit.

• When the target devices are different from the above combinations The configuration dialog box is not displayed.

Setting the Target Device IP Address

Use the following procedure to set the address of the target device to open CIP Safety connection.



NX-SL5700 Rev.1.1	×
General X Task period X Property X	
Standard controller	\neg
Product Name: NX-CSG	
IP Address: 192.16812	
Safety CPU Unit	
Product Name: NX-SL5700	
Revision: 1.1	
NX Unit Number: 1	
	-
Safety network number (NX bus): 41BD0132D14D	
Node ID: 0x00000001 (Fixed value)	
TUNID: 41BD0132D14D_0000001	
OK Cancel	

Change the displayed settings according to the actual target device settings.

The settings depend on a type of the target device as shown in the following table.

Target device type	Setting Items
Safety CPU Unit	IP Address: Specify the IP address for the EtherNet/IP port of the CPU
	Unit, Communication Control Unit, or EtherNet/IP Unit.
	NX Unit Number: Specify the NX Unit number of the Safety CPU Unit.
	Safety network number (NX bus): Specify the SNN in the TUNID that is set
	in the target Safety CPU Unit.
Other EtherNet/IP Safety devices	IP Address: Specify the IP address of the target device.



Additional Information

On the **Task period** Tab Page in the target device settings pane, you can set the task period of the target controller. The setting items shown on the tab page are the same as the items on the dialog box to configure the task period, etc in *Adding Target Devices* on page 5-14. For example, when the target devices are the NX502 CPU Unit and Safety CPU Unit and Sysmac Studio version 1.58 or higher is used, **Task period** Tab Page is displayed as follows.

NX-SL5500 Rev. 1.1				
General	× Task peri	od	× Property	×
Enter the task period of t It will be used for calcula			response time.	
Standard controller				
Primary Task Period				
Use Built-in Ether				
Do not use Built-				
Allow	 Communications an Deny 	d Tag Data Link c	ommunications togethe	f
C Safety CPU Unit				
Safety Task Period :	20			
			ОК	Cancel

• Editing Connection Parameters

Use the following procedure to edit connection parameters for CIP Safety connections.

If you select "Open Only" for the Open Type setting, make sure to verify that the originator/target have correct configurations. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.	0

1 Select a connection for which the parameters need to be edited in the connection list and rightclick on it. Click **Edit** Menu.

The Connection Assignment Dialog Box is displayed.

Connection Assignment to 192.168.250.2/Unit1 NX	(-SL5700 Rev.1.1
Coriginator Device	Target Device
Address: NXBusMaster/Unit1	Address: 192.168.250.2/Unit1
Product Name : NX-SL5700	Product Name : NX-SL5700
I/O Port: Reference I/O Map	I/O Assembly : Input Assembly 1 - [168ytes] 🔻
Connection Type : Multicast Connection	
Hide Detais	
Copen Type	
Configure Target Device (Type1) Check Sat	fety Signature (Type2a) 💿 Open Only (Type2b)
Expected Packet Interval (EPI)	
Expected Packet Interval (EPI): 80 🗸 n	ns
Timeout: EPI × 2 🔻 n	ns
Network delay : 0 n	ns
Network Reaction Time : 348.096 n	ns
0	K Cancel

Item	Description
I/O Assembly	I/O assemblies of the target device for which a safety connection can be opened are listed.
Connection Type	For input connection (receiving from the target device), select either Point to Point Connection or Multicast Connection .
Open Type	Select a type for connection opening. Configure Target Device: Perform configuration of the target device when a connection is established. For the Safety CPU Unit, this item cannot be selected. Check Safety Signature: Uses the safety signature to check if the target devices are properly configured when establishing the connection. The safety signature consists of the Safety Configuration CRC and the Safety Configuration Time Stamp. When the target device is the Safety CPU Unit, this item cannot be selected. Open Only: Configuration check is not executed when establishing the connection.
Expected Packet Interval (EPI)	Set an interval for communications of safety process data between the originator and the target.
Timeout	Specify a timeout time using a multiple of the EPI value, allowed for de- termining a communications error. The default setting is EPI x 2 [ms] (timeout is allowed just once).

Item	Description
Network Delay	Set the transmission delay time on the network. The default setting is 0
	[ms].
Network Reaction Time	Value of the connection response performance is shown in ms. This is
	used in calculating safety reaction time.

2 Specify the connection parameter and click the **OK** Button. A new connection is added to the connection list.

Adding Connections

Use the following procedure to add a CIP Safety connection with the target device.

1 Select a target device in the connection list and right-click on it. Click the **Create New Connection** Menu.

The Connection Assignment Dialog Box is displayed.



2 Specify the connection parameters and click the **OK** Button. A new connection is added to the connection list.

EPI Batch Setting

The function of EPI Batch Setting can change the EPI of the CIP Safety connections at once. Refer to *8-4 EPI (Data Packet Interval)* on page 8-11 for the EPI (Data Packet Interval). The procedure to use EPI Batch Setting is described below.

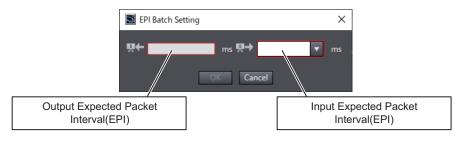
- 1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- 2 Go to Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click Connection Settings (Originator). The following Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page is displayed.

	s to the I/O port on the I/O P	sembly will be generated on the Safety Map, input and output values of connec	tion can be used in the program.			Go To I/O I
				Safety Network Number :	4886018D3509	Import Expor
Active	In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI [ms]	Network Reaction Time [ms]	Instance name
therNet/IP Port 2 (192.1	168.251.1)			Safety Network Number :	4886018D3515	Import Expo
	168.251.1) In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	Safety Network Number :	4886018D3515 Network Reaction Time [ms]	Import Expor
					Network	
					Network	
					Network	
					Network	

3 Click the **Batch connection settings** button to select **EPI Batch Setting**.

▼ EtherN	Net/IP Port 2 (1	192.168.250.1)		Safety Network Number	: 453A0130DB56
	Active	In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI [ms] Network Reaction Ti
•			192.168.250.3 GI-SMD1624		
		₽	Safety Input + SI, SO Combined Status - [2Bytes]		20 👻
		₽⇒	Safety Output - [1Byte]		20 🔻
			192.168.250.2 GI-SID1224		
		9	Safety Input + Combined Status - [2Bytes]		20 👻
<					>
				Device Bandwidth	gs TUNID Batch Setting
Build				EPI Batch Setting	- 4 X
	s 👔 0 Warn				

The EPI Batch Setting window is displayed.



Item	Description
Input Expected Packet Interval (EPI)	Enter an EPI value for the CIP Safety input connections.
Output Expected Packet Interval (EPI)	Enter an EPI value for the CIP Safety output connections. You can select from the EPI values that can be set.

4 Click the **OK** button.

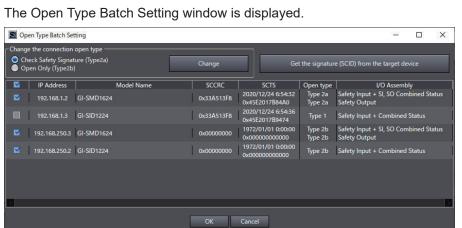
The EPI value that you entered or selected will be reflected in each CIP Safety connection setting in the project file.

• Connection Open Type Batch Setting

The function of Connection Open Type Batch Setting can switch open types of connection parameters of CIP Safety connections at once. In addition, you can obtain safety signatures online from each target device on the network and reflect it in the target device settings. Refer to Editing Connection Parameters on page 5-20 for connection open types. The procedure to use Open Type Batch Setting is described below.

- 1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- 2 Go to Configurations and Setup - Communications - Safety - EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click Connection Settings (Originator). The following Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page is displayed.
- 3 Click the Batch connection settings button to select Open Type Batch Setting.

r EtherNet/IP Port 2 (192.168.250.1)				Safety Network Numbe	r: 453A0130D	B56
	Active	In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI [ms]	Network Reaction 1
•			192.168.250.3 GI-SMD1624			
		₽	Safety Input + SI, SO Combined Status - [2Bytes]		20 🔻	
		₽→	Safety Output - [1Byte]		20 🔻	
•			192.168.250.2 GI-SID1224			
		₽ ←	Safety Input + Combined Status - [2Bytes]		20 🔻	
-						
				Device Bandwidth Batch connection settin	TUNID B	atch Setting
				EPI Batch Setting		
tput				Open Type Batch Se	and the second se	- 4
ormation	Bu	uild started: App	lication:	Open lype batch se	ung	



The Open Type Batch Setting window consists of the items shown in the following table.

Item	Description
Target Device Selec-	Select target devices that change the open types or those that obtain and
tion Check Box	change the signature codes. Unchecked target devices are not be subject to
	setting changes.
Target List	Displays IP addresses, model names, signature codes (SCCRC and SCTS),
	open types of each connection, and I/O assemblies, of target devices.
The Type 2a/Type 2b	Select the open type.
Selection Button	Type2a: Check Safety Signature
	Type2b: Open Only
The Change Button	Reflects the open types selected with the Type 2a/Type 2b buttons in the tar- get list.
	At that point in time when you click the Change button, they are not reflected
	in the project file. Only after you click the OK button, they will be reflected in
	the project file.

Item	Description
The Get the signature	When you connect to the Communication Control Unit online, you can obtain
(SCID) from the	the signature codes from the target devices for which Type 2a are set in the
target device Button	open types.

The text colors will change to red when you change any settings.

Check Safety Signature (Type2a) Open Only (Type2b) I IP Address Model Name 192.168.1.2 GI-SMD1624 192.168.1.3 GI-SID1224	Change SCCRC 0x33A513F8	Ge SCTS 2020/12/24 6:54:32 0x45E2017B84A0	Open type Type 2a	e (SCID) from the target device //O Assembly Safety Input + SI, SO Combined Status
192.168.1.2 GI-SMD1624	0x33A513F8	2020/12/24 6:54:32	Type 2a	
				Safety Input + SI, SO Combined Status
103 108 1 3 CI SID1334	0 0.2 X 400 00		Type 2a	Safety Output
192.100.1.5 GI-SID1224	0x33A513F8	2020/12/24 6:54:36 0x45E2017B9474	Type 1	Safety Input + Combined Status
M 192.168.250.3 GI-SMD1624	0x33A513F8	2020/12/03 8:38:08 0x45CD01D13920		Safety Input + SI, SO Combined Status Safety Output
192.168.250.2 GI-SID1224	0x33A513F8	2020/12/03 8:28:12 0x45CD01D14921	Type 2a	Safety Input + Combined Status
	ОК	Cancel		

4 Confirm the changed contents and click the **OK** button.

The set open types and safety signatures (SCCRC and SCTS) of the target devices will be reflected in the project file.

Additional Information

Change the open type to Type2a and then press the **Get the signature (SCID) from the target device** button to obtain safety signatures from the target devices.

• Target Device Operation

This function sets and operates a target device on the network online. The availability of each function depends on the operation specifications of the target device.

Function	Description	Calling method
Clear Memory	Clears the settings of target de-	Right-click the device to be set and select Target
	vice.	Device – Clear Memory.
TCP/IP Settings	Sets such as the IP address of the	Right-click the device to be set and select Target
	target device.	Device – TCP/IP Settings.
TUNID Setting (In-	Sets TUNID of the target device.	Right-click the device to be set and select Target
dividually)		Device – TUNID Setting.
TUNID Batch Set-	Sets TUNID of multiple target de-	Click the TUNID Batch Setting button.
ting	vices at once.	
Restart	Restarts the target device.	Right-click the device to be set and select Target
		Device – Restart.

Batch Export

You can use the batch export function to output CIP Safety connection settings for each EtherNet/IP port to an export file or move the settings to other EtherNet/IP port. The procedure for outputting to an export file is shown below.

1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

- 2 Go to Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click Connection Settings (Originator).
- **3** Click the **Export** Button and select **Output export file**.

1 (192.168.250.1)		Safety Netv	work Number	: 4886018D3509	Import Export	[35] Safety Discrete I/O E
In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI [ms]	Network Reaction Time [ms]	instance n	put export file
	192.168.250.2 GI-SMD1624				Mig	rate to other EtherNet/IP port
9 4-	Safety Input + SI, SO Combined Status - [2Bytes]		30 🔻	222.080	CIPOriginator_Instance(Input Keyword
₽	Safety Output - [1Byte]		40 💌	176.192	CIPOriginator_Instance1	
	192.168.250.3 GI-SMD1624					GI-SMD1624 1.2
1000					c100 · · · · · · ·	Safety Describe (/O de

The Output export file Dialog Box is displayed.

📓 Ou	tput export file	1000		X
Destin	ation:			
_ Sele	ct target devices			
	192.168.250.2 GI-SMD1624			
	192.168.250.3 GI-SID1224			
	192.168.250.4 GI-SMD1624			
	192.168.250.5 GI-SMD1624			
		_	_	
1				
≤ 1				

The contents of the setting dialog box are as follows.

Item	Description
Destination	Specify the export file (.tdsg extension) for the destination.
Select target devices	Select the target devices to output to the export file.

4 Select the destination and target devices and click the Execute Button.A batch export file for CIP Safety connection settings with a .tdsg extension is saved.

Batch Import

You can use the batch import function to import CIP Safety connection settings for each EtherNet/IP port. Use the following procedure.

1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

- 2 Go to Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click Connection Settings (Originator).
- **3** Click the **Import** Button.

1 (192.168.250.1)		Sa	fety Network Number :	4886018D3509	Import f	Export 🔻
In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI [ms]	Network Reaction Time [ms]	Instance na	me

The Import Dialog Box is displayed.

M Import	, ⇒s		×
Import file:			
Import options			
Import the target devices only			
Import the target devices and assigned variables			
Import the target devices and assigned variables includin	g variat	ole	
 comments (The displayed comment cannot be selected because it is than Comment 1.) 	selecte	d for oth	er
C Warning			
When assigning a lot of variables, importing assigned variable time.	s can ta	ke a long	9
Execute Cancel			

The contents of the setting dialog box are as follows.

ltem	Description
Import file	Specify the file to be imported (extension .tdsg).
Import op-	Select the import option. You can import data including assigned variables and variable
tions	comments.
	If the display comment is selected other than comment 1 in the option setting, the varia-
	ble comments cannot be imported.

Select the import file and import option, and click the **Execute** Button. The connection settings to be imported are added to the Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page.

Precautions for Correct Use

When you import the target device configuration file, the data integrity is not checked by CRC. Always validate the correct configuration under your responsibility after the import and assure proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

Target I/O Assembly Settings

To execute the CIP Safety I/O communications between the Safety CPU Units, you need to configure the I/O Assembly settings on the target Safety CPU Unit.

This section describes the procedure to enable or disable the I/O Assembly on the I/O Assembly Settings Tab Page in the Sysmac Studio.



Δ

In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

2 Select Configurations and Setup – Communications – Safety – EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click I/O Assembly Settings (Target). The I/O Assembly Settings (Target) Tab Page is displayed.

I/O Assembly	Settings (Ta	×			+
		ty I/O Ports when an I/O			
You can use I/O v	alues of the	following I/O assemblie	s on safety programs.	nabled. if you assign device variables to the I/O ports on I/O Map view.	Go To I/O Map
				······································	
					Export
Active/Inactive	In/Out	I/O Assembly Name	Data Size [byte]	Description	
		Input Assembly 1	16	This Input assembly contains 128 entries of SAFEBOOL type Input entry.	
		Input Assembly 2	16	This Input assembly contains 128 entries of SAFEBOOL type Input entry.	
		Input Assembly 3	8	This Input assembly contains 64 entries of SAFEBOOL type Input entry.	
			8	This Output assembly contains 64 entries of SAFEBOOL type Output entry.	
and the second second					

The I/O Assembly Settings (Target) Tab Page consists of the items shown in the following table.

Item	Description	
Active/Inactive	Use this box to enable or disable each I/O Assembly. When you ena-	
Active/Inactive Use this box to enable or disable each I/O Asseble the assembly, a port is added to the I/O Masseble the assembly is enabled. Not selected: I/O Assembly is enabled. In/Out Shows the data direction of each I/O Assembly In – Data sent to the originator device.	ble the assembly, a port is added to the I/O Map.	
	Selected: I/O Assembly is enabled.	
	Not selected: I/O Assembly is disabled.	
In/Out	Shows the data direction of each I/O Assembly.	
	III – Data sent to the originator device.	
	: Out – Data received from the originator device.	
I/O Assembly Name	ssembly Name The name of each I/O Assembly is displayed. It is same as the port	
	name displayed on the I/O Map.	
Data Size [byte]	The byte size of each I/O Assembly is displayed.	
Description	The description of each I/O Assembly is displayed.	
Go To I/O Map Button	Click this button to open the I/O Map Tab Page.	
Export Button	Exports the target device settings as a file (extension .tds).	

The following lists the types of selectable I/O Assembly.

Name	Assembly num- ber	Data direction	Size
InputAssembly 1	768(0x300)	Input – Data sent to the origi- nator device	16 bytes (SAFEBOOL × 128)
InputAssembly 2	769(0x0301)	Input – Data sent to the origi- nator device	16 bytes (SAFEBOOL × 128)
InputAssembly 3	770(0x0302)	Input – Data sent to the origi- nator device	8 bytes (SAFEBOOL × 64)
OutputAssembly 1	928(0x03A0)	Output – Data received from the originator device	8 bytes (SAFEBOOL × 64)

The activated I/O Assembly is displayed as a port on the I/O Map of the originator device to communicate with as shown below. You can use it on a safety program by assigning a variable to the I/O port.

💣 I/O Map	×						-
Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type	
	CPU/Expansion Racks						_
	EtherNet/IP Port 1 (Originator)						
	EtherNet/IP Port 2 (Originator)						
	▼ StherNet/IP Port 1/2 (Target)						
NXBusM	NX-SL5700						
	Input Assembly 1						
	▼ Byte1						
	Byte1_bit0	W	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit1	w	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit2	w	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit3	W	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit4	W	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit5	W	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit6	W	SAFEBOOL				
	Byte1_bit7	W	SAFEBOOL				
	▶ Byte2						
	► Byte3						
	▶ Byte4						
	▶ Byte5						
	► Byte6						
	▶ Byte7						
	► Byte8						



Precautions for Correct Use

The I/O Assembly for the Safety CPU Unit cannot be used with the tag data link connection.

Connecting Target Devices of Other Manufacturers

To configure the CIP Safety communication settings for target devices manufactured by other companies, you need to create or install the EDS file for non-OMRON target devices.

• Creating an EDS File

This function can create an EDS file to set CIP Safety connections with a CIP Safety target device.



Precautions for Correct Use

- · For contents to be specified, contact the manufacturer of the target devices.
- Always validate correct operations of the connection established by using the created EDS files under your responsibility before you use it for actual operation. If there is an error in the created EDS file, the Safety CPU Unit and the target device may not be able to connect.
- You can determine the created EDS (target device) by the EDSFileCRC since the EDSFileCRC is automatically generated according to the contents of the EDS file. Make sure that the displayed EDSFileCRC is what you intended, when you use the created EDS (target device).

The following procedure describes how to create an EDS file.

1 Right-click on the Connection Settings (Originator) screen and select the menu **EDS Library for CIP Safety**.

The EDS Library for CIP Safety screen is displayed.



2 Click the **New EDS file** button.

The New EDS file window is displayed.

I/O Assembly	Input only	Output or	ly	
Item Name		Value		
Device Information				
Vendor ID	12			
Vendor Name	A Corporati	on		
Product Type	50			
Product Type String	Safety Discr	ete I/O Device		
Product Code	1680			
Product Name	New Device			
Major Revision	2			
Minor Revision	3			
afety Input				
Input Assembly Instance	1024			
Output Assembly Instance	2048			
Data Size	1			
Multicast				
Max Consumer Number	15			
afety Output				
Input Assembly Instance	4096			
Output Assembly Instance	8192			
Data Size	3			
Configuration Assembly				
Configuration Assembly Instan	ce 512			

Specify the information of the target device.

Item	Description
I/O Assembly	Select the I/O assembly supported by the target device. Input and Output: Select Input and Output when the target device supports the input and output connections. Input only: Select Input only when the target device supports the input connec- tion only. Output only: Select Output only when the target device supports the output connection only.
Device Information	Specify the ID information of the device.

Item	Description
Vendor ID	Specify the vendor ID of the target device.
	Used for the connection settings with the target device.
Vendor Name	Specify the vendor name of the target device.
	Used for display on the Sysmac Studio.
Product Type	Specify the product type of the target device.
	Used for the connection settings with the target device.
Product Type String	Specify the vendor name of the target device.
	Used for display on the Sysmac Studio.
Product Code	Specify the product code of the target device.
Draduat Nama	Used for the connection settings with the target device.
Product Name	Specify the product name of the target device. Used for display on the Sysmac Studio.
Major Revision	Specify the major revision of the target device.
	Used for the connection settings with the target device.
Minor Revision	Specify the minor revision of the target device.
	Used for the connection settings with the target device.
Safety Input	Enter the safety input connection information.
Input Assembly In-	Specify the instance number of the input assembly for the safety input connec-
stance	tion.
Output Assembly In-	Specify the instance number of the output assembly for the safety input con-
stance	nection.
Data Size	Specify the data size of the safety input connection.
Multicast	Check the check box to use the multicast connection.
Max Consumer	Specify the maximum number of consumers when you use the multicast con-
Number	nection.
Safety output	Enter the safety output connection information.
Input Assembly In-	Specify the instance number of the input assembly for the safety output con-
stance	nection.
Output Assembly In-	Specify the instance number of the output assembly for the safety output con-
stance	nection.
Data Size	Specify the data size of the safety output connection.
Configuration Assem-	Enter the configuration assembly information.
bly	
Configuration As-	Specify the instance number of the configuration assembly.
sembly Instance	
Format Type	Specify the format type of the CIP Safety communications.
Safety Format Sup-	Select the supported format from the following.
port	Base Only: Only Base format is supported.
	Extended Only: Only Extended format is supported (default). Base and Extended: Both Base and Extended formats are supported.
	base and Extended, both base and Extended formals are supported.

3 Click the **OK** button to display the EDS contents to be created. Check the contents and click the **OK** button.

Create and install an EDS file containing the following. Are you sure to cont \$ OMRON Sysmac Studio Generated Electronic Data Sheet [File] DescText = ""; CreateDate = 01-01-2020; CreateTime = 00:00:00; ModTime = 00:00:00; Revision = 1.0; EDSFileCRC = 0x049866FE; [Device] VendName = "A Corporation"; ProdType = 50; ProdType = 50; ProdType = 1680; MajRev = 2; MinRev = 3; ProdName = "New Device"; [Device Classification] Class1 = EtherNetIP; Class2 = Safety; [Params] Param1 = 0, \$ reserved, sha ixxAD4, \$ Descriptor oxC8, \$ Data Type 4, \$ Data Size in """, \$ units """, \$ data Size in """, \$ units """, \$ units """, \$ decimal place Param101 = 0, \$ reserved, sha ixxAD4, \$ Descriptor S decimal place Param101 = 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ link Path Size 1 units """, \$ decimal place Param101 = 0, \$ reserved, sha 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ link Path Size 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ reserved, sha 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ link Path Size 0, \$ decimal place 0, \$ link Path Size 0, \$ link Path	📓 New E	DS file		5 <u></u>		×
<pre>[Device] VendCode = 12; VendName = "A Corporation"; ProdType = 50; ProdTypestr = "Safety Discrete I/O Device"; ProdCode = 1680; MajRev = 2; MinRev = 3; ProdName = "New Device"; [Device Classification] Class1 = EtherNetIP; Class2 = Safety; [Params] Param1 = 0, \$ reserved, sha i, \$ Link Path Siz 0xC8, \$ Data Type 4, \$ Data Size in "me", \$ units "", \$ units "", \$ help string 10000,1000000,10000, \$ mult, div, ba 0; \$ decimal place Param101 =</pre>	\$ OMRON	Sysmac Studio Generated Electr DescText = ""; CreateDate = 01-01-2020; CreateTime = 00:000; ModDate = 01-01-2020; ModTime = 00:00:00; Revision = 1.0;				
<pre>Class1 = EtherNetIP; Class2 = Safety; [Params] o, \$ reserved, sha 0, \$ Link Path Siz 0x0A04, \$ Descriptor 0xC8, \$ Data Type 4, \$ Data Size in "BEI", \$ name "ms", \$ units "", \$ help string 1,1000,1,0, \$ mult, div, ba 0; \$ decimal place Param101 = \$ decimal place</pre>	[Device]	VendCode = 12; VendName = "A Corporation"; ProdType = 50; ProdTypeStr = "Safety Discrete ProdCode = 1680; MajRev = 2; MiRev = 3;	e I/O De	wice";		
<pre>Param1 =</pre>	[Device	Class1 = EtherNetIP;				
	[Params]	Param1 = 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,	\$ Lin \$ Des \$ Dat \$ Dat \$ nam \$ uni \$ hel \$ mul \$ mul \$ dec	k Path criptor a Type a Size ts p strin , max, t, div, t, div, t, div,	Size, L in byte default base, base, aces	ink s da off off

4 The created EDS file is registered in the EDS Library for CIP Safety screen. After the registration is completed, the EDSFileCRC will be displayed in the dialog.

Install EDS file				
Finished installing the EDS file. CRC of the EDS file is 16#D498 OK				
EDS Library for CIP Safety		-		×
■ Vendor E [47] OMRON Corporation E [12] A Corporation				
Install Uninstall Close	se	New EDS	file	xport

• Exporting the EDS File

You can reuse the created EDS file on other computers by exporting it. The procedure to export the EDS file is described below. **1** Right-click on the Connection Settings (Originator) screen and select the menu **EDS Library for CIP Safety**.

The EDS Library for CIP Safety screen is displayed.

2 Click the **Export** button.

The export window is displayed.

→ * ↑	is PC > Desktop > New folder					~	ō	Search New folder		م
							0			
rganize 🔻 New folde	Name	Status	Date modified	T	Size			8	•	?
📌 Quick access	Name	Status		Туре	Size					
This PC			No item	s match your search.						
Network										
File name: samp	e.eds									
Save as type: CIP Sa	fety EDS file (*.eds)									

Specify the folder and the file name and then click the Save button to save the EDS file.

• Installing the EDS File

You can install and reuse EDS files created on other computers. The procedure to install the EDS file is described below.

1 Right-click on the Connection Settings (Originator) screen and select the menu **EDS Library for CIP Safety**.

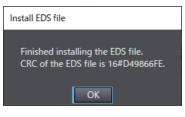
	settings, I/O port of the target I/O a	ssembly will be generated on the Safety I
After allocating device EtherNet/IP Port 		Map, input and output values of connect
Active	In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly
	Create new connection Edit Cut Copy Paste Delete	
	Import Export	
▼ EtherNet/IP Port	2 Expand All/Collapse All	
Active	EDS Library for CIP Safety	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly

The EDS Library for CIP Safety screen is displayed.



2 Click the **Install** button and select the EDS file for the target device you will add. Then, click the **Open** button.

After the installation is completed, the EDSFileCRC will be displayed in the dialog. Make sure the intended EDS is installed.



3 The non-OMRON target device is added to the EDS Library for CIP Safety.

4 Click the **Close** button to close the EDS Library for CIP Safety screen. The device registered to the EDS Library for CIP Safety is displayed in the list of connectable target devices in the Toolbox on the Connection Settings (Originator) screen.



Precautions for Correct Use

- EDS files (target devices) with different EDSFileCRCs are registered as different target devices.
- In order to open a project file, you need to install the EDS files for the target devices included in the project file.



Additional Information

- For some target devices, the CIP Safety communication settings can be configured by installing EDS files provided by target device manufacturers.
- For details on the target devices that can be configured in the CIP Safety communication settings, contact the manufacturer of the target devices.

Uninstalling the EDS File

To uninstall the EDS file, select a target device to delete from the list on the EDS Library for CIP Safety screen, and then click the **Uninstall** button.

5-4-3 Calculating the Number of Connections

• Calculating the Number of Safety I/O Connections for the Safety CPU Unit

You must specify the total number of CIP Safety originator connections, CIP Safety target connections, and FSoE master connections, which must be set within the number of safety I/O connections that you can set for the Safety CPU Unit. You cannot set the number that exceeds the number of safety I/O connections that you can set.



Precautions for Correct Use

There is a restriction on the data size that can be communicated between the Safety CPU Unit and the NX Bus Master, as well as the restrictions on the number of Safety I/O connections. This data size includes exposed variables. You can check the usage on the Memory Usage Tab Page of the Sysmac Studio.

Counting the Number of CIP Safety Originator Connections

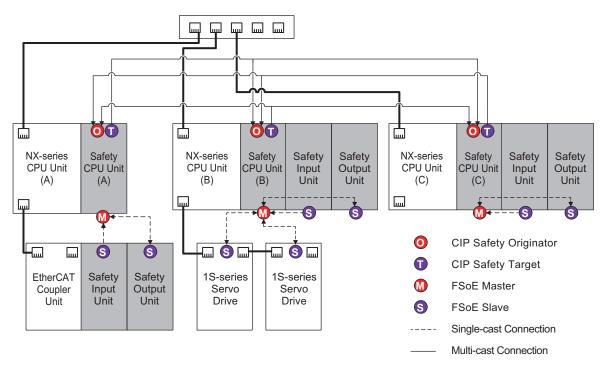
For the CIP Safety originator connections, you can establish a unidirectional input or output communication with a CIP Safety target per connection. Two connections are used to establish bidirectional input and output communications.

Counting the Number of CIP Safety Target Connections

CIP Safety target connections have the single-cast connection and the multi-cast connection. For the single-cast connection, you can establish a unidirectional input or output communication with a CIP Safety originator per connection. Two connections are used to establish bidirectional input and output communications.

For the multi-cast connection, you can establish a unidirectional input communication with multiple CIP Safety originators per connection.

- Counting the Number of FSoE Master Connections For the FSoE master connections, you can establish bidirectional input and output communications with a FSoE slave per connection.
- Example of Calculating the Number of Safety I/O Connections A calculation example of using the combination of the NX-series CPU Units and Safety CPU Units is given below.



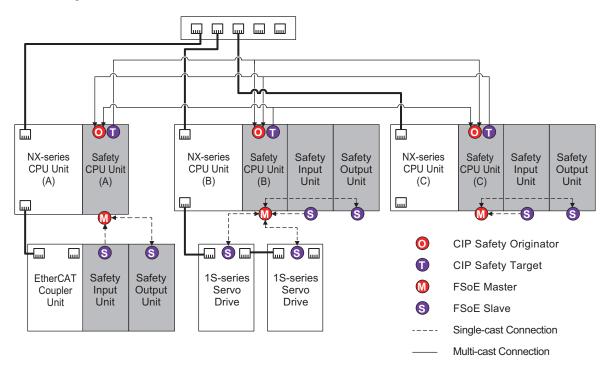
	Number of CIP Safe- ty originator connec- tions (X)	Number of CIP Safe- ty target connec- tions (Y)	Number of FSoE master connec- tions (Z)	Total (X+Y +Z)
Safety CPU Unit (A)	2	1	2	5
Safety CPU Unit (B)	2	1	4	7
Safety CPU Unit (C)	2	1	2	5

Calculating the Number of Routable CIP Safety Connections for the NXseries CPU Unit or NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit

You must specify the total number (m+n) of targets that establish connections as an originator (m) and originators that establish connections as a target (n), which must be set within the maximum number of routable CIP Safety connections for the NX-series CPU Unit. If you set a number that exceeds the maximum number of routable CIP Safety connections, the *CIP Safety Originator Connection Not Established Error* (80310000 hex) will occur. In addition, if the total number of CIP Safety originator connections and CIP Safety target connections exceeds the number of routable CIP Safety connections, you cannot perform the connection settings.

If a multi-cast connection is opened for multiple CIP Safety originators and connections, the number of originators that establish connections as a target becomes the number of CIP Safety originators. If more than one single-cast connection is established for a CIP Safety target device, the number of targets that have established connections as an originator is equal to the number of single-cast connections.

• Example of Calculating the Maximum Number of Routable CIP Safety Connections A calculation example of using the combination of the NX-series CPU Units and Safety CPU Units is given below.



	Number of targets that estab- lish connections as an origi- nator (m)	Number of originators that establish connections as a target (n)	Total (m+n)
NX-series CPU Unit (A)	2	2	4
NX-series CPU Unit (B)	2	2	4
NX-series CPU Unit (C)	2	2	4

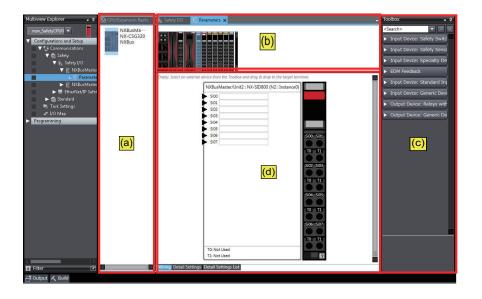
5-5 Safety I/O Functions

You set the safety input functions and safety output functions of the Safety I/O Units when you assign input devices and output devices to the Safety I/O Units with the Sysmac Studio.

This section describes how to assign devices that are connected. Refer to *4-3-1 Safety Input Function* on page 4-10 and *4-3-2 Safety Output Function* on page 4-32 for details on the safety input functions and safety output functions.

- 1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- **2** Go to **Configurations and Setup Communications Safety Safety I/O**. Under the Safety I/O Unit name, double-click **Parameters**.

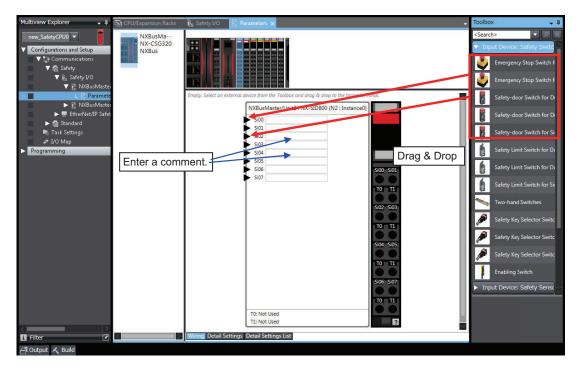
The Parameters Tab Page shown below is displayed.



The items in the Parameters Tab Page of safety slave unit setting are described below.

Letter	Name	Function
(a)	NX Bus Master	This pane lists NX bus masters to which the Safety I/O Unit that can perform
	List Pane	safety communications with the Safety CPU Unit is mounted.
(b)	NX Unit Config-	This pane shows the configuration of the NX Units that are connected to the
	uration Pane	NX bus master.
(c)	Toolbox	The toolbox displays the input and output devices that can be set for the
		Safety I/O Units.
(d)	Parameter Set-	This pane is used to make settings for the input and output devices that are
	tings Pane	set for the Safety I/O Units. You can arrange the devices, set diagnosis func-
		tions, change icons, etc.
		Refer to A-8 Icon list for Safety Slave Unit Parameters on page A-86 for de-
		tails on changing icons.

3 Select a device from the Toolbox to connect to the safety input terminal or safety output terminal of the Safety I/O Units, and drag it to the desired I/O terminal.



When you drag the device to connect to a terminal where it can be dropped, a + mark appears below the mouse cursor as shown below.

Empty. Select an external device from the	Toolbox and drag & drop to the target termina	al.
[[Node1/Unit2 : NX-SID800 (N40 : Instance26)	
	Si00	
	si01	_
	5102	
	Si03	
	Si05	
▶	Si06	Si00 Si01
▶	Si07	
		T0 T1
		Si02 Si03
		T0 T1
		Si04 Si05
		T0 T1
		Si06 Si07
		T0 T1
	T0: Not Used	
	T1: Not Used	?
Wiring Detail Settings Detail Settings List		

4 When you complete the settings, the following is displayed. Change the settings and enter comments.

Multiview Explorer 🚽 📮	CPU/Expansion Racks	🚺 Safety I/O 👔 Parameters 🗙	•	Toolbox 🚽 🖡
new_SafetyCPU0 Configurations and Setup Configurations and Setup Communications Q Safety V Safety //O	NXBusMa NX-CSG320 NXBus			Search> P Input Device: Safety Switc Emergency Stop Switch f Emergency Stop Switch f
Y ≧ NAButMate Li Parante E NAButMate F ≧ NAButMate F ≧ NAButMate F ≧ Stadard Task Settings # 1/0 Map Programming		Emergency Stop Switch for Dual Channel Equivalent	NXBusMaster/Unit2 : NX-SID800 (N2 : Instanc 500 501 70 71 502 503 70 71 71	Safety-door Switch for DI Safety-door Switch for DI Safety-door Switch for DI Safety-door Switch for Si Safety Limit Switch for DI Safety Limit Switch for DI Safety Limit Switch for Si Safety Limit Switch for Si
		Rt Safety Light Curtain	SIO4 SIO5 T1 T1 SIO5 SIO7	Safety Key Selector Swite Safety Key Selector Swite Safety Key Selector Swite Enabling Switch Input Device: Safety Sense Safety Light Curtain
Filter			T0: Test Output (mechanical contact) T1: Test Output (mechanical contact)	[Overview] • This should be used for Safety Light Curtain. • Uses 2 input channels. • Input settings are as
占 Output 🔨 Build				

Refer to 4-3-1 Safety Input Function on page 4-10 and 4-3-2 Safety Output Function on page 4-32 for the I/O devices that you can connect and the settings for each I/O device.

Precautions for Correct Use

If you select an input device that cannot be set for a Safety Input Unit, an error will occur and the frame around the input device will be displayed in red.

🎘 Single Beam Sa	fety Senso	or	
	Ŭ¢.	OSSD1	



Additional Information

The I/O terminal comments on the Parameters Tab Page are linked to the device variable comments and the global variable comments.

5

5-6 Registering Device Variables

Device variables are used to access data in devices (slaves and Units). This data is accessed through a port that acts as an interface to an external device. This logical port is called an "I/O Port".

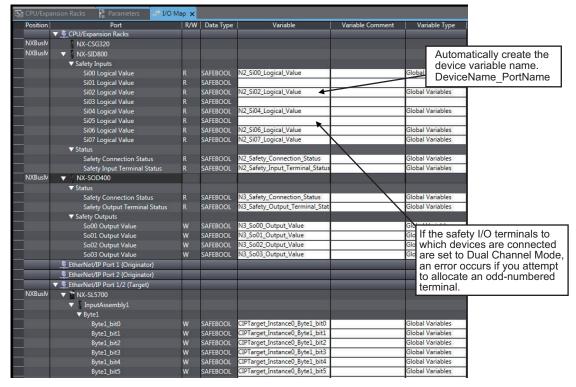
To make the values of the I/O on the Safety I/O Units, Safety I/O Terminal and the other Safety CPU Unit available in the safety program in the Safety CPU Unit, you must register device variables for the I/O ports on the Safety I/O Units, Safety I/O Terminal and the other Safety CPU Unit. This section describes how to assign device variables to I/O ports through the I/O Map of the Safety CPU Unit.

• Registering New Variables or Creating Them Automatically

If the Controller configuration and the external devices to connect are finalized before you register the variables that are used in the program, you can create the device variable for the I/O ports by manually entering the device variable name, or by creating them automatically.

1 On the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, select **Configurations and Setup** and double-click **I/O Map**.

The I/O Map will be displayed.



2

Select an I/O port in the I/O Map for the Safety CPU Unit, and enter a variable name directly in the Variable Column. Or, select a Unit or I/O port, and then right-click and select Create Device Variable from the menu.

If you choose the **Create Device Variable** command, the device variables are automatically named with the device name and port name. The device variables that you enter or automatically create are registered in the global variable table.

Selecting from the Registered Variables

If the variables that are used in the program are registered before you finalize on the Controller configuration and the external devices to connect, you can select and assign variables to the I/O ports for the safety I/O terminals as long as the variables are registered in the variable table.

1 On the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, select **Configurations and Setup** and double-click **I/O Map**.

The I/O Map will be displayed.

2 Select an I/O port and select a user-defined variable from the list of variables that are registered in the variable table to assign the variable to that I/O port.



Additional Information

If the I/O terminals on the Safety I/O Units are set to Dual Channel Mode, the device variable can only be assigned to an even-numbered terminal.

Importing from a CSV File

You can register device variables all at once by exporting the current I/O Map display content as a CSV format file and importing the content after editing with a spreadsheet application.

1 On the Tools menu, select I/O Map - Export.

Tools Window Help	
Troubleshooting CIP Safety Monitor	5 % 4 ® % 4 [] (
I/O Map	Import
Variable Comment (Safety Program)	 Import (Include variable comment)
IEC 61131-10 XML	Export
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings Fi	le
Generate Safety Unit Restore File	
Customize Shortcut Keys	
Option	

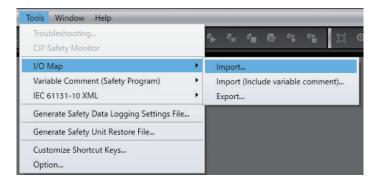
- **2** Save the CSV file to any location.
- **3** Open the CSV file in a spreadsheet application.

Sysmac	StVer.1.0					
evel	Position	Port	R/₩	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment
	0 [Network]	CPU/Expansion Racks				
	1 NXBusMaster	NX102-1200				
	1 NXBusMaster/Unit2	NX-SID800				
	2	Safety Inputs				
	3	SiOO Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	ESTOP_SID1	Emergency Stop S-INO
	3	SiO1 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL		
	3	SiO2 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Door_SiO2_R	Door S-INO2
	3	SiO3 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL		
	3	SiO4 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Door_SiO3_L	Door S-INO3
	3	SiO5 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL		
	3	SiO6 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	ResetSwitch RO1	Reset Switch RO1
	3	SiO7 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	-	
	2	Status				
	3	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	N2 Safety Connection Status	
	3	Safety Input Terminal Status		SAFEBOOL	N2 Safety Input Terminal Status	
	1 NXBusMaster/Unit3	NX-SIH400				
	2	Safety Inputs and Status				
	3	SiOO Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SR1 EDM Si05	EDM S-INO5
	3	SiO1 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SR1 EDM Si06	EDM S-INO6
	3	SiO2 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SR2 EDM SIO7	EDM S-IN07
	3	SiO3 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SR2 EDM SIO8	EDM S-INO8
	3		R	SAFEBOOL	N3 Safety Connection Status	_
	3	Safety Input Terminal Status		SAFEBOOL	N3 Safety Input Terminal Status	

4 In the **Variable** and **Variable Comment** columns, set any variable name and variable comment.

After you edit data with a spreadsheet application, save the data in the CSV format (UTF-8).

5 From the main menu, select Tools - I/O Map - Import or Import (Include variable comment).



Import imports only the **Variable** column of the CSV file. Even if you edited the **Variable Comment** column in the CSV file, the changes are not applied to the I/O Map.

Import (Include variable comment) imports the content of the **Variable** column and the **Variable Comment** column of the CSV file. If the registered variable is assigned by the **Import (Include variable comment)** function, the content of the **Variable Comment** column is applied.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When you register device variables by importing a CSV file, the data integrity is not checked by CRC. Always validate the correct variable assignments under your responsibility after the import and assure proper execution before you use it for actual operation.
- When the display comment is set to other than **Comment 1**, the I/O Map **Import (Include** variable comment) and **Export** cannot be executed.
- When you import a CSV file with its **Variable** column left blank, the variable assignments are canceled.

I/O Ports for Safety I/O Units That Are Displayed in the I/O Map of the Safety CPU Unit

The I/O ports for Safety I/O Units that are displayed in the I/O Map of the Safety CPU Unit are described in this section.

Port	Data type	R/ W	Name	Description	De- fault
Si00 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si00 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si00. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si01 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si01 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si01. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si02 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si02 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si02. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si03 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si03 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si03. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Safety Con- nection Status	SAFE- BOOL	R	Safety Con- nection Status	This flag indicates when a safety connection is active. Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection applications.	0
Safety Input Terminal Sta- tus	SAFE- BOOL	R	Safety Input Terminal Sta- tus	This flag indicates the status of the safety input terminals.0: An error has occurred on one of the safety input terminals.1: All of the safety input terminals are normal (no errors).	0

NX-SIH400 Safety Input Unit

NX-SID800 Safety Input Unit

Port	Data type	R/ W	Name	Description	De- fault
Si00 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si00 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si00. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si01 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si01 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si01. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si02 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si02 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si02. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si03 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si03 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si03. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si04 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si04 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si04. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si05 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si05 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si05. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si06 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si06 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si06. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0
Si07 Logical Value	SAFE- BOOL	R	Si07 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input terminal Si07. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0

Port	Data type	R/ W	Name	Description	De- fault
Safety Con- nection Status	SAFE- BOOL	R	Safety Connec- tion Status	This flag indicates when a safety connection is active. Use it for an input to the Activate termi- nal on a safety FB or for safety connection/ disconnection applications.	0
Safety Input Terminal Sta- tus	SAFE- BOOL	R	Safety Input Terminal Status	This flag indicates the status of the safety input terminals.0: An error has occurred on one of the safety input terminals.1: All of the safety input terminals are normal (no errors).	0

NX-SOH200 Safety Output Unit

Port	Data type	R/ W	Name	Description	De- fault
Safety Con-	SAFE-	R	Safety Con-	This flag indicates when a safety connection is ac-	0
nection Sta-	BOOL		nection Status	tive.	
tus				Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a	
				safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection	
				applications.	
Safety Output	SAFE-	R	Safety Output	This flag indicates the status of the safety output	0
Terminal Sta-	BOOL		Terminal Sta-	terminals.	
tus			tus	0: An error has occurred on one of the safety out-	
				put terminals.	
				1: All of the safety output terminals are normal (no	
				errors).	
So00 Output	SAFE-	W	So00 Output	Gives the status of safety output terminal So00.	0
Value	BOOL		Value	0: OFF, 1: ON	
So01 Output	SAFE-	W	So01 Output	Gives the status of safety output terminal So01.	0
Value	BOOL		Value	0: OFF, 1: ON	

NX-SOD400 Safety Output Unit

Port	Data type	R/ W	Name	Description	De- fault
Safety Con-	SAFE-	R	Safety Con-	This flag indicates when a safety connection is	0
nection Status	BOOL		nection Status	active.	
				Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a	
				safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection	
				applications.	
Safety Output	SAFE-	R	Safety Output	This flag indicates the status of the safety output	0
Terminal Sta-	BOOL		Terminal Sta-	terminals.	
tus			tus	0: An error has occurred on one of the safety out-	
				put terminals.	
				1: All of the safety output terminals are normal	
				(no errors).	
So00 Output	SAFE-	W	So00 Output	Gives the status of safety output terminal So00.	0
Value	BOOL		Value	0: OFF, 1: ON	
So01 Output	SAFE-	W	So01 Output	Gives the status of safety output terminal So01.	0
Value	BOOL		Value	0: OFF, 1: ON	
So02 Output	SAFE-	W	So02 Output	Gives the status of safety output terminal So02.	0
Value	BOOL		Value	0: OFF, 1: ON	

Port	Data type	R/ W	Name	Description	De- fault
So03 Output	SAFE- BOOL	W	So03 Output Value	Gives the status of safety output terminal So03. 0: OFF. 1: ON	0
Value	BOOL		value	U: OFF, I: ON	

5-7 Exposing Variables to Standard Controllers

This section describes how to control and monitor a Safety CPU Unit from a standard controller through standard process data communications.

5-7-1 Exposing Global Variables

To ensure that global variables in the Safety CPU Unit are not accidentally used by a program of the standard controller, they are not assigned to the standard controller at the time of their setting. When you set global variables in the Safety CPU Unit for standard process data communications, the variables are exposed as I/O ports in the I/O Map of the CPU Rack and Communications Coupler Unit.

When the target unit is connected to the CPU Unit or the EtherCAT Coupler Unit is used, the global variable of the Safety CPU Unit can be accessed using the program of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit by allocating the variable to the exposed I/O port.

The I/O Map of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit displays the data types that correspond to the data types of the exposed Safety CPU Unit variables.

The following table gives the variable data types that can be exposed for Safety CPU Unit and the corresponding data types that are displayed for the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

Variable data type that can be exposed for Safe- ty CPU Unit	Data type displayed for NJ/NX-series CPU Unit	Data size in bytes
BOOL	BOOL	1
BYTE	USINT	1
WORD	UINT	2
INT	INT	2
DINT	DINT	4

The variables that can be exposed for the Safety CPU Unit are restricted as given in the following table.

ltem	_	Restriction
Number of exposed variables	Inputs	254 variables max.
	Outputs	253 variables max.



Precautions for Correct Use

- There is a restriction on the data size that can be communicated between the Safety CPU Unit and the NX bus master, as well as the restrictions on the number of exposed variables. This data size limit includes FSoE communications and CIP Safety communications. You can check the usage on the Memory Usage Tab Page of the Safety CPU Unit.
- If the settings cause a limit to be exceeded, a red "!" icon is displayed by **Exposed Variables** in the Multiview Explorer.

5-7-2 Setting Exposed Variables

This section describes how to expose Safety CPU Unit variables to a standard controller. Exposed Safety CPU Unit variables (exposed variables) appear in the I/O Map of the NX Bus Master. Use one of the following methods to set exposed variables.

- Register new variables on the Exposed Variables Tab Page.
- Select global variables on the Exposed Variables Tab Page.
- Set the Expose Column for global variables.
- Copy global variables and paste them on the Exposed Variables Tab Page.

The procedures for these methods are given below.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change the input/output value of the exposed variable, the device variable allocated to the standard CPU Unit will be cancelled. In this case, you need to assign the device variables, and then transfer the settings and programs to the standard CPU Unit.
- If you change the exposed variable, you must transfer the settings and programs to the standard CPU Unit. After you transfer the settings and programs, check that the operation of the standard CPU Unit is correct.
- If you change the exposed variable in the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal configuration, the I/O allocations of the EtherNet/IP Couplers Unit will be changed. Check that the operation of the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit is correct.

Registering New Variables on the Exposed Variables Tab Page

Use the following procedure to register variables on the Exposed Variables Tab Page when those variables are not registered as global variables. The registered exposed variables are automatically registered as global variables.

1 Double-click Exposed Variables under Configurations and Setup – Communications – Standard – Slave I/O.

The Exposed Variables Tab Page is displayed.

Multiview Explorer 🚽 📮	🐻 Exposed Variables 🗙					
∟ new_SafetyCPU0 ▼	 Output (Output from Safety) 	CPU Unit)				
·	Name	I	Data Type	I	Comment	I
Configurations and Setup	Empty. Click here to add item.					
Communications						
► 🕵 Safety						
🔍 🔽 Standard						
L 🔄 Standard I/O						
▼ л Slave I/O						
📕 💷 💷 Exposed Varia						
🛤 Task Settings						
🛹 I/O Map						
Programming						
	Input (Input to Safety CPU U	nit)				
	Name	1	Data Type	I	Comment	I
	Empty. Click here to add item.					

2 Enter the variable name in the Name Column of the output table or input table. The variable that you entered is registered in the exposed variable table and in the global variable table.

🐻 Expos	sed Variables 🗙				-	💷 Global Varia	oles \times				-
▼ Outpu	ıt					Name		Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	Expose
	Name	Data Type	1	Comment		out001		BOOL	FALSE		Output
out001		BOOL									

Setting the Expose Column for Global Variables

Register global variables with standard data types.
 Refer to 6-5-3 Registering Variables on page 6-37 for details on registering variables.

new_SafetyCPU0 🔻	Name	Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	Expose	Comment
	Out01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Configurations and Setup	Out02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Programming POUs	In01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
V III Data	In02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
L IIII Global Variables ► Safety Task						

2 Select the Expose Column for global variables, and then select Input or Output. The selected variable is registered in the exposed variable input table or output table.

🛃 Standard I/O	ilobal Variables 🗙 🚺	Exposed Variables			
Name	Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	: I Expose	Comment
Out01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Out02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
In01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
In02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose 🔹	
				Do not expose Input Output	
	Name Out01 Out02 In01	Name Data Type Out01 BOOL Out02 BOOL In01 BOOL	Name Data Type I Initial Value Out01 BOOL FALSE Out02 BOOL FALSE In01 BOOL FALSE	Name I Data Type I Initial Value I Constant Out01 BOOL FALSE Out02 BOOL FALSE In01 BOOL FALSE	Name Data Type I Initial Value I Constant Expose Out01 BOOL FALSE Do not expose Out02 BOOL FALSE Do not expose In01 BOOL FALSE Do not expose In02 BOOL FALSE Do not expose In02 BOOL FALSE Do not expose

Copying Global Variables and Pasting Them on the Exposed Variables Tab Page

Use the following procedure to select variables on the global variable table and set them as exposed variables.

You can select more than one global variable.

Register global variables with standard data types.
 Refer to 6-5-3 Registering Variables on page 6-37 for details on registering variables.

Multiview Explorer 🚽 📮	🛃 Standard I/O	lobal Variables 🗙 🐻	Exposed Variables	1			
🗉 new_SafetyCPU0 🔻	Name	Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	t Expose	Comment	
	Out01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose		
 Configurations and Setup 	Out02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose		
Programming POUs	In01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose		
V III Data	In02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose		
Control Contro							

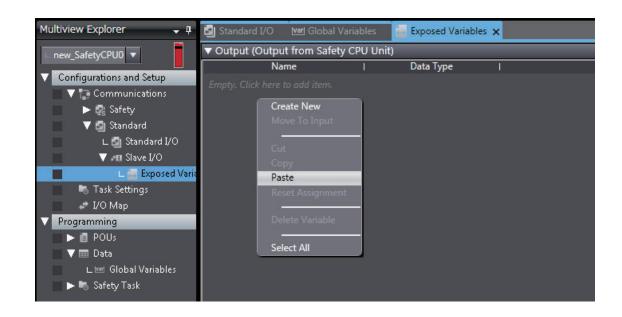
2

Right-click one or more global variables and select Copy from the menu. The selected global variables are copied.

Press the Shift Key or Ctrl Key to select more than one global variable.

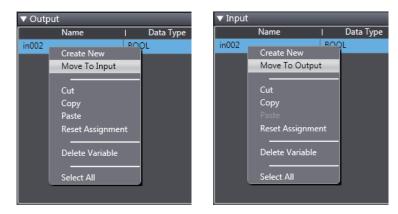
Multiview Explorer 🚽 📮	Standard I/O	lobal Variables 🗙 🚺	xposed Variables			
🗆 new_SafetyCPU0 🔻	Name	I Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	: Expose	Comment
	Out01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Configurations and Setup	Out02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Programming POUs	In01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
V III Data	In02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Global Variables		Create New Cut Copy Paste Delete Undo Redo Select All				

3 Right-click in the Exposed Variables Tab Page and select **Paste** from the menu. The global variables are set as exposed variables.



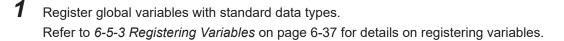
4 To change the I/O setting for an exposed variable, right-click the exposed variable and select **Move To Output** or **Move To Input** from the menu.

Press the Shift Key or Ctrl Key to select more than one exposed variable.



Selecting Global Variables on the Exposed Variables Tab Page

Use the following procedure to select registered global variables on the Exposed Variables Tab Page and set them as exposed variables.



new_SafetyCPU0 🔻	Name	I Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	I Expose	Comment
	Out01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Configurations and Setup	Out02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Programming POUs	In01	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
V III Data	In02	BOOL	FALSE		Do not expose	
Clobal Variables						

2 Double-click Exposed Variables under Configurations and Setup – Communications – Standard – Slave I/O.

The Exposed Variables Tab Page is displayed.

Multiview Explorer 🗸 📮	🔚 Exposed Variables 🗙 🛃 Star	ndard I/O	var Global Variabl	es		
□ new_SafetyCPU0 ▼	▼ Output (Output from Safety Name	CPU Unit	Data Type	1	Comment	1
 Configurations and Setup Communications R Safety 	Empty. Click here to add item.					
▼ QS Salety ▼ I Standard L I Standard I/O						
▼ 📶 Slave I/O ∟ 🚮 Exposed Varia						
ு Task Settings ↓ I/O Map						
Programming POUs						
▼ III Data ∟ III Global Variables						
🔲 🕨 崎 Safety Task						
	Input (Input to Safety CPU U)	Jnit)				
	Name	V I	Data Type		Comment	ŝ.
	Empty. Click here to add item.					

3 Enter the name of the variable to expose (the global variable that was registered in step 1) to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

You can also enter the first letter of the global variable in the Name Box to display a list of candidates, and then double-click the desired variable.

🦲 Exposed Variables 🗙 🛃 Sta	ndard I/O 🛛 🚾 Global Variables	
 Output (Output from Safety 	/ CPU Unit)	
Name	Data Type	Comment
<u> </u>		
Out01 Out02		

5-7-3 Safety CPU Unit Status

If you place a Safety CPU Unit on the NX bus of a NX Bus Master, standard process data communications are performed automatically.

• Using an CPU Unit or EtherCAT Coupler Unit

The status of a Safety CPU Unit is displayed as I/O ports in the I/O Map of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

You can use the I/O ports to monitor the status of the Safety CPU Unit from the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

New Project	Configurations and Setup			DQQ
new_Controller_0	I/O Map 🔹 🕂		a ar	
	Pos Port	Description	R/W Data Type	Variable
 Configurations and Setup 	Partial Fault	Partial fault	R BOOL	~
▼	Major Fault	Major fault	R BOOL	
Node1 : NX-ECC201(E001) : Offline	NX Unit Registration Status 125	Status whether the NX Unit is registered to I	R ARRAY[0:	í.
Unit 1 : NX-SL3300 (N1)	NX Unit I/O Data Active Status 12	Status whether the NX Unit I/O data is contr	R ARRAY[0:	
▼ Node2 : NX-ECC201(E002) : Offline	Ur 🔻 NX-SL3300			
Unit 1 : NX-SID800 (N2)	▼ Safety CPU Status	Status of Safety CPU Unit for monitoring	R UINT	
L Unit 2 : NX-SOD400 (N3)	D00 Normal Operating	Safety program is running without any fault	R BOOL	
Unit 3 : NX-ID3317 (N4)	D01 Program Operating	Safety program is running	R BOOL	
∟ Unit 4 : NX-OC2633 (N5)	D02 No Fault	No system event more than Minor Fault occ	R BOOL	
CPU/Expansion Racks	D03 Safety Master Connection	All safety master connections are established	R BOOL	
📕 🗆 🥒 I/O Map	out001		R BOOL	
Controller Setup	out002		R BOOL	
🔹 🕨 🍈 Motion Control Setup	in001		R BOOL	

Refer to A-5 Safety CPU Unit Status on page A-72 for details on the items in the Safety CPU Unit status.

• Using an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

The Safety CPU Unit status is assigned in the I/O Map of the Communications Coupler Unit. You can check the I/O allocation information of Communications Coupler Unit on the **Edit I/O**

Allocation Settings Pane.

You can use this status to monitor the status of the Safety CPU Unit.

5-7-4 I/O Ports for Safety I/O Units

You can access the values of the ports for Safety I/O Units from a standard controller.

Using an CPU Unit or EtherCAT Coupler Unit

To access the value of an I/O port that is displayed in the I/O Map of the Safety CPU Unit, assign a variable to the corresponding I/O port in the I/O Map of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Refer to *A-6 I/O Ports of Safety I/O Units* on page A-74 for descriptions of the I/O ports for Safety I/O Units that are displayed in the I/O Map of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

Using an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

I/O port values are allocated in the I/O Map of the Communications Coupler Unit. You can check the I/O allocation information of Communications Coupler Unit on the **Edit I/O Allocation Settings** Pane.

Refer to A-6 I/O Ports of Safety I/O Units on page A-74 for descriptions of the I/O ports for Safety I/O Units.



Additional Information

You can only read the values of the ports of Safety I/O Units from an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or other standard controller. You cannot write the values.

5-7-5 I/O Refreshing Method

This section describes the I/O refreshing method of the Safety Control Unit.

• I/O Refreshing Method

Only Free-Run refreshing can be used for Safety Control Unit.

With Free-Run refreshing, the refresh cycle of the NX bus and the I/O refresh cycle of the NX Units operate asynchronously.

The Safety CPU Unit reads inputs and refreshes outputs according to the safety task period.

5-8 Setting Standard Process Data Communications

This section describes procedures for using standard process data communications between a Safety CPU Unit and standard I/O Units.

5-8-1 Using an CPU Unit or EtherCAT Coupler Unit

For standard process data communications between the Safety CPU Unit and Safety CPU Unit the standard controller exchanges the data between the Safety CPU Unit and standard I/O Units. Refer to *5-7 Exposing Variables to Standard Controllers* on page 5-46 for the procedure to expose Safety CPU Unit variables to standard controllers.

5-8-2 Using an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit

Communications between NX Units are used for standard process data communications between a Safety CPU Unit and standard I/O Units. Communications between NX Units are performed by allocating the data of the standard I/O Units for the exposed variables of the Safety CPU Unit. Refer to *A-13 Units That Support Communications between NX Units* on page A-101 for the models of the NX Units that you can connect.

Refer to A-12 I/O Response Times for Communications between NX Units on EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals on page A-99 for the I/O response times between standard I/O Units and a Safety CPU Unit when using an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Use the following procedure to set up NX Unit communications between a Safety CPU Unit and standard I/O Units.

1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

2 Register the exposed variables in the Safety CPU Unit.

Refer to 5-7-2 Setting Exposed Variables on page 5-47 for information on registering exposed variables.

Set the data types of the exposed variables to the same data types as the allocated Standard I/O Unit data.

3 Double-click **Standard I/O** under **Configurations and Setup – Communications – Standard**. The Standard I/O Unit Setting Tab Page is displayed.

Multiview Explorer - 4	Configurations ar Standard I/O ×	id Setup				
	Exposed Variable	In / Out	Data Type	Comment	I Device	Linked Port
▼ Configurations and Setup	output_01	Output	BOOL		Not assigned	Not assigned
Communications	input_01	Input	BOOL		Not assigned	Not assigned
Safety						
▼ 🖾 Standard ∟ 🚳 Standard I/O						
▼ #I Slave I/O						
L 📅 Exposed Vari						

The meanings of the items in the Standard I/O Unit Setting Tab Page are given below.

Item	Editing	Description
Exposed Varia- bles	Not possible.	The registered exposed variables are displayed.
Input/Output	Not possible.	Whether the exposed variable is an input or output variable is displayed.
Data Type	Not possible.	The data type of the variable is displayed.
Comment	Not possible.	The comment set for the exposed variable is set.
Device	Possible.	Set the NX Unit to which the exposed variable is allocated.
Linked Port	Possible.	Set the NX Unit I/O port to which the exposed variable is allocated.

4 Set the devices and ports of the standard I/O Units that correspond to the exposed variables of the Safety CPU Unit.

The I/O data of the standard I/O units will be allocated to the exposed variables of Safety CPU Unit.

Multiview Explorer - 4	Configurations ar Standard I/O ×	nd Setup				
	Exposed Variable	In / Out	Data Type	I Commen	t Device	Linked Port
 Configurations and Setup 	output_01	Output	BOOL		Unit5:NX-OD3121(N5)	Output Bit 00
T Communications	input_01	Input	BOOL		Unit4:NX-ID3317(N4)	Input Bit 03
🕨 🧟 Safety						
🔻 🖾 Standard						
🔲 🗆 🗳 Standard I/O						
▼ #II Slave I/O						
🗆 🛅 Exposed Vari						



Precautions for Correct Use

- Use different NX Units to set up standard process data communications for the I/O ports used by the standard controller and the I/O ports used by the Safety CPU Unit. The I/O data in an NX Unit that is set for communications between NX Units is not allocated I/O data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.
- The exposed variables of the Safety CPU Unit that is set for communications between NX Units are not allocated I/O data in the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

5-9 Exporting/Importing Settings Data

This section describes how to reuse the settings data for the entire Slave Terminal in the Sysmac Studio or the safety application data in the Safety CPU Unit.

You can export and import the data for the entire Slave Terminal or the safety application data in the Safety CPU Unit as a single file.

You use these functions in the following instances.

- When the standard control system and the safety control system are being developed by more than one person and you need to merge the settings for the entire Slave Terminal or the safety application data.
- When you need to reuse the safety application data from another project.
- When you reuse a safety control system created for an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal on an CPU Rack or EtherCAT Slave Terminal.

You can export or import the four groups of data that are given below.

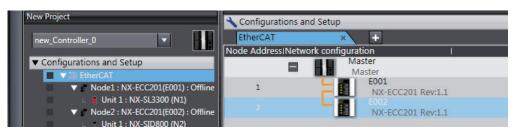
- Settings for Entire Slave Terminal The data for the entire Slave Terminal consists of the Slave Terminal configuration information for the Communications Coupler Unit and all NX Units that are connected to that Coupler Unit. It also contains the safety application data.
- All NX Units of the CPU Rack or Slave Terminal The settings data for all the NX Units of the CPU Rack or Slave Terminal includes the operating settings and the application data (including safety application data) for all the NX Units, except for the NX bus master.
- · Safety application data for Only the Safety CPU Unit
- Safety application data in the Safety Unit Restore File
 The safety application data consists of the safety program and the safety tasks and settings.

5-9-1 Exporting/Importing the Settings for the Entire Slave Terminal

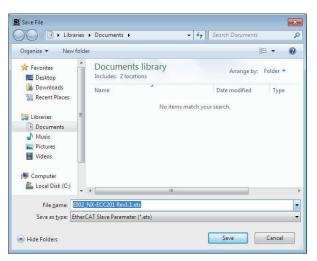
You can export the settings for the entire Slave Terminal into a single file (extension .ets). The exported settings file for the entire Slave Terminal can be imported to reuse the settings for an entire Slave Terminal with the same settings in a different project on the Sysmac Studio, or a project for which a Safety CPU Unit has not been registered.

The procedure when you use an EtherCAT Coupler Unit is given below as an example.

 Select the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit as the Controller and double-click EtherCAT under Configurations and Setup in the Multiview Explorer to display the EtherCAT Tab Page.

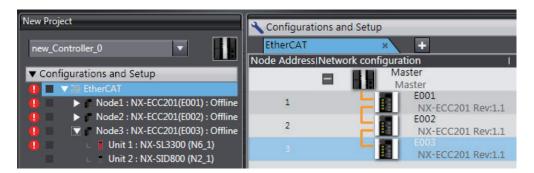


2 Right-click the target EtherCAT Coupler Unit and select **Export Slave Settings** from the menu. The **Save File** Dialog Box is displayed.



- 3 Enter a file name, and then click the Save Button.An EtherCAT slave parameter file with an .ets extension is saved.
- **4** To import a file, select the Unit above the point where you wish to add the slave on the Ether-CAT Tab Page, and then right-click and select **Import Slave Settings and Insert New Slave** from the menu.

The EtherCAT Coupler Unit to import is added to the EtherCAT Tab Page.



Precautions for Correct Use

Use the following import procedure if you are using an EtherCAT Coupler Unit.
 First, import the Slave Terminals that do not contain a Safety CPU Unit and set the device names and node addresses for exporting.
 Then, import the Slave Terminals that contain a Safety CPU Unit and set the device names

and node addresses for exporting.

- If importing data results in two or more Safety CPU Units, an error will occur. Delete the Safety CPU Units that are not used.
- To reuse safety programs and variable comments, export them from the Safety CPU Unit, and then import them. This data is included in the safety application data for the Safety CPU Unit.
- You cannot import settings data that contains Safety CPU Unit for which program data protection is set to Sysmac Studio version 1.16 or lower.
- You cannot import settings data that contains a Safety CPU Unit for which user-defined function block data protection is set to Sysmac Studio version 1.11 or lower.

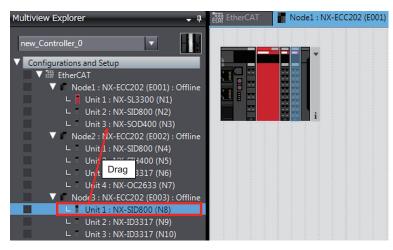


Additional Information

If you distribute multiple Safety Control Unit and set the device names and node addresses for exporting.

· Saving the Safety Application Data

Place all of the Safety Control Unit on one Slave Terminal and export the settings. Use the Multiview Explorer to move NX Units between Slave Terminals.



 Reusing the Safety Application Data Import the safety control file.
 Move the Safety Control Unit from the Slave Terminal where you imported the file to the other Slave Terminals.
 from the Slave Terminal where you imported the file to the other Slave Terminals.

5-9-2 Exporting/Importing the Settings for All the NX Units on a CPU Rack or Slave Terminal

You can export the operating settings and the application data (including safety application data) for all of the NX Units, except for the NX bus master, in the CPU Rack settings or the Slave Terminal settings into a single file (extension .nsfp).

1 Display the CPU Rack or Slave Terminal Tab Page where the Safety CPU Unit to export is configured.



2 Right-click the CPU Unit or the Communications Coupler Unit and select **Export All NX Unit Settings** from the menu.

The Export All NX Unit Settings Dialog Box is displayed.

🕽 🔾 🗢 🔚 🕨 Lib	raries > - 47 Search Libraries P
Organize 🔻	
🔆 Favorites	Libraries Open a library to see your files and arrange them by folder, date, and other
 Libraries Documents Music Pictures Videos 	Documents Library Music Library
1특 Computer 핵 Network	Pictures Library Videos Library
	Master_NXUnitSettings.nsfp

- **3** Enter a file name, and then click the **Save** Button. A configuration file for all the NX Units with an .nsfp extension is saved.
- 4 To import a file, select the CPU Unit on the Edit CPU Rack Configuration Tab Page or select the Communications Coupler Unit on the Slave Terminal Tab Page. Then, select Import All NX Unit Settings from the menu that appears when you click the right mouse button. All NX Units including the Safety CPU Unit to import are added to the CPU Rack or the Slave Terminal Tab Page.

Precautions for Correct Use

- If even one NX Unit has been added to the Slave Terminal that is being imported, then the Slave Terminal cannot be imported. Delete all of the NX Units, and then execute the import.
- If you import a settings file for all NX Units including a Safety CPU Unit that has standard I/O settings on an EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal, the standard I/O settings data is not restored.

Version Information

Exporting and importing all NX Unit settings is supported by Sysmac Studio version 1.17 or higher.

5-9-3 Exporting/Importing Data for Individual Safety CPU Unit

You can export and import the safety application data of each Safety CPU Unit as a single file (extension .nsf).

The exported Safety CPU Unit settings file can be imported to reuse the safety application data for a Safety CPU Unit with the same settings. To do this, go into the Edit Slave Terminal Configuration Tab Page in a different project on the Sysmac Studio, or a project for which a Safety CPU Unit has not been registered.



Display the Slave Terminal Tab Page where the Safety CPU Unit to export is configured.



2 Right-click the Safety CPU Unit to export and select **Export NX Unit Settings** from the menu. The **Export NX Unit Settings** Dialog Box is displayed.

📓 Export NX Unit Settir	ngs					×
CO ⊂ C + Lib	raries	Documents	▼ \$ 9	Search Documents		٩
Organize 👻 Nev	v folde	ir			= -	0
🔆 Favorites 📃 Desktop	Â	Documents library Includes: 2 locations		Arrange by:	Folder 🔻	
Downloads		Name		Date modified	Туре	
🔛 Recent Places	III.	No ite	ms match yo	ur search.		
Documents						
Music						
Videos						
👰 Computer						
🚢 Local Disk (C:)	-	٠ [F.
File <u>n</u> ame:	N1_N	X-SL3300.nsf				•
Save as <u>t</u> ype: [NX Ur	it setting file(*.nsf)				•
Hide Folders				Save	Cancel	



٢M

Enter a file name, and then click the **Save** Button. An NX Unit configuration file with an .nsf extension is saved.

4 To import a file, select the Unit to the left of the point where you wish to add the slave on the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and then right-click and select **Import Slave Settings and Insert New Slave** from the menu.

The Safety CPU Unit to import is added to the Slave Terminal Tab Page.

Precautions for Correct Use

- When you import the data to the Safety CPU Unit, first configure all of the Safety I/O Units.
- If importing data results in two or more Safety CPU Units, an error will occur. Delete the Safety CPU Units that are not used.
- You cannot import settings data that contains Safety CPU Unit for which program data protection is set to Sysmac Studio version 1.16 or lower.
- You cannot import settings data that contains Safety CPU Unit for which user-defined function block data protection is set to Sysmac Studio version 1.11 or lower.

5-9-4 Importing the Safety Unit Restore File

You can import safety application data stored in the Safety Unit Restore File into the Safety CPU Unit in the project.

For details on the Safety Unit Restore File, refer to Section 10 Safety Unit Restore on page 10-1.

- **1** Open the CPU and Expansion Racks Tab Page where the Safety CPU Unit is placed.
- 2 Right-click the Safety CPU Unit and select **Import Safety Unit Restore File** from the menu.

Multiview Explorer 🗸 🗸 🕤 CPU/Expansion Rac	ks X	
new_Controller_0		
Configurations and Setup	Cut	Ctrl+X
辭 EtherCAT	Сору	Ctrl+C
V 🔄 CPU/Expansion Racks		Ctrl+V
CPU Rack	Delete	Del
L 📗 Unit 1 : NX-SL57(Ctrl+Z
⊷* I/O Map		Ctrl+Y
Controller Setup	Change Model	
Motion Control Setup		
Cam Data Settings		
Event Settings	Import NX Unit Settings and Insert New Unit	
Task Settings 2 Data Trace Settings	Export NX Unit Settings	
COPC UA Settings		
Programming		
	Show Model/Unit Name	
		n
	Restart for NX Bus / NX Unit	
	Import Safety Unit Restore File	

3 Select a Safety Unit Restore File to import and click the **Open** button. The safety application data of the Safety CPU Unit is replaced with the safety application data stored in the Safety Unit Restore File.



Precautions for Correct Use

- You cannot import the file if the format and the unit version of the Safety CPU Unit in the Safety Unit Restore File are not consistent with those for the project.
- If the safety application data having the identical name as the safety application data in the Safety Unit Restore File exists in another Safety CPU Unit in the project, you cannot import the file.

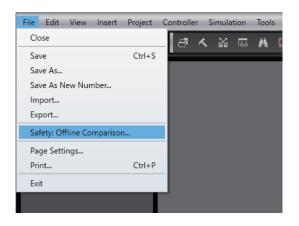
5-10 Offline Comparison

This section describes the function for comparing the safety application data between the currently opened project and another project file.

This function can be used for managing changes in safety application data. In addition, target data can be reflected in the current project if the data supports detailed comparison.

5-10-1 Procedure for Offline Comparison

- 1 Start Sysmac Studio and open the source project file.
- 2 Select Safety CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer and switch to the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
- **3** From the Controller Menu, select **File Safety: Offline Comparison**.



The comparison target setting window for offline safety comparison is displayed.

Safety: Offline Comparison	-		×
Comparison Target			
Target Project:			
Safety CPU Unit:			
Target Data			
Configurations and Setup			
Programming Execute	Car	ncel]

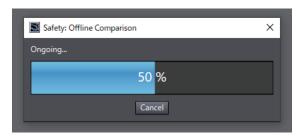
The contents of the setting window are as follows.

ltem	Description
Target Project	A project file to compare with the currently opened project. Select a previously exported project file (smc2, csm2, smc, or csm).
Safety CPU Unit	Select Safety CPU Unit to compare.

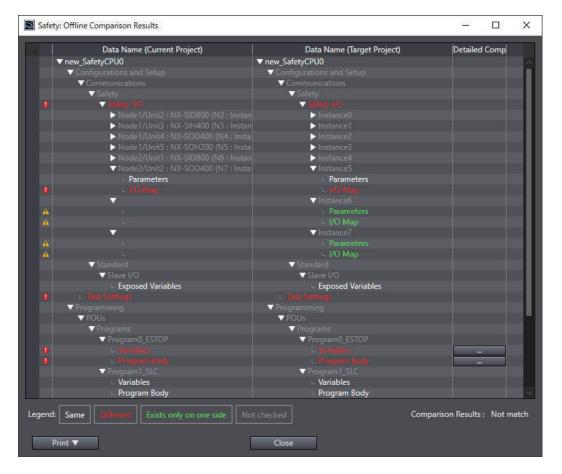
Item	Description
Target Data	As data to compare, you can select <i>Configurations and Setup</i> or <i>Programming</i> . By default, <i>Programming</i> is selected. Refer to <i>5-10-4 Target Data of Offline Comparison</i> on page 5-66 for details of target data.

4 Select the target project, Safety CPU Unit to be compared, and target data, and then click the **Execute** Button.

The target data is loaded. The following progress dialog appears during offline comparison. Depending on the project size, it may take time until the comparison results window appears.

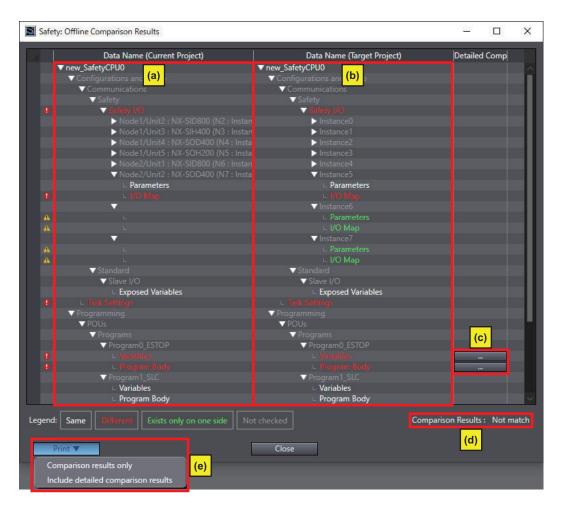


The offline comparison results are displayed.



5-10-2 Checking the Comparison Results

This section describes the displayed contents of the offline comparison results.



The contents of this window are as follows.

Letter	Name	Description
(a)	Current Project	Displays the source project in a tree format.
(b)	Target Project	Displays the target project in a tree format.
(c)	Detailed Com- parison Button	Displays the detailed comparison window for data that has any differences in the comparison results AND that supports detailed comparison. Refer to <i>5-10-3 Detailed Comparison</i> on page 5-64 for details.
(d)	Comparison Results	Displays the comparison results for safety application data.
(e)	Print Button	Prints the comparison results. The operations of each button are as follows. Comparison results only: Only prints the results of comparison between source and target project trees. Include detailed comparison results In addition to the comparison results, prints the detailed comparison results for data that includes detailed comparison.

Refer to 5-10-4 Target Data of Offline Comparison on page 5-66 for details of target data.

5-10-3 Detailed Comparison

Clicking the **Detailed Comparison** button on Offline Comparison Results displays the following detailed comparison window. From the detailed comparison window, you can reflect differences in the source project.

Safety Programs

Detailed Comparison - Program0_ESTOP	– 🗆 X
(b)	<mark>(a)</mark> [] @ Q 백
Source Project - Program0_ESTOP Target Project	
A	^
SF_EmergencyStop_ SF_EmergencyStop TRUE Activate ESTOP2 S_EStopIn S_ESt TRUE S_StartReset FALSE S_AutoReset Dia ResetSwitch Reset	ESTOP2
No Source Network Number Target Network Number Comparison Results 1 1 (ESTOP1) 1 (ESTOP1) 13/Remain 2 2 (ESTOP2) 2 (ESTOP2) Different 3 3 (ESTOP_ALL) Right side only	Reference
(c)	Copy All Right to Left
Print (e) OK Cancel	

The contents of this window are as follows.

Letter	Name	Description
(a)	Zoom in/out Button	Zooms in/out on the program comparison window.
(b)	Program Comparison Window	Displays the source and target programs.
(c)	Program Comparison Results List	Displays differences against each program network. Click the Reference button to display differences on the program comparison window.
(d)	Difference Copy But- ton	Copies the differences selected on the program comparison results window to the source project. After OK is clicked on the Detailed Comparison window, it will be reflected in the project.
(e)	Print Button	Prints the window of the detailed comparison results.

Variable Table

						(b)					(a)	j e (ર "હ	+ +
	Current Project (Program0_ES)	TOP)						ा	arget Project (Program	0_ESTOP)				
	Name	Group	Data Type	Initial Value	Constant				Name	Group	Data Type	Initial Value		
	SF_EmergencyStop_0	Internals	SF_EmergencyStop	l i i	FALSE	Node1/L	0		SF_EmergencyStop_0	Internals	SF_EmergencyStop	-	FALSE	Node1/Ur
	SF_EmergencyStop_1	Internals	SF_EmergencyStop		FALSE		1		SF_EmergencyStop_1	Internals	SF_EmergencyStop		FALSE	Node1/Ur
						1.	2		SystemReady	Internals	BOOL	FALSE	FALSE	
	SF_EmergencyStop_Activate	Internals	BOOL	FALSE	FALSE									
	ESTOP1		SAFEBOOL		FALSE		3		ESTOP1		SAFEBOOL		FALSE	
	ResetSwitch	Externals			FALSE		4		ResetSwitch		SAFEBOOL		FALSE	
	ESTOP2		SAFEBOOL		FALSE		5	88 U	ESTOP2		SAFEBOOL		FALSE	
	ESTOP1_Out		SAFEBOOL		FALSE		6		ESTOP1_Out		SAFEBOOL		FALSE	
	ESTOP2_Out	Externals	SAFEBOOL		FALSE		7		ESTOP2_Out		SAFEBOOL		FALSE	
							8		ESTOP_ALL	Externals	SAFEBOOL		FALSE	
														•
end:			only Copied						Copy S		ht to Left	Copy A	II Right to	Left

The contents of this window are as follows.

Letter	Name	Description
(a)	Zoom in/out and Jumping	Used to zoom in/out on the variable table comparison window and to jump
	to Differences Button	to differences.
(b)	Variable Table Compari-	Displays the results of variable table comparison between the source and
	son Window	target projects.
(c)	Difference Copy Button	Copies the differences selected on the variable table comparison display to
		the source project.
		After OK is clicked on the Detailed Comparison window, it will be reflected
		in the project.
(d)	Print Button	Prints the window of the detailed comparison results.

内

Precautions for Correct Use

- After a program or variable is reflected in the current project using Offline Comparison's detailed comparison function, the safety program in the project will be in an unvalidated state. Before you perform safety validation of the safety programs, complete debugging of the safety programs.
- If a safety program that exists only in the target project is reflected in the source project, the program assignment setting (execution order) will be registered at the end. Make sure that the program execution order is correct in the task settings.
- Detailed Comparison does not compare safety programs that exist only in the source program.

5-10-4 Target Data of Offline Comparison

The following data is compared by Offline Comparison. Data not included in the safety application is not compared.

Displayed name	Target data	Detailed Com- parison
SafetyCPU Device Name	Safety SignatureProject options, etc.	Not applicable

Displayed name	Target data	Detailed Com- parison
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety Safety I/O	 Whether FSoE communications settings are enabled or disabled Whether FSoE Watchdog Timer is set to au- to setting or not Slot comment settings for safety slave unit parameters 	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety Safety I/O Node/Unit Safety Slave Unit Parameters	 Safety slave unit parameter settings Settings for FSoE Slave Address Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers 	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety Safety I/O Node/Unit SRA Parameters	 SRA parameter settings for the R88D-1SA series Settings for FSoE Slave Address Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers 	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety Safety I/O Node/Unit I/O Map	• I/O map settings of an FSoE slave	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings Safety Network Number	 Safety network number settings for CIP Safety 	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings Connection Settings (Originator) CIP Safety Device CIP Safety Parameters	Connection settings for CIP Safety	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings Connection Settings (Originator) CIP Safety Device I/O Map	I/O map settings for a CIP Safety device	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings Connection Settings (Originator) I/O Assembly Settings (Target)	I/O assembly settings for CIP Safety	Not applicable

Displayed name	Target data	Detailed Com- parison
Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings Connection Settings (Originator) I/O Assembly Settings (Target) I/O Map	 I/O assembly settings for a CIP Safety I/O assembly 	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications standard Standard I/O	 Assignment settings for standard I/O and exposed variables 	Not applicable
Configurations and Setup Communications standard Slave I/O Exposed Variables	Settings for exposed variables	Applicable
Configurations and Setup Task Setup	Safety task periodProgram assignment settings	Not applicable
Programming POU Programs Program names Variable tables	 Program local variables (internal variables, external variables) 	Applicable
Programming POU Programs Program names Program Body	Program body (algorithm)	Applicable
Programming POU Function blocks Function block names Variable tables	 Function block local variables (internal varia- bles, I/O variables) 	Applicable
Programming POU Function blocks Function block names Program Body	Function block program body (algorithm)	Applicable
Programming Data Global variable	 Global variables (including exposed variables) 	Applicable

6

Programming

This section describes variables, instructions, and other elements that are used to create safety programs. It also describes the programming operations that are used on the Sysmac Studio.

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6-1 POUs (Program Organization Units)

The safety program that runs on a Safety CPU Unit is made from a combination of POUs (program organization units).

This section describes the configuration and specifications of POUs.

Refer to 6-5 Programming Operations on page 6-26 for the procedures to create POUs on the Sysmac Studio.

Refer to *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)* for the procedures to create POUs that are used with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

6-1-1 POU

A POU (program organization unit) is a unit that is defined in the IEC 61131-3 user program execution model. A POU includes a local variable table and an algorithm (i.e., a series of code or logic). It is the basic unit used to build the safety program.

You combine POUs to build a complete safety program.

There are three types of POUs, as described below.

Programs

A program corresponds to a main routine. It is the main type of POU that is used for algorithms. You can place any instruction, function, or function block in the algorithm of a program.

• Function Blocks ("FBs")

A function block can output different values even with the same inputs. Function blocks are executed when they are called from a program or another function block.

• Functions ("FUNs")

A function always outputs the same values for the same inputs. Functions are executed when they are called from a program, another function, or a function block.

The POU consists of a combination of these three types of POUs. You can create many POUs. You assign the created programs to a safety task to execute them. Only one safety task can be used by the Safety CPU Unit.

6-1-2 Overview of the Three Types of POUs

Program

- Executing Programs and Execution Conditions
 - You execute a safety task to execute the programs that are assigned to that safety task.
 - · Programs are always executed.

Notation

• The POUs must include at least one program. More than one program can be assigned to the safety task.

6

Function Blocks (FBs)

• Executing Function Blocks and Execution Conditions

- You can call function blocks from programs or other function blocks to execute them.
- Function blocks are always executed.
- To execute a function block for only specific conditions, pass a TRUE value to the *Activate* input variable of that function block. The function block is not executed if the value of the *Activate* input variable is FALSE.

Notation

There are both user-defined function blocks and system-defined function blocks.
 User-defined function blocks are sometimes called "user-defined FBs". System-defined function blocks are sometimes called "FB instructions".

For details on function blocks, refer to 6-1-5 Details on Function Blocks on page 6-6.

Functions (FUNs)

• Executing Function and Execution Conditions

- · You can call functions from programs or other function blocks to execute them.
- · Functions are always executed.

Notation

- You cannot create user-defined functions.
- System-defined functions are sometimes called "FUN instructions".
- The values of internal variables are not retained. The output value remains constant as long as input value is constant.

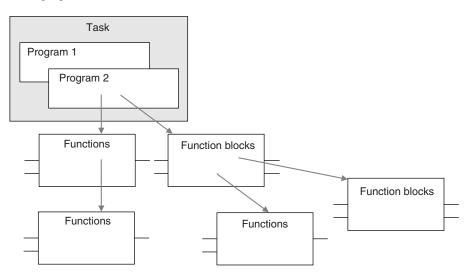
For details on functions, refer to 6-1-6 Details on Functions on page 6-10.

6-1-3 Differences between Programs, Functions, and Function Blocks

Item	POU type	Programs	Function blocks	Functions
Types		User-defined only	Instructions or user-de- fined	Instructions only (User- defined functions not supported.)
Execution method		Executed upon execution of the safety task.	Called from a program or another function block.	Called from a program or function block.
Algo- Any instruc- rithm tions		Supported.	Supported.	Not supported.
	User-defined function blocks	Supported.	Supported.	Not supported.

POU type Item	Programs	Function blocks	Functions
Execution condition	Always executed.	Always executed. Specify the execution condition with an input variable.	Always executed.

The hierarchical relationships between programs, functions, and function blocks are shown in the following figure.



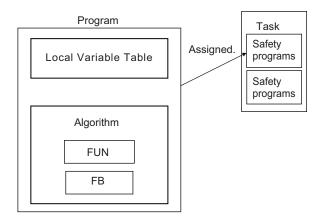
6-1-4 Details on Programs

Program Structure

Programs consist of a local variable table and an algorithm.

The algorithm is programmed in the FBD language.

You can use any instructions or user-defined function blocks in the algorithm.



Program Execution Conditions

Programs are executed when the safety task they are assigned to is executed.

Order of Execution

You can set the order of execution of all programs in a safety task. You set this order in the **Program Assignment Settings** Display of the **Task Settings** Tab Page on the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View on the Sysmac Studio. Refer to *6-5 Programming Operations* on page 6-26 for programming operations.

6-1-5 Details on Function Blocks

You can use system-defined function blocks (instructions) and user-defined function blocks in the Safety Control Unit.

Procedure to Create Function Blocks

A function block consists of a "function block definition" that is made in advance and "instances" that are used in the actual programs.

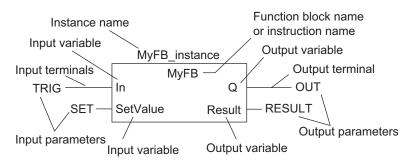
Create function blocks in the following order.

1 Create the function block definition. Create the algorithm.

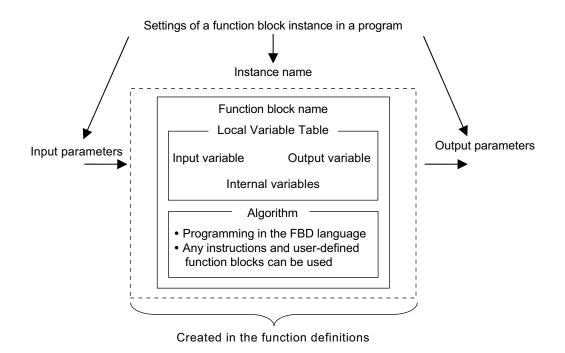
2 Place an instance of the function block definition in the program. Call the function block definition from a program or another function block. You can call the same function block definition from more than one program or function block. After you place an instance of a function block definition in a program or in another function block, you can manipulate and execute it as an independent entity.

Structure of Function Blocks

With the FBD language, function blocks are represented as rectangular boxes as shown below. Function blocks consist of the following parts.



Function Block Settings
 When you create an instance of a function block definition, make the following settings.



• Function Block Name or Instruction Name

This is the name of the user-defined function block or the instruction.

Instance Name

You give an instance name to a function block instance in a program to enable managing it. You specify an instance name when you call a function block definition from a program or another function block.

Algorithm

Algorithms are programmed in the FBD language.

You cannot use the ladder diagram language (LD) or the structured text language (ST). You can use any instructions or user-defined function blocks in the algorithm.

• Local Variable Table

The local variable table contains the definitions for input variables, output variables, and internal variables.

Parameters

Input Parameters to Input Variables

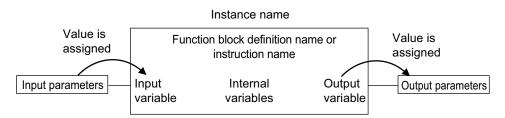
An input parameter passes a value to an input variable in a function block when function block execution begins. An input parameter can be either a variable or a constant.

• Output Parameters from Output Variables An output parameter receives a value from an output variable in a function block when function block execution is completed. A variable is given as the parameter.

Additional Information

You can omit input and output parameters. For details on the operation, refer to the *NX-series* Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).

Variable Designations for Function Blocks



The specifications for variables in function blocks are given below.

Variables	Number ^{*1}	Specification
	1 to 64	Input variables are used as input arguments within the function block. They cannot be changed inside the function block.
Input varia-		• When the function block is executed, the input variables are set to the values of the input parameters.
bles		You can specify either constants or variables for input parameters.Omitting Input Parameters:
		Refer to the NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).
	1 to 64	Output variables are used as output arguments from the function block.
Output varia-		 The output parameters are set to the values of the output variables at the end of execution. You cannot specify a constant for an output parameter. Only variables may be specified. You can omit output parameter connections. If you omit an output parameter, the set of th
bles		 the value of the output variable is not assigned to any parameter. Omitting Output Parameters: Refer to the <i>NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual</i> (<i>Cat. No. Z931</i>).
		• You can access the values from outside of the function block. Access these values with the following format: <i>InstanceName.OutputVariableName</i> . However, you cannot write values directly to an output variable.
	No limit	Internal variables are used for temporary storage within a function block.
Internal vari- ables		 The values of internal variables are retained regardless of whether the function block is executed. The values cannot be referenced from outside of the function block.

*1. The individual restrictions are listed in the above table. The actual upper limits depend on the overall program capacity and internal memory capacity.

Refer to 6-2-4 Attributes of Variables on page 6-13 for details on the variable attributes that can be set for each type of variable.

Function Block Definitions and Instances

A function block consists of a "function block definition" that is made in advance and "instances" that are used in the actual programs.

All instances of a function block are based on the "function block definition".

A "function block definition" consists of an algorithm and a local variable table.

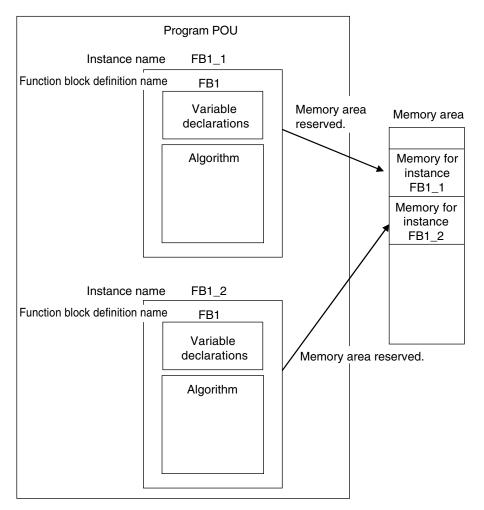
• Function Block Instance

When you place an instance of a function block definition in a program or another function block, the function block definition is treated as a part of that program or function block.

Function block definitions that are called from a program or another function block are called "instances".

Every instance of a function block has an identifier known as an instance name associated with it, and every instance uses memory.

You can use a single function block definition to create more than one "instance". This allows you to process different I/O data with the same function.



If you place instance names *FB1_1* and *FB1_2* for function block FB1 in the program, each instance requires its own space in memory.

"Instances" cannot be read from other programs or function blocks. If an instance with the same name as another instance is placed in a different program or another function block, that instance will operate as a completely separate instance.

Precautions for Correct Use

In the following conditions, a user-defined function block will cause an error during the program check when the program is built.

- The same function block instance was called more than once in the POU.
- The instance of the function block was registered as a global variable.

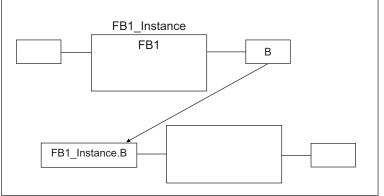
Accessing Variables in a Function Block from Outside the Function Block

You can access the input and output variables of a function block from outside the function block. Variables are written as follows:

InstanceName.VariableName

Example: To Access Output Variable B of Function Block Instance FB1_Instance

FB1_Instance.B



You can access the input and output variables for a function block only within the program that contains the function block.

However, you cannot access these variables from within other function block instances even if they are in the same program. You cannot access them from other programs.

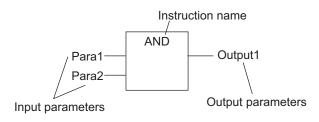
6-1-6 Details on Functions

You cannot create user-defined functions for Safety Control Units. Only system-defined functions (instructions) are allowed.

Structure of Functions

With the FBD language, functions are represented as rectangular boxes as shown below. A function consists of the following parts.

This function is expressed in the FBD language:



Instruction Name

This is the instruction name.

Instance Name

Functions do not have instance names.

6-1-7 Instructions

Instructions are the smallest unit of the processing elements that are provided by OMRON for use in POU algorithms.

There are FB instructions and FUN instructions.

Programs and user-defined function blocks consist of a combination of these instructions.

You can press a shortcut key to display help for an instruction.

Select an instruction that was previously entered in the FBD editor or select an instruction in the Instruction Navigator in the Toolbox, and then press the **F1** Key.



Additional Information

An instruction refers to a system-defined function or function block. The following table shows the relationship between user-defined and system-designed functions and the FUN or FB.

	User-defined functions	System-defined = Instructions
FB	Supported	Supported
FUN	Not supported	Supported

For details on instructions, refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual* (*Cat. No. Z931*).



Version Information

You can display help with a shortcut key with Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or higher.

6-2 Variables

In the Safety CPU Unit, variables are used to exchange I/O information with external devices, to perform data calculations, and to perform other processes. This section describes variable designations in detail.

6-2-1 Variables

Variables store I/O data for exchange with external devices or temporary data that is used for internal POU processing. In other words, a variable is a data container with attributes, such as the name and data type.

You do not need to assign a memory address to a variable. The Sysmac Studio automatically allocates memory addresses in the memory area for variables.

6-2-2 Types of Variables

Variables are broadly classified into the following two types.

• User-defined Variables

The user defines all of the attributes of a user-defined variable. The rest of this section describes "user-defined variables".

• Semi-user-defined Variables

For semi-user-defined variables, some attributes are designed by the system, while others are defined by the user.

This includes variables that are used to access specific devices and data.

This is the equivalent of a "device variable" in the Safety Control Unit.

6-2-3 Type of User-defined Variable

There are five types of user-defined variables as defined according to their function in a POU.

Turne of u	Type of user-defined variable		type
Type of user-defined variable		Programs	FB
Local variables Internal variables		Provided	Provided
	Input variables	Not provided	Provided
	Output variables	Not provided	Provided
	External variables	Provided	Not provided
Global variables		Provided ^{*1}	Not provided

*1. You can define global variables as external variables to access the global variables through the external variables.

Local Variables

A local variable can be read and written only inside the POU (program or function block) in which it is defined.

"Local variables" is the generic term for internal variables, input variables, output variables, and external variables.

Internal Variables

An internal variable can be used only within one POU.

An internal variable is declared in the local variable table of the POU.

You cannot access the values of internal variables from outside of the POU.

You can declare an internal variable with the same name in different POUs. In this case, memory is allocated separately for each variable.

Input Variables

When a POU is called, the values of the input parameters are assigned to the input variables from the calling POU. An input variable is declared in the local variable table of the POU.

Output Variables

Before processing a POU is completed, the output parameters returned to the calling POU are assigned to the output variables. An output variable is declared in the local variable table of the POU.

External Variables

External variables are used to access global variables from a POU.

Global Variables

A global variable is declared in the global variable table.

Device variables that are automatically created from the Slave Terminal configuration are automatically registered as global variables.

6-2-4 Attributes of Variables

You can set the following attributes for variables.

Variable Attributes According to Variable Type

• Attributes of Variables

Attribute	Description	Specification	Default
Variable Name	The variable name is used to identify the variable.	UTF-8 format 127 bytes max.	Name
Data Type	The data type defines the format of the data that is stored in the variable.		BOOL

Attribute	Description	Specification	Default
Initial Value	Specify a value for the variable for one of the following situations:	This setting is re- guired.	FALSE for BOOL and SAFEBOOL variables,
	When the power supply is turned	quired.	and 0 for numeric vari-
	ONWhen the mode is changed to		ables.
	RUN mode or DEBUG mode.		
Constant	If you set the Constant attribute, you	Specify making the	Do not specify a con-
	can set the initial value of the variable	value a constant or not	stant.
	when it is downloaded, but you can-	a constant.	
	not overwrite the value afterward.		
Comment	You can add comments to variables.	UTF-8 format	None (empty).
		127 bytes max.	

• Attributes Supported by Each Type of Variable

Type of variable		Variable Name	Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	Comment
Global variables		Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.
Programs	Internal variables	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.
	External variables	Not supported.	Not supported.	Not supported.	Supported.	Supported.
Function	Internal variables	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.
blocks	Input variables	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Not supported.	Supported.
	Output variables	Supported.	Supported.	Supported.	Not supported.	Supported.



Additional Information

The following comments are linked. If you change a comment, the comment for the corresponding parameter is also changed.

- · Device variable comments in the I/O Map
- Global variable comments
- I/O terminal comments in the Parameters Tab Page

6-2-5 Data Type

The Data Type attribute defines the type of data and range of data that is expressed by a variable. The amount of memory that is allocated when you declare a variable depends on the data type of that variable. The more memory allocated, the larger the range of values that the variable can express. The data types for the input and output variables of instructions depend on the instruction. Set the data types of input and output parameters for the instruction arguments according to the data types of the input and output variables for that instruction.

The Safety Control Unit allows the use of only pre-defined basic data types. You cannot use user-defined derivative data types, such as structures, unions, and enumerations, or array specifications.

Basic Data Types

The basic data types that you can use with the Safety Control Unit are listed below.

Туре	Definition	
Boolean	Boolean A data type with a value of either TRUE or FALSE.	
Bit string	Bit string A data type that represents a value as a bit string.	
Integers A data type that represents an integer value.		

Туре	Definition	
Duration	A data type that represents a time duration (days, hours, minutes, seconds, and milliseconds).	

Safety Data Types and Standard Data Types

The Safety Control Unit classifies data types into the following two types to distinguish between safety data and standard data.

- Safety data types: These data types represent data related to safety control.
- Standard data types: These data types represent data related to standard control.

"SAFE" is prefixed to the names of the standard data types such as SAFEBOOL, to create the names of the safety data types.

You can input a signal for a safety data type variable to a standard data type variable. You cannot input a signal for a standard data type variable to a safety data type variable. A building error will occur.

Basic Data Types

The basic data types are given below.

Classifi- cation	Data type	Safety/ standard da- ta type	Range of values	Notation	
Boolean	BOOL	Standard da- ta type	FALSE or TRUE	bool#0 or bool#1 FALSE or TRUE	
	SAFE- BOOL	Safety data type			
Bit strings	BYTE ^{*1*2}	Standard da- ta type	byte#16#00 to byte#16#FF	byte#2#0101010 byte#2#0101_1010	
	SAFE- BYTE	Safety data type		byte#16#5A You can use the separator charac-	
	WORD ^{*3}	Standard da- ta type	word#16#0000 to word#16#FFFF	ter "_".	
	SAFE- WORD ^{*4}	Safety data type			
Integers	Integers INT Standard da- ta type		int#-32768 to int#-32767	100 int#100	
	SAFEINT	Safety data type		int#2#0000000_1100100 int#16#64	
	DINT Standard da- dint#-2147483648 to dint#-2147483647			-100	
	SAFEDINT	Safety data type			
Duration	Duration TIME*4 Standard da- ta type		t#0ms(t#0d0h0m0s0ms) to	t#3000ms	
	SAFE- TIME ^{*4}	Safety data type	t#4294967295ms (t#49d17h02m47s295ms)		

*1. The BYTE data type cannot be used for an internal variable.

*2. If you use the BYTE data type for a global variable, you must define an exposed variable.

6

- *3. If you use the WORD data type for a global variable, you must define an exposed variable or use a constant.
- *4. If you use the SAFEWORD, TIME, or SAFETIME data type for a global variable, you must set a constant.

Bit String Data Format

This section describes the data format for bit string data. "Bit 0" is the least significant bit of a bit string variable. Bit values are expressed as 1 or 0.

Bit 7 Bit 0 BYTE#16#3B 001111011

6-2-6 Variable Attributes Other Than Data Type

This section describes the variable attributes other than the Data Type.

Variable Name Attribute

The variable name is used to identify the variable.

Each variable in a POU must have a unique name. However, you can declare local variables with the same variable name in different POUs. These are treated as two separate variables.

You cannot declare an internal variable with the same variable name as a global variable.

Initial Value Attribute

The variable is set to the initial value in the following situations.

- · When the power supply is turned ON
- · When the mode is changed to RUN mode
- · When the mode is changed to DEBUG mode (STOPPED)

• Types of Variables That Can Have Initial Values

You can set initial values for only some types of variables. A list is provided below.

Variables	Initial Value Settings
Global variables	Yes (required)
Internal variables	
Input variables	
Output variables	
External variables	Not possible.

You must set initial values for all variables that allow them.

Constant Attribute

The Constant attribute prohibits instructions from writing values to a variable. Setting the Constant attribute will prevent any program from overwriting the variable.

The values of variables with a Constant attribute cannot be written from instructions after the initial value is set. If there is an instruction in a POU that attempts to write a value to a variable with the Constant attribute, an error will occur when the program is built.

6-2-7 Function Block Instances

Function block instances are added to and displayed in the local variable table or the global variable table as data types.



Additional Information

A function block instance is treated as a local variable of the program in which the instance is created. As such, the instance is added to and displayed in the local variable table of the program.

6-2-8 Restrictions on Variable Names and Other Safety Program-related Names

The following table lists the restrictions on variable names and other safety program-related names.

Character Restrictions

Safety program- related name	Applicable characters	Re- served words	Multi- byte charac- ter com- patibili- ty	Case sensi- tivity	Maximum size ^{*1} (not including NULL)	Char- acter code
Variable names (including POU in- stance names) POU definition names Full path of varia- ble names (Example: This in- cludes the number of characters for the instance name and period, which is Instance- Name.OutputVar- iableName when accessing the out- put variable of a function block.) Device names	 Usable characters 0 to 9, A to Z, and a to z _ (underlines) Refer to <i>Reserved Words</i> below for a list of the reserved words. Characters that cannot be used together A text string that starts with a number (0 to 9) A text string that starts in an underline (_) character A text string that contains two or more consecutive underline (_) character A text string that ends in an underline (_) character Identifiers formed from a string of characters that is prefixed or suffixed with one or more expansion characters or spaces 	Refer to <i>Re-</i> <i>served</i> <i>Words</i> on page 6-18 below.	Not sup- ported	Not case sensi- tive.	127 bytes 511 bytes 127 bytes	ASCII
Variable com- ments		None	Sup- ported		127 bytes	UTF-8

*1. The individual restrictions are as listed in the table. The actual upper limits depend on the overall program capacity and memory capacity for variables.

Reserved Words

An error is detected during the program check for the following names.

- Use of the same name as any of the instructions that are described in the *NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931)*
- Words that are reserved by the system

Names that Must Be Unique

The following names must be unique. A building error will occur.

- Global variable names in the same Safety CPU Unit
- · Variable names in the same POU
- · Local variable names and global variable names

6-3 Constants (Literals)

This section describes constants.

6-3-1 Constants

The value of a variable changes depending on the data that is assigned to that variable. The value of a constant never changes.

Unlike variables, constants are not stored in memory. You can use constants in the algorithm of a POU without the need to declare them.

Constants have a "data type" in the same way as variables.

6-3-2 Types of Constants

The following types of constants can be used with Safety Control Units.

- Bits
- Numbers
- Bit strings
- Times

The following tables show the notation to define different constants for the Safety Control Unit. The constant is normalized after it is entered.

Bits

Notation	Example	Remarks
TRUE or FALSE	FALSE or TRUE	
{data_type}#{numeric_value}	bool#0 or bool#1	Data type: BOOL

Numbers

Integers

Notation	Example	Remarks
{data_type}#{base}#{numeric_val- ue}	int#10#1	 Data type: int or dint Base: 2, 8, 10, or 16 The editor on the Sysmac Studio does not show the base of 10. Values entered as the base of 8 are converted to decimal num- bers. Numeric values cannot be signed (+ or -).
	int#1	This is interpreted as decimal data.
{numeric_value}	-100	This is interpreted as SAFEINT or SAFEDINT data.

Bit Strings

• Bit String Data

Notation	Example	Example
{da-	word#16#0064	Data type: BYTE or WORD
ta_type}#{base		• Base: 2, 8, 10, or 16
}#{numeric_val-		The normalizing processing omits the base of 10 and converts val-
ue}		ues entered as base of 8 to decimal numbers.
{da-	word#100	This is interpreted as decimal data.
ta_type}#{nu-		
meric_value}		

Times

• Durations

Notation	Example	Remarks
{Data type}#{days}d{hours}h{minutes}m{seconds}s{millisec- onds}ms	t#61m5s	Data Type: t

6-4 Programming Languages

This section describes the programming languages in detail.

Refer to 6-5 Programming Operations on page 6-26 to learn how to enter the programming languages on the Sysmac Studio.

6-4-1 Programming Languages

The languages used to express the algorithms in a POU (program or function block) are called the programming languages.

FBD is the only programming language that can be used with the Safety Control Unit.

6-4-2 FBD Language

The FBD language is a graphical programming language that is used for programmable controllers and is defined by IEC 61131-3.

You use connecting lines to show the data flow, and rectangular boxes to represent functions and function blocks to write algorithms.

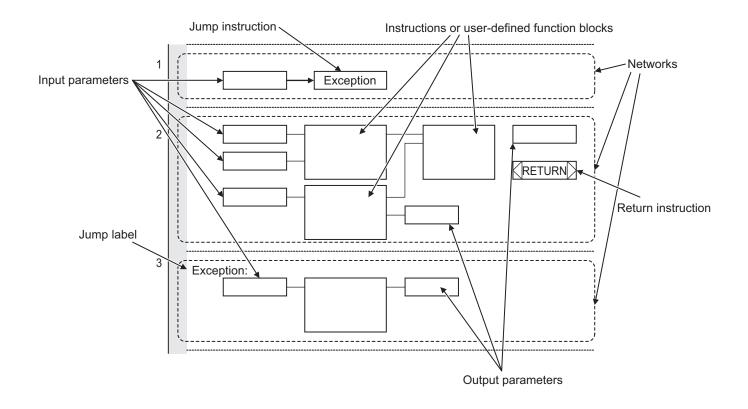
Elements of the FBD Language

An algorithm in the FBD language is a unit made up of a series of elements, called "networks", that connect the inputs to the outputs. The networks consist of the following elements.

- Input parameters
- Connecting lines
- · Instructions (FUN or FB instructions) or user-defined function blocks
- · Output parameters

In a network, signals flow from the inputs on the left to the outputs on the right.

- Input parameters and output parameters are arguments that are written with variables or constants. These arguments are written in the areas that are connected to the terminals of input variables or output variables inside the instructions or user-defined function blocks with connecting lines.
- The connecting lines show the flow of the following three types of signals.
 - a) Flow between input and output parameters and instructions
 - b) Flow between terminals on user-defined function blocks
 - c) Horizontal and vertical flow between instructions or between user-defined function blocks
- Instructions and user-defined function blocks are represented by rectangular boxes. You can use connecting lines to connect input variables or output variables. Some terminals do not need to be connected with a connecting line.



The networks shown above include a Jump instruction that changes the top-to-bottom flow of execution between networks, a label that shows the network to jump to, and a Return instruction. Refer to *Execution Order of Safety Programs Written in the FBD Language* on page 6-22 and *Execution Control* on page 6-23 later in this manual, and also to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931)* for details.

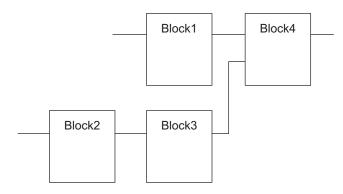
Additional Information

- Unlike the ladder diagram language, the FBD language does not have bus bars. The connecting lines do not indicate power flow. They indicate the flow of data. The FBD language does not have an END instruction. Execution for the task period ends when the last network is executed.
- In this manual, "FBD network" is sometimes used to differentiate programming networks from physical networks, such as EtherCAT networks.

Execution Order of Safety Programs Written in the FBD Language

In POUs that are written in the FBD language, networks are executed in order from top to bottom. Processing ends when the network at the very bottom of the program is executed.

Elements in the same network are executed from top to bottom for FUN and FB inputs and left to right for blocks that are connected in series. In the following example, execution is in the following order: Block 1, Block 2, Block 3, and then Block 4.



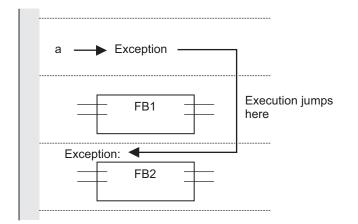
However, if there is a Return instruction in the middle of a program and the execution condition is met, the POU is ended and a return is made to the source of the call. No processes after Return instruction are executed.

Execution Control

Safety programs that are written in the FBD language are generally executed from top to bottom, but you can use the Jump instruction to change the execution order.

For example, when the value of variable *a* changes to TRUE in the following example, execution will move to the network labeled "Exception".

You cannot jump to a network that is above the current network.



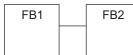
Connecting Instructions or User-defined Function Blocks

Correct Connection Configurations

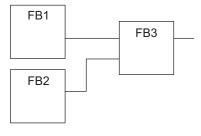
Parameters and commands, or user-defined function blocks can be connected with a connecting line.



The connecting line can connect two instructions or two user-defined function blocks.

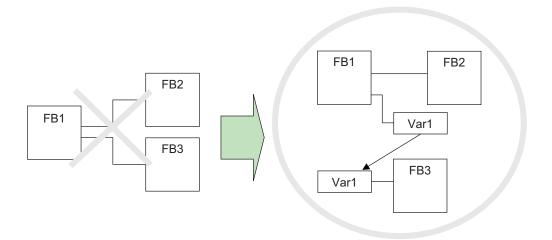


Multiple instructions or user-defined function blocks can be connected to a single instruction or user-defined function block.

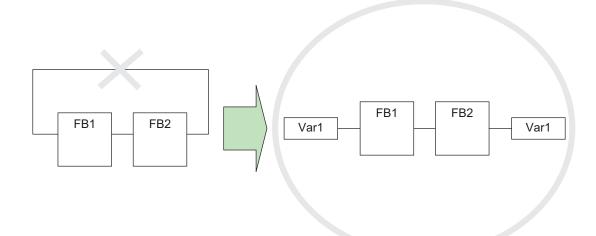


• Incorrect Connection Configurations

You cannot connect more than one instruction or user-defined function block to the right of another instruction or user-defined function block. In this case, you must pass the signal to a variable as shown in the following figure.



You cannot route a connecting line from the output to the input. In this case, you must pass the signal to a variable as shown in the following figure.



6-5 **Programming Operations**

This section describes the procedures on the Sysmac Studio that you use to create safety programs for the Safety CPU Unit.

6-5-1 **Programming Layer on the Sysmac Studio**

You use the Programming Layer with the Controller set to the Safety CPU Unit on the Sysmac Studio as shown below to create safety programs for the Safety CPU Unit.

Ele Extrement Depet Controller Lole Lebe	New Project - new_SafetyCPU0 - Sysmac Studio	
Non-Project Image: Stategodu Imag		
Image: Substry CRUE Image: Substry CRUE<	メ ● @ @ う ⊂ 図 書 へ &	※ 応 品 民 A × 多 % m 型
Image: Safety GDU Im	New Project	Programming (C) 0.0
Configurations and Setup Image: SAFEBOOL Initial Value Constant 1 Comment 1 Image: SAFEBOOL FALSE Image: SAFEBOOL FALSE Image: SAFEBOOL State of the Operators Image: State of the Operators <td>∟ new_SafetyCPU0 ▼</td> <td>Renarram0</td>	∟ new_SafetyCPU0 ▼	Renarram0
Image: SafeBOOL FALSE Image: Bools Image: SafeBOOL Image: Bools Image: Bools Image: Bools <td< td=""><td> Configurations and Setup </td><td>Internals Name Data Type Initial Value Constant Comment </td></td<>	 Configurations and Setup 	Internals Name Data Type Initial Value Constant Comment
Image: Constraint of Regentation Image: Constraint of Regentation <td< td=""><td></td><td>CACEINIAIS Name SAFEBOOL FALSE</td></td<>		CACEINIAIS Name SAFEBOOL FALSE
• Reparand • Safety Function block: • Millioner Endogram • Safety Standard FB:		
Image: The safety Standard PB: Image: The safety Standard PB:	🔳 🗈 🔚 Program0	
Teofree Forgerand T	Data	Safety Standard F8s
Multiview Explorer		
	Multi	
	view	
	Explo	Š. S.
	rer	
1723DD45		
Programming Header	Programming	Header I Edit Pane

The Programming Headers of the Multiview Explorer are organized as shown below.

	Programming Header	Description
POL	ls	
[Programs	
	Program0	The list of programs is displayed.
	Program1	 "Program0" is created when a new project is created. Double-click a program to display it in the FBD editor and begin editing. In the Multiview Explorer, you can change the names of programs or delete, copy, paste, and cut programs.
ſ	Function Blocks	

	Programming Header	Description
FunctionBlock0		A list of user-defined function blocks is displayed.
	FunctionBlock1	There are no function blocks when you create a new project.
		Double-click a function block to display it in the FBD editor and begin editing.
		You can change the name, delete, copy, paste, and cut function blocks.
Data		
Global variables		Double-click Global Variables to display the Global Variable Table and begin
		editing.

The structure of the Edit Pane is shown below.

_	ew Project - new_SafetyCPU0 - Sysmac Studio Edit View Insert Project Controller						
X	● @ @ ゔ Ċ Ø ♂		🔺 🔌 🍾 😪 📬	₽			
Ĩ	New Project New SafetyCPU0 Configurations and Setup Programming I POU Programming I POU Program0 I Program I Progr	Pro	gramming gram0 ×	+ I Data Type I	Initial Value Constant FALSE	Comment	Toolbox Clear search> V P × General General General General General Softer Operators Softer Function blocks
	▶ m Data ▶ ₩) Safety Task						FBD editor
Multiview Explorer							Toolhost
I	CRC data	e	E0				

ltem	Editing	Description
Variable table	Possible	Displays the local variables.
FBD editor	Possible	Displays the FBD network.
CRC data	Not possible	Displays the CRC data of the POU.

6-5-2 Registering POUs

This section shows how to register programs and function blocks.

Registering New Programs

1 Right-click **Programs** under **Programming** - **POUs** and select **Add** - **Program** from the menu. A new program is added under **Programs**.

▼ Programming
🖉 🖬 POUs
📕 🔍 🚮 Programs
∟ 📴 Program0
Program1



Double-click the program that was added.

6-5 Programming Operations

6

The variable table and FBD editor are displayed in the Edit Pane. From here you can edit programs.

Refer to 6-5-3 *Registering Variables* on page 6-37 for information on how to register variables, and 6-5-4 *FBD Programming* on page 6-45 for information on programming in the FBD editor.

Registering Function Blocks

Function blocks are written in the FBD language. You can call them from safety programs as required. You can use functions inside function blocks.

Refer to 6-1-2 Overview of the Three Types of POUs on page 6-3 for a detailed description of function blocks.

• Registering New Function Block

This section describes the procedures for registering a new user-defined function block. Function block instructions are registered in the Sysmac Studio in advance. You do not need to register function block instructions to use them.

Right-click Function Blocks under Programming - POUs in the Multiview Explorer and select Add - FunctionBlock from the menu.

A new function block is added under Function Blocks.



2 Double-click the new function block.

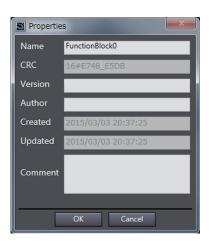
The variable table for the function block and the FBD editor are displayed in the Edit Pane. From here you can create local variables and FBD networks.

Refer to 6-5-3 Registering Variables on page 6-37 for information on how to register variables, and 6-5-4 FBD Programming on page 6-45 for information on programming in the FBD editor.

Displaying Properties

This section describes how to display program and function block properties.

Right-click the registered program or function block and select **Properties** from the menu. The Properties Dialog Box is displayed.



The following table describes the items in the Property Dialog Box.

Item	Editing	Description
Name	Possible	This is the name that is currently set for the POU.
CRC	Not possible	This is the CRC data of the POU.
		You can also check the CRC data on the Change Tracking Tab Page.
Version	Possible	This is the version information for the POU.
		You can also check the version information on the Change Tracking Tab Page.
Author	Possible	This is the person that created the POU.
Created	Not possible	This is the date that the POU was created.
Updated	Not possible	This is the date that the POU was updated.
Comment	Possible	This is a comment for the POU.

D

Precautions for Correct Use

The author, creation date, and update date cannot be saved on Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or lower.

If you open a project on Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or lower, this data will be lost.

Version Information

Sysmac Studio version 1.13 or higher is required to display these properties.

Exporting Programs

You can export a program to a file (extension .spg). You can import an exported program to reuse it in another project. Use the following procedure.

1 Right-click a program displayed under Programming - POUs - Programs in the Multiview Explorer, and then select Export from the menu. The Export Dialog Box is displayed.

	ries 🕨	Documents >	•	47	Search Documents	2
Organize 💌 New I	folder				== -	0
🔆 Favorites		Documents library Includes: 2 locations			Arrange by: Folder	
😝 Libraries		Name			Date modified	
Documents	E					
👌 Music	-	No	items match	your	search.	
Pictures						
Videos						
🖳 Computer		< []	1			
👰 Computer	-					
File <u>n</u> ame:	*					
à		n(*.spg)		_		

2 Enter a file name, and then click the **Save** Button. A program file with an .spg extension is saved.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not delete the program CRC data that is displayed after the program is exported. It is used to check the data when importing the program.
 - You can check the CRC data on the **Change Tracking** Tab Page or Properties Dialog Box.
- The spg program file includes information on global variables that are used as external variables.



Version Information

You can export programs with Sysmac Studio version 1.17 or higher.

Importing Programs

You can import an exported program to reuse it in another project.

Check during the import of the program that the CRC of the program is correct. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.



Use the following procedure to import a program that was previously exported.

1 Right-click**Programs**under**Programming-POUs**in the Multiview Explorer and select**Import**from the menu.

The**Import**Dialog Box is displayed.

) 🔾 🖻 🕨 Librarie	s > Documents >	✓ 4 Search Documents	م
Organize 👻 New fol	der	III 🔻 🗖	0
🔆 Favorites	Documents library Includes: 2 locations	Arrange by: Folder •	
词 Libraries	Name	Date modified	Т
Documents		2016/00/00 10.14	SI
🚽 Music	Program0.spg	2016/08/09 18:14	2
E Pictures			
Videos			
🖳 Computer			
두 Network			
	٠ (III)		
File	name:	 Program(*.spg) 	-

When you select the files to import, you can press the **Shift**Key or **Ctrl**Key to select more than one file.

- 2
- Select the .spg file to import, and then click the **Open**Button.

When external variables are used in the program to import, the following dialog box is displayed.

SelectYes to register the variables as global variables.

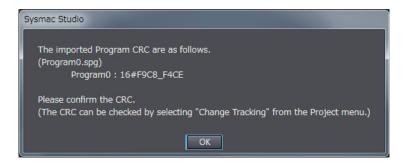
Sysmac Studio
Imported Program(Program0.spg) contains external variables. Do you want to import the required global variables?
Yes <u>N</u> o

When the registered global variables are used as exposed variables, the following dialog box is displayed.

Sysmac Studio
Imported global variables are used as exposed variables. Do you want to register them?
<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

Select**Yes**to register the variables as exposed variables.

A dialog box to check the CRC data is displayed.



3 Check the CRC data, and click the**OK**Button. The program is imported and added to the project.



Precautions for Correct Use

After a function block is imported, the safety program in the project will be in an unvalidated state. Always execute safety validation again.



Additional Information

You can check the CRC data on the Change Tracking Tab Page or Properties Dialog Box.



Version Information

You can import programs with Sysmac Studio version 1.17 or higher.

Exporting User-defined Function Blocks

You can export a user-defined function block to a file (extension .sfb). You can import the exported user-defined function block to reuse it in another project. Use the following procedure.

1 Right-click the user-defined function block under Programming - POUs - Function Blocks in the Multiview Explorer and select Export from the menu. The Export Dialog Box is displayed.

Export								×
$\leftrightarrow \rightarrow \neg \uparrow$	> Thi	s PC → Local Disk (C:)	> Users > Administrato	r > My Documents	~ Č	Search My Docum	ients	P
Organize 👻 Ne	w folde	r						•
Cuick access Desktop Downloads Documents Pictures ConcDrive This PC Network	* * *	Name	~	Date modified 4/10/2018 3:05 PM	Type SFB File	Size 2 KB		
File name:								~
Save as type:	Functi	on Block(*.sfb)						~
∧ Hide Folders						Save	Cancel	

2 Enter a file name, and then click the **Save** Button. A function block file with an .sfb extension is saved.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not delete the function block CRC data that is displayed after the function block is exported. It is used for data confirmation when the function block is imported. You can check the CRC data on the **Change Tracking** Tab Page or Properties Dialog Box.
- A help file is not included with the user-defined function block file (sfb).



Version Information

You can export user-defined function blocks with Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or higher.

Importing User-defined Function Blocks

You can import the exported user-defined function block to reuse it in another project.

Check during the import of the user defined function that the CRC of the imported function block is correct. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.



Use the following procedure to import a user-defined function block that was previously exported.

1 Right-click **Function Blocks** under **Programming** - **POUs** in the Multiview Explorer and select **Import** from the menu.

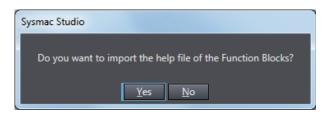
The **Import** Dialog Box is displayed.

	DN ▶ Data ▶ Lib ▶ Safety	- - fy	Search Safety		٦
Organize 👻 New f	older		1	•	0
🔆 Favorites	Name	[Date modified	Туре	
	FunctionBlock0.sfb	2	2016/01/24 14:48	SFB File	
门 Libraries					
Documents					
Music					
Pictures					
Videos					
💻 Computer					
📬 Network					
	•	. III]	
Fil	e name:	•	Function Block(*.	sfb)	•
			Open 🗸	Cancel	-

When you select the files to import, you can press the **Shift** Key or **Ctrl** Key to select more than one file.

2 Select the .sfb file to import, and then click the **Open** Button.

The following dialog box is displayed. To import the function block help file, select Yes.

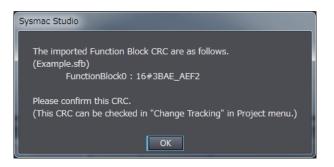


When a function block help file is imported, the following Import Dialog Box is displayed.

Mark Import			X
	ON ▶ Data ▶ Lib ▶ Safety	👻 🍫 Search Safety	٩
Organize 👻 New f	folder	8==	• 🔳 🔞
🔆 Favorites	Name	Date modified 2016/08/05 18:28	Type Adobe Acrobat D
Calibraries Documents Music Pictures Videos	i runcuonbiocoupui	2010/09/03 16:28	AUDE ACTUBALD
🖳 Computer			
🗣 Network			
	<	m	•
Fi	le name:	✓ Function Block He	elp File(*.pdf) 🔻
		Open 😽	Cancel

If you select a help file (.pdf extension) with the same name as the imported function block, the specified file is copied to the save location for the user-defined help file.

A dialog box to check the CRC data is displayed.



3 Check the CRC data, and click the **OK** Button. The function block is imported and added to the project.

Precautions for Correct Use

After a function block is imported, the safety program in the project will be in an unvalidated state. Always execute safety validation again.



Additional Information

You can check the CRC data on the Change Tracking Tab Page or Properties Dialog Box.



Version Information

You can import user-defined function blocks with Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or higher.

Help for User-defined Function Blocks

In the FBD editor, select the user-defined function block and then press the **F1** Key to open the help file.

• Setting a Help File

Use the following procedure to set a help file for a user-defined function block.

1 Prepare a help file with the same name as the function block (extension .pdf).

2 Save the help file in the specified folder. The default folder is C:\OMRON\Data\Lib\Safety.

Changing the Save Location for Help Files

You can change the folder in which help files are saved. Use the following procedure.

Select Option from the Tools Menu.
 The Option Dialog Box is displayed.

2 Click the Safety Function Block.

The help save location is displayed.



3 Select the folder in which to save the help files and click the **OK** Button.

The save location for help files for user-defined function blocks is changed.



Version Information

You can use help for user-defined function blocks with Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or higher.

Importing IEC 61131-10 XML Files

This function imports XML files that conform to IEC 61131-10. You can import global variables and POUs described in FBD language from the XML file.

An example of writing XML is installed by default in the following folder. To check the data supported by this function, refer to the XML schema in the same folder.

- Sysmac Studio (32 bit)
- For 32-bit OS:

C:\Program Files\OMRON\Sysmac Studio\Sample\IEC 61131-10 XML\Safety For 64-bit OS:

C:\Program Files (x86)\OMRON\Sysmac Studio\Sample\IEC 61131-10 XML\Safety

Sysmac Studio (64 bit)

C:\Program Files\OMRON\Sysmac Studio\Sample\IEC 61131-10 XML\Safety

The procedure to import the IEC 61131-10 XML files is as follows.

1 Select IEC 61131-10 XML - Import from the Tools Menu.

The Import IEC 61131-10 XML Dialog Box is displayed.

Mport IEC 61131-10 XML	-		×
Import file:			
_ Import options			—
Same-name program or function block			
O Rename			
Overwrite			
(When there is a duplicate program name or function block name, change the na	me and a	add them	.)
Program or function block with an invalid name			
Rename			
Do not import			
Global variable with the same name			
Add as new variables			
Overwrite			
<u>E</u> xecute <u>C</u> ancel			

2 Click the View File Selection Dialog Box Button.

Mport IEC 61131-10 XML	_	×
Import file:		
└ Import options		

The Select File Dialog Box is displayed.

3 In the Select File Dialog Box, select the XML file to import, and then click the **Open** Button. The screen returns to the Import IEC 61131-10 XML Dialog Box, in which the path to the file that you selected in the Select File Dialog Box is displayed as the import file.

4 Select the options before importing the file.

Mport IEC 61131-10 XML	<u>100</u> 2		×
Import file:			
C:¥Program Files (x86)¥OMRON¥Sysmac Studio¥Sample¥IEC 61131-10 XML¥Safety¥Sa	mple_Safet	y.xml	
└ Import options ────			
Same-name program or function block Rename			
Overwrite			
(When there is a duplicate program name or function block name, change the	name and	add then	n.) _
Program or function block with an invalid name Rename 			
Do not import			
Global variable with the same name			
Add as new variables			
Overwrite			
<u>Execute</u>			

5 Click the **Execute** Button.

The data is imported and the global variables and POUs in the XML file are added to the project.

If the project already has any global variable or POU with the same name, data is imported as you configured in the import options. You can check the imported data on the Output Tab Page.

N

Precautions for Correct Use

The data integrity of the XML file is not checked by CRC when it is imported. Always validate the correct logic under your responsibility after the import and assure proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

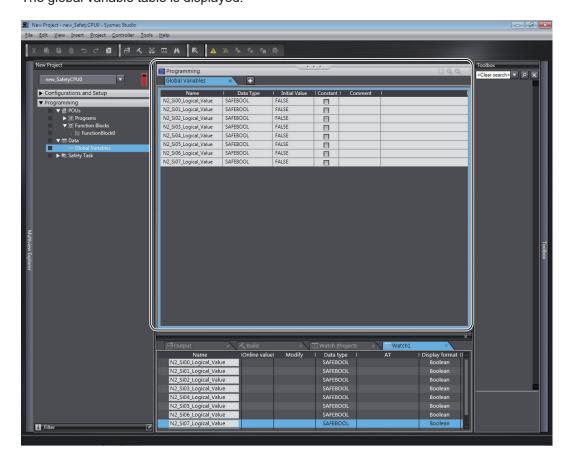
6-5-3 Registering Variables

This section describes how to register global variables and local variables.

Registering Global Variables

• Opening the Global Variable Table

Double-click **Global Variables** under **Programming - Data** in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click **Global Variables** under **Programming - Data** and select **Edit** from the menu. The global variable table is displayed.



Field	Description	Restrictions
Name	Enter a name to use to identify the variable.	Only single-byte alphanu- meric characters are al- lowed. Multi-byte characters, such as those used for Japa- nese, are not allowed. The maximum size is 127 bytes.
Data Type	Set the type of data that is stored in the variable. Refer to 6-2-5 Data Type on page 6-14 for the data types that you can use.	
Initial Val- ue	Set the value to use when the power is turned ON, when the mode changes to RUN mode, or DEBUG mode (STOPPED). This parameter must be specified.	
Constant	Select the check box in the Constant column to set the initial val- ue of the variable when it is downloaded, but prevent it from be- ing changed afterward. Select the check box or clear the selection (default).	

Field	Description	Restrictions
Comment	Set any comments for the variable.	The maximum size is 127
		bytes.

• Registering New Global Variables

1 Press the **Insert** Key in the global variable table, or right-click in the global variable table and select **Create New** from the menu.

E Programming			•	• •		
Global Variables	×	+				
Name	l Dat	ta Type 🛛 🛛	Initial Value	Constant	Comment	1
Empty. Click here		Create New Vaste				

2 Enter values for each item, and then press the Enter Key.

Programming		•	* *		
Global Variables	× +				
Mana		Initial Value	Constant	Comment	Ι
Name	SAFEBOOL	FALSE			

The variable is registered. Always set the variable name and the data type.

Additional Information

If there are no registered variables at all, the message *Empty. Click here to add Item* is displayed. Click to add a new variable.

Automatically Registering Global Variables

When you register device variables or exposed variables, any of the variables that are not already registered as global variables are automatically registered as global variables.

Refer to *5-6 Registering Device Variables* on page 5-40 for details on registering device variables. Refer to *5-7 Exposing Variables to Standard Controllers* on page 5-46 for details on registering exposed variables.

Editing Global Variables

1 Click the cell to edit for the registered variable.

Programming Global Variables	× +		••	
Name Name	Data Type SAFEBOOL SAFEDINT SAFEINT SAFEITME SAFEWORD	Initial Value	I Constant I	Comment

You can use the autocompletion to enter a data type in the Data Type cells. When you enter the first letter (example: S), a list of data types that begin with the letter is displayed. Select a data type from the list.

2 Change the value or the settings, and then press the **Enter** key. The change is applied to the variable.

📄 Programming		•
Global Variables	× +	
Name	I Data Type	I Initial Value
First_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE

Entry candidates you can select are displayed as follows:

Entry candidates are displayed in the Name, Data Type, and Initial Value cells.

Entry candidates that match the characters in the entered text string are displayed as you edit the text string.

 Entry candidates you can select by drag and drop are displayed as follows: You can move the position at which the selected variable is defined. You cannot select multiple variables.

If you select multiple variables, the variable at the very bottom row will be the target of the drag and drop operation.

• Deleting Global Variables

1 Click any cell on the line of the variable to delete to select the entire line.

Programming			* *	
Global Variables	× +			
Name	I Data Type	I Initial Value	Constant	Comment
First_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		
Second_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		
Third_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE	\geq	

- **2** Press the **Delete** Key. Or, right-click a row and select **Delete** from the menu. The variable is deleted.
- Copying and Pasting Global Variables
 - 1 Click any cell on the line of the variable to copy.

1		
Name	l Data Type	I Initial Value
First_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE
Second_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE

- **2** Press the **Ctrl** + **C** Keys. Or, right-click the row and select **Copy** from the menu. The specified variable is copied.
- Press the Ctrl + V Keys. Or, right-click and select Paste from the menu.
 A copy of the variable is registered with _Copy added to the name of the variable that was copied on the next row.

Global Variables	× +	
Name	I Data Type	I Initial Value
First_Start_SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE
Second Start SW	SAFEBOOL	FALSE
Second_Start_SW_Copy	FEBOOL	FALSE



Precautions for Correct Use

If you enter any invalid characters or out of range values, the cell is highlighted in pink. An error will occur when the program is built. A red icon "!" is displayed in the Multiview Explorer. The error message is displayed when the mouse cursor is moved over the cell where the error exists or over the exclamation icon.

Refer to 6-2-8 *Restrictions on Variable Names and Other Safety Program-related Names* on page 6-17 for details on the restrictions on variable names.

Variable Table



 POUs (when the mouse cursor is moved over a POU, including the local variable where the error exists)





Additional Information

- The global variable comments are linked to the device variable comments in the I/O Map and the I/O terminal comments on the Parameters Tab Page for the Safety Slave Unit.
- If the same variable names exist when variables are copied and pasted from other variable tables or spreadsheets, a dialog box that lists the source and destination variables is displayed. Select the variable to overwrite and execute the paste.

Registering Local Variables

Registration of local variables refers to the registration of variables that can be used only inside POUs (programs and function blocks). Local variables include internal variables, input variables, output variables, and external variables.

• Registering and Editing Local Variables

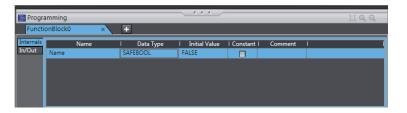
1 Double-click a program under **Programming - POUs - Programs** in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click the program and select **Edit** from the menu.

The local variable table for the program or the local variable table for the function block is displayed in the Edit Pane.

• The local variable table for programs is shown below.

Progra Progra	-	+	• • •			<u> </u>
Internals Externals	Name Name	I Data Type SAFEBOOL	I Initial Value FALSE	I Constant I	Comment	

• The local variable table for function blocks is shown below.



Field	Description	Restrictions
Name	Enter a name to use to identify the variable.	Only single-byte alphanu- meric characters are al- lowed. Multi-byte characters, such as those used for Japanese, are not al- lowed. The maximum size is 127 bytes.
Data Type	Set the type of data that is stored in the variable. Refer to 6-2-5 Data Type on page 6-14 for the data types that you can use.	
Initial Val- ue	Set the value to use when the power is turned ON, when the mode changes to RUN mode, or DEBUG mode (STOPPED). This parameter must be specified.	
Constant	Select the check box in the Constant column to set the initial value of the variable when it is downloaded, but prevent it from being changed afterward. Select the check box or clear the selection (default).	
Comment	Set any comments for the variable.	The maximum size is 127 bytes.

Note The items that can be set and viewed depend on the type of the local variable. Refer to 6-2-4 Attributes of Variables on page 6-13 for details.

2 Select the tab for internal variables, in-out variables (function blocks only), or external variables, and then register and edit the local variables. You can also register them directly in the FBD editor.



Additional Information

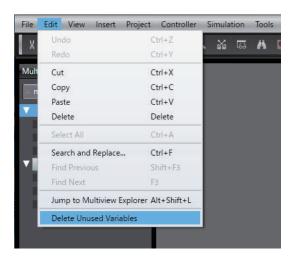
The operating procedures for local variables are the same as the procedures used for global variables.

Refer to 6-5-3 Registering Variables on page 6-37.

Deleting Unused Variables

You can delete unused variables in the Safety CPU Unit programs all at once.

1 Select Delete Unused Variables from the Edit menu.



The confirmation message is displayed.

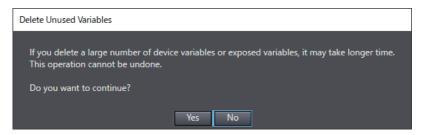
Delete Unused Variables	
All variables not used in programs in new_SafetyCPU0 will be deleted. Do you wish to continue? Unused variables will be deleted from all the variable tables in the Controller. Variable tables of POUs with data protection are not included.	
 Delete unused variables mapped to the I/O ports on the I/O Map. Delete unused exposed variables. 	
OK Cancel	

2 To include unused variables mapped to the I/O ports on the I/O Map and/or unused exposed variables to the deletion target, select the corresponding checkbox(es) and click the OK Button.

A list of unused variables is displayed.

1	Variable	Data Type	Comment
1	Program0.SF_TP_0	SF_TP	
F	Program0.xBlink	BOOL	
1	N2_Safety_Input_Terminal_Status	SAFEBOOL	
1	N3_Safety_Input_Terminal_Status	SAFEBOOL	
1	N4_Safety_Output_Terminal_Status	SAFEBOOL	
1 5	Std_Input_Bit4	BOOL	Reserved
5	Std_Input_Bit5	BOOL	Reserved
2	Std_Input_Bit6	BOOL	Reserved
5	Std_Input_Bit7	BOOL	Reserved
1	Std_Output_Bit5	BOOL	Reserved
5	Std_Output_Bit6	BOOL	Reserved
1 5	Std_Output_Bit7	BOOL	Reserved
1 5	Std_PB1	BOOL	Push Button 1
1 9	Std_PB2	BOOL	Push Button 2
1 5	Std_PB3	BOOL	Push Button 3

3 Select the checkbox(es) of the variable(s) to delete and click the **OK** Button. The following confirmation dialog is displayed.



4 Check the contents and click the **Yes** Button.

The unused variables are deleted. The window displays the number of deleted entries.

Delete Unused Variables
15 unused variables were deleted. Please check the Output Tab Page for more information.
ОК



Precautions for Correct Use

- This deletion does not work for variables with data protection enabled and the I/O variables of function blocks.
- The deletion also does not work for the exposed variables with the device variables assigned by the standard controllers.

6-5-4 FBD Programming

With the Safety CPU Unit, you use the FBD language to express algorithms that are inside the POUs (programs and function blocks). You add and connect functions and function blocks in the FBD editor to build algorithms inside POUs (programs and function blocks). This section describes how to use the FBD editor.

Opening and Using the FBD Editor

• Programs

1 Double-click a program under Programming - POUs - Programs in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click the program and select Edit from the menu. The FBD editor for the program is displayed.

📄 Progra	mming			· ·	•••		
Progra	m1	× +					
Internals Externals	Nam Empty. Click h	e I ere to add Ite n	Data Type 1.	In	nitial Value	Constant	Comment I
1							

Refer to 6-5-2 Registering POUs on page 6-27 for the program registration procedure.

• Function Blocks

1 Double-click a registered function block under Programming – POUs – Function Blocks in the Multiview Explorer. Or, right-click the function block and select Edit from the menu. The FBD editor for the function block is displayed.

	Programming								
Functio	onBlock0 ×	+							
In/Out	Name Empty. Click here to		Data Type		Initial Value	Constant	Comment		
1									

Refer to 6-5-2 Registering POUs on page 6-27 for the function block registration procedure.

6

Zooming In and Zooming Out of the FBD Editor

Use the icons that are displayed in the toolbar to zoom in or zoom out of the FBD editor.



Inserting FBD Networks

There are three ways to insert an FBD network.

Method 1

Right-click the FBD network and select **Insert Network Above** from the menu. An empty FBD network is inserted before the selected FBD network.

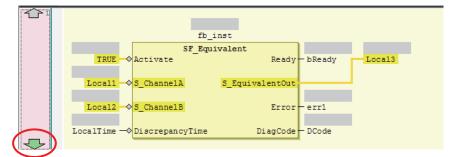
Method 2

Right-click the FBD network and select **Insert Network Below** from the menu. An empty FBD network is inserted after the selected FBD network.

Method 3

Drag a Network from General in the Toolbox to the FBD editor.

An empty network is inserted at one of the positions given in the following table, and the focus moves to the inserted network.



Drop point	Position where network is added
Upward arrow on the network number	An empty network is inserted before the FBD network where the network was dropped.
Downward arrow on the net- work number	An empty network is inserted after the FBD network where the network was dropped.
Input terminal	An empty network is inserted after the FBD network where the network was dropped.

Deleting FBD Networks

There are two methods to delete an FBD network.

Method 1

Right-click the FBD network and select **Delete** from the menu.

The selected FBD network is deleted and the focus moves to the next network.

Method 2

Select the FBD network and press the **Delete** Key. The selected FBD network is deleted and the focus moves to the next network.

Editing Comments for FBD Networks

Use the following procedure to edit the comment for an FBD network.

• Select the comment portion of the FBD network and edit it.

1	Comments				
		fb	_inst		
		SF_Eq	uivalent		
	TRUE	Activate	Ready	— bReady	Local3
	Local1	S_ChannelA	<pre>S_EquivalentOut</pre>		
	Local2	S_ChannelB	Error	-errl	
	LocalTime —	- DiscrepancyTime	DiagCode	DCode	
2					

Commenting Out FBD Networks and Restoring Them

The following operation allows you to comment out an FBD network and then restore it. When a network is commented out, it is no longer executed.

Right-click the FBD network and select Toggle Network Comment State from the menu.



Precautions for Correct Use

You cannot select more than one network. If you select more than one network, the comment status of last network that you select will change.

1	Comments				
		fb i	nst		
		SF Equi	valent		
	TRUE	Activate		- bReady	Local3
	Local1 —	S ChannelA	S EquivalentOut		
	Local2 —	S ChannelB	Error	- errî	
	LocalTime —	DiscrepancyTime	DiagCode	- DCode	

Networks that are commented out are displayed in blue italic letters as shown below.

If you select a commented network, the network is changed to an uncommented network.

Inserting a FUN or FB

There are following two ways to insert a FUN or FB.

Method	Operation
Method 1	Drag a FUN or FB from the Toolbox to an I/O terminal on the FUN or FB in the FBD editor, or to a
	new network where the words Start Here are displayed.
Method 2	Right-click the FBD network, select Insert Function Block from the menu, and specify FUN or FB.

Precautions for Correct Use

Not all of the FUNs and FBs that you can use are displayed in the Toolbox. To use a FUN or FB that is not shown in the Toolbox, use Method 2.

• Procedure for Method 1

1 Drag a FB or FUN from the Toolbox to an I/O terminal on the FUN or FB in the FBD editor, or to a new network where the words **Start Here** are displayed. Positions where you can drop the function block are indicated with gray rectangular or diamond-shape boxes. These boxes change to green when you move the cursor over them.

			100	Toolbox
		Ŀ		<clear search=""> マ ア ×</clear>
×	+			Boolean Operators
ame	I Data Type	I Initial Value	Consta 🗠	▶ General
	TIME	t#0s		
	BOOL	FALSE		Math Operators
	BOOL	FALSE		 Other Operators
	WORD	16#0		 Safety Function blocks
	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		SF_Antivalent
S				=FB- SF_EDM
	fb inst			FB SF_EmergencyStop
	SF Equivale	ent		SF_EnableSwitch
UE 🔶 Activ		10000000000000000000000000000000000000	- bReady	FB SF_Equivalent
	annelAS	EquivalentOut		SF_ESPE
	Replace			SF_GuardLocking
12 → S_Ch	annelB	Error	-err1	SF_GuardMonitoring
me — Disc	repancyTime	DiagCode	- DCode	FB SF_ModeSelector

2 Drop the FUN or FB on a green diamond-shape box to insert it.

• Procedure for Method 2

1 Right-click the FBD network and select **Insert Function Block** from the menu. An empty FB is inserted. 2 Click in the FB name text box and press the **Ctrl** + **Space** Keys to display a list of the FUNs and FBs that you can enter.

 ♦ ADD	
♦ AND	
 ★ BOOL_TO_DINT	
■ 💤 BOOL_TO_INT	
→ BOOL_TO_TIME	
* BOOL_TO_WORD	
* BYTE_TO_DINT	
* BYTE_TO_INT	
* BYTE_TO_TIME	
* BYTE_TO_WORD	-

3 Select a FUN or FB from the list.

Additional Information

You can click the Input Assistance Button (....) to the right of the FB name text box to display the **Input Assistant** Dialog Box. You can select an FB from the **Items** in this dialog box to insert the selected FB.

Area	Description			
Categories	Displays the FB categories. The FBs that belong to the selected category are dis-			
	played in the Items Area.			
Items	Displays a list of FBs.			
Documentation	Any additional information that is available for the FB that you select in the Items Area			
	is displayed.			

The **Input Assistant** Dialog Box is also displayed when you right-click an FBD network and select **Insert Function Block** from the menu.

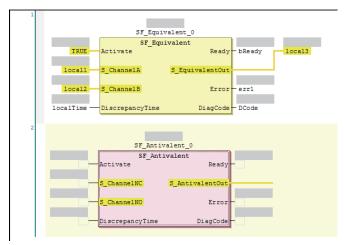
• Inserting Position of a FUN or FB

The position where the FUN or FB is inserted depends on the insertion method, as described below.

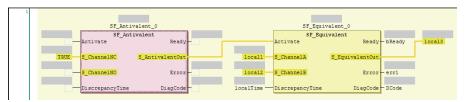
• If you drag a FB or FUN (SF_Antivalent in the example) from the Toolbox, the FB or FUN is inserted at the position shown below.

1	SF_Equivalent_0
	SF Equivalent
	TRUE Activate Ready DReady local3
	locall OS_ChannelA Replace
	local2 S_ChannelB Error err1
	localTime — <mark>DiscrepancyTime DiagCode</mark> — DCode
2	Start here

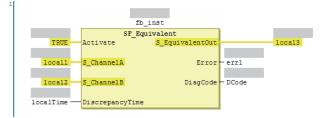
If you drop the SF_Antivalent FB on the network where the words **Start here** are displayed, the FB is inserted in the new network.



If you drop the SF_Antivalent FB on an input terminal, the FB is inserted before the input terminal.



- If you select a FB or FUN (in this example, SF_Antivalent) from the right-click menu, the FUN or FB is inserted at the location shown below.
 - a) Before the FB is inserted, the network is as shown below.



b) When the SF_Antivalent is selected from the right-click menu, the network is as shown below.

tivalent_0
ntivalent
Ready
S_AntivalentOut
Error
e DiagCode -

Deleting a FUN or FB

Use one of the following procedures to delete a FUN or FB.

Method	Operation
Method 1	Right-click the FUN or FB on the FBD network and select Delete from the menu.
Method 2	Select the FUN or FB on the FBD network and press the Delete Key.

Replacing a FB or FUN

You can replace a FUN or FB with a different instruction without changing the input and output parameters. Use one of the following procedures.

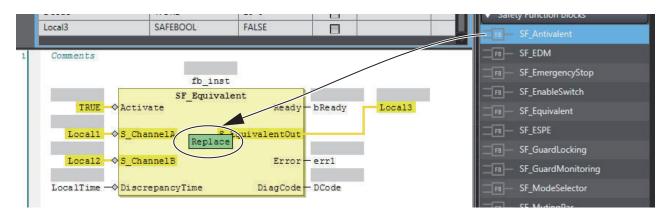
Method	Operation		
Method 1	Drag the FUN or FB to change to in the Toolbox to the FUN or FB in the FBD editor.		
Method 2	Select the FUN or FB name on the FBD network and directly enter the FUN or FB name.		

• Before the FB is edited, the network is as shown below.

1		
	fb_inst	
	SF_Equivalent	
	TRUE Activate Ready-	
	Local1 S_ChannelA S_EquivalentOut	-
	Local2 S_ChannelB Error	
		_

• Procedure for Method 1

1 Drag a FUN or FB from the Toolbox to the FB to replace. A **Replace** area is displayed.



2 Drop the FUN or FB in the **Replace** area to replace the FUN or FB.

Procedure for Method 2

If you directly enter the FB or FUN name, the FB or FUN is replaced when you press the **Enter** Key.

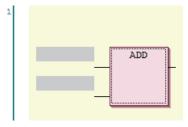
		fb_inst
		F_Antivalent
TRUE	Activate	Ready
Local1	S_ChannelNC	S_AntivalentOut
Local2	S_ChannelNO	Error
	— DiscrepancyT	Time DiagCode -
Local2		

Adding Input Parameters to AND, OR, ADD, MUL, and MUX

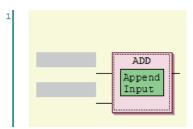
You can add input parameters to the AND, OR, ADD, MUL, and MUX instructions. Use one of the following procedures.

Method	Operation		
Method 1	Drag Input from General in the Toolbox to the Append Input area in the instruction in the FBD edi-		
	tor.		
Method 2	Right-click the FB on the FBD network and select Add Input from the menu.		

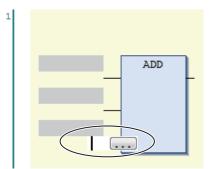
· Before the input parameter is added, the network is as shown below.



• When you drag an **Input Variable** from the toll box, the network is as shown below.



• After the input parameter is added, the network is as shown below.



Changing the Output Terminals of a FUN or FB

Use the following procedure to change the output terminals of a FUN or FB.

Right-click an output terminal on a FUN or FB on the FBD network and select **Set Output Connection** from the menu.

The selected output terminal is connected to the input terminal of the next FUN or FB.

• Before the output terminal is changed, the network is as shown below.

	222		??	?
	SF ModeSel	ector	SF Emerge	ncvStop
	Activate	Ready	 Activate	Ready
	S_Mode 0	S_Mode0Sel	 S_EStopIn	S_EStopOut
	S_Mode1	3_Mode13e1	 S_StartReset	Error
	3_Mode2	3_Mode23e1	 S_AutoReset	DiagCode
	3 Mode 3	S Mode35e1	 Reset	
	<u></u>	5_ADGEODE1		
	3 Mode 4	S_Mode4Se1		
		-		
	S_Mode 5	S_Mode5Sel		
	3_Mode 6	3_Mode63e1		
	3_Mode7	3_Mode7Sel		
_	S_Unlock	S_AnyModeSel -		
		o_mijwodebei		
	3_SetMode	Error		
	AutoSetMode	DiagCode		
	ModeMonitorTime			
_	Reset			

• When **S_Mode2Sel** is selected and **Set Output Connection** is executed, the network is as shown below.

	222			22	2
	SF ModeSel	ector		SF Emerge	EncyStop
	Activate	Ready		Activate	Ready
	3_Mode0	3_Mode03e1		S_EStopIn	3_EStopOut
	3_Mode1	S_Mode1Sel		S_StartReset	Error
	3_Mode 2	3_Mode23e1			DiagCode
-	-model	5_ABGELBEL		- nubbare se o	Di agcode
	3 Mode 3	3_Mode33e1	_	Reset	
	S_Mode 4	S_Mode4Se1			
	S_Mode 5	S_Mode5Sel			
	3 Mode 6	S Mode63e1			
	2_Mode o	5_Modeose1	_		
_	3 Mode7	S Mode7Sel			
	S_Unlock	S_AnyModeSel			
	3_SetMode	Error			
	AutoSetMode	DiagCode			
_	ModeMonitorTime				
_	Nodemoni Corline				
_	Reset				

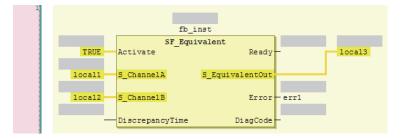
Deleting Unused Parameters from a FUN or FB

Use the following procedure to delete any unused parameters from a FUN or FB.

Right-click the FB or FUN on the FBD network and select **Remove unused FB call parameters** from the menu.

All of the unused parameters are deleted.

• Before the unused parameters of the FUN or FB are deleted, the network is as shown below.



• After the unused parameters of the FUN or FB are deleted, the network is as shown below.

-	
	fb_inst
	SF Equivalent
	TRUE Activate S_EquivalentOut local3
	local1 S_ChannelA Error err1
	local2 S_ChannelB

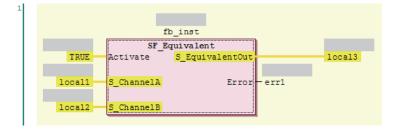
Updating the Input Parameters and Output Parameters of a FUN or FB

Use the following procedure to display the input parameters and output parameters of a FUN or FB.

Right-click a FUN or FB on the FBD network and select **Update** from the menu.

The input parameters and output parameters for the FUN or FB are displayed along with any unused parameters.

• Before the input parameters and output parameters of the FUN or FB are updated, the network is as shown below.



• After the input parameters and output parameters of the FUN or FB are updated, the network is as shown below.

1	
	fb_inst
	SF Equivalent
	TRUE Activate Ready local3
	locall S_ChannelA S_EquivalentOut
	local2 S_ChannelB Error - err1
	DiscrepancyTime DiagCode

Editing Function Block Instance Variables

Use one of the following methods to edit existing function block instance variables.

If you specify a variable name that does not exist in the local variable table, that variable will be registered as a local variable.

Select an FB instance variable on the FBD network and directly enter the variable name.

• Before the function block instance variable is edited, the network is as shown below.

L				
		fb_inst		
	SF	Equivalent		
	TRUE Activate	<pre>S_EquivalentOut</pre>		local3
	local1S_ChannelA	Error	err1	
	local2 S_ChannelB			
			l i	

• After the function block instance variable is edited, the network is as shown below.

1						
			aaaa			
		SF_Ec	quivalen	t		
	TRUE	Activate	S_Equiv	/alentOut		local3
	local1	S_ChannelA		Error	-err1	
	local2	S_ChannelB				
	TUCAIZ	5_channerb				



Additional Information

To create a new function block instance variable, enter the variable name and press the **Enter** key. The function block instance variable is registered as an instance of the FB, and it is also registered as a local variable in the local variable table.

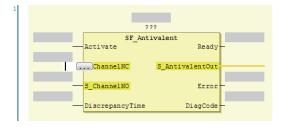
Entering Parameters

Use one of the following procedures to enter parameters.

If you specify a variable name that does not exist in the local variable table, that variable will be registered in the local variable table.

Select a parameter on the FBD network and directly enter the variable name.

• Before the parameter is edited, the network is as shown below.



If you enter the variable name directly, a list of variable names that you can select from is displayed when you enter the first letter of the variable name. Use the **Up** and **Down** Keys to select the variable name from the list, and then press the **Enter** Key. The selected variable name is registered as an input parameter. If you press the **Ctrl + Space** Keys when nothing is displayed, list of variable name candidates is displayed.

1	
	???
	SF Antivalent
	Activate Ready
	1 ChannelNC S_AntivalentOut
	DReady
	DCode elNO Error
	🔷 err1
	Local1 ancyTime DiagCode
	↓ Local2 ↓
	Iocal3

• After the input parameter is edited, the network is as shown below.

1				
		? `	??	
		SF_Ant:	ivalent	
		Activate	Ready	-
	local1	S_ChannelNC	<pre>S_AntivalentOut</pre>	
		S_ChannelNO	Error	-
		DiscrepancyTime	DiagCode	-
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

To delete an input parameter assigned, select the parameter and press the Delete key.



Additional Information

- To create a new input variable, enter the variable name and press the **Enter** key. The input parameter is registered, and it is also registered as a local variable in the local variable table.
- You can click the Input Assistance Button (....) to the right of the text box to display the **Input Assistant** Dialog Box. You can select a variable from the **Items** in this dialog box to insert the selected variable.

Area	Description	
Categories	Displays the variable categories. The variables that belong to the selected category are displayed in the Items Area.	
Items	Displays a list of variables.	
Documentation	Any additional information that is available for the variable that is selected in the Items Area is displayed.	

• Changing Variable Registration Locations

You can use the following option to enable the selection of the variable registration locations when you enter parameters.

- Select Option from the Tools Menu.
 The Option Dialog Box is displayed.
- 2 Click Safety FBD Editor.

The Auto Variable Registration Option is displayed.

Option			
Color Theme	Auto Variable Registration	Select the internal or global variable	
Project Settings			
Window			
Ladder Editor			
ST Editor			
HMI Code Editor			
HMI Page Editor			
Program Check/Build			
Variables			
Comments for Variables and Data Types			
Parameter Editor			
Synchronization			
Safety FBD Editor			
Safety Function Block			
	3		
		ОК	Cance

3 Select the **Select the internal or global variable** Check Box and click the **OK** Button.

If you select the above option, the following dialog box is displayed when a variable is registered automatically from the Safety FBD Editor.

1	
	???
	SF_Antivalent
	Activate Ready-
	local1 S ChannelNC S AntivalentOut
	Select the variable type × Error
	Name: local1
	iagCode -
	Internal variable Global variable

If you click the **Internal variable** Button, the variable is registered as an internal variable in the local variable table.

If you click the **Global variable** Button, the variable is registered in the global variable table and as an external variable in the local variable table.

Assigning Output Parameters

You can insert output variables at specified locations. Use one of the following procedures to assign an output parameter to an output variable of a FUN or FB.

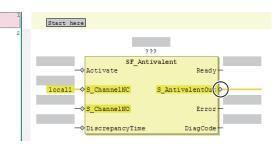
Method	Operation Drag Assignment from General in the Toolbox to a terminal in the FBD editor, or to a new FBD	
Method 1		
	network where the words Start here are displayed.	
Method 2	Right-click the FBD network and select Insert Assignment from the menu.	

• If you select a network, the output variable is added to the last output area (before the output terminal or the output variable) on the network.

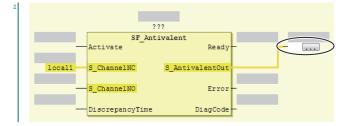
 If you drag Assignment from the Toolbox, the point of insertion depends on where you drop the output variable.

Drop point	Position where function block is added
"Start here" on the net- work	Input parameters and output parameters are added to the new network.
Input terminal	The output parameter is inserted on a branch that is created before the input ter- minal.
Output terminal	The output parameter is inserted after the output terminal.
Before the output param- eter	The output parameter is inserted on a branch that is created before the output variable.

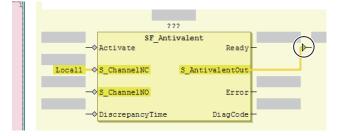
• Example 1 of a Dragged Output Parameter Object



When an output parameter is added to the output terminal, the network is as shown below.



• Example 2 of a Dragged Output Parameter Object



When an output parameter is added before another output parameter, the network is as shown below.

2	
	???
	SF Antivalent
	Activate Ready
	locall S_ChannelNC S_AntivalentOut
	S_ChannelNO Error

The output parameter is inserted on a branch that is created before the output variable.

Deleting Output Parameters

Use the following procedure to delete output parameters.

Right-click the Output parameters on the FBD network and select Delete from the menu.

The selected output parameter is deleted. You cannot select multiple variables.

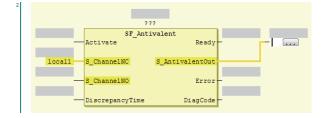
Editing Output Parameters

Use one of the following procedures to edit output parameters.

If you specify a variable name that does not exist in the local variable table, that variable will be registered as a local variable.

Select the output variable on the FBD network and directly enter the variable name.

Before the output variable is edited, the network is as shown below.



- If you prefer to enter the variable name directly, a list of variable names that you can select from is displayed when you begin entering the variable name.
- To create a new output variable, enter the variable name and press the **Enter** Key. The output variable is registered, and it is also registered as a local variable in the local variable table.

Inserting Jump Labels

Use the following procedure to insert jump labels into an FBD network.

Right-click the FBD network and select Insert Jump Label from the menu.

After the jump label is added, the network is as shown below.

2	Label:	2.2	?		
		SF Anti	valent		
		Activate -	Ready	-	local3
	local1	S ChannelNC	S AntivalentOut		
			_		
		S ChannelNO	Error	-	
		-			
		DiscrepancyTime	DiagCode	-	
				l i	

You cannot add another jump label to a network if it already has one.

Deleting Jump Labels

Use one of the following procedure to delete jump labels.

MethodOperationMethod 1Right-click the Jump label and select Delete from the method 2Method 2Select the Jump label and press the Delete Key.	
--	--

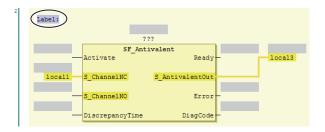
Editing Jump Labels

2

Use the following procedure to edit jump labels.

Select a jump label on the network and edit it.

• The jump label becomes editable when you click it. After you finish editing, press the **Enter** key. a) After the jump label is selected, the network is as shown below.



b) After the jump label is edited, the network is as shown below.

aaa:	1	222	
	SF Ant	tivalent	
	Activate	Ready	local3
local1	S_ChannelNC	<pre>S_AntivalentOut</pre>	
	S_ChannelNO	Error	-
_	DiscrepancyTime	DiagCode	-

Inserting Jump Instructions

Use one of the following procedures to insert a Jump instruction in a network.

Method	Operation
Method 1	Drag Jump from General in the Toolbox to the words Start here on a new network.
Method 2	Right-click the FBD network and select Insert Jump from the menu.

The Jump instruction is inserted in the network.

· Before the Jump instruction is dropped, the network is as shown below.

1	Start here	Add output or jump here
2	222	
	SF_Antivalent Activate Ready locall S_ChannelNC S_AntivalentOut	
	- S_ChannelNO Error - DiscrepancyTime DiagCode	
		Add output or jump here

• After the Jump instruction is inserted, the network is as shown below.

1					
2		??? SF_Antiv	valent		
		Activate	Ready		local3
	local1	S_ChannelNC	S_AntivalentOut		
	-	S_ChannelNO	Error	-	
		DiscrepancyTime	DiagCode	-	

Deleting Jump Instructions

Use one of the following procedures to delete a Jump instruction.

Method	Operation
Method 1	Right-click the Jump Instruction select Delete from the menu.
Method 2	Select the Jump Instruction and press the Delete Key.

The selected Jump instruction is deleted.

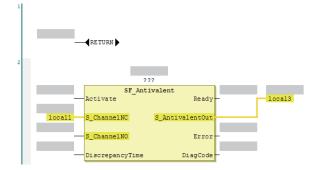
Inserting Return Instructions

Use one of the following procedures to insert a Return instruction in a network.

Method	Operation
Method 1	Drag Return from General in the Toolbox to a terminal in the FBD editor, or to a new FBD network
	where the words Start here are displayed.
Method 2	Right-click the FBD network and select Insert Return from the menu.

The Return instruction is inserted in the network.

• After you insert a return instruction, the network is laid out as shown below.



Deleting Return Instructions

Use one of the following procedures to delete a Return instruction.

Method	Operation
Method 1	Right-click the Return instruction and select Delete from the menu.

Method	Operation
Method 2	Select the Return instruction and press the Delete Key.

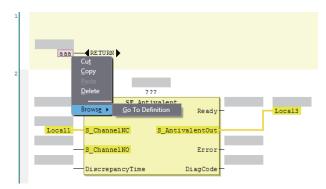
The selected Return instruction is deleted.

Viewing the Locations of Variable Definitions

You can view where variables are defined.

Use the following procedure.

Right-click the variable and click **Browse – Go To Definition** from the menu.

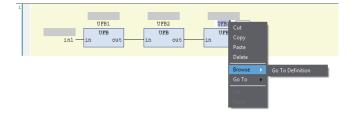


The focus moves to the location where the variable is defined (local variable).

Viewing the Locations of User-defined Function Block Definitions

You can view where user-defined function blocks are defined. Use the following procedure.

Right-click the user-defined function block and click Browse - Go To Definition from the menu.

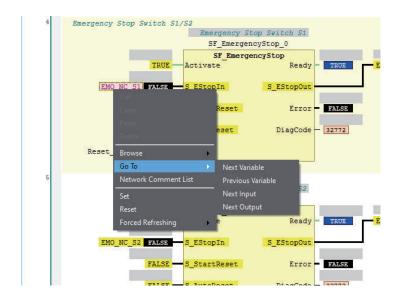


The focus moves to the location where the user-defined function block is defined.

Jumping to Variables in POUs

You can search sequentially for a variable used in the POUs (programs and function blocks) and then sequentially jump to the locations where the variable is used. Use the following procedure.

Right-click a variable in the POU and select the destination to jump to from the menu.



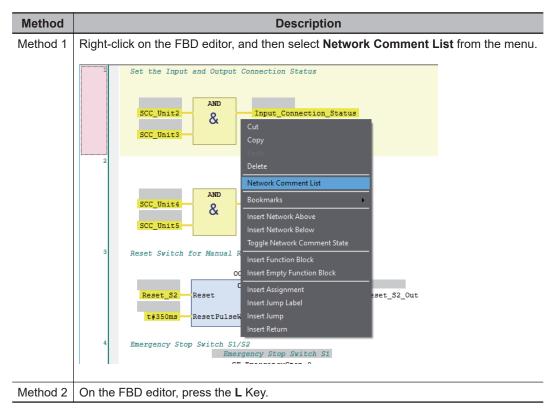
Menu command	Description
Next Variable	The display will jump to the next location where the selected variable is used.
Previous Variable	The display will jump to the previous location where the selected variable is used.
Next Input	The display will jump to the next location where the selected variable is used as a program input.
Next Output	The display will jump to the next location where the selected variable is used as a program output.
(Retrace Search ^{*1})	If the selected variable is used as an output in the program, the search will start from the beginning of the program to look for a location where the selected variable is used as an input, and the display will jump to the location. If the selected variable is used as an input in the program, the display will jump to the location where the selected variable is used as a program output.

*1. This item is not displayed on the menu. Use the shortcut key Space.

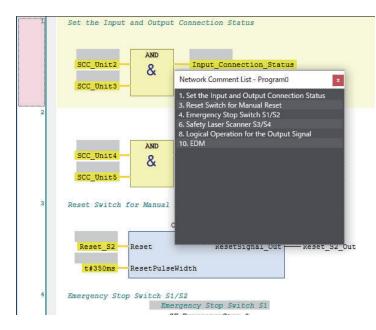
Displaying Network Comment List

You can display the list of network comments that are set in the POU (programs and function blocks), and then jump to a specific network comment.

You can use the following two methods to display the network comment list.



The list of network comment that are set in the current POU is displayed.



Select a network comment to jump to the location where the selected network comment is set.



Color Selection for the FBD Editor

You can change the display color of global variables that are displayed in the FBD editor.

- **1** Select **Option** from the **Tools** menu. The Option Dialog Box is displayed.
- 2 Select the **Safety** tab and click the button displayed at Color Selection.

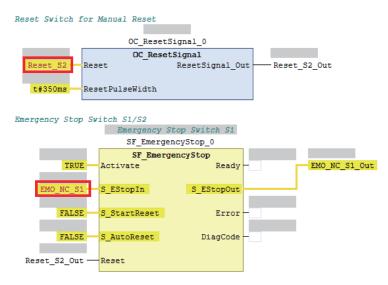
Doption		×
Color Theme Project Settings Window Ladder Editor ST Editor HMI HMI Code Editor	FBD editor Auto Variable Registration Select the internal or global variable Color Selection Global Variables	
HMI Page Editor Program Check/Build Variables Comments for Variables a Parameter Editor Synchronization Safety	Function Block Function Block Reference C:¥OMRON¥Data¥Lib¥Safety	
	Exclude edits relating to the following settings from automatic updating of minimum safety task period. Exposed Variables Monitoring safety application	
	At online connection Start monitoring safety application.	Cancel
<	UK	Cancer

The Color Settings Dialog Box is displayed.

4

Color	×
Basic colors:	
<u>C</u> ustom colors:	
Define Custom Colors >>	
OK Cancel	

- **3** Select any color and click the **OK** button.
 - In the Option Dialog Box, click the **OK** button. The color selection settings are applied.



6-5-5 Program Pattern Copy

Program Pattern Copy is a function that allows you to easily replicate the FBD program having the same program pattern (logic part). The variable name of the replicated program can be automatically configured according to the variable name generation rules.

Operating Procedure

The procedure to copy a program pattern is explained below.

1 Select any FBD network.

You can select more than one FBD network by holding down the Shift or Ctrl Key.

1	//ESTOF Control (Front Fanel)
	SF_EmergencyStop_0
	SF_EmergencyStop
	IRUE Activate Ready ESTOP_FRONTO1_Out.
	E-SIOF - Front Panel 01 - L
	ESTOP_FRONTO1_L_S_EStopDutESTOP_FRONTO1_L_Out
	FALSE S StartReset Error
	INDE SCATCHESE LITOT
	FALSE S AutoReset DiagCode -
	ResetSignal_Out - Reset
	SF EmergencyStop 1
	SF EmergencyStop
	TRUE Activate Ready
	E-STOF - Front Fanal 01 - R
	ESTOP_FRONTO1 R S_EStopIn S_EStopOut ESTOP_FRONTO1 R Out
	FALSE S_StartReset Error
	FALSE S AutoReset DiagCode -
	ResetSignal_Out - Reset
	//EDM Control (Front panel - Main IL)
	SF_EDM_0
	SF_EDM TL - Main 01
	LocalIO_ConnectionStatus Activate Ready SR_Main01
	ESTOF FRONTOI Out S OutControl S EDM Out
	EDMO1 - IL - Main 01
	SR MainOl EDMO1 SEDM1 Error -
	EDM02 - IL - Main 01
	SR_Main01_EDM02 S_EDM2 DiagCode -
	t#SOOme MonitoringTime
	TRUE StartReset
	ErrorReset Out Reset
L	

2 Right-click a row and select **Program Pattern Copy** from the menu. Or, press the **Ctrl+Shift** +**V** Keys.

The following setting window is displayed.

Program Pattern Copy — — X					
- Variable name generation rules -					
-					
Add an offset value to the fi					
Add an offset value to the la	ist number of the varia	able name.			
Customized setting					
Specify variables used in the	program based on the	e setting file. Output to temp	late file		
Setting file				-	
Variable	Data Type	Comment	Off	fset	
SF_EmergencyStop_0	SF_EmergencySto		1	<u></u>	
STOP_FRONT01_L	SAFEBOOL	E-STOP - Front Panel 01 - L	1		
ResetSignal_Out	BOOL				
STOP_FRONT01_L_Out	SAFEBOOL		1		
SF_EmergencyStop_1	SF_EmergencySto		1		
STOP_FRONT01_R	SAFEBOOL	E-STOP - Front Panel 01 - R	1		
STOP_FRONT01_R_Out	SAFEBOOL		1		
STOP_FRONT01_Out	SAFEBOOL		1		
SF_EDM_0	SF_EDM		1		
	BOOL				
LocallO_ConnectionStatus		FRAME IN A COMPANY	1.1		
SR_Main01_EDM01	SAFEBOOL	EDM01 - IL - Main 01			
	SAFEBOOL	EDM01 - IL - Main 01			
	SAFEBOOL	EDM01 - IL - Main 01 Paste	Canc	el	

3 Set the copy counts, variable name generation rules, variable name to be changed, and offset value.

The setting items are given in the following table.

ltem	Description	
Copy counts	Set the number of times that the program can be replicated.	

Item	Description		
Variable	Select a generation rule for the variable name. The rules you can select are as follows:		
name gener-	 Add an offset value to the first number of the variable name. 		
ation rules	This rule generates another variable name by adding the offset value to the first num-		
	ber contained in the variable name.		
	 Add an offset value to the last number of the variable name. 		
	This rule generates another variable name by adding the offset value to the last num-		
	ber contained in the variable name.		
	Customized setting		
	This rule generates any variable name and comment by loading a setting file. Refer		
	to File Format for Customized Setting on page 6-69 for details.		
Variable	Select a variable to be renamed. Unchecked variables use the same variable names as		
name to be	those in the source program.		
changed	Variables that do not include any number in the name are automatically excluded. Note		
(Checkbox)	that this setting is invalid when the variable name generation rules are set to		
	Customized setting.		
Offset	Set the offset value to be added to the variable name according to the variable name		
	generation rules.		
	Variables that do not include any number in the names are automatically excluded.		
	Note that this setting is invalid when the variable name generation rules are set to		
	Customized setting.		

4 Click the **Paste** Button.

The following dialog is displayed when a variable is added by this function.

Progr	am Pattern Copy			<u>2014</u>)		×
Copy co	Program Pattern Copy				×	
	Add the following variables. Do					
	Variable	Data Type	Comme	ent		
	SF_EmergencyStop_1	SF_EmergencySto				
S	ESTOP_FRONT02_L	SAFEBOOL	E-STOP - Front Pan	iel 01 - L		
Se	ESTOP_FRONT02_L_Out	SAFEBOOL			- 11	
	SF_EmergencyStop_2	SF_EmergencySto	F 6700 F			
	ESTOP_FRONT02_R	SAFEBOOL	E-STOP - Front Pan	iel 01 - R		et
	ESTOP_FRONT02_R_Out	SAFEBOOL				iet i
EST	ESTOP_FRONT02_Out	SAFEBOOL				-8
	SF_EDM_1	SF_EDM				
Re:	SR Main01 FDM02	SAFEROOI	FDM01 - II - Main	01) Ť	
SF	 ✓ EST ✓ SF.					
EST		ane aready exists,				
EST	Add as a new variable					
EST	Overwrite the variable					
SF	Keep existing variable					
SR		OK Ca	ncel			
			Paste		Canc	el

5 Select an option in **When variable with the same name already exists** and click the **OK** Button.

A replicated program is inserted under the selected FBD network. Check to see if the program and variables have been generated in the way you intended.

File Format for Customized Setting

The file format for the customized setting is shown below. Since the setting file contains the CRC of the selected FBD network, use the CSV file saved with **Output to template file**.

Sysmac Studio Safety Prog	FileVersion:1.0	ProgramCRC:16#E75F5DA1			
[Original]		[Copy1]		[Сору2]	
<variable></variable>	<comment></comment>	<¥ariable>	<comment></comment>	<variable></variable>	<comment></comment>
OC_ResetSignal_0		OC_ResetSignal_O		OC_ResetSignal_0	
IN_STD001		IN_STDOO1		IN_STD001	
IN_STD001 (a) Out	(b)	IN_STD001 (C) Out	(d)	IN_STD001 (e) Out	(f)
testOO1		testOO1 🔽	<u> </u>	testOO1 🛄	
	ESTOP_Control (Network Co		ESTOP_Control (Network Co		ESTOP_Control (Network Co
					ESTOP Front L
ESTOP_FRONT_R		ESTOP_FRONT_R		ESTOP_FRONT_R	
ESTOP_FRONT_R_Out		ESTOP_FRONT_R_Out		ESTOP_FRONT_R_Out	

No.	Name	Description	Remarks
(a)	Source Variable Name	This is the variable name used in the source program to copy from.	Do not change this item.
(b)	Source Variable Com- ment	This is the variable comment used in the source program to copy from.	Do not change this item.
(c)	Copy 1 Variable Name	This is the variable name used for the first copy destination. You can set any variable name.	
(d)	Copy 1 Variable Com- ment	This is the comment for the variable used for the first copy destination. You can set any comment for the variable.	
(e)	Copy 2 Variable Name	This is the variable name used for the second copy desti- nation. You can set any variable name.	
(f)	Copy 2 Variable Com- ment	This is the comment for the variable used for the second copy destination. You can set any comment for the variable.	

The Variable Name and Variable Comment columns will be repeated continuously.

Precautions for Correct Use

- After you edit the CSV file with a spreadsheet application, save the data in the CSV format (UTF-8).
- Network comments can be specified when the variable name generation rules are set to Customized setting. Since the identifier //NetworkComment is set in the variable name column of the setting file that is output as a template, set any text string for the variable comment.

6-5-6 Function Block Conversion for Programs

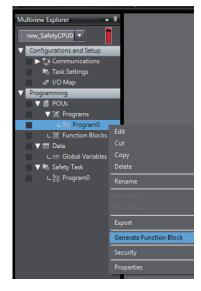
You can convert a generated program to a function block.

Conversion Method

Use the following conversion procedure.

1 Select the Safety CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer and open the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.

- 2 In the Multiview Explorer, select **Programming POUs Programs**. Then, select a program you want to convert into a function block.
- **3** Right-click the program and select **Generate Function Block** from the menu.



4 The following message appears and the converted function block is added under **Function Blocks**, which is located below **Programming** – **POUs** in the Multiview Explorer.

Sysmac Studio
The function block FunctionBlock0 was generated. The external variables defined in the program are converted into inputs/outputs of the function block.
ОК

External variables defined in the program are automatically converted as shown below. Edit each item as necessary.

Item	Conversion method	
Type of Variables	External variables are converted into input or output variables of the	
	function block.	
	If a value is written to an external variable in the POU, it is converted	
	into an output variable. Otherwise, it is converted into an input varia-	
	ble.	
Variable Name	It is converted into FB_original variable name.	
Data Type	The data type of the external variable is applied to the input variable	
	or output variable.	
Initial Value	The initial value of the global variable referenced by the external vari-	
	able is applied to the input variable or output variable.	
Comment	The comments for the external variable are applied to the input varia-	
	ble or output variable. If the comments for the external variable are	
	blank, the ones for the global variable are applied.	

6-5-7 Building

Building is the process of converting the safety programs in your project into a format that is executable on the Safety CPU Unit.

A check is performed on the programs and variables during this process. If there are any errors, the build is not performed and the errors are displayed in the Build Tab Page.

Executing the Build Process

1 Use one of the following procedures to execute the build process.

Method	Operation		
Method 1	Select Build Controller from the Project Menu.		
Method 2	Press the F8 Key.		
Method 3	Click the Build Controller Button on the toolbar.		

The build is started and the status during the build is displayed in the Output Tab Page.

🔨 Build	× Gutput ×
Information	Build started: Application: new_SafetyCPU0.SafetyApp
Information	The application is up to date
Information	Compile complete 0 errors, 0 warnings
Information	Safety check started: Application: SafetyApp
Information	Safety check complete 0 errors, 6 warnings : ready for download!

2 Click the **Build** Tab.

The Build Tab Page is displayed. If there are any errors, a list of them is displayed.

2	_			
	Fio	utput × 🔨 Build	×	
8	1 Err	ors 🚹 10 Warnings		
	I.	Description	l Program	Location
A	1	[A052] Logical device contains no mappings	Instance0	
A	2	[A052] Logical device contains no mappings	Instance1	
8	3	[L511] Identifier 'Local3' not defined	Program0	Network 1 / Operand 'L
A	4	[I139] The value of VAR 'Local1' is never chang	Variables	Local1, Variable declara
A	5	[I139] The value of VAR 'Local2' is never chang	Variables	Local2, Variable declara
A	6	[A048] Unused GVL in application	GVL	
A	7	[A048] Unused logical device in application	Instance0	
A	8	[A048] Unused logical device in application	Instance1	

The following items are displayed in the Build Tab Page.

If there is an error, double-click a line in the list to display the location of the error, and then correct the error.

Item	Example	Description
Number of errors	1 Errors	Displays the total number of errors.

Item	Example	Description
Number of warn- ings	10 Warnings	Displays the total number of warnings.
Error or warning number	8 1 8 3	Displays the errors or warnings in the order in which they were found.
Description	Description [A052] Logical device contains no mappings [A052] Logical device contains no mappings [L511] Identifier 'Local3' not defined	Displays a description of the error or warning.
Location	I Program I Location I Instance0 Instance1 Program0 Network 1 / Operand ¹ L	Displays the location where the error or warning occurred. You can jump di- rectly to the location of the error.



Additional Information

If the data size of the program exceeds the program capacity of the Safety CPU Unit, a Capacity Exceeded Error will occur when you change to DEBUG mode. Reduce the number of FBs or variables that are used.

Changing Build Options

You can change the warning setting to change the build warning display settings for unused variables and jump labels.

Use the following procedure to change warning levels.

1 Select **Project Options** from the **Project** Menu. The Project Option Dialog Box is displayed.



2 Select the check box and click the OK Button. The specified warnings are shown or hidden accordingly.

6-5-8 Searching and Replacing

You can search for and replace strings in the data of a project.

Scope of Searching and Replacing

You can search for and replace text strings in the following items.

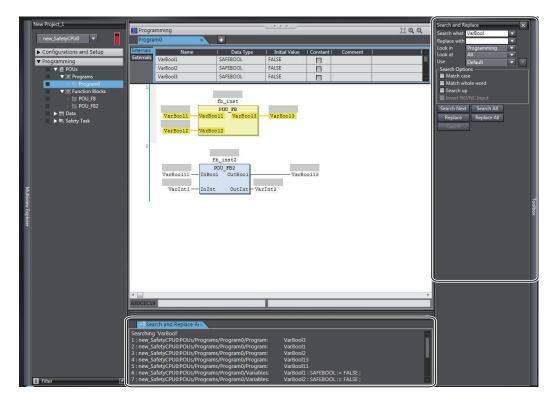
Selected item	Scope of Searching and Replacing	
All items (text strings)	Variable names, variable comments, FBD network comments, jump labels, and Jump	
	instructions.	
Variable	Variable names	
Instruction	Function block instance names	

Search and Replace Pane

1 Use one of the following procedures to display the Search and Replace Pane in place of the Toolbox.

Method	Operation	
Method 1	Select Search and Replace from the Edit Menu.	
Method 2	Press the Ctrl + F Keys.	
Method 3	Click the Search and Replace Button on the toolbar.	

The Search and Replace Pane is displayed.



2 In the Search and Replace Pane, enter the text string and set the applicable search conditions, and then click one of the buttons for search or replace. The results of the search and replace process are displayed on the Search and Replace Results Tab Page.

Double-click the line in the displayed results to move the focus to the corresponding location.

Setting Items

The setting items in the Search and Replace Pane are explained below.

Search and Re	eplace		×
Search what	VarBool	T	
Replace with		\mathbf{T}	
Look in	Programming	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	
Look at	All	$\mathbf{\nabla}$	
Use	Default		T
	se nole word o)/NC Input		
Search Next	t Search All		
Replace	Replace All		
Cancel			

Setting Items	Description		
Search what	Enter a search string.You can select from previous search strings in the list.		
Replace with	Enter the string to replace the search string with.You can select from previous replacement strings in the list.You cannot use wildcard characters.		
Look in	Specify the range to search. You can select from the following. Programming : The search is performed on the program to which the selected element belongs when the search is executed. If the search is made on the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, the search is performed only for the program in the Safety CPU Unit.		
	Current view : The current view is searched.		
Look at	Specify the items to search. You can perform a search on the following items. All : Variable tables (variable names in the table) and programs (jump labels, Jump instruction names, and variable names in the programs)		
	Variable Name : Searches all variable names.		
	Instruction : Function block instance names		
Use	Specify if you want to use wildcard ^{*1} characters.		
	Default : Do not use wildcard characters.		
	Wildcard : Use wildcard characters. If you select to use wildcard characters, you can click the But- ton to the right to view a list of characters used for wildcard charac- ters. Select any of these characters to enter them in the Search string. Use Default		
	Search Optic Default		

*1. The characters that you can use as wildcard characters are given on the next page.

• Wildcards

Charac- ter	Meaning	Description	Example
*	Zero or more char- acters	Searches for a text string that con- tains a variable text string.	"new*" matches "newfile.txt".
?	Any single character	Searches for a text string with a var- iable character.	"A?C" matches "ABC", "AdC", and "AzC".
#	Any single number	Searches for any single number.	"7#" matches "71". "ABC#" matches "ABC5".
[]	Character in a set	Searches for a single character in the set.	"ABC[xyz]" matches "ABCx" and "ABCy". "ABC[x-z]" matches "ABCx" and "ABCy".
[!]	Character not in a set	Searches for a single character that is not in the set.	"ABC[!xyz]" matches "ABCa" and "ABCd". "ABC[!x-z]" matches "ABCa" and "ABCd".

Search Options

- Search Options ————
Match case
Match whole word
Search up
Invert NO/NC Input

ltem	Function	
Match case	When this option is selected, searches are case sensitive.	
Match whole word	When selected, only exact string matches are returned.	
Search up	When selected, the search is performed backward from the cursor position.	

Button Functions

Search Next	Search All
Replace	Replace All
Cancel	

ltem	Function	
Search Next	Performs a search according to the selected options.	
Search All	Searches all items and lists the results in the Output Tab Page.	
Replace	Performs a replace according to the selected options.	
Replace All	Replaces all items and lists the results in the Output Tab Page.	
Cancel	Cancels the current search and replace operation.	

6-5-9 Safety Task Settings

This section describes the procedures that are used to select the programs to execute in the safety task and the execution order of the selected programs. It also describes how to set the task period of the safety task.

Refer to Section 8 Calculating Safety Reaction Times on page 8-1 for details on safety tasks.

Program Assignments

The program assignment settings are used to assign the programs to the safety task and set the program execution order.

The programs that are assigned to the task are executed in the specified order.

- **1** Double-click **Task Settings** under **Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer.
- 2 Click the **Program Assignment Settings** Button (**L**) in Safety Task Settings Tab Page in the Edit Pane.
- **3** The buttons shown within the red frame below allow you to change the program assignments and their execution order.

Configuratio		<u>i</u> q q
Task Settings	× 💽	
× –	Program Assignment Settings	
	Task Settings	
	3 Program2	v
	+	



Any program you assign must already be registered under Programming - POUs.

Setting the Task Period

1 Double-click **Task Settings** under **Configurations and Setup** in the Multiview Explorer. The Safety Task Settings Tab Page is displayed.

2 If the Safety Task Settings Display does not appear on the Safety Task Settings Tab Page in the Edit Pane, click the Safety Task Settings Button (

🕞 Task Setti	ngs X
	Safety Task Settings
	▼ Properties
	Safety task period 20 ms Minimum safety task period 5.183 ms

The minimum safety task period is automatically calculated and displayed based on the program and settings information. **3** Set the task period for the safety task. Set the safety task period to a value that is within 100 ms of the minimum safety task period.

6-5-10 Variable Comment Switching Function

The variable comment switching function is designed to switch the variable comment displayed in the safety program or on the variable table to another comment.

To use this function, add any variable comment by using one of the following methods.

Importing a Comment File

Export the original variable comment file, add the variable comments used in the comment switching destination and import the comment file.

• Editing with the Edit Variable Comments Function Use the Edit Variable Comments function to edit displayed comments used for the variable comment switching function.

The operation procedure of this function is explained below.

Exporting Variable Comments

1 Select a Safety CPU Unit from which the variable comment is exported. On the **Tools** Menu, select **Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Export**.

ools Window Help	- 1	
Troubleshooting		💼 🔊 🐾 🐃 📋 🔍 Q
CIP Safety Monitor		
I/O Map	•	
Variable Comment (Safety Program)	•	Edit Variable Comments
IEC 61131-10 XML	٠	Import
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File		Export
Generate Safety Unit Restore File		Deactivate Multi-comment
Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data	-	Transfer to Controller
Customize Shortcut Keys		Transfer from Controller
Option		Clear variable comments in Controller

The Save File Dialog Box is displayed.

2 Enter a file name, and then click the **Save** Button. The comments for variables are saved in the CSV format.



Additional Information

The variable comments of which displaying is disabled by the data protection feature will not be exported. Before you export such comments, temporarily disable the data protection that is being applied.

Editing a Variable Comment File

Edit comments for variables in the exported CSV file.

1 Open the CSV file on a spreadsheet application.

D	Table Type	Туре	Name	Comment 1	Comment 2	Comment 3	Comment 4
EMO_NC_S1	Global		EMO_NC_S1	非常停止押しボタンスイッチ S1	Emergency Stop Switch S1		
Reset_S2	Global		Reset_S2	リセットスイッチ S2	Reset Switch S2		
Feedback_KM1_KM2	Global		Feedback_KM1_KM2	EDM溶着チェック	EDM (Contact Welding Detection)		
LaserScaner_S3	Global		LaserScaner_S3	セーフティレーザスキャナ S3	Safety Laser Scanner S3		
Contactor_KM1_KM2	Global		Contactor_KM1_KM2	コンタクタ KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2		
AutoProgram1.OC_ResetSignal_0	AutoProgram1	VAR	OC_ResetSignal_0				
AutoProgram1.Reset_S2_Out	AutoProgram1	VAR	Reset_S2_Out				
AutoProgram1.SF_EmergencyStop_0	AutoProgram1	VAR	SF_EmergencyStop_0	非常停止押しボタンスイッチ S1	Emergency Stop Switch S1		
AutoProgram1.EMO_NC_S1_Out	AutoProgram1	VAR	EMO_NC_S1_Out				
AutoProgram1.SF_ESPE_0	AutoProgram1	VAR	SF_ESPE_0	セーフティレーザスキャナ S3	Safety Laser Scanner S3		
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F)	(G)	(H

No.	Name	Description	Remarks
(A)	ID	Unique ID automatically assigned to a variable.	Do not change this item.
(B)	Table Type	The type of the variable table is displayed.Global: Global variablePOU name: Local variable	Do not change this item.
(C)	Туре	 The type of the local variable table is displayed. VAR: Internal variable VAR_EXTERNAL: External variable VAR_INPUT: Input variable VAR_OUTPUT: Output variable 	Do not change this item.
(D)	Name	The variable name is displayed.	Do not change this item.
(E)	Comment 1	This is a comment for the registered variable.	
(F)	Comment 2	This is a comment for the variable registered at Comment 2.	
(G)	Comment 3	This is a comment for the variable registered at Comment 3.	
(H)	Comment 4	This is a comment for the variable registered at Comment 4.	

- **2** For **Comment 2**, **Comment 3** or **Comment 4**, enter a variable comment to be switched.
- **3** Save the CSV file.

Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not change the contents of the variable comment file except for **Comment 1** through **Comment 4**.
- If you leave the comment field of **Comment 2** through **Comment 4** blank, the target variable comment becomes empty.

Importing a Variable Comment File

Import the edited CSV file to the original project.

1 Select a Safety CPU Unit to which the variable comment is imported. On the **Tools** Menu, select **Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Import**.

Troubleshooting CIP Safety Monitor			
I/O Map	•		
Variable Comment (Safety Program)	٠	Edit Variable Comments	
IEC 61131-10 XML		Import	
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File		Export Deactivate Multi-comment Transfer to Controller Transfer from Controller Clear variable comments in Controller	
Generate Safety Unit Restore File			
Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data			
Customize Shortcut Keys			

The File Selection Dialog Box is displayed.

2 Select an CSV file to import, and then click the **Open** Button.

The Confirmation Dialog Box for the import is displayed.

When you click the **OK** Button, the import function executes and replaces the comments in the project with the comments in the CSV file.

If an error occurs during the import processing, the error details are displayed in the Output Tab Page.



Precautions for Correct Use

- When you import a variable comment file, the comments in the target Safety CPU Unit inside the project are replaced with the comments in the variable comment file. Please remember that the original comments cannot be restored.
- After importing a variable comment file for project data, the project data cannot be imported using Sysmac Studio Ver.1.28 and earlier.
- If the content of Comment 1 was modified by the import function of the variable comment file, the safety validation status becomes unvalidated. Changing the contents of Comment 2 through Comment 4 will not change the validated status.
- If **Comment 1** in the variable comment file is empty, the contents of **Comment 2** through **Comment 4** will not be imported.
- If there is no corresponding variable in the import destination of the variable comment file, the comment for the variable is excluded from the import target.
- If there are duplicated entries in **Comment 1**, the first found entry in **Comment 2** through **Comment 4** in CSV will be imported.

Additional Information

The variable comments of POUs of which editing is disabled by the data protection feature will not be imported. Before you import such comments, temporarily disable the data protection that is being applied.

Edit Variable Comments Function

This function edits variable comments used for the variable comment switching function. Use the following procedure to display the Edit Variable Comments Window, and add or edit any variable comment.

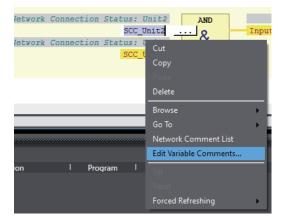
• Method 1: How to start the Edit Variable Comments Window from the Tools menu Select Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Edit Variable Comments from the Tools menu.

Troubleshooting CIP Safety Monitor	4 @ % % ∐ Q Q	
I/O Map 🔸		
Variable Comment (Safety Program)	Edit Variable Comments	
IEC 61131-10 XML	Import Export	
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File		
Generate Safety Unit Restore File	Deactivate Multi-comment	
Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data	Transfer to Controller	
Customize Shortcut Keys Option	Transfer from Controller Clear variable comments in Controller	

• Method 2: How to start the Edit Variable Comments Window from the variable table Select any variable in the variable table, and right-click the variable and select Edit Variable Comments.

Nam	ie	Data Type	Initial Value	Constant	I Expos
EMO_NC_S1		SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Do not expose
EMO_NC_S2		SAFEBOOI	FALSE		Do not expose
Reset_S2	Create Ne	w	FALSE		Do not expose
Feedback_KN	Cut		FALSE		Do not expose
LaserScaner_S	Сору		FALSE		Do not expose
SCC_Unit2			FALSE		Do not expose
SCC_Unit3	Delete		FALSE		Do not expose
SCC_Unit4			FALSE		Do not expose
Contactor_KN			FALSE		Do not expose
Input_Connec	Redo		FALSE		Do not expose
Output_Conn	Edit Varia	ble Comments	FALSE		Do not expose
SCC_Unit5	Select All		FALSE		Do not expose

• Method 3: How to start the Edit Variable Comments Window from the FBD editor Select any variable in the FBD editor, and right-click the variable and select Edit Variable Comments.



When the Edit Variable Comments Window is started by method 2 or 3, it is displayed with the variable selected.

The Edit Variable Comments Window

When the Edit Variable Comments function is executed, the following screen is displayed.

POU Name	Variable Type	Variable	Data Type	Comment 1	Comment 2	Comment 3	Comment 4
Global Variables	Global Variable	EMO_NC_S1	SAFEBOOL	非常停止押しボタンスイッチ S	Emergency Stop Switch S1	紧急停止开关 S1	
Global Variables	Global Variable	EMO_NC_S2	SAFEBOOL	非常停止押しボタンスイッチ Si	Emergency Stop Switch S2	紧急停止开关 S2	
Global Variables	Global Variable	Reset_S2	SAFEBOOL	リセットスイッチ S2	Reset Switch S2	重置开关 S2	
Global Variables	Global Variable	Feedback_KM1_KM2	SAFEBOOL	EDM溶着チェック	EDM Welding Check	EDM焊接检查	
Global Variables	Global Variable	LaserScaner_S3	SAFEBOOL	セーフティレーザスキャナ S3	Safety Laser Scanner S3	安全激光扫描仪 S3	
Global Variables	Global Variable	SCC_Unit2	SAFEBOOL	セーフティネットワークコネクション	Safety Network Connection	安全网络连接状态: Unit2	
Global Variables	Global Variable	SCC_Unit3	SAFEBOOL	セーフティネットワークコネクション	Safety Network Connection	安全网络连接状态: Unit3	
Global Variables	Global Variable	SCC_Unit4	SAFEBOOL	セーフティネットワークコネクション	Safety Network Connection	安全网络连接状态: Unit4	
Global Variables	Global Variable	Contactor_KM1_KM2	SAFEBOOL	コンタクタ KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	接触器 KM1_KM2	
Global Variables	Global Variable	Input_Connection_Status	SAFEBOOL				
Global Variables	Global Variable	Output_Connection_Status	SAFEBOOL				
Global Variables	Global Variable	SCC_Unit5	SAFEBOOL				
Global Variables	Global Variable	TESTDATA1	SAFEBOOL				
Global Variables	Global Variable	TESTDATA2	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	OC_ResetSignal_0	OC_ResetSignal				
Program0	Internal Variable	Reset_S2_Out	BOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EmergencyStop_0	SF_EmergencyStop	非常停止押しボタンスイッチ S	Emergency Stop Switch S1	紧急停止开关 S1	
Program0	Internal Variable	EMO_NC_S1_Out	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_ESPE_0	SF_ESPE	セーフティレーザスキャナ S3	Safety Laser Scanner S3	安全激光扫描仪 S3	
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_ESPE_0_Activate	BOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	LaserScaner_S3_Out	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	Contactor_KM1_KM2_In	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EDM_0	SF_EDM	コンタクタ KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	接触器 KM1_KM2	
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EDM_0_Activate	BOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EDM_0_S_EDM1	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EDM_0_S_EDM2	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EDM_0_Reset	BOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	SF_EmergencyStop_1	SF_EmergencyStop	非常停止押しボタンスイッチ Si	Emergency Stop Switch S2	紧急停止开关 S2	
Program0	Internal Variable	EMO_NC_S2_Out	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	Internal Variable	AAA	SAFEBOOL				
Program0	External Variable	Reset_S2	SAFEBOOL	外部変数: Reset_S2	External Variable: Reset_S2	外部变量: Reset_S2	

The display contents of the Edit Variable Comments Window are as follows.

ltem	Description	Remarks
POU Name	This is the name of POUs (programs and function blocks) in which variables are defined. The variables defined in the global variable table are displayed as <i>Global Variables</i> .	(Cannot be edited.)
Variable Type	Displays the type of variable table in which the variable is defined.	(Cannot be edited.)
Variable	Displays the variable name.	(Cannot be edited.)
Data type	Displays the data type of the variable.	(Cannot be edited.)
Comment 1	Displays the comment registered at the variable.	
Comment 2	Displays the comment for the variable registered at Comment 2.	
Comment 3	Displays the comment for the variable registered at Comment 3.	
Comment 4	Displays the comment for the variable registered at Comment 4.	
The Import but- ton	Import the variable comments to the Edit Variable Comments Window. Re- fer to <i>Editing a Variable Comment File</i> on page 6-78 for the format of a variable comment file.	
The Export but- ton	Export the variable comments from the Edit Variable Comments Window. Refer to <i>Editing a Variable Comment File</i> on page 6-78 for the format of a variable comment file.	
Variable Type Fil- tering check box	Displays only variable types for which the check boxes are selected.	

Note If the content of **Comment 1** is duplicated with other variable comments, the background of it is yellow. The variable comment switching function reflects the contents of **Comment 2** to **Comment 4** of the variable first found in the Edit Variable Comments Window, if the contents of **Comment 1** are duplicated.

Edit the contents of **Comment 1** to **Comment 4** of any variable. When you click the **OK** button, the contents of **Comment 1** to **Comment 4** are reflected in the project.

6



Precautions for Correct Use

- Project data, for which **Comment 2** to **Comment 4** are set by the Edit Variable Comments function, cannot be imported by using the Sysmac Studio Ver.1.28 and earlier.
- If the content of Comment 1 was modified by the Edit Variable Comments function, the safety validation status becomes unvalidated. Changing the contents of Comment 2 through Comment 4 will not change the validated status.
- If Comment 1 is empty, the comments from Comment 2 to Comment 4 will not be set.

Additional Information

Variable comments of POUs of which editing is disabled by the data protection feature cannot be edited. Before you edit such comments, temporarily disable the data protection that is being applied.

Switching the Displayed Comments

The procedure below switches display to the comment in the imported variable comment file.

- 1 On the **Tools** Menu, select **Option** and open the Option Settings Dialog Box.
- 2 Select the **Safety** Tab. Go to **Variable Comment Switching the displayed comments**. From the dropdown list, select a comment to show and click the **OK** Button.

Doption	الب		×
Color Theme Startup Project Settings Window Ladder Editor ST Editor Program Check/Build Variables Comments for Variables a Parameter Editor Synchronization Safety	Variable Comment Switching the displayed comments: Comment 1 (Edit variable comments by selecting [Tools]-[Variable Comment (Safety Program)]-[Edit Variable Comments], or import variable comments by selecting [Tools]-[Variable Comment (Safety Program)]- [Import]. Transfer Communication Control Unit Restore File. Transfer the Safety Unit Restore File to the SD Memory Card that is installed in the NX-series CPU Unit or Communication Control Unit when transferring the safety application data (when performing synchronization or safety validation). Reset to default setting		
<	ОК	Ca	ncel

The switched comment appears when you display the variable table or open the FBD editor.

Precautions for Correct Use

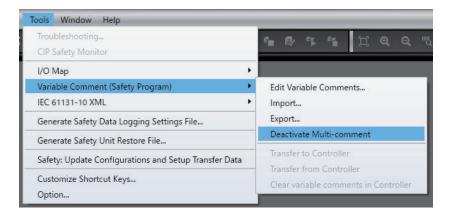
If the display comment is set to other than **Comment 1**, the variable comment cannot be edited except by using the Edit Variable Comments Function.

Deactivating Multi-comment

This section describes the procedure to delete variable comments entered in **Comment 2** through **Comment 4** that are used for the switching variable comment function.

The project containing the imported variable comment file cannot be opened on Sysmac Studio Ver.1.28 and earlier because the switching variable comment function is not supported. When you delete variable comments in **Comment 2** through **Comment 4** in the following procedure, the project can be opened on Sysmac Studio Ver.1.28 and earlier.

1 On the Tools Menu, select Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Deactivate Multicomment.



If **Deactivate Multi-comment** is executed, the content of **Comment 1** is always displayed as the variable comment regardless of the option settings configured in **Safety - Variable Comment - Switching the displayed comments**.

Transferring Variable Comments

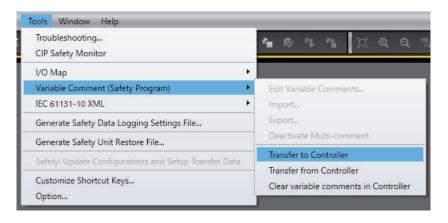
The settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments can be downloaded to the controller by using the function introduced below.

If you downloaded the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments to the controller, the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments can be restored by the upload.

 Downloading Settings for Comment 2 and the Subsequent Comments to the Controller

Use the following procedure to download the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments.

• Establish an online connection with the controller. Go to the **Tools** Menu and select **Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Transfer to Controller**.



rh1

Precautions for Correct Use

Since the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are not included in the safety application data, they are not transferred to the Safety CPU Unit.

Additional Information

The settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are downloaded when the safety application data is transferred, such as during the execution of validation check or transfer by synchronization.

Uploading Settings for Comment 2 and the Subsequent Comments from the Controller

Use the following procedure to upload the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments.

• Establish an online connection with the controller. Go to the **Tools** Menu and select **Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Transfer from Controller**.

ools Window Help			
Troubleshooting CIP Safety Monitor	• ₽ ۴ ۴ 🖺 Q Q		
I/O Map 🕨			
Variable Comment (Safety Program)	Edit Variable Comments		
IEC 61131-10 XML	Import Export		
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File			
Generate Safety Unit Restore File	Deactivate Multi-comment		
Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data	Transfer to Controller		
	Transfer from Controller		
Customize Shortcut Keys Option	Clear variable comments in Controller		



Additional Information

The settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are uploaded when the transfer of safety application data is executed by synchronization.

• Clearing Settings for Comment 2 and the Subsequent Comments from the Controller

Use the following procedure to clear the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments.

- Execute the Clear All Memory operation for the controller.
- Establish an online connection with the controller. Go to the **Tools** Menu and select **Variable Comment (Safety Program) - Clear variable comments in Controller**.

Troubleshooting CIP Safety Monitor	• ● [*] * * □ Q Q		
I/O Map			
Variable Comment (Safety Program)	Edit Variable Comments		
IEC 61131-10 XML	Import		
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File	Export		
Generate Safety Unit Restore File	Deactivate Multi-comment		
Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data	Transfer to Controller		
Customize Shortcut Keys Option	Transfer from Controller Clear variable comments in Controller		



Precautions for Correct Use

If you use Sysmac Studio Ver.1.28 and earlier to upload safety application data from the controller and the Safety CPU Unit containing a downloaded variable comment file for the Safety CPU Unit, the data for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are not restored because Ver.1.28 and earlier does not support the variable comment switching function.



Additional Information

- If you use the SD Memory Card backup function of the controller, the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are included in the backup or restored target.
- If you use the controller backup functions of Sysmac Studio, the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are included in the backup or restored target.
- If you use the importing/exporting backup files function of Sysmac Studio, the settings for **Comment 2** and the subsequent comments are not included in the import or export target.

6-6 Automatic Programming

This section describes "automatic programming", which generates safety programs based on required specifications for the safety system using the Sysmac Studio.

🗥 WARNING

Programs generated by the automatic programming do not guarantee functional safety. Before you perform validation test of the safety programs, complete debugging of the safety programs.

Otherwise, the Safety CPU Unit will start with safety programs that are not fully debugged, and may cause serious personal injury.



6-6-1 Generation Algorithms for Automatic Programming

When a program is generated by executing the automatic programming function, the Sysmac Studio generates a safety program in the following steps:

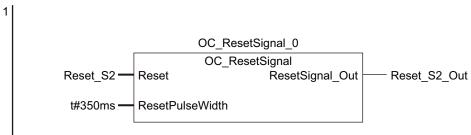
- Reset Signal Generation
- Input Signal Generation
- Generation of Logical Operation Circuit
- Output Signal Generation

• Reset Signal Generation

The automatic programming function creates a function block that generates a reset signal on the first network.

When a variable set in the **Basic Settings** on the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page changes to FALSE after staying TRUE for a certain period of time, the reset signal detects the change of the variable and is set to TRUE for only one cycle. The default pulse width is set to 350 ms.

The generated reset signal here is used as a reset signal of the safety function block when an input signal is generated.



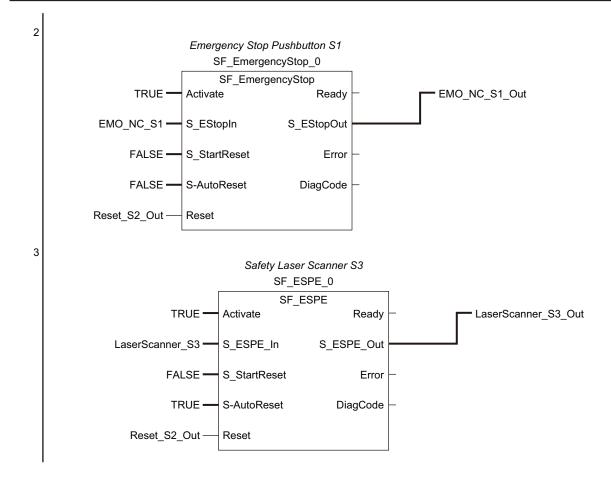
Input Signal Generation

This step creates the function block that is defined in **Input Settings** on the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page.

The variable name specified in **Input Settings** in the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page is used for input variables for the function block. In addition, the output variable of the function block is automatically named as an internal variable, and is used as an input signal when a logical operation circuit is generated.

Input variable name	Setting value	
Activate	TRUE	
S_StartReset	FALSE	
S_AutoReset	Value specified for the reset type	
	Manual: FALSE	
	Auto: TRUE	
Reset	Variable generated in the reset signal generation step	
MonitoringTime	t#300ms	
Any other input variables	Variable automatically generated based on the following naming rule:	
	FB Instance Name_Input Variable Name	

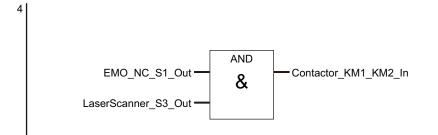
The following table shows values set to input variables of the function block.



• Generation of Logical Operation Circuit

At this step, an AND logic function is generated for each output variable based on the **Expected Value Settings** in the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page.

The internal variables, which are automatically generated at the input signal generation, are used as input variables for the AND function. In addition, the output variable of the AND function is automatically generated as an internal variable and is used as an input signal at the following output signal generation.



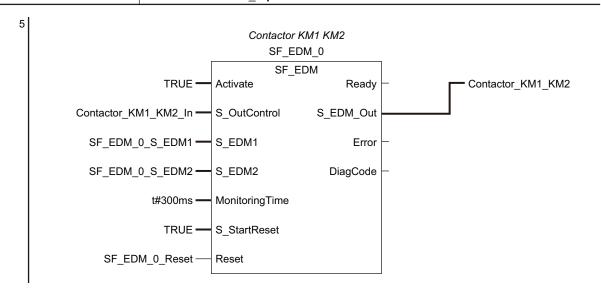
• Output Signal Generation

At this step, an SF_EDM function block is generated based on the Use EDM settings defined for **Output Settings** on the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page.

The internal variable, which is automatically generated at the generation of logical operation circuit, is used as an input signal for the SF_EDM function block.

In addition, the variable name specified in **Output Settings** in the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page is used for an output variable of the SF_EDM function block. The output variable, which is generated at the generation of logical operation circuit, is applied if the SF_EDM function block is not used. The following table shows values set to the input variables for the SF_EDM function block.

Input variable name	Setting value
S_StartReset	TRUE
MonitoringTime	t#300ms
Any other input variables	Variable automatically generated based on the following naming rule:
	FB Instance Name Input Variable Name



Precautions for Correct Use

- The function block OC_ResetSignal, which is added by the automatic programming function, is protected with the display prohibition setting. You can display the Help menu for OC_ResetSignal by selecting OC_ResetSignal in the program or toolbox and pressing the F1 Key.
- Variables and constants defined for the instances of each function block are necessary information for running the program. You can edit and fine-tune them in accordance with the equipment configuration and applications.

6-6-2 Automatic Programming Settings

To execute the automatic programming, you need to specify the following items on the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page.

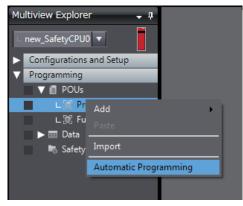
- Reset signal
- Input signal
- Output signal
- · Expected value of the output signal corresponding to the input signal

You can open the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page in either of the following procedures:

Select Automatic Programming from the Insert Menu.

File Edit View	Insert	Project	Controller	S	imulati	on
Multiview Explorer new_SafetyCPU0 Configurations a Programming Programming Programming Figure Pous Configurations a Programming Figure Pous Configurations a Config	Drive HMI Visior Mease	y Network n Sensor urement S Terminal	Controller		i 63	A
L 🗟 Fund	Funct	ion Block				
▶ 🎟 Data No Safety Ta		natic Prog	ramming	J		

 In the Multiview Explorer, select Programming – POUs – Programs. On the right-click menu, select Automatic Programming.



The Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page consists of the items shown in the following table.

Automatic Programming ×				
Generate Register Variables	<mark>(</mark> a)		Import Export V
▼ Basic Settings				
Reset Signal Enter Variable	_ (t)		
▼ Input Settings				
No. 1 Variable Empty: Click here to add Item.	I Comment	Reset Type	Function Block	Name II
▼ Output Settings				
No. Variable Empty. Click here to add Item.	I Comment	I Use EDM		
	<mark>(c</mark>)		
▼ Expected Value Settings				
No. Variable Comment Reset	Туре			
	<mark>(</mark> e)		
E				E .

Let- ter	Name		Function		
(a)	Operation	The operation panel is used to r	make settings for and execute the automatic programming.		
	Panel	Generate Button	Generates a program using the automatic programming.		
		Register Variables Button	Registers the variables that are used for the automatic programming.		
		Import Button	Imports the settings for the automatic programming from a CSV file.		
			If you import the settings, the current settings are overwrit- ten.		
		Export – CSV File Output	Exports the current automatic programming settings to a CSV file.		
		Export – Export to Simple Au- tomatic Test	Exports the current automatic programming settings to the simple automatic test settings.		
			The settings of the export destination are overwritten.		
		Export – Export to Online Functional Test	Exports the current automatic programming settings to the online functional test settings.		
			The settings of the export destination are overwritten.		
(b)	Basic Set-		et signal for the safety program. You can set any SAFE-		
	tings	BOOL or BOOL variable that is defined in the global variable table. When a program is generated, the variable name for the configured reset signal is assigned to the input variable <i>Reset</i> of the safety function block that is linked to each input signal.			

Let- ter	Name		Function
(c)	Input Set- tings		signal used for automatic programming. e, you need to specify a reset type and a linked safety func-
		Variable	Specify a variable name used as input signal for the pro- gram. You can specify a SAFEBOOL or BOOL-type varia- ble for the variable name.
		Reset Type	Select a reset type in the box. The default value of the re- set time is a manual reset. The selected reset type is assigned to the input variable <i>S_AutoReset</i> of the safety function block that is linked to each input signal. When a program is generated, <i>S_AutoReset</i> is set t to FALSE for a manual reset, and set to TRUE for an auto- matic reset.
		Function Block Name	Specify the name of a safety function block that is linked to each input signal. You can also specify a user-defined function block. If you specify a user-defined function block, you need to define at least one SAFEBOOL or BOOL-type variable as the in- put and output variables.
(d)	Output Settings		nal used for automatic programming. nable or disable EDM for the output signal.
		Variable	Specify a variable name used as the output signal for the program. You can specify a SAFEBOOL or BOOL-type variable for the variable name.
		Use EDM	If it is TRUE, the SF_EDM function block is used when a program is generated.
(e)	Expected Value Set- tings	 displayed. Set the expected values The expected values set for the 0 If the input variable changes 1 If the input variable changes You can edit the expected values 	The specified in the input settings and the output settings is use of the output variable for each input variable. The output variables have the following meanings: to FALSE, the output variable changes to FALSE. to FALSE, the output variable changes to TRUE. Indue settings by importing or exporting the values, and copy- ith a spreadsheet program or any other application software.

Setting Example

This section provides an example of automatic programming settings for the application example given in *A-3-3 Safety Laser Scanners* on page A-36.

Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to	Safety Laser Scanner	0	Auto
3/PLd	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch	0	Manual

Application Overview of Safety Laser Scanner

AGV stops when the emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

AGV stops also when the safety laser scanner detects someone or an object approaching to the safety zone.

At that time, enter the following variables of the safety laser scanner on the Automatic Programming Setting Tab Page.

- · Variable that is assigned to the reset switch
- · Variables that are assigned to the safety laser scanner and the Emergency stop pushbutton
- · Variables that are assigned to contactors

The settings for the above application example are configured in the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page as shown below.

Automatic	c Programming ×				
Gene	erate Register Variables				Import Export V
▼ Basic	: Settings				
	t Signal Reset_S2	-			
	t Settings				
No.	I Variable EMO_NC_S1	I Comment Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switche S1	Reset Type		
1 2	LaserScanner_S3	Safety Laser Scanner S3	Manual Auto	SF_EmergencyStop SF_ESPE	
2	Laserscanner_53	Safety Laser Scanner 53	Auto	SF_ESPE	
V Outp	but Settings	l Comment	I Use EDM	1	
1	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	TRUE		
▼ Expe	cted Value Settings				
No. 1 2		Type Contactor_KM1_KN al 0 0			

6-6-3 Automatic Programming Execution Procedure

The execution procedure of automatic programming is explained below.

1 Select Insert - Automatic Programming.

File Edit View	Insert	Project	Controller	Simulation
X 🛍 🛱 🖞	Contr Safety		Controller	ង ឆា ដ
Multiview Explorer	Drive HMI			
 Configurations a 		i Sensor urement S	ensor i	
Programming V I POUs		Terminal		
上篇 Prog 上麗 Fung	Progr Funct	am ion Block	1	
▶ 🎹 Data 腾 Safety Ta		natic Prog	ramming	

The Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page is displayed.

- 2 Set Basic Settings, Input Settings, Output Settings, and Expected Value Settings.
- **3** On the operation panel of the Automatic Programming Settings Tab Page, click the **Generate** Button.

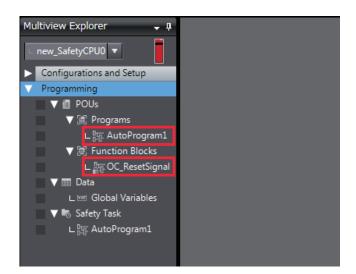
Automatic Progra	amming ×	
Generate	Register Variables	

Once a program is generated, the following dialog is displayed.

Automatic Programming	
Generated the program "AutoProgram1".	
ОК	

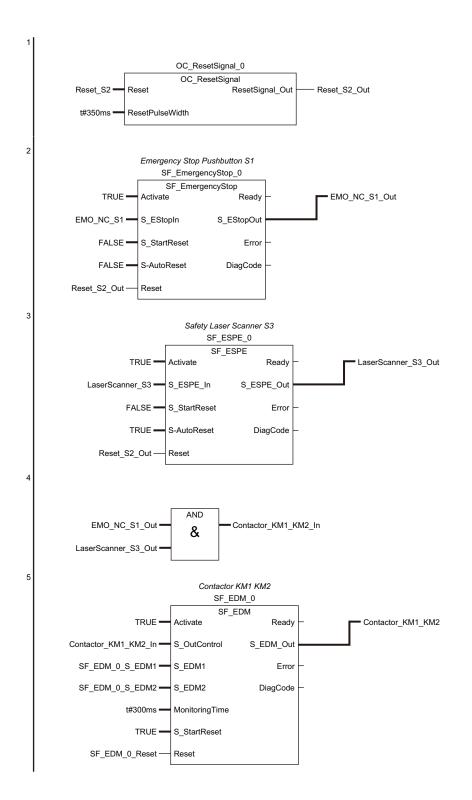
4 Click the **OK** Button.

Once a program is generated, a safety program generated based on the settings and a function block (OC_ResetSignal) used to identify the reset signal are added to the project.



Program Generated through Automatic Programming

Based on the example settings provided in *6-6-2 Automatic Programming Settings* on page 6-89, the following program will be generated.



6-7 Monitoring Memory Usage for Safety Control Unit

You can display the memory usage of the safety control system and the safety network usage including the I/O data size.



Precautions for Correct Use

Check the memory usage when there are no building errors. If there is a building error, the memory usage is not displayed correctly.

Displaying Memory Usage

Use the following procedure to display memory usage.

Select the Safety CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer and open the **Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming** View.

Select **Memory Usage** from the **Project** Menu.

The Memory Usage Tab Page is displayed.

Memory Usage ×		4
Memory		
Program Memory		
OKB	44.75KB (1%)	4096KB
Project Maintenance Data		
OKB	1.58KB (1%)	128KB
Network		
Number of Safety IO connections		
	6 (2%)	254
FSoE: 4 Connection CIP: 2 Connection		
r Input Data Sizes		
OByte	1328yte (6%) 2	048Byte
Output Data Sizes		
OByte	82Byte (4%) 2	048Byte
_ Exposed Input Variables		
0	2 (0%)	254
Exposed Output Variables		
	0 (0%)	253
		Update

ltem	Display content	Related parameters
Program Memory	Displays the memory usage of the safety program.	 Number of the connected Safety I/O Units Number of CIP Safety connections, number of target I/O Assemblies Number of functions blocks and functions in the safety program Number of exposed variables, global variables and device variables Comment sizes for exposed variables, global variables, and device variables Function block names Number of device settings in the Safety Slave Unit parameter settings Terminal comments in the parameters for Safety Slave Units
Project Main- tenance Data	Displays the memory usage of the project.	 Program names Number of exposed variables Comment sizes for exposed variables, global variables, and device variables Number of device settings in the Safety Slave Unit parameter settings Terminal comments in the parameters for Safety Slave Units
Number of Safety I/O connections	Displays the number of safety slaves connected to the Safe- ty CPU Unit. FSoE shows the number of connections with Safety I/O Units. CIP shows the number of CIP Safety connections.	 Number of the connected Safety I/O Units Number of CIP Safety connections, number of target I/O Assemblies
Input Data Sizes	Displays the input data usage by the Safety CPU Unit.	 Number of the connected Safety I/O Units Number of CIP Safety connections Data size of the exposed variables used for input settings
Output Data Sizes	Displays the output data us- age by the Safety CPU Unit.	 Number of the connected Safety I/O Units Number of CIP Safety connections Data size of the exposed variables used for output settings
Exposed In- put Variables	Displays the number of ex- posed variables in the input settings.	Number of exposed variables used for input settings
Exposed Out- put Variables	Displays the number of ex- posed variables in the output settings.	Number of exposed variables used for output settings

6-8 Offline Debugging

Offline debugging allows you to debug a program when you are not connected online to a Safety CPU Unit.

You can debug on a Simulator to check control program logic before transferring the project to the Safety CPU Unit.

Although the Simulator simulates the operation of the Safety CPU Unit, there are difference from the Safety CPU Unit in operation and timing. After you debug the safety program on the Simulator, always check operation on the physical Safety CPU Unit before you use the user program to operate the controlled system.



Accidents may occur if the controlled system performs unexpected operation.



Precautions for Correct Use

Simulation of the operation of the Safety CPU Unit cannot be linked with the operation of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

Additional Information

Refer to A-16 Differences in Checking Operation between the Simulator and Safety CPU Unit on page A-106 for the differences between the Safety CPU Unit and the Simulator.

6-8-1 Offline Safety Program Debugging

To debug a safety program, it is best to simulate the safety program on the computer first to check the operation logic and parameter settings.

This is called offline debugging.

Simulation Procedures

Use the following procedure to start the Sysmac Studio and connect to the Simulator.



- Start the Sysmac Studio and create a project.
- 2 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.



Δ

Use the Sysmac Studio to set the Controller Configurations and Setup and create a safety program.



Additional Information

You cannot connect to the Simulator if the program is not built.

Select Build Controller from the Project Menu to build the program.



Multiview Explorer Toolbox Output Tab Page		Alt+1 Alt+2	
		Alt+2	
Output Tab Page			
		Alt+3	_ I
Watch Tab Page		Alt+4	
Cross Reference Tab Pag	e	Alt+5	- I
Build Tab Page		Alt+6	
Safety Simulation Pane		Alt+8	
Search and Replace Resu	ilts Tab Pag	e Alt+7	
Smart Project Search		Ctrl+Shift	:+F
Recently Closed Window	'S	Ctrl+Shift	:+H
Clear Recently Closed W	indows Hist	ory	
Zoom			•
Reset Window Layout			
	Watch Tab Page Cross Reference Tab Pag Build Tab Page Safety Simulation Pane Search and Replace Resu Smart Project Search Recently Closed Window Clear Recently Closed Wi Zoom	Watch Tab Page Cross Reference Tab Page Build Tab Page Safety Simulation Pane Search and Replace Results Tab Page Smart Project Search Recently Closed Windows Clear Recently Closed Windows Hist Zoom	Watch Tab Page Alt+4 Cross Reference Tab Page Alt+5 Build Tab Page Alt+6 Safety Simulation Pane Alt+8 Search and Replace Results Tab Page Alt+7 Smart Project Search Ctrl+Shift Recently Closed Windows Ctrl+Shift Clear Recently Closed Windows History Zoom

The Safety Simulation Pane is displayed below the Toolbox Pane on the right of the window.

Safety Simulation	→ ₽ ×

6 Click the **Run** Button in the Safety Simulation Pane. Or, select **Run** from the **Simulation** Menu.



The following Connect to safety device Dialog Box is displayed.

Connect to safety	y device
Device object:	new_SafetyCPU0
Device type:	SafetySimulation
	Please confirm to connect to the safety device.
Device name	
Current:	SafetySimulation
New:	SafetySimulation
	No Id required, Press OK
Instance identific	ation:
	<u>QK</u> <u>Cancel</u>

Note 1. It is not necessary to change the name from the current node name.Note 2. You do not need to enter anything in the Instance identification Box.

7 Click the **OK** Button.

The following transfer confirmation dialog box is displayed.

SysmacSt	udio	×
?	Node name:	SafetySimulation
	No application e device.	xists on device. The Safety application will be downloaded to the
	Attention: This o	peration will set the safety device to an unsafe operation mode!
		nue, you have to take actions to ensure the machine safety by eans. Please refer to the user manual for additional information.
	Is the machine s	fety ensured by organizational means?
		Yes No

8 Click the Yes Button.

The following device confirmation dialog box is displayed.

Authentification	×
Node name:	SafetySimulation
For perfor	ming this interaction with the safety device please enter the safety password.
Password	OK Cancel

9 Click the **OK** Button.

Note You do not need to enter anything in the Password Box.

10 After the Simulator is started and connected, the Online Indicator in status monitor is lit green. In this status, the project is completely transferred to the Simulator and RUN mode continues.



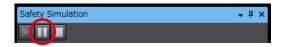
11 To stop the simulation, click the **Stop** Button in the Safety Simulation Pane.

Safety Simulation	→ ₽ ×

12 To end the simulation, click the Close Button \mathbf{x} in the Safety Simulation Pane. The values of variables return to their initial values.

Pausing

Use the following procedure to pause a simulation.



The values of variables are retained.

Program execution stops at the start of the program.

6-8-2 Monitoring

You can monitor the present values of variables in the FBD editor or Watch Tab Page to debug the safety programs.

Refer to 7-6-3 *Monitoring Variables in the FBD Editor* on page 7-29 and 7-6-4 *Monitoring Variables in a Watch Tab Page* on page 7-30 for details.

6-8-3 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using Forced Refreshing

You can debug the safety program by controlling BOOL variables (Set/Reset), changing present values, and executing forced refreshing from the Sysmac Studio.

Refer to 7-6-5 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using Forced Refreshing on page 7-32 for detailed procedures.

6-8-4 Cross References

Cross references allow you to see the programs and locations where variables of the safety program are used.

Refer to 7-6-6 Cross References on page 7-40 for a detailed procedure.

6-8-5 Setting the Initial Values of Variables

You can set the initial values of variables when you start execution of simulation. This is useful for reproducing the actual conditions of the system or to evaluate test cases of similar input conditions.

Simulation must be stopped to set the initial values of variables.

Use the following setting procedure.

1 Select Simulation – Initial Value Settings.

The Initial Value Settings Dialog Box is displayed.

Simulator Initial Value Settings 🗙						
Global Variables	▼.					
Name	I Data Type	I Initial Value	l Constant	I Comment I		
output_001	BOOL	FALSE				
output_002	BOOL	FALSE				
input_001	BOOL	FALSE				
input_002	BOOL	FALSE				

2 Select the type of variables.

The selected type of variables is displayed. The following types of variables can be selected: global variables, programs, and function blocks.

Global Variables				
Global Variables		I Initial Val	ue I Constant	I Comment
Program0 FunctionBlock0	12	FALSE		
FunctionBlock1		FALSE		
input_001	BOOL	FALSE		
input 002	BOOL	FALSE		

3 Change the initial values of the variables.

Simulator Initial Value Settings 🗙						
Global Variables	_					
Name	I Data Type	I Initial Value	l Constant	I Comment		
output_001	BOOL	TRUĘ]				
output_002	BOOL	FALSE				
input_001	BOOL	FALSE				
input_002	BOOL	FALSE				

6-8-6 Feedback Settings

You can set input status that is linked to changes in output status, such as feedback inputs for safety relays.

Simulation must be stopped to make the feedback settings.

Use the following setting procedure.

1 Select Simulation – Feedback Settings.

The Feedback Setting Dialog Box is displayed.

Configurations and Setup Feedback Settings0 ×					
Input	I	Output	I	Invert	

ltem	Description	Supported variable types
Input	Set a global variable ^{*1} that is the destination of the feedback.	BOOL, SAFEBOOL ^{*2}
	You cannot set a variable that is already set as a feedback destination.	
Output	Set the global variable ^{*1} that is the source of the feedback.	BOOL, SAFEBOOL ^{*2}

Item	Description	Supported variable types
Invert	This check box is used to invert the input value.	
	If you select this check box, the input value is inverted.	

- *1. With Sysmac Studio version 1.11, you can use device variables and exposed variables only.
- *2. With Sysmac Studio version 1.11, set variables with the same variable type for both the source and destination.

With Sysmac Studio version 1.12 and later, you can set different variable types for the source and destination.

2 Press the **Insert** Key in the feedback setting table, or right-click in the feedback setting table and select **Create New** from the menu.

Cells are added for new settings.

You can set up to 128 sets of feedback settings.

3 Set the input source variable and the output destination variable, and if necessary, select the Invert Check Box.

The feedback settings are applied within a maximum of 300 ms.

Configurations and Setup					
Feedback Settings 🗙					
Input	1	Output	1	Invert	
Input1	Outpu	Output1			
Input2	Outpu	Output2			



Precautions for Correct Use

When you use the feedback settings on the Simulator, set **MonitoringTime** in the SF_EDM instruction 300 ms or more.

Make sure to return the setting to the original value when you transfer the program to the physical Safety CPU Unit.

6-8-7 Simple Automatic Test

You can use the Simulator of the Safety CPU Unit to easily confirm if the input signals to the program produce the expected output signal values.

Settings for a Simple Automatic Test

The Simple Automatic Test automatically executes offline debugging operations for safety programs. To use the Simple Automatic Test, set the reset signal, input signals, and output signals, as well as the expected values of the output signals based on the input signals.

Execute the Simple Automatic Test after you have created the program. Also, set initial values and feedback settings if they are necessary.

Select **Simulation** - **Simple Automatic Test** from the menu to display the setting areas for a Simple Automatic Test.

File Edit View Insert Project Controller	Simulation Tools	Help
	Run	F5
	Pause	Ctrl+Alt+Break
Multiview Explorer 🗸 📮	Stop	Shift+F5
∟ new_SafetyCPU ▼	Initial Value Sett	ings
	Feedback Setting	IS
 Configurations and Setup 	Simple Automati	c Test
Programming		

The following Simple Automatic Test Tab Page is displayed.

Simple Automatic Test x
Run Test Register Variables Initial Value Set (a) Feedback Settings Import Export
▼ Test Condition
Reset Signal Inter Variable.
▼ Input Settings
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Ifinput Type Empty: Click here to add Item. (C)
▼ Output Settings
No. Variable Comment Empty: Click here to add Item. (d)
▼ Expected Value Settings
No. Variable Comment Reset Type (e)
8 8

The setting areas of the Simple Automatic Test are configured as described in the following table.

Item	Name	Function		
(a)	Simple Auto- matic Test Op- eration Panel	The operation panel is used to can perform the following oper	o make settings for and execute the Simple Automatic Test. You rations.	
		Run Button	Executes the Simple Automatic Test.	
		Test Result Button	Shows the previous test results for the Simple Automatic Test.	
		Register Variables Button	Used to register the variables that are used for the Simple Automatic Test.	
		Initial Value Settings Button	Displays the Initial Value Settings Dialog Box.	
		Feedback Settings Button	Displays the Feedback Settings Dialog Box.	

ltem	Name	e Function			
		Import Button	Imports the settings for a Simple Automatic Test from a CSV file. If you import the settings, the current settings are overwritten.		
		Export Button	Exports the current settings for the Simple Automatic Test to a CSV file.		
(b)	Test Condi- tion Area		reset signal for the safety program. You can set any SAFE- s defined in the global variable table.		
(c)	Input Setting Area	-	signals to use in the Simple Automatic Test. he, set the reset types and input types of the input signals.		
		Variable	Set the names of the variables used as the input signals in the program. You can set any SAFEBOOL or BOOL variable that is defined in the global variable table.		
		Reset Type	 Select the reset type in the box. The default value of the reset time is a manual reset. Manual If a manual reset is used for an input signal, a test is executed for the manual reset scenario that uses the reset signal set in the <i>Test Condition Area (b)</i>. Auto If an automatic reset is used for an input signal, a test is executed according to the auto reset scenario. 		
		Input Type	To set a test for two input signals, such as for a safety door or two-hand switches, set the input type to 2 Inputs . If you set the input type to 2 Inputs , a row is added to specify another variable.		
(d)	Output Setting Area		signals to use in the Simple Automatic Test. You can set any that is defined in the global variable table.		
(e)	Expect- ed Value Setting Area	 played. Set the test target and ble. The expected values that you 0: If the input variable change 1: If the input variable change 	are specified in the input settings and output setting areas is dis- I the expected value of the output variable for each input varia- set for the output variables have the following meanings: ges to FALSE, the output variable changes to FALSE. ges to FALSE, the output variable changes to TRUE. bected value settings to use spreadsheets or other applications opying and pasting them.		

Setting Example

A setting example for the Simple Automatic Test is provided in this section for the application example given in *A-3-2 Safety Doors* on page A-32.

Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe	Safety limit switches 1 and 2	0	Auto
(Safety Door)	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual

M1 stops when safety door 1 (S3, S4) is opened.

M2 stops when safety door 2 (S5, S6) is opened.

Both M1 and M2 stop when the emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

The settings for the Simple Automatic Test are derived from the following points.

- Variable that is assigned to the reset switch
- · Variables that are assigned to safety input devices (except for EDM feedback)
- · Variables that are assigned to safety output devices
- **Note 1.** To make the program work correctly, set the initial values for simulation so that Activate terminal on the safety function block will be to TRUE.

Note 2. To make the SF_EDM function block work correctly, set feedback for simulation.

The settings for the above application are shown in the setting areas for the Simple Automatic Test.

Simple Aut	tomatic Test 🗙					
	Run Test Result Register Vi	ariables Initial Value Settings Fi	eedback Settings	1 [Import	Export
			ş.			
▼ Test C	Condition					
Reset	Signal Reset_S2					
▼ Input No.	Settings I Variable	I Comment	Reset Type	Input Type		
1	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)		imput Typei		
2	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Auto	2 Inputs		_
	Limit_SW_NO_S4	Limit Switch(NO)	Auto	2 Inputs		_
3	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Auto	2 Inputs		
	Limit_SW_NO_S6	Limit Switch(NO)	Auto	2 Inputs		_
	····					
L						
	ut Settings					
No.	I Variable		nment	1		
1	Contactor_KM1_KM2 Contactor_KM3_KM4	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding				_
2	Contactor_KMS_KM4	2 Safety Kelays W/ Welding	Check			_
V Evner	cted Value Settings					
Expect	-	set Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3	KN			
■ NC	EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Ma					
2	Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Aut					
3	Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Aut	to 1 0				
24						
_						

Feedback Settings Tab Page is shown below.

Feedback Settings $ imes$			
Input	Output	Invert	
Feedback_KM1_KM2	Contactor_KM1_KM2		
Feedback_KM3_KM4	Contactor_KM3_KM4		

Execution Procedure for a Simple Automatic Test

Use the following procedure to execute the Simple Automatic Test.

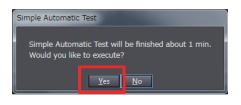
- **1** Select **Simulation Simple Automatic Test** from the menu. The Simple Automatic Test Tab Page is displayed.
- 2 Set the Test Condition, Input Settings, Output Settings, and Expected Value Settings.
- **3** Click the **Run** Button on the control panel on the Simple Automatic Test Tab Page.

Simple Automatic Test 🗙				
Run Test Result	Register Variables	Initial Value Settings	Feedback Settings	
▼ Test Condition				
Reset Signal Reset_S2				

4 A precaution is displayed to ensure proper execution of the Simple Automatic Test. Read the precaution and then click the **OK** Button.



5 The estimated execution time for the Simple Automatic Test is displayed. Click the **Yes** Button to execute the test.



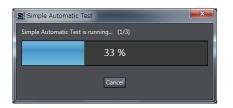
6 The Simulator for the Safety CPU Unit starts. Following the on-screen instructions to complete starting the Simulator. Click the **Yes** Button.

		- Area Inc.
(2)	Node name:	SafetySimulation
	No application device.	exists on device. The Safety application will be downloaded to the
	Attention: This	operation will set the safety device to an unsafe operation mode!
		tinue, you have to take actions to ensure the machine safety by means. Please refer to the user manual for additional information.
	To the machine	safety ensured by organizational means?

Click the **OK** Button.



You can check the progress of the Simple Automatic Test in the following dialog box.



The Simulator stops when the test is completed. Click the **OK** Button.



7 The Simple Automatic Test Result Window is displayed when the test is completed. If the results show that the test has failed, correct the safety program or check the test settings.

EMO_NC_S1 Emi Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S Safe Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S Safe	N	Manual Auto Auto	0 0 1	0		2016/02/17 11:12:31 2016/02/17 11:12:31 2016/02/17 11:12:31
	N					12.13
iafety_Limit_SW_NC_S Safe	fety Limit Switch(NC)	Auto				2016/02/17 11:12:31

Precautions for Correct Use

The Simple Automatic Test is provided as a simple means to check the output signal results for the input signals. It may not be able to determine correct test results for complicated conditions or special cases. If necessary, check the program logic manually.



Additional Information

The actual test operations that are performed for the Simple Automatic Test are given in *A-15 Execution Scenarios for the Simple Automatic Test* on page A-103.

Checking Operation and Actual Operation

This section describes the procedures to perform before you can operate the Safety CPU Unit. It describes the operating modes of the Safety CPU Unit, checking operation in DEBUG mode, and the procedures to perform safety validation.

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7-1 Procedures before Operation and Transferring the Required Data

This section describes the procedures to perform after you create the safety programs and are ready to operate the Safety CPU Unit. It also describes the data that you must transfer.

7-1-1 Commissioning Procedure

After you write the safety programs, use the following procedure to start operating the Safety CPU Unit.

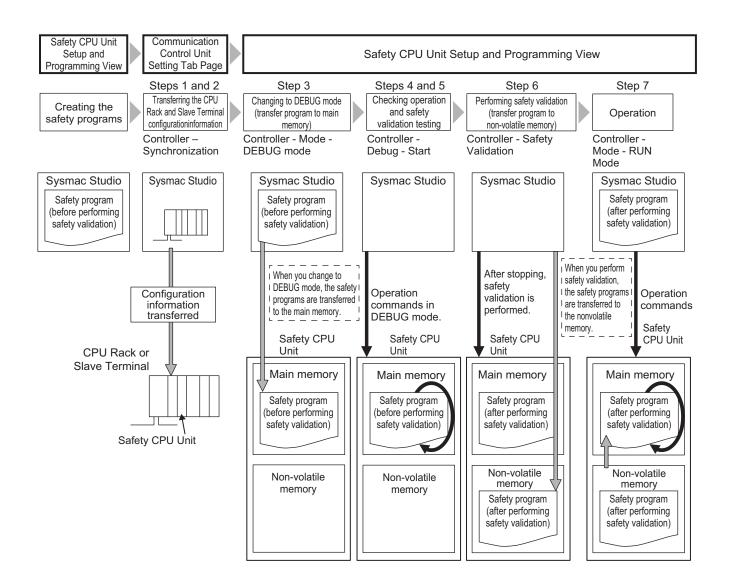
- 1 Place the Sysmac Studio online with Safety CPU Unit.
- **2** Transfer the configuration information to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit^{*1 *2}, Communications

Coupler Unit, Safety CPU Unit, and NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit^{*2}.

When transferring the validated safety application data, the following procedure is not necessary.

After transferring the validated safety application data, check if the data transferred from the safety signature shown in the Sysmac Studio is correct.

- *1. Transferred when you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.
- *2. Transferred when you use CIP Safety communications using an NX502 CPU Unit and NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- Place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode.The safety programs are transferred to the main memory of the Safety CPU Unit.
- **4** Check the wiring and the operation of the safety programs.
- **5** Perform safety validation testing.
- 6 Validate safety from the Sysmac Studio. The safety programs are transferred to the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit to enter the safety-validated status.
- 7 Place the Safety CPU Unit in RUN mode. The safety programs in the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit are executed.



7-1-2 Data That You Must Transfer before Operation and Data Transfer Procedures

Before you change to RUN mode, you must transfer the CPU Rack or the Slave Terminal settings, including the Safety Control Unit settings, to the Safety CPU Unit. The settings and transfer procedures are given below.

• Configuration in which the Safety Control Unit is included in the CPU rack

CPU rack settings		Transfer method	Transfer destina- tion
CPU rack configura- tion infor-	Unit configu- ration infor- mation	Perform the following operation with the Controller set to the NX- series CPU Unit. Transfer the NX bus master settings in the Synchronization Win-	NX-series CPU Unit
mation	I/O allocation information	dow.*1	NX-series CPU Unit and Safety CPU Unit

CPU rack settings		Transfer method	Transfer destina- tion
Safety ap- plication da-	Unvalidated safety appli-	The safety application data is transferred automatically when you change to DEBUG mode from the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Pro-	Safety CPU Unit
ta	cation data	gramming View.	
	Validated	In DEBUG mode, execute Safety Validation from the Safety CPU	
	safety appli- cation data	Unit Setup and Programming View. This will cause the safety appli- cation data to be saved to the non-volatile memory.	
		Perform the following operation with the Controller set to the NX- series CPU Unit. Transfer the NX bus master settings in the Synchronization Win- dow. ^{*1}	

*1. The entire CPU rack of the NX-series CPU Unit restarts after the NX bus master settings are transferred.

Configuration in which the Safety Control Unit is included in the EtherCAT Slave Terminal

		Transfer method		
Slave Termi	nal settings	Connection to an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit ^{*1}	Connection to USB port on EtherCAT Coupler Unit ^{*2}	Transfer destination
EtherCAT network con- figuration in- formation ^{*1}		Perform the following operation with the Controller set to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Transfer the EtherCAT network configura- tion information from the Synchronization Window.	Transfer is not al- lowed.	NJ/NX-ser- ies CPU Unit
Slave Termi- nal configura- tion informa- tion	Unit config- uration in- formation I/O alloca- tion infor- mation	Perform the following operation with the Controller set to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Transfer the EtherCAT network configura- tion information and the Slave Terminal configuration information from the Syn- chronization Window.	Transferred on the Slave Terminal Tab Page.	Communi- cations Coupler Unit Communi- cations Coupler Unit and Safety CPU Unit
Safety appli- cation data	Unvalidated safety appli- cation data Validated safety appli- cation data	The safety application data is transferred a change to DEBUG mode from the Safety O Programming View. In DEBUG mode, execute Safety Validatio Unit Setup and Programming View. This w plication data to be saved to the non-volati	Safety CPU Unit	
		Perform the following operation with the Controller set to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. Transfer the EtherCAT network configura- tion information and the Slave Terminal configuration information from the Syn- chronization Window.* ³	Transferred on the Slave Terminal Tab Page. ^{*3}	

*1. This is required only when you use an EtherCAT network.

*2. In the following cases, only the Slave Terminal is restarted after the data is transferred.

- When you transfer the data through the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit without using the Sysmac Studio's synchronization operation.
- When you transfer the data with the Sysmac Studio connected to the USB port on the Communications Coupler Unit

The restart may cause the EtherCAT master to detect an error. If an error is detected, you need to reset the error in the EtherCAT master.

*3. Supported only by Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher.



Version Information

You can download safety-validated safety application data with Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher and NX-SL

7-2 Transferring the Configuration Information

This section describes how to start communications and transfer configuration information from the Sysmac Studio to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit^{*1}, the NX-series Communications Coupler Unit, and the NX-series Safety CPU Unit.

*1. This can be selected and transferred when you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

7-2-1 Overview

You must transfer the CPU Rack settings and Slave Terminal settings to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit^{*1}, the Communications Coupler Unit, and the Safety CPU Unit before you can place the Sysmac Studio online with the Safety CPU Unit and begin debugging.

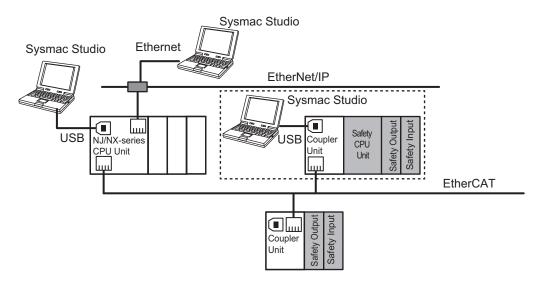
*1. This can be selected and transferred when you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

Paths for Going Online

There are the following two ways to connect the Sysmac Studio to the Safety CPU Unit.

- USB Connection or Ethernet Connection to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit^{*1}, or Ethernet connection to the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
- · USB connection to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit
- *1. This can be selected and transferred when you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

A configuration example for an EtherCAT Slave Terminal is given below.



Always confirm safety at the destination node before you transfer Unit configuration information, parameters, settings, or other data from tools such as the Sysmac Studio. The devices or machines may perform unexpected operation regardless of the operating mode of the CPU Unit.



7-2-2 Transfer Procedure for a Connection to NJ/NX-series CPU Unit

When you use an EtherCAT Coupler Unit, you can connect the Sysmac Studio to a USB or Ethernet port on the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or EtherNet/IP port on the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit to transfer the configuration information.

Use the following procedure to go online with the Safety CPU Unit.

- **1** Select the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer on the Sysmac Studio to change to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
- 2 Set the communications path to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.
- **3** Select **Online** from the **Controller** Menu. Or, click the Go Online Button (
- 4 Select Synchronization from the Controller Menu.

5 Click the **Transfer to Controller** Button.*1*2

The Sysmac Studio is enabled for communications with the EtherCAT Coupler Unit and the Safety CPU Unit. This also transfers the Slave Terminal configuration information to the Ether-CAT Coupler Unit and the Safety CPU Unit.

- *1. Always click this button when you go online with the Safety CPU Unit for the first time, or if you change a Safety I/O Unit or variable data.
- *2. If the CIP Safety communications are performed with the EtherNet/IP port on the mounted NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit, when the settings for CIP Safety communications are changed, always transfer the settings to the EtherNet/IP Unit.

Additional Information

- Refer to the Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504) for information on connecting and synchronizing with the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- Refer to 7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode on page 7-17 for details on transferring the unvalidated safety program.

7-2-3 Transfer Procedure for a Connection to Communications Coupler Unit

You can connect the Sysmac Studio to a USB port on a Communications Coupler Unit to transfer the configuration information.

Use one of the following two procedures to go online with the Safety CPU Unit.

 Online Procedure from the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Setup and Programming View

You can use this method only if you use an EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

- **1** Connect the computer to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit with a USB cable.
- **2** Select the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer on the Sysmac Studio to change to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
- Right-click the EtherCAT Coupler Unit on the EtherCAT Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select
 Coupler Connection (USB) Online from the menu.
 The Sysmac Studio goes online with the EtherCAT Slave Terminal.
- Online Procedure from the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View
 - **1** Connect the computer to the Communications Coupler Unit with a USB cable.
 - **2** Select Safety CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer of Sysmac Studio and open the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
 - **3** Select **Communication Setup** from the **Controller** Menu. The following communications settings are displayed.

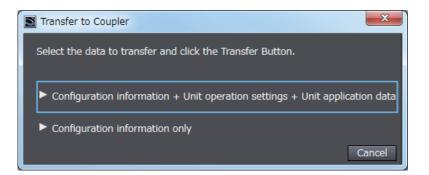


- 4 Select *Connect via Coupler* and then click the **OK** Button.
- 5 Select **Online** from the **Controller** Menu. Or, click the Go Online Button (^A) in the toolbar. The Sysmac Studio goes online with the Slave Terminal.

Procedure to Transfer the Configuration Information

Use the following procedure to transfer the configuration information to an online Slave Terminal.

 Right-click the Communications Coupler Unit on the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select Transfer to Coupler from the menu. The following dialog box is displayed.



2 Click Configuration information only or Configuration + Unit operation settings + Unit application data..

An execution confirmation dialog box for **Transfer to Coupler** is displayed. For both options, only the Slave Terminal configuration information is transferred to the Communications Coupler Unit and the Safety CPU Unit because safety validation has not been performed for the safety program.

3 Click the **Yes** Button.

The settings are transferred to all Units that are connected to the Communications Coupler Unit.

7-3 Operating Modes of the Safety CPU Unit

This section describes the operating modes of the Safety CPU Unit, state changes, and the functions that can be executed in each mode.

7-3-1 Startup Operating Mode and Changing the Operating Mode

The operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit changes to PROGRAM mode or RUN mode after the power is turned ON, depending on whether the safety programs are validated, as shown in the following figure.

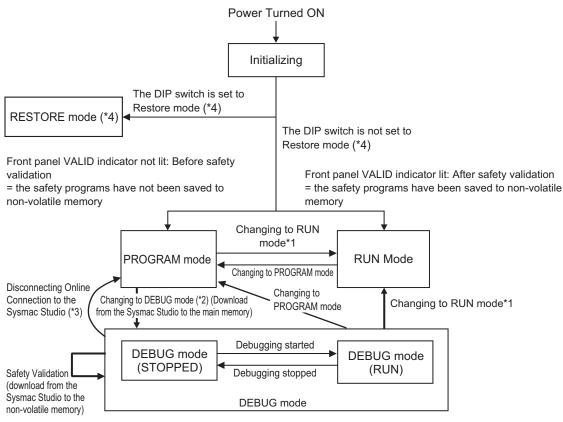
• Before Safety Validation

The Safety CPU Unit starts in PROGRAM mode. This prevents the Safety CPU Unit from running a safety application that has not been validated for safety.

After Safety Validation

The Safety CPU Unit starts in the RUN mode.

To change the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit, select the Safety CPU Unit as the Controller and place the Sysmac Studio online with the Safety CPU Unit, and then select the desired operating mode.



*1. The Safety CPU Unit can be operated only after safety validation is performed.

- *2. When the operating mode changes from PROGRAM mode to DEBUG mode, the safety application data in the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit is deleted.
- *3. The Safety CPU Unit automatically enters PROGRAM mode if 30 seconds elapses after the connection to the Sysmac Studio is disconnected due to a damaged cable or any other reason.
- *4. The DIP switch setting and the restore mode are not available with NX-SL3300 and NX-SL3500.

Additional Information

If you need to use debugging to change present values or other settings while operating in RUN mode (for instance, to troubleshoot a validated safety program), you must stop the machine, and then change the Safety CPU Unit to PROGRAM mode before you can change to DEBUG mode. However, when the operating mode changes from PROGRAM mode to DEBUG mode, the safety programs in the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit is deleted. Download the safety-validated safety programs to the non-volatile memory in the Safety CPU Unit again.

Version Information

The processing that is performed when the operating mode changes from RUN mode to PRO-GRAM mode depends on the version of the Sysmac Studio that you use.

- Sysmac Studio version 1.09 or lower The safety programs in the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit are deleted. If you return to RUN mode, download the safety-validated safety programs to the non-volatile memory in the Safety CPU Unit again.
- Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher The safety programs in the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit are not deleted.

Operating Modes of Safety CPU Unit and Indicators

The following table specifies details of the Safety CPU Unit operating modes and the indicators displayed for each operating mode.

Operativ	a mada	Description	Indi	cators
Operatin	ng mode	Description	RUN	DEBUG
Initializing		This mode indicates that the Safety CPU Unit is starting up and per- forming hardware self-diagnosis.	Flashing green.	Not lit
PROGRAM mode		This mode indicates that safety communications and the safety pro- gram execution are stopped. You can clear or download the safety application data from the Sys- mac Studio (Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View).	Not lit	Not lit
RUN mode		This mode indicates that safety communications are executed and the validated safety programs are running.	Lit green	Not lit
DEBUG mode	STOPPED	This mode indicates that safety communications are executed and the unvalidated safety programs are on standby. You can control BOOL variables, change present values of data, and use forced refreshing.	Not lit	Lit yellow
	RUN	This mode indicates that safety communications are executed and unvalidated safety programs are running. You can control BOOL variables, change present values of data, and use forced refreshing.	Lit green	Lit yellow
RESTORE mode		This mode allows you to edit user programs and settings of the Safe- ty CPU Unit by using an SD Memory Card. Safety communications and safety programs are not executed.	Flashing green.	Flashing yellow

Relationship between the Operating Modes of the Safety CPU Unit and the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit

The operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit is independent from the operating mode of the NJ/NXseries CPU Unit.

This means that changes in the operating mode of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit will not affect the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit.

Conversely, changes in the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit will not affect the operating mode of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

• Restrictions in DEBUG Mode

Safety certification bodies prohibit safety controllers from entering full operational state while forced refreshing is enabled. Therefore, the Safety CPU Unit imposes the following restrictions.

- You can perform forced refreshing only in DEBUG mode.
- You can change to DEBUG mode only when the Sysmac Studio is online with the Safety CPU Unit. If an online connection is broken in DEBUG mode, the Safety CPU Unit will automatically change to PROGRAM mode after 30 seconds elapses.
- Only one copy of the Sysmac Studio can go online with the Safety CPU Unit at the same time.

I/O Data in Each Operating Mode

The following table explains how I/O data is processed, depending on the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit.

Operating mode		Safety Input (FSoE/CIP Safety)	Standard Input (Exposed Vari- able)	Safety Out- put (FSoE/CIP Safety)	Standard Output (Ex- posed Varia- ble)	Status (Safe- ty CPU Sta- tus)
Initializing		Not received	Not received	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
PROGRAM m	node	Not received	Not received	Cleared	Cleared	Refreshed
RUN mode		Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed
DEBUG STOPPED		Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed
mode RUN		Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed	Refreshed
RESTORE m	ode	Not received	Not received	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared

Not received = Not receive data, Cleared = Clear and reset to initial value, Refreshed = Refresh data

7-3-2 Operation When Changing Operating Mode

If you change the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit, the Safety CPU Unit will operate as shown in the following table.

Before change	\rightarrow	After change	Operation
PROGRAM mode	\rightarrow	DEBUG mode (STOP- PED)	Safety process data communications start.
PROGRAM mode	\rightarrow	RUN mode	 Safety process data communications start. The variables are initialized and the safety programs are executed from the beginning.
DEBUG mode (STOP- PED)	\rightarrow	DEBUG mode (RUN)	 Safety process data communications continue. The variables are initialized and the safety programs are executed from the beginning.

Before change	\rightarrow	After change	Operation
DEBUG mode (RUN)	\rightarrow	DEBUG mode (STOP- PED)	 Safety process data communications continue. The variables are initialized and the safety programs are stopped. The forced status of variables is cleared.
RUN mode	\rightarrow	PROGRAM mode	 Safety process data communications stop. The safety input data from the Safety Input Units is initialized to 0. The safety output data to the Safety Output Units is initialized to 0. The variables are initialized and the safety pro- grams are stopped. The safety programs are deleted from the non- volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit.
DEBUG mode (RUN)	\rightarrow	PROGRAM mode	 Safety process data communications stop. The safety input data from the Safety Input Units is initialized to 0. The safety output data to the Safety Output Units is initialized to 0. The variables are initialized and the safety pro- grams are stopped. The forced status of variables is cleared.
DEBUG mode (STOP- PED)	\rightarrow	PROGRAM mode	 Safety process data communications stop. The safety input data from the Safety Input Units is initialized to 0. The safety output data to the Safety Output Units is initialized to 0.

Relationship between Establishing Safety Communications and Execution of the Safety Programs

The Safety CPU Unit starts execution of the safety programs at the same time the safety process data communications are established.

The input data that is refreshed from the Safety Input Units is used for processing.

7-3-3 Executable Functions in Each Mode of the Safety CPU Unit

The following table shows the executable functions in each mode of the Safety CPU Unit.

		PRO-	DEBUG mode			RESTORE
Function ^{*1}	Initializing	GRAM mode	STOPPED	RUN	RUN mode	mode ^{*5}
Safety program execution	Not possi-	Not possi-	Not possi-	Possible	Possible	Not possi-
	ble	ble	ble			ble
Controlling BOOL varia-	Not possi-	Not possi-	Possible	Possible	Not possi-	Not possi-
bles, forced refreshing,	ble	ble			ble	ble
and changing present val-						
ues						
Message communications	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible
NX bus communications	Possible ^{*2}	Possible*2				

			PRO-	DEBU	G mode		RESTORE
Funct	ion ^{*1}	Initializing	GRAM mode	STOPPED	RUN	RUN mode	mode ^{*5}
Safety proces munications	Safety process data com- munications		Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Possible	Not possi- ble
Download- ing (trans- ferring data from the Computer to	Configura- tion infor- mation (I/O allocation information)	Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Not possi- ble
the Control- ler)	Validated safety appli- cation data			Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible ^{*4}	
Uploading (tra ta from the Co the Computer	ontroller to	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Not possi- ble
Clear All Mem for Unit	ory operation	Not possi- ble	Possible	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble
Clear All Mem tion for Slave Clear All Mem tion for NJ/NX Unit ^{*3}	Terminal, ory Opera-	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble				
Restarting NX	Bus/NX Unit	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible
and Resetting	Restarting Slave Terminal and Resetting Controller for NJ/NX-series CPU Unit		Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible
Monitoring Co tus	ontroller sta-	Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible
Monitoring pro	ograms	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Possible	Not possi- ble
Monitoring in Page	a Watch Tab	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Possible	Not possi- ble
Monitoring for shooting	r trouble-	Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible	Possible
Changing the word	Changing the safety pass- word		Possible	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Not possi- ble
Node Name C	hange	Not possi- ble	Possible	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Not possi- ble
Safety Data Logging ^{*5}		Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Not possi- ble
Safety Unit Re	estore ^{*5}	Not possi- ble	Possible				
Online Function	onal Test	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Not possi- ble	Possible	Possible	Not possi- ble

*1. Hardware Self-diagnosis

In the initializing state, self-diagnosis is performed for all hardware.

In other operating modes, hardware self-diagnosis is performed at fixed intervals.

*2. NX bus communications The data is refreshed depending on the operating mode, as shown in the following table.

Operating mode		Refreshing	
Initializing		The input data is discarded. The output data is fixed to 0.	
PROGRAM mode		The input data is discarded. The output data that carries status information is transferred. All data outputs from the safety programs change to 0.	
RUN mode		I/O data refreshing is performed with the safety programs.	
DEBUG mode STOPPED		Input data refreshing is performed with the safety programs. The output data that carries status information is transferred. All data out- puts from the safety programs change to 0.	
	RUN	I/O data refreshing is performed with the safety programs.	

*3. You can execute the Clear All Memory operation for the Safety CPU Unit regardless of the operating status of the Safety CPU Unit, but it will always fail for the Safety CPU Unit.

*4. Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher and NX-SL

*5. It is available only for NX-SL5500 and NX-SL5700.

7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode

This section describes how to place the Safety CPU Unit into DEBUG mode. When you change to DE-BUG mode, the safety application data is transferred to the Safety CPU Unit.

🗥 WARNING

Before you use the Sysmac Studio to change the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit to DEBUG Mode, make sure that it is safe to do so at the destination for the safety application data.



The outputs may operate and may cause serious injury.

DEBUG Mode Application

DEBUG mode is used to check that the safety communications, the safety programs, and the external devices operate properly before you operate the Safety CPU Unit.

When you place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode, the unvalidated safety programs are automatically transferred from the Sysmac Studio to the main memory of the Safety CPU Unit.

As a safety precaution, the Sysmac Studio allows you to switch the Safety CPU Unit to DEBUG mode only when the Safety CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode.

Precautions for Safe Use

Verify that the safety communications with a remote node will be established in the debug mode of the Safety CPU Unit.

Procedure for Changing to DEBUG Mode

Use the following procedure to switch the operating mode of Safety CPU Unit from the PROGRAM to DEBUG mode.

When you change the operating mode to the DEBUG mode, the safety programs must be ready for building.

1 Make sure that the Safety CPU Unit is in the PROGRAM mode.

- 2 Connect to the Safety CPU Unit online.
- Select the Safety CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer of Sysmac Studio and open the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
 When you move to the view for Safety CPU Unit, the Sysmac Studio goes online with the Safety CPU Unit, and the Controller status is displayed in the lower right of the Sysmac Studio Window, as shown below.

Controller Status	×
ONLINE ERR/ALM	PROGRAM Mode

- **4** On the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, perform one of the following operations.
 - Select Mode DEBUG Mode from the Controller Menu.
 - Press the Ctrl + 2 Keys.
 - Click the **DEBUG Mode** Button on the toolbar.

The following mode confirmation dialog box is displayed.

Mode change	
	Please confirm that you wish to enter DEBUG mode
	Yes No

5 Click the **Yes** Button.

The following Connect to safety device Dialog Box is displayed.

Connect to safety	device
Device object: Device type: Device name:	new_SafetyCPU0 Safety CPU new_SafetyCPU0
Please select t	he connection type and confirm to connect to the safety device. nection No Id required, Press OK
Instance ide	ntification:
C Tele Access Password:	QKCancel

Note 1. When you change the operating mode for the first time, the above dialog box is displayed and allows you to set the node name. You can change the factory-default node name of the Safety CPU Unit.

If you do not want to change the node name, leave the field blank and click the **OK** Button. Refer to 7-9 *Node Name* on page 7-58 for details on the node name settings.

Note 2. You do not need to enter anything in the Instance identification Box.

6 Click the **OK** Button.

The following transfer confirmation dialog box is displayed.

SysmacS	tudio X		
\bigcirc	Device name: default		
	No application exists on device. The Safety application will be downloaded to the device.		
	Attention: This operation will cause the safety device to exit safe operation mode!		
	Before you confirm, you must take action on site to prevent death, injury and equipment damage. Please read the instructions in the user manual.		
	Have you ensured that organizational safety has been established for the entire networked facility?		
	Yes No		

7 Check the safety of the system and then click the **Yes** Button. The following password confirmation dialog box is displayed.

Authentification	×	J
Node name:	new_SafetyCPU0	
For performing this interaction with the safety device please enter the safety password.		
Password		
	<u>QK</u> Cancel	

8 When you use the DEBUG mode for the first time, or when the safety password is not specified, leave the **Password** field blank and click the **OK** Button.
When a safety password is specified, enter the security password and click the **OK** Button.

Refer to 7-10 Security Settings on page 7-59 for the procedure to set a safety password.

Unvalidated safety programs are transferred from the Sysmac Studio to the main memory of the Safety CPU Unit, and the Safety CPU Unit enters DEBUG (STOPPED) mode.

Precautions for Correct Use

Before the safety validation is executed, the safety programs are stored in the main memory of the Safety CPU Unit. When the Sysmac Studio goes offline or when you power off Safety CPU Unit, the safety programs are deleted. Because of this, after you cycle the power supply, you must use the Sysmac Studio to change to DEBUG mode again and transfer the safety programs to the main memory again.

Changing to PROGRAM Mode

If you need to change the safety program, you must change to PROGRAM mode. Use the following procedure to change the Safety CPU Unit from DEBUG mode to PROGRAM mode.

With the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode, perform one of the following operations.

- Select Controller Operating Mode PROGRAM Mode.
- Press the **Ctrl** + **1** Keys.
- Click the PROGRAM Mode Button on the toolbar.

The Safety CPU Unit enters PROGRAM mode.

7-5 Checking External Device Wiring

This section describes the functions that you use on the Sysmac Studio to check the wiring of external devices connected to the Safety I/O Units.

You can obtain information on the Safety I/O Units to which external devices are connected and confirm that the external devices are correctly wired by placing the Sysmac Studio online with the Safety CPU Unit and changing to DEBUG mode.

7-5-1 Overview of Functions for Checking Wiring

This section describes the functions that you use on the Sysmac Studio to check external device wiring.

Functions for checking wiring	Reference
Monitoring Safety I/O terminals	7-5-2 Monitoring Safety I/O Units on page 7-20
Monitoring Safety I/O data	7-5-2 Monitoring Safety I/O Units on page 7-20
Troubleshooting Safety I/O terminals	7-5-3 Troubleshooting Safety I/O Terminals on page 7-24
Clear All Memory Operation for Safety I/O Unit	7-5-4 Clear All Memory Operation for Safety I/O Units on page
	7-25

The functions to check wiring should be executed while you are online to the Safety CPU Unit in DE-BUG mode or RUN mode.

If the safety application monitoring is stopped, you need to start monitoring. For the procedure to start monitoring, refer to 7-12 Starting and Stopping the Safety Application Monitoring on page 7-70.

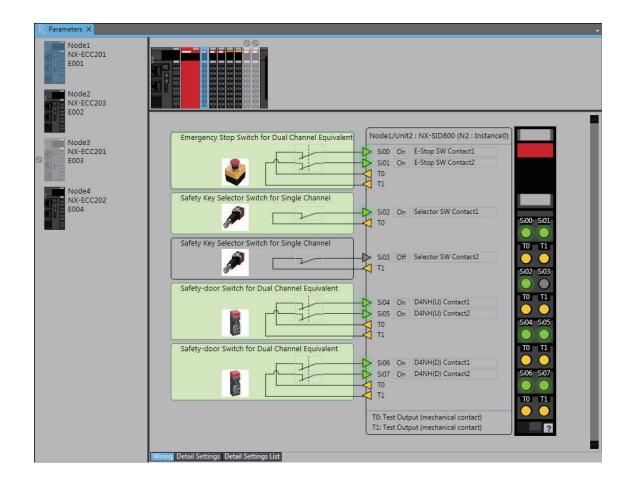
7-5-2 Monitoring Safety I/O Units

This section describes how to monitor I/O terminal information of the Safety I/O Units to check external device wiring.

Executing the Monitor for Safety I/O Terminals

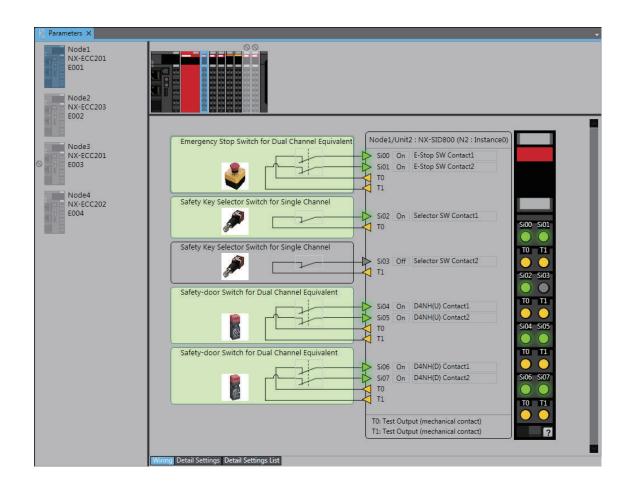
- When Sysmac Studio Is Connected to NJ/NX-series CPU Unit
 - Connect the Sysmac Studio online to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.
 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
 - **2** Place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode. Refer to *7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode* on page 7-17 for a detailed procedure.
 - 3 Double-click Parameters under the name of the Safety I/O Unit under Configurations and Setup Communications Safety Safety I/O.

The Parameters Tab Page shown below is displayed. Select the Safety I/O Unit to monitor.



When Sysmac Studio Is Connected to Communications Coupler Unit

- Place the Sysmac Studio online with the Communications Coupler Unit. Place the Sysmac Studio online with the Communications Coupler Unit that the Safety CPU Unit is connected to. The following procedure cannot be executed on a Communications Coupler Unit that the Safety CPU Unit is not connected to.
- **2** Place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode. Refer to *7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode* on page 7-17 for a detailed procedure.
- Double-click Parameters under the name of the Safety I/O Unit under Configurations and Setup - Communications - Safety - Safety I/O.
 The Parameters Tab Page shown below is displayed. Select the Safety I/O Unit to monitor.



Description of Monitor Tab Page

• NX Bus Master Displays

This section describes for the Communications Coupler Unit as an example.

Display	Monitor function	Description
Node1 NX-ECC201 E001	Enabled	The NX bus master is present in the actual configuration and communications are established with it.
Node1 NX-ECC201 E001	Disabled	The Communications Coupler Unit is disabled in the Ether- CAT network configuration. Safety I/O Units connected to this Communications Coupler Unit are not monitored.
Node1 NX-ECC201 E001	Disabled	Either the NX bus master is not present in the actual configu- ration or communications cannot be established with it. Safety I/O Units connected to this NX bus master are not monitored.

• NX Unit Displays

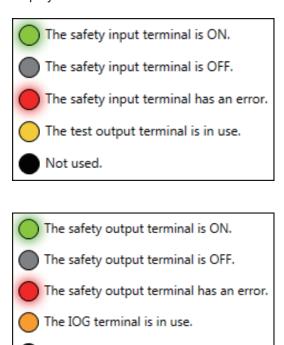
Display	Monitor function	Description
	Enabled	The Safety I/O Unit is present in the actual configuration, and communications are established with it. This shows that there is no error at the safety I/O terminals of the Safety I/O Unit.
	Enabled	The Safety I/O Unit is present in the actual configuration, and communications are established with it. This shows that there is an error at the safety I/O terminals of the Safety I/O Unit.
	Disabled	The Safety I/O Unit is present in the actual configuration, and safety process data communications are disabled for it. This Safety I/O Unit is not subject to monitoring.
	Disabled	The Safety I/O Unit is present in the actual configuration, and safety process data communications are not established with it. This Safety I/O Unit is not subject to monitoring.
	Disabled	The NX Unit mounting settings are disabled for the Safety I/O Unit. This Safety I/O Unit is not subject to monitoring.
	Disabled	The Safety I/O Unit is not present in the actual configuration or communications cannot be established with it. This Safety I/O Unit is not subject to monitoring.

• External Device Displays

Display	Description
Emergency Stop Switch for Dual Channel Equivalent	In this state, safety I/O data from external devices is treated as ON. This shows that there is no error at the safety I/O terminals connected to this external device.
Emergency Stop Switch for Dual Channel Equivalent	In this state, safety I/O data from external devices is treated as OFF. This shows that there is no error at the safety I/O terminals connected to this external device.
Emergency Stop Switch for Dual Channel Equivalent	In this state, safety I/O data from external devices is treated as OFF. This shows that there is an error at a safety I/O ter- minal connected to this external device.

• Safety I/O Terminal Displays

Click the Click the safety input I/O terminals to display the legend for the safety I/O terminal displays.



Not used.

7-5-3 Troubleshooting Safety I/O Terminals

This section describes troubleshooting errors that may occur at a safety I/O terminal because of incorrect external device wiring or incorrect safety I/O settings.

Displaying Safety I/O Terminal Troubleshooting

- **1** Open the Monitor Tab Page for the Safety I/O Unit for which there is an error in a safety I/O terminal.
- 2 Click the "!" Icon for the external device for which the error is displayed or right-click the external device and select **Troubleshooting...** from the menu.

Emergency Stop Switch for Dual Channel Equivale	ent
There is an error related to an I/O device.	

3 The Troubleshooting Dialog Box for the safety I/O terminals is displayed. Check details and corrections, and then eliminate the error.

📓 Node	2/Unit2(NX-SIE	0800)			
Source	Ever	nt Name	Event Code		
SiO	Discrepancy Er	rror at Safety Input	65230000Hex		
Si1	Discrepancy Er	rror at Safety Input	65230000Hex		
Details An error was detected in discrepancy evaluation of Safety Input terminals. [Cause] (1) There is a ground fault or disconnection in the input signal line. (2) The connected device is faulty. (3) The setting of the discrepancy time is not correct. (4) Chattering occurred in the input signal from the external input device, such as a safety do [Attached Information 1] Terminal number		such as a safety door.			
A STATISTICS.	information 1	0			
	information 2				
	information 3				
Attached	information 4				
 Action and correction If there is a ground fault or disconnection in the input signal line, check the external wiring. If the connected device is faulty, replace the external device. (3)(4) Correct the setting of the discrepancy time. If that does not correct the problem, use an input filter to set an ON delay or an OFF delay 		or an OFF delay.			

For details on the safety I/O terminal errors, refer to 12-3-4 Error Descriptions on page 12-33.

7-5-4 Clear All Memory Operation for Safety I/O Units

If an attempt to establish safety process data communications fails due to an illegal FSoE Slave Address, you must execute a Clear All Memory operation for the Safety I/O Units.

Executing the Clear All Memory Operation for Safety I/O Units

1 Select the Safety I/O Unit in which the error has occurred from the NX Unit list.

Parameters X		
Node1 NX-ECC201 E001		
Node2 NX-ECC203 E002	The safety proces	s data communications have not been established.
Node3		Node4/Unit1 : NX-SOD400 (N9 : Instance7)
NX-ECC201		So00 🕨
© E003		So01
		IOG <
Node4		IOG ┥

2 Right-click the Safety I/O Unit and select **Clear All Memory** from the menu.

Parameters ×		
Node1 NX-ECC201 E001	Show Model/Unit Name	
Node2 NX-ECC203 E002	Clear All Memory Refresh The safety process data communication	ons have not been established.
Node3 NX-ECC201 E003	Node4/Unit1	: NX-SOD400 (N9 : Instance7) So00 So01
Node4		IOG V IOG V

3 Click the **Execute** Button on the Clear All Memory Tab Page for the NX Unit.

📓 Clear All Me	mory for NX Unit
(excluding the Confirm the ar	ory applicable area in the connected Controller. protected Units) ea to be initialized and click the Execute Button. be restarted after clearing the memory. I/O communications with the communications master will be stopped by this operation.
Device name: Model:	N17 NX-SID800
Area:	Unit operation settings Unit application data (when the Unit has the applicable data)
🔲 Clear the ev	vent logs
	Execute Cancel

7-6 Functions for Checking Operation

This section describes the functions that you use on the Sysmac Studio to check the operation on the Safety CPU Unit.

You can check and adjust the operation of safety programs through an online connection between the Sysmac Studio and the Safety CPU Unit. This allows you to control BOOL variables, change present values, and perform other debugging tasks.

7-6-1 Overview of Functions for Checking Operation

This section describes the functions that you use on the Sysmac Studio to check the operation on the Safety CPU Unit.

Functions for Checking Oper- ation	Reference
Monitoring	7-6-3 Monitoring Variables in the FBD Editor on page 7-29
	7-6-4 Monitoring Variables in a Watch Tab Page on page 7-30
Monitoring in a Watch Tab Page	7-6-5 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using
Controlling BOOL variables	Forced Refreshing on page 7-32
Forced refreshing	
Changing present values of data	
Clear All Memory	7-16-2 Clear All Memory Operation on page 7-79
Monitoring Controller status	7-15 Monitoring Controller Status on page 7-76
Changing the operating mode	7-3 Operating Modes of the Safety CPU Unit on page 7-11
Troubleshooting	Section 12 Troubleshooting on page 12-1
Monitoring error information	
Displaying error logs	

Procedures to check operation are performed when online to the Safety CPU Unit.

7-6-2 Starting and Stopping the Safety Programs in DEBUG Mode

🗥 WARNING

Before you start the system, perform user testing to make sure that all safety devices operate correctly. Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.

0

Always confirm safety at the destination node before you transfer Unit configuration information, parameters, settings, or other data from tools such as the Sysmac Studio. The devices or machines may operate unexpectedly, regardless of the operating mode of the Controller.



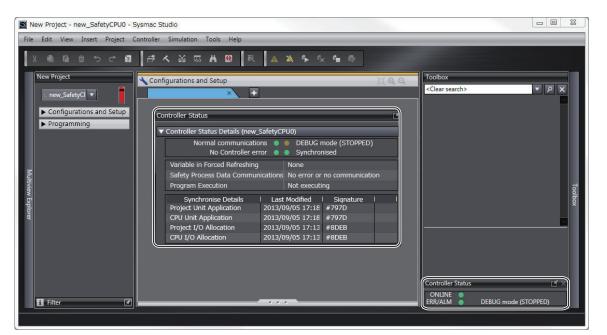
Starting and Stopping the Safety Programs

Use the following procedure to change the Safety CPU Unit to DEBUG mode (RUN) or DEBUG mode (STOPPED).

With the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode, perform one of the following operations.

- Select **Debug Run** or **Stop** from the **Controller** Menu.
- Click the Start Debugging or Stop Debugging Button in the toolbar.

The Safety CPU Unit moves to DEBUG mode (RUN) or DEBUG mode (STOPPED).



7-6-3 Monitoring Variables in the FBD Editor

This section describes the procedures to monitor the present values of variables in the FBD editor to debug the safety programs.

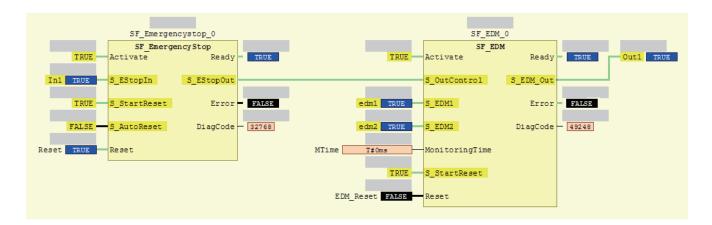
To be able to execute the monitoring function for variables on the FBD editor, the Sysmac Studio must be connected to the Safety CPU Unit that is either in the DEBUG mode or in the RUN mode. If the safety application monitoring is stopped, you need to start monitoring. For the procedure to start monitoring, refer to 7-12 Starting and Stopping the Safety Application Monitoring on page 7-70.

Executing the Operation Monitor for the Safety Programs

You can monitor the present values of variables in the FBD editor. Use the following procedure.

Double-click the program to monitor, in the Multiview Explorer.

The operating status of the selected POU is displayed in the FBD editor.



- The value of the variable is displayed in the frame on the right side of the variable name.
 "FALSE" is displayed with a black background, and "TRUE" is displayed with a blue background. Numeric values are displayed as decimal numbers. Use the Watch Tab Page to check numerical values as binary or hexadecimal numbers.
- The connecting lines between variables and FBs appear in green when the signal is ON. They appear in black when the signal is OFF.

7-6-4 Monitoring Variables in a Watch Tab Page

This section describes the procedures to monitor the present values of variables in a Watch Tab Page to debug the safety programs.

To be able to execute the monitoring function for variables on the Watch Tab Page, the Sysmac Studio must be connected to the Safety CPU Unit that is either in the DEBUG mode or RUN mode. If the safety application monitoring is stopped, you need to start monitoring. For the procedure to start monitoring, refer to 7-12 Starting and Stopping the Safety Application Monitoring on page 7-70.

Monitoring in a Watch Tab Page

You can check the present value of one or more variables in the Watch Tab Page.

Displaying a Watch Tab Page

Select Watch Tab Page from the View Menu.

The Watch Tab Page is displayed.

Device name	Name	Online value	Modify I	Comment	Data type	AT	Display format	
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.In1	True	TRUE FALSE		SAFEBOOL		Boolean 🔻	
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.edm1	False			SAFEBOOL		Boolean 🔻	
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.err2	False	TRUE FALSE		BOOL		Boolean 🔻	
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.in3	False	TRUE FALSE		SAFEBOOL		Boolean 🔻	

To close a Watch Tab Page, click the Close Button for the tab page.

To display a Watch Tab Page that you closed, select Watch Tab Page from the View Menu again.

Contents of the Watch Tab Page

The following table gives variable-related information displayed in a Watch Tab Page.

You can right-click an column and use the displayed menu to display or hide the following items: Comment, Data type, AT, and Display format.

YES: Editable, NO: Not editable

Item	Description	Editing
Device name	The device name is displayed.	YES
Name	The variable name is displayed.	YES
Online value	The present value of the variable is displayed.	
Modify	The new value is displayed.	YES
Comment	The comment for the variable is displayed.	NO
Data type	The data type is displayed.	NO
AT	No information is displayed.	NO
Display format	The display format (decimal, hexadecimal, etc.) of the present value and modify value is displayed.	YES

Registering Variables in the Watch Tab Page

There are two ways to register variables. Method 1: Enter the variable name in the name cell in the Watch Tab Page. Method 2: Drag the variable to the Watch Tab Page from a variable table.

• Procedure for Method 1

- 1 Click the cell that says *Input Name* at the bottom of the Watch Tab Page.
- **2** Enter the variable name to display the present value.
- **3** As you enter characters, a list of candidate variable names is displayed. Select the variable name from the list.

The variable name is registered.

Device name I	Name	I Online value I	Modify I	Comment	I Data type I	AT	Display format
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.In1				SAFEBOOL		Boolean
ew_SafetyCPU0	Program0.						
	edm1 edm2 err2 In1 MTime Out1 Reset SF_EDM_0 SF_EmergencySI	top 0					

• Procedure for Method 2

Drag a variable from a variable table to the Watch Tab Page. The variable is registered.

Deleting Variable Names from the Watch Tab Page

Right-click the variable name to delete in the Watch Tab Page and select **Delete** from the menu. Or, press the **Delete** Key to delete the variable name directly.

The variable name and the row it was displayed on are deleted.

7-6-5 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using Forced Refreshing

You can debug the safety program by controlling BOOL variables (Set/Reset), changing present values, and executing forced refreshing from the Sysmac Studio. These functions can be executed only when the Safety CPU Unit is in DEBUG mode (RUN) or DEBUG mode (STOPPED).

🗥 WARNING

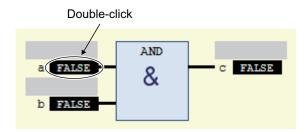
Make sure that the area around the system is safe before you control BOOL variables (Set/Reset), change present values, and execute forced refreshing. The outputs may operate and may cause serious injury.

Controlling BOOL Variables (Set/Reset)

This function allows you to change the values of BOOL variables in the FBD editor or Watch Tab Page to debug safety programs.

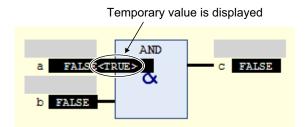
• Controlling BOOL Variables in the FBD Editor (Set/Reset)

Double-click the present value of the BOOL variable to change.
 Example: To set the variable *a*, double-click the present value of *FALSE*.



The value changes to a temporary status.

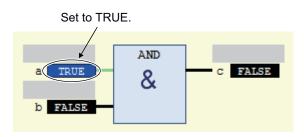
A temporary value appears in <> on the right side of the present value. This indicates that the temporary value, either TRUE or FALSE, is available to replace the present value.



Each double-click toggles the temporary value.

2 Select Write Values from the Controller Menu.

The temporary value is removed and reflected as the present value. Example: The present value of variable *a* is set to *TRUE*.





Additional Information

You can replace more than one present value in a single operation. To do this, set multiple BOOL variables with temporary values, and then select **Write Values** from the **Controller** Menu.

Controlling BOOL Variables in the Watch Tab Page (Set/Reset)

Select **TRUE** in the **Modify** Column to change the variable to TRUE. Select **FALSE** in the **Modify** Column to change the variable to FALSE.

The present value is displayed in the Watch Tab Page as TRUE when set, and FALSE when reset.

Watch (Project)1		_	_				- ↓ ×
Device name	I Name	Online value	Modify	Comment	Data type	AT	Display format
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.a	False	TRUE FALSE		BOOL		Boolean 🔻
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.b	True	TRUE FALSE		BOOL		Boolean 🔻
new_SafetyCPU0	Program0.c	False	TRUE FALSE		BOOL		Boolean 🔻

Changing the Present Values of Variables

This function allows you to change the present value of non-BOOL variables to desired values in the FBD editor or Watch Tab Page to debug safety programs.

Changing Present Values on the FBD Editor

Double-click the present value of the non-BOOL variable to change.
 Example: To change the present value of variable *aaa*, double-click the present value of 20.

aaa 20	ADD	
bbb 0		

The Prepare Value Dialog Box is displayed.

2 Select the **Prepare a new value for the next write or force operation** Option and enter the new value.

Prepare Value		×
	-	_
Expression:	Program0.aaa	_
<u>T</u> ype:	INT The present value is displayed.	
Current value:	20	
What do you w	vant to dr	
• Prepare	a new value for the next write or force operation:	
100		
C Remove	e <u>p</u> reparation with a value,	
C <u>R</u> elease	the force, without modifying the value.	
C <u>R</u> elease before f	the force and restore the variable to the value it had forcing it.	
	OK Cancel	

Example: This example changes the value to 100.

3 Click the **OK** Button.

The **Prepare Value** Dialog Box closes and the new value is prepared as the temporary value. The temporary value appears in <> on the right side of the present value. This indicates that the temporary value is available to replace the present value.

	ADD	
aaa 20<100> bbb 0	+	
		•

To cancel the temporary value, double-click the present value of the desired variable again. Select the **Remove preparation with a value** Option in the **Prepare Value** Dialog Box, and then click the **OK** Button.

4 Sel

Select Write Values from the Controller Menu.

The temporary value is removed and reflected as the present value. Example: The present value of variable *aaa* is changed to *100*.

	ADD	
aaa <u>100</u>	+	
bbb 0		



Additional Information

You can replace more than one present value in a single operation. To do this, set multiple present values with temporary values, and then select **Write Values** from the **Controller** Menu.

Changing Present Values on a Watch Tab Page

Use the following procedure to change present values from the Watch Tab Page.

- **1** Select **Watch Tab Page** from the **View** Menu to display a Watch Tab Page.
- 2 Move the cursor to the cell in the Modify Column on the Watch Tab Page, enter a value that is compatible with the format that is given in the Display format Column, and then press the Enter Key. Press the Esc Key to cancel the entry. The present value is changed.

Watch (Project))1		_	_		_		_
Device nan	ne	l Name	Online value	Modify	Comment	I Data type	I AT	Display fo
new_SafetyCPU	0	Program0.aaa	20	100		INT		Decimal
new_SafetyCPU	0	Program0.bbb	0			INT		Decimal
new_SafetyCPU	0	Program0.ccc	20			INT		Decimal

The format for entering a value in the **Modify** Column depends on the **Display format** type that is given in the Data format Column.

Refer to 7-6-4 *Monitoring Variables in a Watch Tab Page* on page 7-30 for details. Press the **Esc** Key to cancel the entry.

• Examples of Entries in the Modify Column:

Display format type	Example
Boolean	TRUE or FALSE
Decimal	10, -100
Real number	123.4, 1.234e2, 1.234E2, -1.23e-3
Hexadecimal	1001, FFFF8000
Binary	11110000
String	abc, ABC



Additional Information

If you enter an illegal value in the **Modify** Column, it is detected as an error and the cell is highlighted in red.

Forced Refreshing

Forced refreshing allows you to refresh external inputs and outputs with user-specified values from the Sysmac Studio to debug the system. You execute this in the FBD editor or Watch Tab Page.

Forced refreshing is executed for the specified variables.

The state that is specified with forced refreshing is retained until forced refreshing is cleared from the Sysmac Studio.

All forced refreshing is cleared when a fatal error occurs in the Safety CPU Unit, when a Clear All Memory operation is performed, when the operating mode is changed, when power is interrupted, or when the project is downloaded.

You can use forced refreshing for the following data types.

Boolean	BOOL and SAFEBOOL
Bit string	BYTE and WORD
Integers	INT, SAFEINT, DINT, and SAFE- DINT
Times of Day	TIME and SAFETIME



Precautions for Safe Use

• With forced refreshing, the values of variables are overwritten with specified values and then the safety programs are executed.

If forced refreshing is used for variables that give the results of program processing, the variables will first take the specified values, but they will then be overwritten by the safety program.

• Depending on the difference in the forced status, the control system may operate unexpectedly.



Precautions for Correct Use

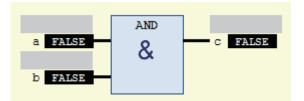
- Forced status for forced refreshing is not removed when you change from DEBUG mode (STOPPED) to DEBUG mode (RUN).
- You can use forced refreshing for the following variables: device variables assigned to Safety I/O Units and user-defined variables.
- Even if you use forced refreshing for the device variables assigned to the input terminal to a Safety Input Unit, the forced value will not be applied to the variable that is assigned to the I/O port of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

• Forced Refreshing of BOOL Variables in the FBD Editor

Use the following procedure to execute forced refreshing on BOOL variables.

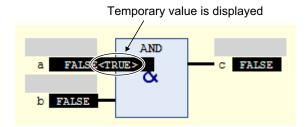
1

Click the present value of the BOOL variable to change. Example: To force-refresh variable *a*, click the present value of *FALSE*.



The value changes to a temporary status.

A temporary value appears in <> on the right side of the present value. This indicates that the temporary value is available for forced refreshing.



Each click toggles the temporary value.

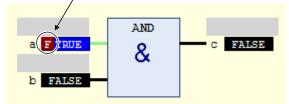
2 Select Force Values from the Controller Menu.

Forced refreshing is performed with the temporary values.

This removes the temporary value and places the letter [F] in dark red on the left side of the variable.

Example: The value of variable a is forced-refreshed to TRUE.

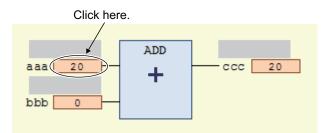
The letter F in dark red is displayed



Forced Refreshing of Non-BOOL Variables in the FBD Editor

Use the following procedure to execute forced refreshing for non-BOOL variables.

1 Click the present value for the non-BOOL variable to change. Example: To force-refresh the present value of the variable aaa, click the present value 20.



The Prepare Value Dialog Box is displayed.

2

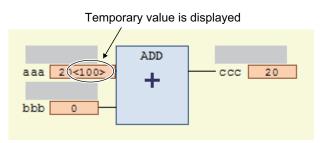
Select the Prepare a new value for the next write or force operation Option and enter a new value.

Example: This example changes the value to 100.

Prepare Value		×			
Expression:	Program0.aaa				
<u>T</u> ype:	INT				
<u>C</u> urrent value.	20				
-What do you v	vant to do?				
Prepare	a new value for the next write or force operation:				
100					
Remove	Remove preparation with a value.				
© <u>R</u> elease	the force, without modifying the value.				
$\bigcirc \frac{R}{2}$ Belease the force and restore the variable to the value it had before forcing it.					
	OK Cancel				

3 Click the **OK** Button.

The **Prepare Value** Dialog Box closes and the value changes to a temporary value. A temporary value appears in <> on the right side of the present value.



To cancel the temporary value, click the present value of the variable again. Select the **Remove preparation with a value** Option in the **Prepare Value** Dialog Box, and then click the **OK** Button.

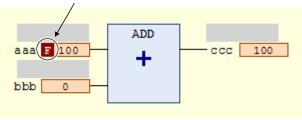
4 Select **Force Values** from the **Controller** Menu.

Forced refreshing is performed with the temporary values.

This removes the temporary value and places the letter [F] in dark red on the left side of the variable.

Example: The value of variable *aaa* is forced-refreshed to *100*.

The letter F in dark red is displayed





Additional Information

The number of variables you can force-refresh simultaneously is listed below. NX-SL3300/NX-SL3500: Up to 19 variables NX-SL5500/NX-SL5700: Up to 256 variables

Procedure to Cancel All Forced Refreshing from the FBD Editor

Use the following procedure to batch-clear forced refreshing.

Select Unforce Values from the Controller Menu.

All forced refreshing is cleared at once.

The letter [F] in dark red of all forced refreshing values are removed. The value will not change.

Procedure to Cancel Individual Forced Refreshing from the FBD Editor

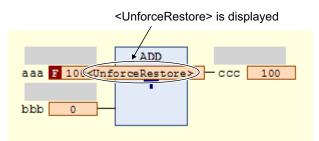
Use the following procedure to individually clear forced refreshing.

Click the present value of the variable to change.
 The following Prepare Value Dialog Box is displayed.

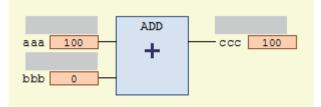
Prepare Value		×			
_ .		_			
Expression:	Program0.aaa				
<u>T</u> ype:	INT				
Current value:	100				
-What do you w	ant to do?				
Prepare	a new value for the next write or force operation:				
Remove	Remove preparation with a value.				
© <u>R</u> elease	\bigcirc <u>R</u> elease the force, without modifying the value.				
\bigcirc Release the force and restore the variable to the value it had before forcing it.					
OK Cancel					

2 To clear the forced refreshing value and restore the original value, select the **Release the** force and restore the variable to the value it had before forcing it Option, and then click the **OK** Button.

To clear forced refreshing without changing the present values, select the **Release the force**, **without modifying the value** Option, and then click the **OK** Button.



3 Select **Force Values** from the **Controller** Menu. The forced refreshing is cleared individually. The letter [F] in dark red is removed.





Additional Information

The number of variables for which you can clear forced refreshing simultaneously is listed below.

NX-SL3300/NX-SL3500: Up to 19 variables NX-SL5500/NX-SL5700: Up to 256 variables

7-6-6 Cross References

Cross References

Cross references allow you to see the programs and locations where variables of the safety program are used. You can view all locations where an element is used from this list.

Displaying and Manipulating Cross References

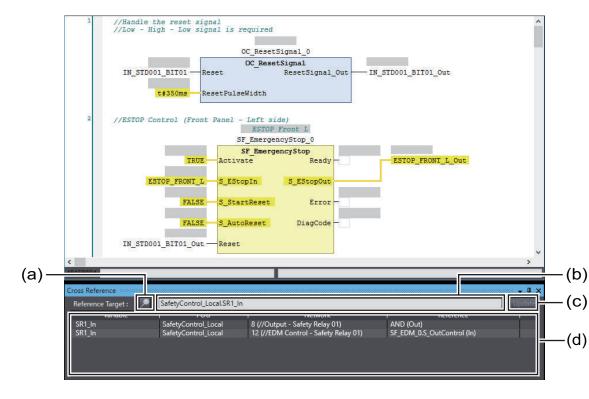
Select Cross Reference Tab Page from the View Menu.
 The Cross Reference Tab Page is displayed.

2 Select a referenced element.

The name of the selected referenced element is displayed in the Reference Target field, and the locations where the element is used are listed under Cross Reference.

You can directly enter the variable name or member name in the Reference Target field. Refer to *Referenced Element You Can Select* on page 7-41 for the elements you can select for reference.

For the areas where cross reference can be performed, refer to *Areas for Cross Reference* on page 7-42.



	ltem	Description
(a)	Lock Button	Click this button to lock the display of the referenced element and cross refer-
		ence list. Click the button again to release the lock.
(b)	Reference Tar-	The referenced element that is currently selected is displayed. Or, you can direct-
	get field	ly enter a variable name or variable member name as the reference target in this
		field. ^{*1}
(c)	Update Button	This button is enabled only after the lock button is clicked and the display is
		locked. When the Update Button is clicked, the display of the cross reference list
		is updated.
(d)	Cross refer-	The locations in which the referenced element is used are displayed. Refer to
	ence list	Cross Reference List Details on page 7-42, for details on items in the list.

*1. Note that an error occurs if the following variables are entered. Also, an error occurs if the directly entered element is not a variable.

• A variable in a POU that is protected with the display prohibition setting

Referenced Element You Can Select

The following table shows the referenced elements you can select and the locations from which you can select the referenced elements. You can select only the elements displayed with a focus in the following locations.

	Element	Location
Variable	Global variable	 Global variable table I/O parameter of functions, I/O parameter of function blocks, or instance name of function blocks on the FBD editor
	Internal variable, ex- ternal variable, input variable and output variable	 Internal variable tab, external variable tab and in-out variable tab in local variable tables I/O parameter of functions, I/O parameter of function blocks or instance name of function blocks on the FBD editor

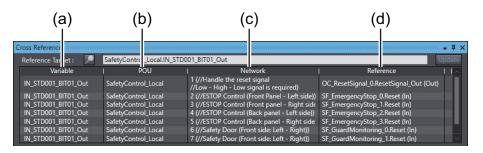
Areas for Cross Reference

The following table shows the areas where the usage locations of referenced element are detected. The following areas are displayed in the cross reference list if the referenced element is used in the areas.

Referenced ele- ment	Areas where usage locations are detected
Variable	 I/O parameter of functions, I/O parameter of function blocks, or instance name of func- tion blocks on the FBD editor

Cross Reference List Details

The following table describes the contents of items displayed in the cross reference list.



	Item	Description	
(a)	Variable	The name of the referenced variable is displayed.	
(b)	POU	The name of POU where the variable is used is displayed.	
(c)	Network	The network numbers and network comments of the usage locations are displayed.	
(d)	Reference	The name of function or function block where the referenced variable is used is displayed.	

Additional Information

If a cross reference is for an input variable or output variable of a function block instance, the function block instance is also displayed in the cross reference list.

Viewing Usage Locations from the Cross Reference List

You can view where elements are used from the cross reference list. Select the item you want to find references for from the list. The locations where that item is used appear in the Edit Pane.

	FALSE S_Star FALSE S_Autol	tReset Error	
T-T-			
4B1E9024			
Cross Reference			
Reference Target :	SafetyControl Local.IN STD	001 RIT01 Out	
Reference larget :			0
<u><u><u>u</u></u></u>		I Network	I Reference
IN_STD001_BIT01_Out	SafetyControl_Local	1 (//Handle the reset signal //Low - High - Low signal is required)	OC_ResetSignal_0.ResetSignal_Out (Out)
IN_315224_BIT01_Out	SafetyContcocal	2 (//ESTOP Control (Front Panel - Left side))	
IN_STD001_BIT01_Out	SafetyControl_Local	3 (//ESTOP Control (Front panel - Right side	
IN STD001 BIT01 Out	SafetyControl Local	4 (//ESTOP Control (Back panel - Left side))	SF EmergencyStop 2.Reset (In)

7-7 Online Functional Test

This section explains how to perform Online Functional Test to check operation of safety functions of the safety system using the Sysmac Studio. Connect the Sysmac Studio and the Safety CPU Unit online, and operate the Safety Input Units and the reset switch to confirm that the output device is operating normally, and then output the test result.

The Sysmac Studio checks expected values based on variable values assigned to input devices and output devices. The operator should verify whether the actual devices are operating properly or not.

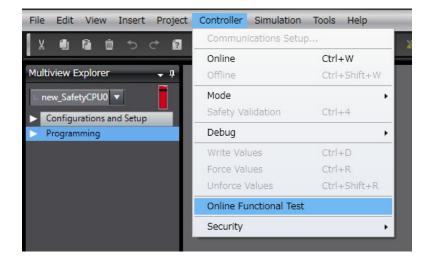
7-7-1 Online Functional Test Settings

Set the following signals and value in the Online Functional Test setting tab page to execute the Online Functional Test.

- · Reset signal
- Input signal
- Output signal
- · Expected value of the output signal corresponding to the input signal

You can display the settings window for the Online Functional Test in the following procedure.

· From the main menu, select Controller - Online Functional Test.



The following Online Functional Test setting tab page appears.

Online Functional Test ×		-
Run Test Result Register Variables	<mark>(a)</mark>	Import Export V
▼ Test Condition		
Reset Signal Enter Variable	(b)	
▼ Input Settings		
No. Variable	Comment Reset Type	Input Type
Empty. Click here to odd Item.	<mark>(c)</mark>	
▼ Output Settings No. Variable	Comment	
Empty, Click here to add Item.	Comment	
	<mark>(d)</mark>	
▼ Expected Value Settings		
No. Variable Comment Reset Type		
	<mark>(e)</mark>	

The configuration of the Online Functional Test setting tab page is as follows:

Let- ter	Name	Function				
(a)	Operation panel	The operation panel is used functional test.	d to make settings for and execute the online			
		Run Button	Starts an online functional test. You can execute the test only when the control- ler is connected to the Safety CPU Unit online. To run the online functional test, the Safety CPU Unit must be in RUN mode or DEBUG mode.			
		Test Result Button	Displays results of the previous online function- al test.			
		Register Variables Button	Registers the variables that are used for the on- line functional test.			
		Import Button	Imports the settings for the online functional test from a CSV file. If you import the settings, the current settings are overwritten.			

Let- ter	Name		Function	
		Export – CSV File Output	Exports the current online functional test set- tings to a CSV file.	
		Export – Export to Auto- matic Programming	Exports the current online functional test set- tings to the automatic programming settings. The settings of the export destination are over- written.	
		Export – Export to Simple Automatic Test	Exports the current online functional test set- tings to the simple automatic test settings. The settings of the export destination are over- written.	
		Export – Export to Online Functional Test	Exports the current automatic programming settings to the online functional test settings. The settings of the export destination are over- written.	
(b)	Test Condition	can set any SAFEBOOL or able table.	to the reset switch of the safety system. You BOOL variable that is defined in the global vari- h when you check the manual reset operation.	
(c)	Input Settings	Specify a variable assigned functional test.	ame of the input device, specify a reset type and	
		Variable	Specify a variable name assigned to the safety input device of the safety system. You can specify the SAFEBOOL or BOOL-type variable for the variable name.	
		Reset Type	 Selects a reset type of the safety input device from the box. The default value of the reset type is Manual. Manual Manual reset is used for the input device, a test is executed for the manual reset scenario that uses the reset signal set in the Test Condition. Auto Auto If automatic reset is specified for the input device, a test is executed according to the auto reset scenario. 	
		Input Type	To set a test for two input signals, such as for a safety door or two-hand switches, set the input type to 2 Inputs . If you set the input type to 2 inputs , a row is added to specify another variable.	
(d)	Output Settings	added to specify another variable. Specify a variable assigned to the safety output device used for the online functional test. You can set any SAFEBOOL or BOOL variable that is defined in the global variable table.		

Let- ter	Name	Function
(e)	Expected Value Settings	 Displays the matrix of the variables specified in the input setting and output setting. Sets the values subject to test and the expected value of the output variables for each input variable. The expected values that you can set for output variables have the following meanings: 0: If the input variable changes to FALSE, the output variable changes to FALSE. 1: If the input variable changes to FALSE, the output variable changes to TRUE. You can edit the expected value settings by importing or exporting the values, and copying and pasting the values with a spreadsheet program or any other application software.

Setting Example

This section provides an example of the Online Functional Test settings based on the application example given in *A-3-2 Safety Doors* on page A-32.

Application Overview from Safety Doors

Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe	Safety Limit Switches 1, 2	0	Auto
(Safety Doors)	Emergency Stop Switch	0	Manual

M1 stops when safety door 1 (S3, S4) is opened.

M2 stops when safety door 2 (S5, S6) is opened.

Both M1 and M2 stop when the emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

At this time, enter the following safety door variables in the setting items on the Online Functional Test setting tab page.

- · Variable that is assigned to the reset switch
- · Variables assigned to the safety limit switch and the limit switch
- · Variables assigned to the safety relays

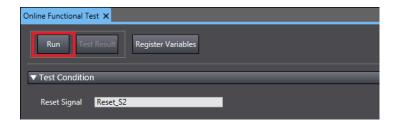
The settings for the above application are shown in the setting areas for the Online Functional Test.

Input Settings Input Settings Ide Variable Comment Insut Settings Ide Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC) Manual Manual Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	eset Signal Reset_S2 puput Settings to Variable Comment Reset_Type Input Type timit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S5 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs tuput Settings tuput Settings puput							
Input Settings Variable Comment I Reset Type Input Type Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Input Settings Variable Comment Reset Type Input Type EM0_NC_S1 Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC) Manual Manual Safety_Limit,SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit,SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit,SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit,SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Utimit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Fest (Condition			_	_	_
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Input Type Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Uput Settings Safety Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC) Manual Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Reset	Signal Reset_S2					
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Input Type Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Uput Settings Safety Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	No. Variable Comment I Reset Type Input Type EMO_NC_51 Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(RX) Manual Manual Manual Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs							
EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC) Manual Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC) Manual Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Input	Settings				_	
Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S3 Safety_Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S5 Safety_Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S4 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Umit_SW_NC_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings Imit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings Safety_Relays w/ Welding Check Imit Switch(NG) Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Imit Switch(NG) Expected Value Settings Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Imit Switch(NG) No. Variable Comment Reset Type No. Variable Comment Reset Type Safety_Limit_SW_S Safety Limit Switch Auto 0 0 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_S Safety Limit Switch Auto 0 1	1101		J			Input Type	
Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Limit_SW_NO_S4 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Safety_Limit_SW_NO_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings Variable 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check 2 Contactor_KM1_KM2 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check 2 2 Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check 2 2 Expected Value Settings Expected Value Settings 0 0 0 I EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_S Safety Limit Switch Auto 0 1 1 1	ų.				Manual		
Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety_Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5 Safety Limit Switch(NC) Auto 2 Inputs Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings Output Settings Image: State stat	2		10 March 10		Auto	2 Inputs	
Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings	Limit_SW_NO_S6 Limit Switch(NO) Auto 2 Inputs Output Settings Variable Variable 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Contactor_KM1_KM2 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Image: Contactor_KM3_KM4 Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check					Auto	2 Inputs	
Output Settings No. Variable I Contactor_KM1_KM2 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	Output Settings No. Variable I Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	3		5 K		Auto	2 Inputs	
No. Variable Comment Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	No. Variable Commention Expected Value Settings 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM3_KM 1 EMO/NC_S1 Emergency Stop F 2 Safety_Llimit_SW_L Safety Limit_SW_L		Limit_SW_NO_S6	Limit Switch	(NO)	Auto	2 Inputs	
Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Expected Value Settings No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Swite	Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Expected Value Settings No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Llimit_SW_L Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	Outp	ut Settings					
Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Expected Value Settings No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Swite	Contactor_KM3_KM4 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check Expected Value Settings No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Llimit_SW_L Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1							
Expected Value Settings No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3_KN 1 EM0_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_1 Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	Expected Value Settings No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KNContactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_L Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable				_	
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		_
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No. L	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck	_	
No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN_Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I Safety Limit_SW_I	No. Variable Comment Reset Type Contactor_KM1_KN Contactor_KM3_KN 1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop f Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		
1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	1 EMO_NC_S1 Emergency Stop F Manual 0 0 2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Switc Auto 0 1	No.	L Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2 Contactor_KM3_KM4		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Che	eck		·
2 Safety_Limit_SW_I_Safety_Limit_Swite_Auto 0 1	2 Safety_Limit_SW_I Safety Limit Swite Auto 0 1	No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2 Contactor_KM3_KM4 tted Value Settings	Reset Type Conta	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu	eck		
		No.	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2 Contactor_KM3_KM4 :ted Value Settings Variable Comment		2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu ctor_KM1_K\Contactor_KM3_K\	eck		···
		No. Expec	Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2 Contactor_KM3_KM4 tted Value Settings Variable Comment EM0_NC_S1 Emergency Stop	F Manual 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu ctor_KM1_K1/Contactor_KM3_K1 0	eck		
3 Safety Limit SW I Safety Limit Switc Auto	3 Safety_Limit_SW_L Safety Limit Switc Auto	No. 1 2	I Variable Contactor_KM1_KM2 Contactor_KM3_KM4 tted Value Settings	Reset Type Conta	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu 2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Chu	eck		

7-7-2 Online Functional Test Execution Procedure

Use the following procedure to execute the Online Functional Test.

- **1** Place the Sysmac Studio online with the Safety CPU Unit.
- **2** Place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode. Refer to 7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode on page 7-17 for a detailed procedure.
- **3** Select **Controller Online Functional Test**. The Online Functional Test Tab Page appears.
- 4 Set the Test Condition, Input Settings, Output Settings, and Expected Value Settings.
- **5** Click the **Run** Button on the control panel for the Online Functional Test Tab Page.



6

Check the precautions for executing the Online Functional Test and select Yes.



7 Operate the device as instructed on the screen. When you complete the preparations for starting a test, select **OK**.

Online Functional Test
To start Online Functional Test, values of all input variables must be TRUE. Operate the device to which variables are allocated and change the values of variables to TRUE.
When you press the OK button, Online Functional Test will start.
OK Cancel

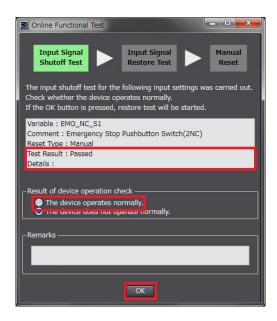
8 Operate the device as instructed on the screen. Execute a shutoff test. The operating instructions for the device to be tested will appear. Operate the input device as instructed on the screen and specify FALSE for the variable assigned to the input device.



9

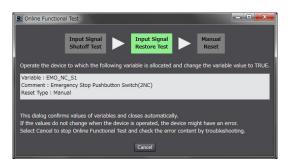
Make sure that the device operated normally.

The Controller detects the values of the assigned variables whose statement became FALSE and defines whether the statement of the variables assigned to all the output devices is consistent with the settings of the expected values. The definition results are displayed in the below dialog box. If the device is running in accordance with the settings of the expected values, check the box **The device operates normally** and select **OK**.



10 Operate the device as instructed on the screen. Execute a restore test.

The operating instructions for the device to be tested will appear. Operate the device as instructed on the screen and specify TRUE for the variable assigned to the input device.



11 Make sure that the device was restored normally.

• Reset Type: Manual

The Controller checks if no change is made to the variables assigned to all the output devices when detecting that the specified variable is set to TRUE. The test result appears in the dialog shown below. If the devices operate normally as specified in the expected value settings, select the checkbox stating **The device operates normally** and then select **OK**.

Online Functional Test	_ _ ×
Input Signal Shutoff Test Input Signal Restore Test	Manual Reset out.
Check whether the device operates normally. If the OK button is pressed, restore test by the reset signal	will be started.
Variable : EMO_NC_S1 Comment : Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC) Reset Type : Manual Test Result : Passed Details :	
Result of device operation check The device operates normally. The device does not operate normally.	
Remarks]
ОК	

Reset Type: Auto

The Controller checks if the variables assigned to all the output devices are set to TRUE when detecting that the specified variables are set to TRUE. The test result appears in the dialog shown below. If the devices operate normally as specified in the expected value settings, select the checkbox stating **The device operates normally** and then select **OK**.

S Online Functional Test
Input Signal Shutoff Test
The restore test for the following input settings was carried out. Check whether the device has restored normally. If the OK button is pressed, test for the next input settings will be started.
Variable : Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3 / Limit_SW_NO_S4 Comment : Safety Limit Switch(NC) / Limit Switch(NO) Reset Type : Auto Test Result : Passed Details :
-Result of device operation check The device operates normally. The device does not operate normally.
Remarks
ОК

12 Operate the device as instructed on the screen. Execute a function reset.

It is displayed for manual reset only.

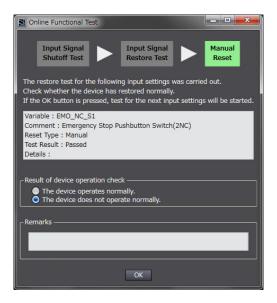
The window shows instructions to reset the function, which will allow you to confirm that the tested input device is normally restored. Operate the reset switch as instructed on the screen and change the variable assigned to the reset switch from FALSE to TRUE and then FALSE again.



13 Check the operation of function reset.

It is displayed only for Manual Reset.

The Controller checks if the variables assigned to all the output devices are set to TRUE when detecting that the variable assigned to the reset switch changed from FALSE to TRUE, and then FALSE again. The test result appears in the dialog shown below. If the devices operate normally as specified in the expected value settings, select the checkbox stating **The device operates normally** and then select **OK**.



14 Repeat the steps 8 through 13 for all the input devices.

Once the operations for all the input devices are completed, the Online Functional Test Result Page shown below appears.

S Or	line Functional Test Result	1						And a second second	_ D <mark>_ X _</mark>
Last	executed date and time: 20	018/04/03 19:54:30							
No.	Variable	Comment	Reset Type	Contactor_	KMContactor_KM	Test Result	Details	User Confirmation Res	Remarks
1	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbu	Manual		0	Passed		Verified	
2	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Auto		1	Passed		Verified	
3	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Auto			Passed		Verified	
<									
Exp	ort Print								Close

15 Export or print the test results if a CSV file if needed.

Precautions for Correct Use

The Online Functional Test allows you to perform basic operation check by executing manual reset or auto reset. The test result may not be accurate for complex conditions or special cases. Perform advanced operation check separately if needed.



Additional Information

If you print the results of the Online Functional Test, when the safety validation of the safety programs is in process, a safety signature is printed in the lower-right of each page.

7-8 Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF

This section describes the function for searching for a function block instance that causes safety output to be turned off in the safety program currently being executed by using Sysmac Studio. Using this function, you can identify a function block instance where output has been turned off after an input signal had been disrupted or an error had occurred, without analyzing a safety program.

7-8-1 Procedure for Operating Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF

- Start Sysmac Studio. Monitor safety application.
 For the procedure to start monitoring, refer to 7-12 Starting and Stopping the Safety Application Monitoring on page 7-70.
- From the Controller Menu, select Controller Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF Start.

h error 30 Without error	Monitoring target: ne	w_SafetyCPU0	(a)			▼ E
POU Name	Data Type	FB Instance Name	Error Flag	DiagCode	Status	Description
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EmergencyStop	SF_EmergencyStop_0	False	32771 (8003)	Wait for Reset 1	S_EStopIn is TRUE. The FB is waiting for Res.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EmergencyStop	SF_EmergencyStop_1	False	32771 (8003)	Wait for Reset 1	S_EStopIn is TRUE. The FB is waiting for Res.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EmergencyStop	SF_EmergencyStop_2	False	32771 (8003)	Wait for Reset 1	S_EStopIn is TRUE. The FB is waiting for Res.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EmergencyStop	SF_EmergencyStop_3		32771 (8003)	Wait for Reset 1	S_EStopIn is TRUE. The FB is waiting for Res.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_GuardMonitoring	SF_GuardMonitoring_0	(b)	32771 (8003)	Wait for Reset	The FB is waiting for Reset to change to TR.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_GuardMonitoring	SF_GuardMonitoring_1		32771 (8003)	Wait for Reset	The FB is waiting for Reset to change to TR.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EDM	SF_EDM_0	False	32784 (8010)	Output Disable	EDM control is OFF. The timer starts when t.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EDM	SF_EDM_1	False	32784 (8010)	Output Disable	EDM control is OFF. The timer starts when t.
SafetyControl_Local	SF_EDM	SF EDM 2	False	32784 (8010)	Output Disable	EDM control is OFF. The timer starts when t.
	CE EDIT	OF FOLLS			A 1 1 PT 11	

The Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF window is displayed.

The Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF window is configured as described in the following table:

Letter	Name		Function				
(a)	Operation panel	This is an operation panel for performing setup or export for Search FB Where Output Is OFF.					
		Total number with er- ror	Displays the total number of function block instances where safety output is turned off due to an error during execution of the relevant function block. You can show or hide this by clicking it.				
		Total number without error	Displays the total number of function block instances where safety output is turned off due to a cause other than a function block error, such as input signal disruption. You can show or hide this by clicking it.				
		Monitor Target	Select the Safety CPU Unit to monitor. To search for a function block where safety output is off, it is necessary that the Safety CPU Unit be in the RUN or DEBUG mode.				
		Export	Exports the current search results to a CSV file.				

Letter	Name		Function
(b)	Search re- sults	This section lists funct program currently beir	ion block instances where safety output is turned off in the safety ng executed.
		POU Name	Displays the name of the POU where relevant function block in- stance is being executed.
		Data Type	Displays the name of the relevant function block.
		FB Instance Name	Displays the name of the relevant function block instance.
		Error Flag	Displays the present value of the output variable set as an error flag on the Function Block Search Settings window.
		DiagCode Dec (Hex)	Displays the present value of the <i>DiagCode</i> (diagnostic code), which is an output variable of a safety function block, as decimal and hexadecimal numbers.
		Status	Displays the name of the status described in the Instructions Reference based on the <i>DiagCode</i> (diagnostic code).
		Description	Displays the description of the status described in the Instruc- tions Reference based on the <i>DiagCode</i> (diagnostic code).

You can jump to the point of execution of a function block instance by double-clicking a row in the search results list.

To display the Help menu for function blocks, select a row in the search results list and press the **F1** key, or right-click a row and select **Display Help**.

7-8-2 Editing Function Blocks to be Searched for

By default, this function searches for safety function blocks. Use the following procedure to exclude function blocks to be searched for or add user-defined function blocks.

From the Controller Menu, select **Controller – Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF – Set**. The Function Block Search Settings window is displayed.

Active/Inactive	Data Type	Error Flag	Safety Output	
	SF_Antivalent	Error	S_AntivalentOut	
	SF_EDM	Error	S_EDM_Out	
	SF_EmergencyStop	Error	S_EStopOut	1
	SF_EnableSwitch	Error	S_EnableSwitchOut	
	SF_Equivalent	Error (a)	S_EquivalentOut	2
	SF_ESPE	Error	S_ESPE_Out	
	SF_GuardLocking	Error	S_GuardLocked	
	SF_GuardMonitoring	Error	S_GuardMonitoring	
	SF_ModeSelector	Error	S_AnyModeSel	1
-defined Function		Caree Flag	Cafety Output	
-defined Function tive/Inactive impty. Click here to	Data Type	Error Flag	Safety Output	
tive/Inactive	Data Type	Error Flag	Safety Output	

The Function Block Search Settings window is configured as described in the following table:

Letter	Name	Description		
(a)	Safety Function block search settings table		n settings for safety function blocks. are predefined for available safety function blocks by de-	
		Active/Inactive	Select the check box to include the function block as a search target, or clear the selection of the check box to exclude it.	
		Data Type	Displays the name of the data type of the target function block.	
		Error Flag	Displays the name of the output variable used as an er- ror judgment condition.	
		Safety Output	Displays the name of the output variable used as a con- dition for judging if safety output is off.	
(b)	User-defined Function Block search settings table	Displays search settings for user-defined safety function blocks. Set user-defined function blocks to be searched for on Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF.		
		Active/Inactive	Select the check box to include the function block as a search target, or clear the selection of the check box to exclude it.	
		Data Type	Set the name of the data type of the target function block.	
		Error Flag	Set the name of a BOOL or SAFEBOOL output variable used as an error judgment condition.	
		Safety Output	Set the name of the SAFEBOOL output variable used as a condition for judging if safety output is off.	

7-8-3 Registering a Data Type in the Function Block Search Settings Window

This section describes the procedure for registering a function block to be searched for on the Function Block Search Settings window.

- From the Controller Menu, select Controller Search FB Where Safety Output Is OFF Set.
- **2** Press the **Insert** Key in the search setting table in User-defined Function Blocks, or right-click in the table and select **Create New** from the menu.

Active/Inactive	Data Type		Error Flag	Safety Output
		Create New		
		Batch Registra	ition	
		Paste	Ctrl+V	

3 Enter necessary items in the added row, and then press the **Enter** key.



7-9 Node Name

This section describes the node name setting for the Safety CPU Unit.

Node Name Application

The node name is a unique name that you assign to each Safety CPU Unit within the project. This helps you recognize the correct Safety CPU Unit when you begin online operations. Check the node name that is displayed before you begin operation to prevent you from controlling the wrong Safety CPU Unit.

The node name that you set is stored in the Safety CPU Unit.

The node name that you set is displayed in the confirmation dialog box when you begin online operations.

Characters Allowed for Node Names

The following characters can be used for node names. The name must have 79 or less printable ASCII characters. The default node name for all Safety CPU Units is *default*.

Setting the Node Name

You set the node name in the Connect to safety device Dialog Box, which is displayed when you go online with the Safety CPU Unit. The Connect to safety device Dialog Box is displayed when you perform one of the following operations.

- · Connecting the Safety CPU Unit online for the first time with the factory default settings.
- Connecting the Safety CPU Unit online for a new project file after performing online operations for other projects.

Connect to safet	ty device	×
Device type:	Safety CPU Please confirm to connect to the safety device.	
Node name		
Current:	default	
New:	new_SafetyCPU0	
	No Id required, Press OK	
Instance identif	ication:	
1		
	QK Can	el

Note The factory-default node name is displayed.

Check to see if the destination node is correct. Type a node name and click the **OK** Button. The node name that you set is stored in the Safety CPU Unit. After this point of time, the new node name is displayed in the confirmation dialog box, which appears before you start online operations on the Safety CPU Unit.

Precautions for Correct Use

Set a unique node name for the Safety CPU Unit.

7-10 Security Settings

You can use the Sysmac Studio to restrict operations and to protect POUs (programs and function blocks) in order to prevent unauthorized access to safety functions and to protect assets.

An overview of the applications and functions of security settings is given below.

Function	Application	Outline of function
Safety Pass-	To prevent unauthor-	You can set a password for the Safety CPU Unit in order to prevent
word	ized access to safety	unauthorized operations, including changing the operating mode and
	functions	performing the Clear All Memory operation.
Data Protec-	To protect assets	You can set passwords for POUs (programs and function blocks), so
tion		that they cannot be individually displayed or changed.

7-10-1 Setting the Safety Password

This section describes the safety password setting for the Safety CPU Unit.

• Safety Password Application

The safety password prevents unauthorized access to the safety functions of the Safety CPU Unit. When a safety password is set, the user is required to enter the password before performing an operation that affects the safety functions.

After you enter the safety password, it is retained in the Sysmac Studio. You do not need to enter it again until you take the Safety CPU Unit offline or close the project.

The safety password protects the following online operations on the Safety CPU Unit.

- Changing the operating mode (This does not apply when changing between DEBUG mode (STOPPED) and DEBUG mode (RUN).)
- · Downloading (transferring data from the Computer to the Controller)
- Uploading (transferring data from the Controller to the Computer)
- Changing the safety password
- Clear All Memory operation^{*1}
- Performing safety validation
- *1. The password must be entered each time for this operation.

The safety password is empty by default.

You can set a safety password before or after you perform safety validation.



Precautions for Correct Use

- For security purposes, we recommend that you set a safety password for the Safety CPU Unit.
- If you lose the password set to the Safety CPU Unit, you will no longer be able to make changes to the Safety CPU Unit. Take caution not to lose the password. If the password is lost and needs to be reset, contact your OMRON representative.

• Characters Allowed for Passwords

The following characters can be used for the password.

Item Description	
Number of Characters	32 characters max.
Applicable Characters	Single-byte alphanumeric characters (case sensitive)

• Setting a New Safety Password

1 Go online with the Safety CPU Unit and then select Security – Set Safety Password from the Controller Menu on the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View. The Set safety password Dialog Box is displayed.

Set safety password	×
Node name:	new_SafetyCPU0
Password:	
Confirm password:	
The p	assword will be set. Do you want to proceed?

2 Enter the safety password in the **Password** Box. Enter the same password in the Confirm password Box, and click the **OK** Button.

The password is set.



Additional Information

We recommend that you set text strings that contain both letters and numbers. The login name and password are case sensitive. Do not use words that would be easily guessed by another person, words that are in dictionaries, or text strings like abcdefg.

7-10-2 Data Protection

This section describes the data protection of the Safety CPU Unit.

Data Protection

The data protection function allows you to set passwords for individual data units to restrict displaying and changing them (access restrictions). You can enter the password to temporarily release the protection from a data unit. Data protection is set and released offline.

• Types of Access Restrictions

The following table describes the types of access restrictions.

Access restriction	Operation	Remarks
Display prohibition	The restricted data cannot be displayed.	This restriction applies to jumping from other windows, viewing search results, and print- ing previews.
Change prohibition	The restricted data cannot be changed. The data can be displayed but not changed on the display.	This restriction applies to changing or re- placing text in POU names.

• Data That Can Be Protected

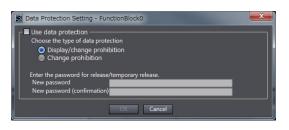
The following table lists the data that you can protect from being displayed and changed.

	Target data		Display pro- hibition		Change pro- hibition	
			Dis- play	Chan ge	Dis- play	Chan ge
Program	Program names	Pebl	ossi- le	Not possi- ble	Possi- ble	Not possi- ble
	Variable tables		lot ossi- le	Not possi- ble	Possi- ble	Not possi- ble
	FBD editor		lot ossi- le	Not possi- ble	Possi- ble	Not possi- ble
Function Block	Function block names	Pebl	ossi- le	Not possi- ble	Possi- ble	Not possi- ble
	Variable tables		lot ossi- le	Not possi- ble	Possi- ble	Not possi- ble
	FBD editor		lot ossi- le	Not possi- ble	Possi- ble	Not possi- ble

Procedure to Set Protection

1 Select the data to protect, and then selectSecurity-Set/Release Data Protectionfrom theControllerMenu. Or right-click the data to protect, and selectSecurity-Set/Release Data Protectionfrom the menu.

The Data Protection Setting Dialog Box is displayed.



2 Select the **Use data protection**Check Box and select the access restrictions. Enter the password, and click the**OK**Button.

Data protection is set and the icon on the protected data changes in the Multiview Explorer.

lcon	Description
맘	Data protection is disabled.
	Data protection is enabled.



Precautions for Correct Use

- You will not be able to temporarily release protection or remove the protection setting if you
 forget the password. Protection settings are also transferred for synchronization operations. If
 you forget the passwords for protected data that was transferred to the Controller, you will no
 longer be able to display or change the protected data. Record the password in case you forget it.
- If you change the data protection setting, the safety program in the project will change to an unvalidated state. Execute safety validation again.

Temporarily Releasing Protection

To perform operations on protected data, you can enter the password to temporarily release the protection.

Perform the restricted operation for the protected data. When you temporarily release data protected with Change prohibition, right-click the data and select Security – Temporary Release of Change Prohibition from the menu.

The Temporary Release of Data Protection Dialog Box is displayed.

Temporary Release of Data Protection - Program0	×	
Temporarily releases the access restriction under protection. Access restriction Change prohibition		
Enter the password for temporary release. Password		
OK Cancel		

2 Enter the password that was set when data protection was set.

The access restrictions are temporarily released.

The following table gives the lengths of time for which the access restrictions are temporarily released.

Access restric- tion	Length of time that protection is cleared
Display prohibi-	While the project is open
tion	
Change prohibi-	While the project is open
tion	While the project is open or until Finish Temporary Release of Change
	Prohibition is selected from the menu

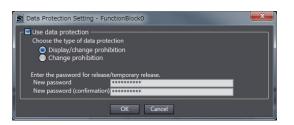
The Sysmac Studio is locked for 10 minutes if you consecutively enter wrong passwords 5 times for the same Controller. The Temporarily Release of Data Protection Dialog Box is displayed again in 10 minutes.

Precautions for Correct Use

Even if the access restrictions for **Display prohibition** are set, the Temporary Release of Data Protection Dialog Box is not displayed for printing or printing previews. Display the data from the Multiview Explorer and temporarily release protection before you use printing or print previews.

Procedure to Release Protection

- Select the data for which to release protection, and then select Security Set/Release Data Protection from the Controller Menu. Or right-click the data for which to release protection, and select Security – Set/Release Data Protection from the menu. The Temporary Release of Data Protection Dialog Box is displayed.
- 2 Enter the password, and click the **OK** Button. The Data Protection Setting Dialog Box is displayed.



3

Clear the **Use data protection** Check Box and click the **OK** Button. Data protection is released and the protection icon returns to the normal icon.

Version Information

You can use program data protection with Sysmac Studio version 1.17 or higher. You can import user-defined function blocks with Sysmac Studio version 1.12 or higher.

Data Protection Version

You can increase the level of protection for POU data by setting a higher Data Protection Version. The Data Protection Version can be set for each Safety CPU Unit. We recommend setting a higher Data Protection Version.



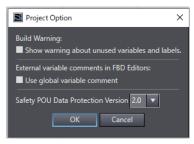
Version Information

- You can set Data Protection Version with Sysmac Studio version 1.54 or higher.
- If a new project is created, the Data Protection Version is 1.0. Set a higher version if necessary.

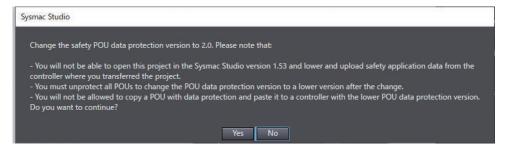
• Procedure to Change the Data Protection Version

1 Select **Project Option** from the **Project** Menu on the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.

2 Select the Safety POU Data Protection Version in the Project Option Dialog Box, and then click the **OK** Button.



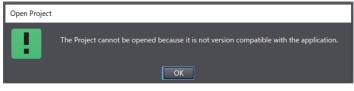
3 Check the contents of the confirmation message to change the Data Protection Version, and then click the **Yes** Button.





Precautions for Correct Use

- The Data Protection Version cannot be lowered unless the protection setting is released. Refer to *Procedure to Release Protection* on page 7-62 for the procedure for releasing data protection settings.
- A project whose Data Protection Version is set to 2.0 cannot be opened with Sysmac Studio version 1.53 or lower. The following message is displayed.



• If you set a lower Data Protection Version, use it only for the purpose of maintaining compatibility with lower versions of Sysmac Studio.

7-11 Performing Safety Validation and Operation

This section describes the procedure for safety validation testing. Safety validation testing is used to confirm that all safety functions and all Safety Control Units meet the required specifications of the safety system. If safety validation testing demonstrates that the safety controls meet the required specifications of a safety system, the safety application data is appended with confirmation information through a process called "safety validation".

When you perform safety validation on a Safety CPU Unit that is operating in DEBUG mode, the safety application data is saved in the non-volatile memory of the Safety CPU Unit.

Note that a safety program for which safety validation has been performed is saved in the project file as a validated program with a safety signature assigned.

This section describes how to perform safety validation and start operation after you have debugged the safety programs.

7-11-1 Performing Safety Validation

You must perform safety validation before you change Safety CPU Unit to the RUN mode and start any safety control system that uses safety application data^{*1} that is created with Sysmac Studio. You perform safety validation after you perform safety validation testing with the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode (RUN) to make sure that all safety functions operate as intended. To perform safety validation, it is necessary that the Safety CPU Unit be in DEBUG mode.

*1. The safety application data includes the safety programs and the safety task settings and variables. Refer to 7-1 Procedures before Operation and Transferring the Required Data on page 7-3 for details.

🗥 WARNING

Before you perform safety validation of the safety programs, complete debugging of the safety programs.

Otherwise, the Safety CPU Unit will start with safety programs that are not fully debugged and may cause serious personal injury.



\land WARNING

Verify the calculated reaction times for all safety chains to confirm that they satisfy the required specifications.

Serious injury may possibly occur due to loss of required safety functions.



Additional Information

You can manage changes in the safety application data before you perform safety validation after debugging is completed, or after you perform safety validation. Refer to *A-4 Change Track-ing* on page A-70 for details.

• Performing Safety Validation

1 Connect the Sysmac Studio online with the Safety CPU Unit, place the Safety CPU Unit in DE-BUG mode, and select Safety Validation from the Controller Menu. The following confirmation dialog is displayed.

Safety validation	—
Node name:	new_SafetyCPU0
Th	e safety program is 'In Work'. Do you want to proceed?
Application:	SafetyApp
	Yes No



2 Click the Yes button.

After the validated safety programs are saved to non-volatile memory in the Safety CPU Unit, the following dialog is displayed to indicate the process was completed, and then the Safety CPU Unit enters the state shown below.

- Safety CPU Unit is set to the validated state, and assigned with a safety signature.
- The safety program in the project file is set to the validated state, and assigned with a safety signature.
- The VALID indicator of the Safety CPU Unit changes from not lit to lit yellow.
- When you cycle the power, the Safety CPU Unit starts in RUN mode.

SysmacStu	ıdio	
6	Node name:	new_SafetyCPU0
	Safety validation	finished successfully.
		ОК

3 Click the **OK** button.

Precautions for Safe Use

Note that the Safety CPU Unit automatically starts in RUN Mode at the next start-up if the safety validation is successful.

When you download the parameters for the EtherCAT Coupler Unit and NX Units, the Safety CPU Unit automatically restarts.

Checking the Validated State

Use the following procedure to check if the safety program in the project has been validated.

1 Start Sysmac Studio. Open a project containing safety application data.



- In the Multiview Explorer, select Safety CPU Unit from Controller Selection.
- 3 From the Controller Menu, select Project - Safety Properties.

The following window is displayed.

📄 Safety Properties 🗙		
Name	I Value	- I -
Last Modified (UTC)	2021/11/19 0:49:59	
Last Modified	2021/11/18 19:49:59	
Signature	#0EC5	
Validated State	Validated	

The contents of each item are described in the following table.

Item	Description
Last Modified (UTC)	The time on the computer on which safety validation has been performed.
Last Modified	
Signature	Displays the signature code (four-digit hexadecimal number) of the validated safety program is displayed if safety validation has not been performed.
Validated State	Displays whether safety validation has been performed.

If *Validated* is displayed for Validated State, the safety program in the project file has been validated.

7-11-2 Changing to RUN Mode

After you perform safety validation, you can change the Safety CPU Unit to RUN mode. Use one of the following procedures to change the Safety CPU Unit to RUN mode.

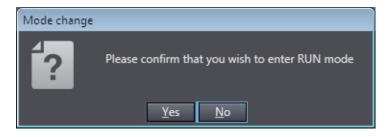
- Cycle the power supply to the Safety CPU Unit
- Change to RUN mode via the Sysmac Studio.

Change to RUN Mode via the Sysmac Studio

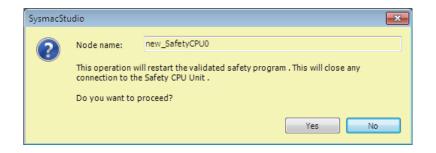
The safety programs must be validated.

- **1** With the Safety CPU Unit connected online, perform one of the following operations on the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
 - Select Mode RUN Mode from the Controller Menu.
 - Press the Ctrl + 3 Keys.
 - Click the RUN Mode Button on the toolbar.

A confirmation dialog box is displayed.



Click the Yes Button. A dialog box is displayed to confirm the node.



Check the node name, and click the Yes Button.
 A Mode Change Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed. Click the OK Button to change the Safety CPU Unit to RUN mode.

7-11-3 Changing to PROGRAM Mode

If you need to change the safety programs, or if you need to change the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit from RUN mode to DEBUG mode, you must first change to PROGRAM mode.

Changing to PROGRAM Mode

Use the following procedure to change the Safety CPU Unit from RUN mode to PROGRAM mode.

- **1** With the Safety CPU Unit connected online, perform one of the following operations.
 - Select Mode PROGRAM Mode from the Controller Menu.
 - Press the Ctrl + 1 Keys.
 - · Click the PROGRAM Mode Button on the toolbar.
 - A confirmation dialog box is displayed.

Mode change	
í ?	Changing to PROGRAM mode will stop the currently executing program and cancel any forced variables. Please confirm that you wish to proceed.
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

When you click the **Yes** Button, a dialog box to confirm the Safety Password appears.

Authorization	×
Device name:	default
This action re	quires authorization for write access to the safety device. Please enter the administration password.
Password	<u>Q</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

2 Enter the safety password, and click the **OK** Button. The Safety CPU Unit enters PROGRAM mode. The following dialog box is displayed.

Mode change	
!	Successfully entered PROGRAM mode. Please be careful because Safety CPU Unit will start in RUN mode on next startup.
	ОК

Click the **OK** Button.

7-12 Starting and Stopping the Safety Application Monitoring

This section describes how to start and stop the monitoring function for variables and the Safety I/O Unit by using Sysmac Studio. This function can be executed only when the Safety CPU Unit is in the RUN mode.

For details on monitoring the variables, refer to 7-6-3 *Monitoring Variables in the FBD Editor* on page 7-29 and 7-6-4 *Monitoring Variables in a Watch Tab Page* on page 7-30. For details on monitoring the Safety I/O Unit, refer to 7-5-2 *Monitoring Safety I/O Units* on page 7-20.

7-12-1 Procedure to Start and Stop the Safety Application Monitoring

- 1 Make sure that the Safety CPU Unit is in the RUN mode.
- **2** Connect to Safety CPU Unit online.
- 3 Select Safety CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer of Sysmac Studio and open the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.
 When you open the view for the Safety CPU Unit, the Controller status is displayed in the low-er-right corner of the screen as shown below.

Controller Status	
	×
ONLINE 🔍	
ERR/ALM	RUN Mode

4 On the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, perform one of the following operations.

To Start Monitoring:

- On the menu bar, select Controller Monitor.
- Click the Monitor Button on the toolbar.

Before monitoring starts, the following confirmation dialog box appears. Click the **Yes** button.

Sysmac Studio
Do you want to monitor the safety application? Sysmac Studio may get slower during the monitoring.
Yes No

A confirmation dialog box for connection to a safety device is displayed. Click the **OK** button.

Connect to safet	y device	×
Device object: Device type:	new_SafetyCPU0 Safety CPU Please confirm to connect to the safety device.	
Device name – Current: New:	default	
No Id required, Press OK		
Instance identifi	cation:	
	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	

To Stop Monitoring:

- On the menu bar, select Controller Stop Monitoring.
- Click the **Stop Monitoring** Button on the toolbar.

7-12-2 Changing the Monitoring Options for the Safety Application

You can select whether you will start the safety application monitoring when Sysmac Studio is connected online. Use the following procedure.

- 1 On the menu bar, select **Tools Option**. The **Option** Dialog Box is displayed.
- **2** Click the **Safety** Tab.

The monitoring options for the safety application will appear.

Option	_° 🗆	×
Color Theme Project Settings Window Ladder Editor ST Editor Program Check/Build Variables	FBD editor Auto Variable Registration Select the internal or global variable Function Block	
Comments for Variables a Parameter Editor Synchronization Safety	Function Block Reference C:¥OMRON¥Data¥Lib¥Safety	
	Exposed Variables Monitoring safety application At online connection Start monitoring safety application.	
	C OK Car	ncel

3 Specify the option **At online connection Start monitoring safety application** and click the **OK** Button.

If this option is disabled, the safety application monitoring will not start. For the procedure to start monitoring, refer to 7-12-1 Procedure to Start and Stop the Safety Application Monitoring on page 7-70.

7

7-13 Uploading Configuration Information and Safety Application Data

This section describes how to use the Sysmac Studio to transfer the configuration information and safety programs from the Safety Control Unit to the computer.

7-13-1 Outline

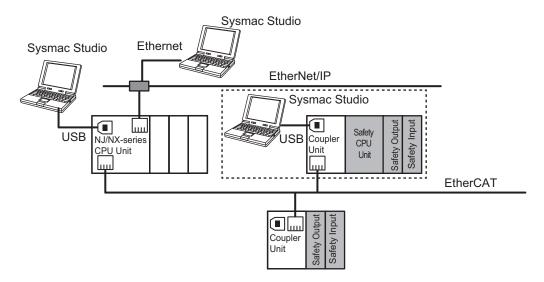
You can transfer the settings of the Safety Control Unit and the safety programs from the Safety Control Unit to the computer.

Paths for Going Online

There are the following two ways to connect the Sysmac Studio to the Safety CPU Unit.

- USB connection or Ethernet connection to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit^{*1}
- · USB Connection to the Communications Coupler Unit
- *1. Connection is possible when you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

A configuration example for an EtherCAT Slave Terminal is given below.



7-13-2 Uploading Data for a Connection to an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit

When you use an EtherCAT Coupler Unit, you can connect the Sysmac Studio to a USB or Ethernet port on the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit to upload the configuration information and safety application data. Use the following procedure to upload the data.

1 Select the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit from the Controller Selection Box in the Multiview Explorer on the Sysmac Studio to change to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Setup and Programming View.

2 Set the communications path to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

- **3** Select **Online** from the **Controller** Menu. Or, click the Go Online Button (
- **4** Select **Synchronization** from the **Controller** Menu.
- **5** In the Synchronization Window, clear the selections of the following check boxes. Do not transfer the following. (All items are not synchronized.)
 - · CJ-series Special Unit parameters and EtherCAT slave backup parameters
 - Slave Terminal Unit operation settings and NX Unit application data

Click the **Transfer from Controller** Button. An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.

7 Click the **Yes** Button.

6

The following Connect to safety device Dialog Box is displayed.

Connect to safet	y device	
Device object: Device type: Device name:	new_SafetyCPU0 Safety CPU new_SafetyCPU0	
Please select the connection type and confirm to connect to the safety device. Confirmed Connection No Id required, Press OK		
Instance id C Tele Access Password:	entification:	

Note You do not need to enter anything in the Instance identification Box.

8 Click the **OK** Button.

A password confirmation dialog box is displayed.

9 Enter the password, and click the **OK** Button. The settings of all the Units that are connected to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit are transferred to the Sysmac Studio.

7-13-3 Uploading Data for a Connection to a Communications Coupler Unit

If the Sysmac Studio is connected to the USB port on the Communications Coupler Unit, use the following procedure to upload data from the Safety CPU Unit.

 Right-click the Communications Coupler Unit on the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select CouplerConnection (USB) – Online from the menu. The Sysmac Studio goes online with the Slave Terminal. Note If you are using a new project and there is no EtherCAT Coupler Unit in the EtherCAT Slave Terminal Tab Page, add an EtherCAT Coupler Unit and set the node address.
 Right-click the Communications Coupler Unit on the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select Transfer from Coupler from the menu. An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.

- **3** Click the **Yes** Button.
 - When There Is No Safety CPU Unit in the Slave Terminal Configuration The settings of all the Units that are connected to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit are transferred to the Sysmac Studio. This completes the upload procedure.
 - When There Is a Safety CPU Unit in the Slave Terminal Configuration A confirmation dialog box for connection to a safety device is displayed. Go to the next step and continue the procedure.

onnect to safety	y device
Device object:	new_SafetyCPU0
Device type:	Safety CPU
Device name:	new_SafetyCPU0
Please select	the connection type and confirm to connect to the safety device.
 Confirmed Co 	nnection
	No Id required, Press OK
Instance ide	entification:
Instance ide	antification:
	antification:
C Tele Access	entification:
	entification:
C Tele Access	entification:

Note You do not need to enter anything in the Instance identification Box.

4 Click the **OK** Button.

A password confirmation dialog box is displayed.

5 Enter the password, and click the **OK** Button.

The settings of all the Units that are connected to the Communications Coupler Unit are transferred to the Sysmac Studio.



Precautions for Correct Use

If you use an EtherCAT Coupler Unit, upload the data from the Safety CPU Unit only after you have added all of the Safety I/O Units to the EtherCAT Slave Terminal Tab Page. If you use the following procedure to upload data and then reset the warning, you cannot monitor the project.

If you upload the data from the Safety CPU Unit when not all of the Safety I/O Units are registered, a warning is displayed.

You can reset the warning by uploading data from all of the Safety I/O Units.

7-14 Transferring Safety Application Data

To use the validated safety application data described in the previous section 7-11 Performing Safety Validation and Operation on page 7-65 in another Safety CPU Unit, change the other Safety CPU Unit to DEBUG mode and perform safety validation.

7-15 Monitoring Controller Status

This section describes how to display the status of Safety CPU Unit that is connected to Safety CPU Unit online or the status when the Simulator is connected.

Controller Status Monitor

Control status monitoring is used to display the status of the connected Safety CPU Unit or Simulator in the Controller Status Pane. The Controller Status Pane is displayed when the Sysmac Studio is online or the Simulator is connected.

Displaying the Controller Status Pane

The basic view of the Controller Status Pane is displayed in the Toolbox in the lower right corner of the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View when the Safety CPU Unit is online or the Simulator is connected.



Expansion Operations in the Controller Status Pane

Use the buttons () in the title bar of the Controller Status Pane to switch between the basic and detailed views.

· Detailed View

Co	Controller Status				
V	▼ Controller Status Details (new_SafetyCPU0)				
	Normal communications 🝵 🥥 RUN Mode No Controller error 🍵 🌚 Synchronised				
	Variable in Forced Refreshing		None		
	Safety Process Data Communications No error or no communication			tion	
	Program Execution		Executing -	no errors	
	Synchronise Details	l Last	Modified	Signature	1 1
	Project Unit Application	2013/0	8/08 11:16	#A932	
	CPU Unit Application	2013/0	8/08 11:16	#A932	
	Project I/O Allocation	2013/0	8/08 11:07	#8DEB	
	CPU I/O Allocation	2013/0	8/08 11:07	#8DEB	

Information	Displayed information and indicator colors
Communications Status	Displays the communications status between the Safety CPU Unit and Sys-
	mac Studio or displays the Simulator startup status.
	Normal communications: Lit green
	Communications error: Flashing red
Error Status	Displays the error status of the Safety CPU Unit or Simulator.
	No Controller error: Lit green
	Partial or minor fault level Controller error occurs: Lit yellow.
Operating Mode	Displays the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit.
	RUN Mode: Lit yellow.
	DEBUG mode (RUN): Flashing yellow.
	DEBUG mode (STOPPED): Flashing yellow.
	PROGRAM Mode: Not lit.
	UNKNOWN Mode: Flashing red.
Synchronization Status	Displays the comparison results between the project file on the computer
	and the data in the Safety CPU Unit.
	Synchronized: Lit green.
	Not synchronized/not executed: Lit yellow.
Variable in Forced Refreshing	Displays the forced-refreshing status of variables in the safety programs.
	None
	Present
Safety Data Communications	It shows the status of communications among the Safety CPU Unit, the
	FSoE slave device, and the CIP Safety target device.
	No error or no communications
	Communications error
Program Execution	Displays the execution status of the safety programs.
	Executing - no errors
	Executing - instruction execution error
	Not executing
Synchronise Details	Displays the synchronization information item, last modified date, and sig-
	nature (CRC data).



Additional Information

You can use the color of the top of the Edit Pane to check if you are online with the Safety CPU Unit or connected to the Safety Simulator.

- Connected to the Safety CPU Unit online The top of the Edit Pane is yellow.
- Connected to the Safety Simulator: The top of the Edit Pane is green.

7

7-16 Restarting and Clearing All Memory

7-16-1 Restarting

Restarting allows you to restart the CPU Rack or Slave Terminal that includes the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units without cycling the NX bus master power.

Refer to the user's manual for the connected CPU Unit or Communications Coupler Unit for details.



Precautions for Safe Use

If the safety application data in the Safety CPU Unit is validated, be careful when you execute the Restart operation because the Safety CPU Unit will automatically start in RUN mode.

Restarting Slave Terminals

Use the following procedure to restart all of the Units in the Slave Terminal.

1 Go online, right-click the Communications Coupler Unit in the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select **Restart**.

The Restart Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed.

	_
Sysmac Studio	
The Communications Coupler is restarted. The Communications Coupler and all the NX Units connected to the Coupler will be restarted. I/O communications with the communications master will be stopped by this operation. Are you sure you want to execute the restart? Yes	

2 Click the Yes Button.

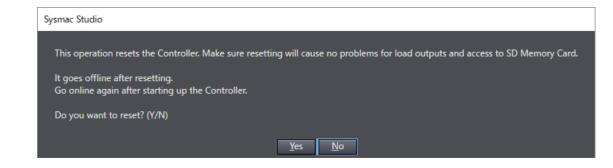
After the Units are restarted, a Restart Completion Dialog Box is displayed.

Controller Reset

All the units on the CPU rack can be restarted using the controller reset function. The controller reset function is available only when the CPU Unit operating mode is set to PROGRAM mode.



Go online, select **Reset Controller** from the **Controller** Menu. The following Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed.



2 Click the **Yes** Button.

The following Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed.

Sysmac Studio	
Are you sure you wish to reset? (Y/N)	
<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o	

3 Click the **Yes** Button.

The online state is cancelled, and the system restarts. To continue online operations, enable online mode again.

7-16-2 Clear All Memory Operation

For the Clear All Memory operation, you use the Sysmac Studio to initialize the contents of the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units to the default settings.

For the Safety Control Unit, the Clear All Memory operation can be performed in the following two ways.

Туре	Function
Clear All Memory Opera- tion for NX Units	This method clears all memory contents from the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.
Clear All Memory opera- tion for a Slave Terminal	This method clears all memory from the Communications Coupler Unit and all NX Units, including the Safety I/O Units that are connected to the Communications Coupler Unit. The Safety CPU Unit memory cannot be cleared.
Clear All Memory Opera- tion for Controllers	This method clears all memory from the NX-series CPU Unit and all NX Unit, includ- ing the Safety I/O Units that are connected to the NX-series CPU Unit. The Safety CPU Unit memory cannot be cleared.

Refer to the user's manual for the connected Communications Coupler Unit for information on the Clear All Memory operation for Slave Terminals.

For information on the Clear All Memory operation of the controller, refer to the user's manual for the connected NX-series CPU Unit.



Precautions for Correct Use

- The memory in the Safety CPU Unit is not cleared even if you right-click the Communications Coupler Unit in the Slave Terminal Tab Page and select **Clear All Memory** for all Units. To clear the memory of a Safety CPU Unit, use the Clear All Memory operation for NX Units.
- The memory in the Safety CPU Unit is not cleared even when you perform the Clear All Memory operation for controllers. To clear the memory of the Safety CPU Unit, use the Clear All Memory operation for NX Units.
- You can execute the Clear All Memory operation for a Safety CPU Unit only when the Safety CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode.

Scope of Data to Clear and State of Memory After It Is Cleared

Data item	Status after clear all memory operation
I/O allocation information	This data is set to the default settings (I/O size = 0 bytes).
Safety programs	This data is set to the default settings (no programs).
Safety password	This data is set to the default settings (no password).
Event logs	Event logs are cleared if you select the Clear the event logs Option when you
	execute the Clear All Memory operation.

Safety I/O Units

Data item Status after clear all memory operation	
FSoE slave address	This data is set to the default setting (no setting).
Event logs Event logs are cleared if you select the Clear the event logs Option wh execute the Clear All Memory operation.	

Precautions for Safe Use

After you clear the memory, the Controller operates in the same way as immediately after you create the system configuration with the Controller in the factory default condition.

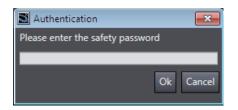
Procedure for Clear All Memory Operation

- Clear All Memory Operation for NX Units
 - **1** Go online, right-click a Safety CPU Unit or Safety I/O Unit on the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select **Clear All Memory** from the menu. You can select this menu command only when the Safety CPU Unit is in PROGRAM mode.

The Clear All Memory for NX Unit Dialog Box is displayed.

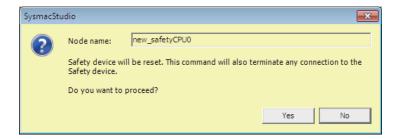
📓 Clear All Mer	nory for NX Unit								
(excluding the p Confirm the are	pplicable area in the connected Controller.								
Device name:	Device name: N1								
Model:	NX-SL3300								
Area:	Unit operation settings Unit application data (when the Unit has the applicable data)								
Clear the eve	ent logs								
	Execute Cancel								

- 2 Click the **Execute** Button. The Clear All Memory Confirmation Dialog Box is displayed.
- **3** Click the **Yes** Button. The Authentication Dialog Box is displayed.

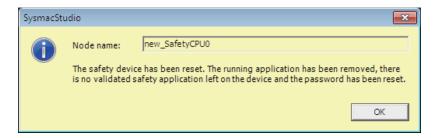


4 Enter the password, and click the **OK** Button. If a password is not set, leave the box empty and click the **OK** Button.

A dialog box is displayed to confirm the node.



5 Click the **Yes** Button. The following dialog box is displayed.



7

6 Click the **OK** Button.

After memory is cleared, the Memory All Cleared Dialog Box is displayed.

• Clear All Memory operation for a Slave Terminal

1 Go online, right-click the Communications Coupler Unit on the Slave Terminal Tab Page, and select **Clear All Memory** from the menu.

The Clear All Memory dialog box is displayed.

📓 Clear All Mer	nory for Coupler								
Clear All Memo	ory								
	Initializes the applicable area in the connected Controller. (excluding the protected Units)								
	Confirm the area to be initialized and click the Execute Button.								
	The Units will be restarted after clearing the memory. I/O communications with the communications master will be stopped by this operation.								
	Area Selection for Coupler								
Coupler +									
Coupler o	nly								
Device name:									
Model: Area:	NX-ECC201								
Arcui	Unit configuration information I/O allocation information (when the Unit has the applicable data)								
	Unit operation settings (Communications Coupler and all NX Units)								
	Unit application data (of all NX Units that have the applicable data)								
Clear the eve	ent logs								
	Execute								

- **2** Check the areas to clear and then click the **Execute** Button.
 - To clear the event logs, select the Clear the event logs check box.
 - To clear the memory in all Units, select the Coupler + NX Units Option in the Area Selection for Coupler Area.

An execution confirmation dialog box is displayed.

3 Click the **Yes** Button.

After memory is cleared, the Memory All Cleared Dialog Box is displayed.

Clear All Memory Operation for Controllers

1 Go online, and select **Controller** – **Clear All Memory** from the NJ/NX-series Unit Setup and Programming View.

The Clear All Memory Dialog Box is displayed.

	NX102-1200
Model: Area:	User Program
	User-defined Variables
	Controller Configurations and Setup
	Security Information
	Settings of Operation Authority (initialization at the next online
	NX units on CPU rack

- 2 Check the areas to clear and then click the **OK** Button.
 - To clear the event logs, select the **Clear the event logs** check box.

After memory is cleared, the Memory All Cleared Dialog Box is displayed.

Sysmac Studio
Successfully cleared all memory. There is a NX unit on CPU rack that does not accept Clear all memory.
ОК

7

Calculating Safety Reaction Times

This section describes how to calculate safety reaction times for Safety Control Units.

8-1	Safety	Reaction Time	8-2
	8-1-1	Calculating the Safety Reaction Time	
	8-1-2	Verifying Safety Reaction Times	
8-2	Safety	Task	8-5
	8-2-1	Safety Task	
	8-2-2	Operation of Safety Task	
	8-2-3	Minimum Safety Task Period	
	8-2-4	Setting the Safety Task Period	
8-3	FSoE	Watchdog Timer	8-9
	8-3-1	FSoE Watchdog Timers	
	8-3-2		
	0-3-2	Checking FSoE Watchdog Timers	8-9
	8-3-3	Checking FSoE Watchdog Timers Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers	
			8-10
8-4	8-3-3 8-3-4	Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers Changing FSoE Watchdog Timers ata Packet Interval)	
8-4	8-3-3 8-3-4	Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers Changing FSoE Watchdog Timers	

8-1 Safety Reaction Time

This section describes the safety reaction time (i.e., the safety response performance) of Safety Control Units.

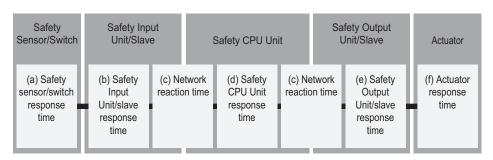
The safety reaction time is the maximum time required to turn OFF an output in consideration of possi-

ble failures and breakdowns over safety chains^{*1}. In the safety system design, the safety distance is calculated based on the safety reaction time. For all safety chains, the longest time required to stop moving equipment from when a safety input was activated must satisfy the required specifications.

*1. The safety chain is the logical connections that are required to achieve a safety function, including the safety input device, Safety Control Units, and the safety output device.

8-1-1 Calculating the Safety Reaction Time

As shown in the figure below, the safety reaction time is the sum of (a) safety sensor/switch response time, (b) Safety Input Unit/slave response time, (c) Network reaction time, (d) Safety CPU Unit response time, (e) Safety Output Unit/slave response time, and (f) actuator response time. The number of elements and the duration of time vary depending on the safety chain route.



Basic Configuration

Network Configuration between Controllers

Safety Sensor/Switch	Safety Inp Unit/Slav		:	Safety CPU Uni	t	:	Safety CPU Uni	t		ifety Output Jnit/Slave	Actuator	
(a) Safety sensor/switch response time	(b) Safety Input Unit/slave response time	(c) Ne reactio	n time	(d) Safety CPU Unit response time	reactio	etwork on time	(d) Safety CPU Unit response time		etwork on time	(e) Safety Output Unit/slave response time	(f) Actuator response tim	

Details of each time element are described in the following table.

Let- ter	Time ele- ment	Description	
(a)	Safety sensor/ switch re- sponse	This is the response time that is required for a safety sensor or sw tain, to turn OFF. The value is defined for each sensor or switch. Use the following values when an OMRON Special Safety Input De Safety Input Unit.	-
	time	E3ZS/E3FS Single-beam Safety Sensors : 14 ms	
		D40A-2/D40A Non-contact Door Switches : 6 ms + 0.4 ms x	No. of linked Switches ^{*1}
		D40Z Non-contact Door Switches : 29 ms	
		UM/UMA Safety Mats : 24 ms ^{*2}	
		SGE Safety Edges : 24 ms	
(b)	Safety In- put Unit/ slave re- sponse time	This is the input response time required for a FSoE salve or CIP S Safety Input Units. A specific value is defined for each device. The response time of Safety Input Units is as follows. NX-SIH400: 9 ms + On-Off delay time NX-SID800: 5 ms + On-Off delay time	afety slave, such as
		For any other device, refer to the manual for the device.	
(c)	Network reaction time	This is the response time required for the CIP Safety connections of These values can be verified on the Sysmac Studio. For details on work reaction time, refer to 5-4-2 Setting Up the CIP Safety Comm	how to check the net-
		For FSoE connections: FSoE Watchdog Timer value For CIP Safety connections: Network reaction time value calculate	
(d)	Safety	Response time of the Safety CPU Unit. This value is an integer mu	
	CPU Unit response	period. The value varies, depending on the safety chain route as for When the FSoE connections are used for : Safety task perio	
	time	both input and output	
		When the CIP Safety connections are used : Safety task perio for both input and output	d x 2
		When the FSoE connections are used for in- : Safety task perio put and CIP Safety connections are used for output	d x 1
		When the CIP Safety connections are used : Safety task perior for input and the FSoE connections are used for output	d x 1
(e)	Safety Output Unit/slave response time	This is the output response time required for a FSoE salve or CIP Safety Output Units. A specific value is defined for each device. The response time of the Safety Output Units is as follows. NX-SOH200: 1 ms NX-SOD400: 1 ms R88D-1SND: 4 ms R88D-1SAND: 7 ms (STO) ^{*3} For any other device, refer to the manual for the device.	Safety slave, such as
(f)	Actuator	This is the response time that is required for an actuator, such as a	a safety relay, to turn
	response time	OFF. The value is defined for each actuator.	

*1. The fault detection time for a 24 V short-circuit fault in a D40A-2/D40A Non-contact Door Switch is 18 ms. If usage is for an application other than a Door Switch, use a safety sensor/switch response time of 18 ms.

*2. Refer to *Precaution for Conformance to ISO 13856-1:2013* on page 8-4 for a precaution on conformance to ISO 13856-1:2013.

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*3. For details on using safety functions other than the STO function, refer to the AC Servomotors/Servo Drives 1S-series with Built-in EtherCAT[®] Communications and Safety Functionality User's Manual (Cat. No. 1621).



Precautions for Correct Use

- If the safety task period changes due to changes in the safety program or other reasons, recalculate the safety reaction times.
- To calculate the safety reaction times, add the "delaying influences from the input filter delay settings", the "safety program function block delay settings", and the "safety program loopback connections".

Precaution for Conformance to ISO 13856-1:2013

If you use UM/UMA Safety Mats to build a pressure-sensitive protective device that conforms to ISO 13856-1:2013 (Safety of machinery -- Pressure-sensitive protective devices -- Part 1: General principles for design and testing of pressure-sensitive mats and pressure-sensitive floors), the NX-series Safety Control Unit must meet the following condition in order to satisfy the requirement for the specified reaction time.

• The value of the FSoE watchdog timer in the NX-SIH400 that is connected to the UM/UMA Safety Mats must be 42 ms or less.

8-1-2 Verifying Safety Reaction Times

Verify the calculated safety reaction times for all safety chains to confirm that they satisfy the required specifications.

If a calculated safety reaction time exceeds the required specifications, consider the following measures and correct the software or hardware design.

- Shorten the safety task period.
 Example: Reduce the size of the safety program.
 Reduce the number of Safety I/O Units.
- Reduce EPI values of CIP Safety connections.

8-2 Safety Task

This section describes the safety task of the Safety CPU Unit. The safety task period of the Safety CPU Unit affects the safety reaction times.

8-2-1 Safety Task

The safety task is used to assign an execution condition to a series of processes, such as for data exchange with the Safety I/O Units and safety program execution. The Safety CPU Unit executes one safety task.

The safety task is executed on a fixed period.

More than one program^{*1} can be assigned to a safety task. The programs that are assigned are executed in the order that they are assigned. Execution of all of the programs assigned to the task is called "program execution".

*1. There is no limit to the number of programs.

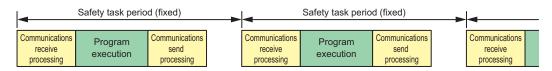
Data exchange between a Safety CPU Unit and safety slaves, including Safety I/O Units and safety I/O terminals, or between Safety CPU Units is called "communications receive processing" and "communications send processing".

Type of task	Number of tasks	Task exe- cution pri- ority	Execution conditions	Main processing contents
Safety	1	None	The safety task is executed once	Communications receive proc-
task			every safety task period during op-	essing, program execution, and
			eration in RUN or DEBUG mode.	communications send processing

8-2-2 Operation of Safety Task

The following operation is performed for the safety task.

Input data processing for I/O refreshing, user program execution, and output data processing for I/O refreshing are performed repetitively, i.e., each safety task period.



The safety task period is the time interval at which the safety task is executed. The upper limit of the safety task period setting is 100 ms. A building error will occur for any safety program that requires a safety task period that is longer than 100 ms. If that occurs, change the safety program.

8-2-3 Minimum Safety Task Period

This section describes how to find the minimum safety task period.

Safety Control System on CPU Ruck or EtherCAT Network

The minimum safety task period depends on the communications setup of the Slave Terminal.

 When DC Synchronization Is Set in All of the Communications Setups of the EtherCAT Slave Terminals to Which the Safety Control Units Are Connected

The minimum safety task period is displayed by the Sysmac Studio as the **Minimum safety task** period.

When Free-Run Refreshing Is Set in Even One Communications Setup of the EtherCAT Slave Terminals to Which the Safety Control Units Are Connected

The minimum safety task period is calculated by adding a correction to the value displayed by the Sysmac Studio as the **Minimum safety task period**.

Use the following formula to find the value of the correction.

Correction = 11.4 ms - 2 x "EtherCAT communications cycle"

If the value of the correction is less than 0, use 0 as the correction.



Precautions for Correct Use

- If you change any of the following values, the minimum safety task period will change. Check the minimum safety task period again.
 - a) Safety program execution time (This time depends on the sizes of the programs and the function blocks that are used.)
 - b) Number of connections with Safety I/O Units
 - c) Task period of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit
 - d) NX bus refresh cycle for EtherCAT Slave Terminals
- If the minimum safety task period calculated according to the process described in this section exceeds 100 ms, adjust the above values so that the minimum safety task period will be shorter than 100 ms.

Version Information

The minimum safety task period has been improved for combinations of NX-SIH400 version 1.1 or later and NX-SL

Therefore, if NX-SIH400 version 1.1 is replaced with NX-SIH400 version 1.0, the safety reaction time increases, resulting in an error.

Safety Control System on EtherNet/IP Network

The minimum safety task period is displayed by the Sysmac Studio as the **Minimum safety task** period.



Precautions for Correct Use

If you change any of the following values, the minimum safety task period will change. Check the minimum safety task period again.

- Safety program execution time (This time depends on the sizes of the programs and the function blocks that are used.)
- Number of connections with FSoE slave devices
- Number of connections with CIP Safety devices

8-2-4 Setting the Safety Task Period

This section describes how to find an approximation of the value to set for the safety task period.

Use the following formula to find the safety task period.

Safety task period = "Minimum safety task period" + "Expansion communications monitoring time"

If the calculated value exceeds 100 ms, adjust the value to be less than 100 ms.

Refer to 6-5-9 Safety Task Settings on page 6-75 for information on setting the safety task period in the Sysmac Studio.

Expansion Communications Monitoring Time

The expansion communications monitoring time represents the additional time to wait for receptions in safety process data communications. You can set an expansion communications monitoring time to help prevent timeouts in safety process data communications when noise on the communications path or other factors result in communications retries. Set this time as required.

Finding the Expansion Communications Monitoring Time

The method to find the expansion communications monitoring time depends on the NX bus master that is connected.

- NX Units connected to a CPU Unit or EtherCAT Coupler Unit Set the expansion communications monitoring time to at least the length of the EtherCAT communications timeout value and to an integer multiple of the slave control period of the FSoE slave.
- NX Units connected to an EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit Set the expansion communications monitoring time to an integer multiple of the slave control period of the Safety I/O Units.
- a. Slave Control Period of an FSoE Slave

Use the following value for the slave control periods of the Safety I/O Units. Refer to the manuals for individual FSoE slaves for the slave control period of the FSoE slaves other than the Safety I/O Units.

Model	Slave control period
NX-SIH400	6 ms
NX-SID800	3 ms
NX-SOH200	3 ms
NX-SOD400	3 ms

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8-2 Safety Task

b. Communications Timeout Value of an EtherCAT

For the EtherCAT communications timeout value, multiply the EtherCAT communications cycle time by (the "PDO communications timeout detection count" minus one) and use the resulting value.



Precautions for Correct Use

- To increase the communications timeout time, you much change both the safety task period and the value of the FSoE watchdog timer.
- Refer to 8-3-3 Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers on page 8-10 for information on changing the FSoE watchdog timer.
- If the EtherCAT communications cycle is 250 us or lower, use the following minimum safety task periods.

NX-SL version 1.1 or later: 9 ms or higher NX-SL version 1.0 or later: 13 ms or higher



Additional Information

We recommend that you set the safety task period with plenty of leeway to allow for the possibility of expanding the safety control system or safety programs in the future.

8-3 FSoE Watchdog Timer

This section describes the FSoE watchdog timers.

8-3-1 FSoE Watchdog Timers

An FSoE watchdog timer is used for timeouts in safety process data between the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.

The FSoE watchdog timers affect the safety reaction times.

You can increase the settings of the FSoE watchdog timers to help prevent timeouts in safety process data communications. Set this time as required.

To increase the communications timeout time, you must change both the value of the FSoE watchdog timer and the safety task period. Refer to *8-2-4 Setting the Safety Task Period* on page 8-7 for information on setting the safety task period.

8-3-2 Checking FSoE Watchdog Timers

Use the following procedure to check the FSoE watchdog timers.

1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.

2 Double-click Safety I/O under Configurations and Setup – Communications – Safety.

The following Safety I/O Unit Setting Tab Page is displayed.

Multiview Explorer 🗸 🗸	X 0	onfigurations a	nd Setup					
∟ new_SafetyCPU ▼	Para	meters Safet	y I/O 🗙					
		Node #/Unit #	Active	Device	Product Information	FSoE slave address	FSoE watchdog timer (WDT)	WDT auto setting
 Configurations and Setup 		Node1/Unit2	V	N2	NX-SID800; 1.0	1	45	
Communications		Node1/Unit3	V	N3	NX-SOD400; 1.0	2	45	V
▼ 🗟 Safety ■ 🕨 k Safety I/O								
🕨 🖄 Standard								
🗆 🗠 Task Settings								
 I/O Map Programming 								

The values of the FSoE watchdog timers are displayed in the **FSoE Watchdog Timer** Column for the Safety I/O Units.

Precautions for Correct Use

Set the FSoE watchdog timer to at least the sum of the **FSoE Watchdog Timer** displayed by the Sysmac Studio and the value of the following correction.

• When EtherCAT Communications Cycle Is Greater Than 1.9 ms

Correction = EtherCAT communications cycle

When EtherCAT Communications Cycle Is 1.9 ms or Lower

Correction = 3.8ms - *EtherCAT communications cycle*

8-3-3 Settings for FSoE Watchdog Timers

This section describes how to find the set values for the FSoE watchdog timers. The set value for an FSoE watchdog timer is different from the set value of the safety task period.

Safety Task Period < 100 ms

Set the FSoE watchdog timer to the same value as the expansion communications monitoring time that you added to the safety task period.

Safety Task Period = 100 ms

Set the FSoE watchdog timer to a value that is an integer multiple of the safety task period.

8-3-4 Changing FSoE Watchdog Timers

Use the following procedure to change a FSoE watchdog timer.

- 1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- **2** Double-click **Safety I/O** under **Configurations and Setup Communications Safety**. The following Safety I/O Unit Setting Tab Page is displayed.

▲構成・設定	_					[0]
セーフティI/0 × ノードアドレス/ユニット番 ^業	号∣有効/無効	デバイス	プロダクト情報	FSoE Slave Address	FSoE Watchdog Timer (WDT)	WDT自動設定
Node1/Unit2		N2	NX-SID800; 1.0	1	45	
Node1/Unit3		N3	NX-SOD400; 1.0	2	45	V

3 Clear the selection of the **WDT auto setting** Check Box for the Unit to change. This enables changing the value of the **FSoE watchdog timer**.

Para	Parameters Safety I/O ×									
	Node #/Unit #	Active	Device	Product Information	FSoE slave address	FSoE watchdog timer (WDT)	WDT auto setting			
	Node1/Unit2		N2	NX-SID800; 1.0	1	45				
	Node1/Unit3		N3	NX-SOD400; 1.0	2	45				

4 Double-click the cell in the **FSoE watchdog timer** Column for the Unit to change and set the desired FSoE watchdog timer value.

Node #/Unit #	Active	Device	Product Information	FSoE slave address	FSoE watchdog timer (WDT)	WDT auto setting
Node1/Unit2		N2	NX-SID800; 1.0	1	2000	
Node1/Unit3		N3	NX-SOD400; 1.0	2	45	V



Version Information

You can change the FSoE watchdog timers with Sysmac Studio version 1.10 or higher.

8-4 EPI (Data Packet Interval)

EPI stands for Expected Packet Interval and refers to the transmission interval of safety data packets in the CIP Safety communications.

The EPI affects the safety reaction time.

If you specify a smaller EPI, it shortens the network reaction time and the safety reaction time, but it increases the communications load on the EtherNet/IP communications port. For details on the communications load on the EtherNet/IP communications port, refer to *Section 9 Communications Load* on page 9-1.

8-4-1 Changing the EPI

The EPI is set separately for each connection. Use the following procedure to change the EPI.

- 1 In the Multiview Explorer, select the target Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- 2 Go to Configurations and Setup Communications Safety EtherNet/IP Safety Connection Settings and double-click Connection Settings (Originator).

The following Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page is displayed.

you add connecti ter allocating dev	tings (Origi ion settings vice variable	s. I/O port of the target I/O a	ssembly will be generated on the Safety Map, input and output values of connec	I/O Map. tion can be used in the program.			Go To	I/O M
▼ EtherNet/IP P	ort 1 (192	.168.250.1)			Safety Network Number	4886018D3509	. Import E	xport
Act	tive	In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI (ms)	Network Reaction Time [ms]	Instance nar	ne
EtherNet/IP P					Safety Network Number	4886018D3515	. Import E	xport
Act	tive	In/Out	Target Device / Target I/O Assembly	Comment	EPI [ms]	Network Reaction Time [ms]	Instance nar	ne

3 Select a connection setting to change its EPI value and edit the **EPI** Column.

8-4-2 EPI Restrictions

The allowable range for EPI is automatically calculated and displayed by the Sysmac Studio.

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Communications Load

This section describes how to adjust communications load in order to realize highspeed and stable communications.

9-1	Adjust	ing the Communications Load	9-2
	9-1-1	Checking Bandwidth Usage for Tag Data Links	
	9-1-2	Checking the Device Bandwidth Usage of the CIP Safety Routing	
	9-1-3	Relationship between the Number of Packets Used per Second and	
		Packet Intervals	9-6
	9-1-4	Adjusting the Device Bandwidth Usage	9-7

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9-1 Adjusting the Communications Load

In an Ethernet network using an Ethernet switch, the network bandwidth is not shared by all of the nodes, and independent transmission paths are established between individual nodes through the Ethernet switch.

A dedicated communications buffer is established in the Ethernet switch for communications between the nodes and full-duplex communications (simultaneous transmission and reception) are performed asynchronously with other transmission paths. The communications load in other transmission paths does not affect communications, therefore packet collisions do not occur, and stable high-speed communications can be performed.

The Ethernet switch functions shown in the following table determine the performance of the CIP Safety connections and tag data links.

Item	Description
Buffer capacity	This is the amount of data that can be buffered when the data
	packets accumulate at the Ethernet switch.
Multi-cast filtering	The function transfers multi-cast packets to specific nodes only.
QoS function	The function performs priority control of packet transfers.

The following table shows the specifications within which the CIP Safety Connection settings and the tag data link settings can be made for the built-in EtherNet/IP port. In the NX102 CPU Unit, both CIP safety communications and tag data link communications can be used on the same port.

ltem	Meaning	NX-series CPU Unit		
nem	Weating	NX502	NX102	
Network bandwidth	Physical Ethernet baud rate	1 Gbps, 100 Mbps, or 10 Mbps	100 Mbps or 10 Mbps	
Maximum number of packets per second	The maximum num- ber of packets that can be processed in one second (pps: packet per second)	20,000 pps max. (total of 20,000 pps with two ports)	12,000 pps max. (total of 12,000 pps with two ports)	
Number of CIP Safe- ty routing connec- tions	Maximum safety I/O connections support- ed for routing	128 max. (total of 128 with two ports) ^{*1*2}	16 max. (total of 16 with two ports)	
Packet interval of CIP Safety connec- tions (EPI: Expected Packet Interval)	Data refresh period of CIP Safety con- nections	The allowable range depends or	n the target device. *1*2	
Tag data link con- nection resources	The number of tag data link connec- tions that can be opened	64 max. (total of 128 with two ports)	32 max. (total of 64 with two ports)	

ltom	Mooning	NX-series CPU Unit		
Item	Meaning	NX502	NX102	
Packet interval of tag	Refresh period for	1 to 10,000 ms in 1-ms incre-	1 to 10,000 ms in 1-ms incre-	
data links	tag data	ments	ments	
(RPI: Requested				
Packet Interval)				

- *1. For the NX502 CPU Units, CIP Safety communications via the built-in EtherNet/IP port can be used with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.64 or later. If you set CIP Safety communications with the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version earlier than 1.64, use an NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.
- *2. When the NX502 CPU Unit with unit version 1.66 or later is used with the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later, you can use tag data link and CIP Safety communications together in one NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

The following table shows the specifications within which the CIP Safety connection settings and the tag data link settings can be made for the EtherNet/IP port on the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit.

ltem	Mooning	NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
item	Meaning	NX-EIP201
Network bandwidth	Physical Ethernet baud rate	1 Gbps, 100 Mbps, or 10 Mbps
Maximum number of packets per second	The maximum num- ber of packets that can be processed in one second (pps: packet per second)	When you use the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version earlier than 1.01, or when you do not combine CIP Safety com- munications with tag data link in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later: 40000 pps max. (total of 40000 pps with two ports)
		When you use CIP Safety communications and tag data link to- gether in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or
		later: 6,000 pps max. (total of 6,000 pps with two ports) ^{*1}
Number of CIP Safe- ty routing connec- tions	Maximum safety I/O connections support- ed for routing	When you use the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version earlier than 1.01, or when you do not combine CIP Safety com- munications with tag data link in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later: 84 max. (total of 84 with two ports)
		When you combine CIP Safety communications with tag data link in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later: 64 max. (total of 64 with two ports)
Packet interval of CIP Safety connec- tions (EPI: Expected Packet Interval)	Data refresh period of CIP Safety con- nections	1 to 500 ms in 1-ms increments. The allowable range depends on the target device.
Tag data link con- nection resources	The number of tag data link connec- tions that can be opened	256 max. (total of 512 with two ports)

ltom	Meening	NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
Item Meaning -		NX-EIP201
Packet interval of tag data links (RPI: Requested Packet Interval)	Refresh period for tag data	When you use the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version earlier than 1.01, or when you do not combine CIP Safety com- munications with tag data link in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later: 1 to 10000 ms When you combine CIP Safety communications with tag data link in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with unit version 1.01 or later: 1 to 100 ms

- *1. When performing tag data link communications and CIP Safety communications where the allowed communications bandwidth per Unit is 6,000 pps or more, the following functions may not be used properly. To use those functions, use the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the CPU Unit or an EtherNet/IP port of a different NXseries EtherNet/IP Unit.
 - Connecting to the Sysmac Studio online from the Ethernet/IP port of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
 - Connecting to the Network Configurator online from the EtherNet/IP port of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
 - · Connecting to the NA-series HMI from the Ethernet/IP port of the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
 - · Port forward function via the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit
 - CIP message communications
 - SNMP function

It is possible to use these functions in the relevant NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit from the built-in EtherNet/IP port on the CPU Unit or from the Ethernet/IP port of another NX-series Ethernet/IP Unit via the X Bus.

When the CIP Safety connection settings or the tag data link settings exceed the capabilities of the Ethernet switch, adjust (increase) the packet interval value (RPI/EPI).

Particularly when using an Ethernet switch that does not support multi-cast filtering, the settings must be made considering that multi-cast packets will be sent even to nodes without connection settings.

Additional Information

If the connection type is set to **Multi-cast connection** in the connection settings of the CIP Safety or the tag data links, multi-cast packets are used. If the connection type is set to **Point to Point connection**, multi-cast packets are not used.

In addition, if the required CIP Safety performance or tag data link performance cannot be achieved within the specifications, reevaluate the overall network configuration and correct it by taking steps such as selecting a different Ethernet switch or splitting the network.

The following sections show how to check the device bandwidth to be used for the CIP Safety routings and the tag data links in the designed network, and how to change the values.

Additional Information

In order to provide stable communications, the connection settings need to be adjusted so that the total device bandwidth usage of tag data links and the CIP Safety routing will not exceed 80%.

9-1-1 Checking Bandwidth Usage for Tag Data Links

The Network Configurator can display the bandwidth actually used for tag data links at each built-in EtherNet/IP port, based on the connections set in the network configuration.

The device bandwidth used by tag data links can be checked by clicking the **Detail** Button in the **Usage of Device Bandwidth** Area at the bottom of the Network Configuration Pane.

NJ501-1500 C.	2.168.250.25 192.168.3 Usage of Device Band				
		Comment	Usage of Capacity (Mbit/s (without Mult	Usage of IP multica
	192.168.250.1	NJ501-1500	2.00 (2.00) %	0.042 (0.042) Mbit/s	1
	192.168.250.25	CJ2M-EIP21	2.00 (2.00) %	0.042 (0.042) Mbit/s	1
	192.168.250.22	CJ1W-EIP21	0.00 (0.33) %	0.000 (0.028) Mbit/s	0

Item	Description
#	The IP address of the device
Comment	A description of the device. The comment is displayed below the device icon. The model number of the device is displayed by default.
Usage of Capacity (without Multicast filter)	The ratio of the device's packet usage to the maximum number of packets per second. Number of packets used per second / Number of maximum packets per
	second The values outside parentheses are for when multi-cast filtering is used. The values inside parentheses are for when multi-cast filtering is not used.
Mbit/s (without Multicast filter)	The network bandwidth usage for tag data link communications with the de- vice. The values outside parentheses are for when multi-cast filtering is used. The values inside parentheses are for when multi-cast filtering is not used.
Usage of IP multicast addresses	The number of IP multi-cast addresses actually used for communications with the device.
Total usage of IP multicast ad- dresses	The number of IP multi-cast addresses used in the entire network. This value is used to estimate the number of multi-cast filters for switching.
Network Total of Max. Mbit/s	The total network bandwidth used for tag data link communications in the entire network. Tag data links will not operate normally if the network bandwidth that can be set
	is exceeded.

• Checking the Packet Usage Rate to the Maximum Number of Packets per Second and the Network Bandwidth Usage

The window displays the ratio of the packet usage to the maximum number of packets per second for each EtherNet/IP port, and the network bandwidth usage in Mbit/s.

The usage of capacity and used network bandwidth that are displayed in parentheses are for an Ethernet switch that does not use multicast filtering. In this case, multicast packets will be sent to even the nodes without connection settings, so the displayed values will include these packets as well.

These values can be adjusted by changing the RPI.

• Checking the Total Number of Multi-cast IP Addresses in the Network

When using an Ethernet switch that provides multicast filtering, there must be enough multicast filters for the network to be used. The Network Configurator shows the number of multi-cast IP addresses used for the entire network based on the connection settings.

Make sure that the number of multicast IP addresses used in the entire network does not exceed the number of multicast filters supported by the Ethernet switch. If necessary, replace the Ethernet switch with another one that has the sufficient number of multi-cast filters, or adjust the usage rate to the maximum number of packets per second or the network bandwidth usage by using values given for Ethernet switches without multicast filtering (i.e., the values in parentheses). These values can be adjusted by changing the RPI.

9-1-2 Checking the Device Bandwidth Usage of the CIP Safety Routing

The Sysmac Studio displays the bandwidth used for the CIP Safety routing function for each CIP Safety connection configured on in the Safety CPU Unit.

You can verify the device bandwidth usage status for CIP Safety routing by clicking the **Device Bandwidth** Button located at the bottom of the Connection Settings (Originator) Tab Page.

P Connect		rig… ×		-
If you add c After allocat	onnection setti ting device vari	ings, I/O port of the ables to the I/O poi	Device Bandwidth Go To I/O Map	
(j	_		▼ EtherNet/IP Port 1 (192.168.1.1)	
▼ EtherN	et/IP Port 1 (1	192.168.1.1)	Target Device / Safety Network Number : 41FD017F428D	
	Active	In/Out	Target I/O Assembly Prof Holds Network 192.168.1.2/Unit1 NX102/NX-SL5700 Input Assembly 1 - [16Bytes] 51 0.053 EPI [ms] Reaction Time [ms] Instance name	
•				
		₽	20 🔻 100.064 CIPOriginator_Instance0	
			▼ EtherNet/IP Port 2 (192.168.250.1)	
			Target Device / PPS Mbit/s	
			192.168.250.2/Unit1 NX-CSG/NX-SL5700 Input Assembly 1 - [16Bytes] 51 0.053	
▼ EtherN	et/IP Port 2 (1	192.168.250.1)	192.168.250.2/Unit1 NX-CSG/NX-SL5700 Input Assembly 2 - [16Bytes] 51 0.053 Safety Network Number : 41FD017F4298	
	Active	In/Out	EPI [ms] Network Reaction Time [ms] Instance name	
•				
		₩	Port1 Mbit/s 0.053 Mbit/s 20 v 100.064 CIPOriginator_Instance1	
		₩+	Port2 Mbit/s 0.106 Mbit/s 20 🔻 100.064 CIPOriginator_Instance2	
			Total PPS 153 pps	
			Close	
			Device Bandwidth Batch Setting TUNID Batch Setting	

Item	Meaning
PPS	Displays the number of packets used for each CIP Safety connection per sec- ond and the total sum of used packets
Mbit/s	Displays the network bandwidth used for each CIP Safety connection.

9-1-3 Relationship between the Number of Packets Used per Second and Packet Intervals

The usage rate to the maximum number of packets per second can be adjusted by modifying the settings for the packet interval (PRI) for the tag data link or the packet interval (EPI) for the CIP safety connection. The shorter the packet interval is, the larger the usage rate to the maximum number of packets per second will become.

Conversely, the longer the packet interval is, the less the usage rate to the maximum number of packets per second will become.

9-1-4 Adjusting the Device Bandwidth Usage

This section describes how to adjust the device bandwidth usage.



Precautions for Correct Use

The Ethernet switch should support the maximum network bandwidth value that can be set for the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit. The maximum network bandwidth value of the NX502 CPU Unit is 1 Gbit/s, and the maximum network bandwidth value of the NX102 CPU Unit is 100 Mbit/s.

Ethernet Switches without Multicast Filtering

Does the total number of packets transmitted to the built-in EtherNet/IP port per second exceed the maximum number of packets allowed per second?

If it exceeds the maximum number, check and modify the connection settings, including RPI and EPI values.

• Does the total network bandwidth usage of any transmission path exceed the network bandwidth that can be set for the path?

If it exceed the bandwidth that can be set for the transmission path, the tag data link and CIP safety connection may not work properly. If the bandwidth is exceeded, rewire the network or increase the bandwidth between Ethernet switches (e.g., to 1 Gbps). If these countermeasures are not possible, change the connection settings, including the RPI settings.

Ethernet Switches with Multicast Filtering

• Does the total network bandwidth usage of any transmission path exceed the network bandwidth that can be set for the path?

If it exceed the bandwidth that can be set for the transmission path, the tag data link and CIP safety connection may not work properly. If the bandwidth is exceeded, rewire the network or increase the bandwidth between Ethernet switches (e.g., to 1 Gbps). If these countermeasures are not possible, change the connection settings, e.g., the RPI settings.

 Does the total number of packets transmitted to the EtherNet/IP port per second exceed the maximum number of packets allowed per second?

If it exceeds the maximum number, check whether the multicast filtering on Ethernet switches is functioning correctly. Calculate the number of multicast filters required for each Ethernet switch on the network, and make sure that the resulting number does not exceed the number of multicast filters of any Ethernet switch. If the number of multicast filters of an Ethernet switch is not sufficient, replace it with another switch with enough multicast filters, or modify the connection settings, including the RPI and EPI settings.

10

Safety Unit Restore

This section describes the procedures to execute the Safety Unit Restore.

10-1 Safety	v Unit Restore	
	Generate Safety Unit Restore File Function	
	Safety Unit Restore Function	
10-1-3	Specifications of a Safety Unit Restore File	10-6
10-2 Versio	ons for Which Safety Unit Restore Can Be Used	

10-1 Safety Unit Restore

The safety unit restore is a function designed to transfer safety programs and settings to Safety CPU Unit via an SD Memory Card. Refer to *10-2 Versions for Which Safety Unit Restore Can Be Used* on page 10-7 for information on the Unit models and unit versions that can use this function, and corresponding Sysmac Studio versions.

You can use the Safety Unit Restore in the following instances.

Item	Application
Program and setting changes	When you change the safety program and settings for equipment that is
	currently in operation
Hardware replacement	When you replace the hardware for the Safety CPU Unit
Manufacture of equipment	When you want to manufacture the same equipment and need to transfer
	the data from the existing equipment to new equipment in its initial state.

Safety Unit Restore is executed combining the following functions.

Function	Description
Generate Safety Unit Restore	This function allows to generate the Safety Unit Restore File using the Sysmac
File function	Studio.
Safety Unit Restore function	This function allows to transfer the Safety Unit Restore File data stored in an
	SD Memory Card to a Safety CPU Unit.

Note that the Safety Unit Restore function restores only the target data in NX-SL5 U Units. To restore the entire system, you need to execute this function together with the SD Memory Card backup function.



Precautions for Correct Use

- To execute the Safety Unit Restore, you need to execute the restore function for the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit as well. In addition, you need to generate a Safety Unit Restore File and a backup file of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit from a same project or from a same physical unit from which a project is transferred. If the settings for the Safety Unit Restore File and that for the backup file of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit are not consistent, the Safety Control Unit does not operate normally.
- Before executing the Safety Unit Restore, make sure to confirm the safety of the transfer destination.
- Before executing the Safety Unit Restore, verify that the operation target is correct.
- Before executing the Safety Unit Restore, verify that the signature displayed on the sevensegment indicator of the Safety CPU Unit is correct.
- To prevent accessing a wrong Safety Unit Restore File, make sure to control the file access and configuration properly.
- After executing the Safety Unit Restore, verify that the Unit is configured correctly and the Unit behaves as intended.
- To prevent executing the Safety Unit Restore by unauthorized person, make sure to keep under access control to SD Memory Cards and Safety Unit Restore Files.

10-1-1 Generate Safety Unit Restore File Function

This function uses the Sysmac Studio to generate a Safety Unit Restore File from a project that includes safety application data. Safety validation must be completed for the safety application data. Refer to 7-11 Performing Safety Validation and Operation on page 7-65 for details on the safety validation of safety application data.

Procedure

- **1** Startup the Sysmac Studio. Open a project which contains the validated safety application data.
- From the Controller selection in the Multiview Explorer, select Safety CPU Unit, then select
 Tools Generate Safety Unit Restore File from the menu.

The Generate Safety Unit Restore File Dialog Box is displayed.

 Generate Safety Unit Restore File	×			
Enter the Information of Safety CPU Unit				
Node name of Safety CPU Unit	default	L		
Safety Password	*******			
(Within 32 characters)	(Confirmation)			

	Generate Close			

3 Enter the node name and the safety password that are set for the Safety CPU Unit to restore, and click the **Generate** Button.

The Browse Folder Dialog is displayed.

Item	Initial value	Description
Node Name	default	Enter a node name for Safety CPU Unit to restore data. If the node name does not match with the actual unit, the restore operation fails. If the node name of the actual unit is unchanged from the factory default set- tings, the node name you entered here will be reflected to the actual unit.
Safety Pass- word		Enter a safety password for Safety CPU Unit to restore data. If the safety password does not match, the restore operation fails. If the safety password is not configured for the actual unit, the safety password you entered here will be reflected to the actual unit.

4 Specify the folder to save the files and click the OK Button. The Safety Unit Restore File (file name: SLSystem.dat) will be generated to the specified folder.

5 Store the Safety Unit Restore File in the root directory on the SD Memory Card.

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10-1-2 Safety Unit Restore Function

Insert an SD Memory Card to the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit connected to the Safety CPU Unit and then transfer data of the Safety Unit Restore File stored in the memory card to the Safety CPU Unit.

Change the DIP switch settings and start the Safety CPU Unit in the Restore mode then execute the Safety Unit Restore using the SD Memory Card.

The node name and safety password stored in the Safety CPU Unit to restore must be consistent with those stored in the Safety Unit Restore File or unchanged from the factory default settings.



Precautions for Correct Use

To execute the Safety Unit Restore, you need to execute the restore function for the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit as well. In addition, you need to generate a Safety Unit Restore File and a backup file of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit from a same project or from a same physical unit from which a project is transferred. If the settings for the Safety Unit Restore File and that for the backup file of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit are not consistent, the Safety Control Unit does not operate normally.

Procedure

Processing stage	Procedure and Display
Insert an SD Memory Card	Insert the SD Memory Card where the Safety Unit Restore File is stored under the root directory into the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit.
Start RESTORE Mode	Set the pins 1 to 4 of the DIP switch on the Safety CPU Unit as follows: 1 to ON, 2 to OFF, 3 to OFF, and 4 to OFF, and turn ON the power supply to the Control- ler. The Safety CPU Unit starts in RESTORE mode. SETTING → ON 1 2 3 4
Initializing	Seven-segment indicators in the Safety CPU Unit repeat turning ON and OFF in sequence for each, to test if the devices are lit properly.

Processing stage	Procedure and Display
Wait for Start command	The safety signature of the Safety Unit Restore File stored in the SD Memory
	Card is repeatedly shown as a four-digit hexadecimal number in the seven-seg-
	ment indicators in the Safety CPU Unit.
	│ ┌──│⋥⋕⋒⋣⋗⋎⋑⋕⋺⋎⋑⋠⋎ ⋤⋕⋗⋐⋑⋐⋕── ┐
	(Example: Supposing the safety signature is 0xABCD)
	Check the safety signature. If it is correct, press and hold the service switch for
	one second or more and release.
	Processing starts.
Processing	Seven-segment indicators in the Safety CPU Unit repeat turning ON and OFF in
Trocessing	four at a time.
	• If processing ended in an error, an error code is shown in the seven-segment
	indicators in the Safety CPU Unit.
Wait for Completion Com-	The safety signature for the settings information transferred to the Safety CPU
mand	Unit is repeatedly shown as a four-digit hexadecimal number in the seven-seg-
	ment indicators of the Safety CPU Unit.
	(Example: Supposing the safety signature is 0xABCD)
	Check the safety signature. If it is correct, press and hold the service switch for
	one second or more and release.
	Completion processes starts.
Processing Completion	Seven-segment indicators in the Safety CPU Unit repeat turning ON and OFF in
	four at a time.
	╵└╼┝═┙═┚╋┝╗╔╌┨┾╒╝╔┑┨┾╔╸╋╼╞╌╌┘
	• If processing ended in an error, an error code is shown in the seven-segment
	indicators in the Safety CPU Unit.
Done	The safety signature including the date and time (UTC) is repeatedly shown in
	the seven-segment indicators of the Safety CPU Unit.
	(Example) Supposing the sefety signature is 0xADOD, and the date is 40x04x00
	(Example: Supposing the safety signature is 0xABCD, and the date is 16:21:36
	of June 22, 2017 (UTC))

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Processing stage	Procedure and Display
Restart	After turning OFF the power supply to the Controller, set the pins 1 to 4 of the DIP switch on the Safety CPU Unit as follows: 1 to OFF, 2 to OFF, 3 to OFF, and 4 to OFF, and turn ON the power supply to the Controller. The Safety CPU Unit starts in RUN mode. SETTING ON 1 2 3 4

Refer to *Section 12 Troubleshooting* on page 12-1 for errors that can occur while restoring the Safety Control Units.

10-1-3 Specifications of a Safety Unit Restore File

A Safety Unit Restore File is named as follows:

• File Name

File	File name
Safety Unit Restore File	SLSystem.dat

10-2 Versions for Which Safety Unit Restore Can Be Used

This section describes combinations of unit models and unit versions that can use Safety Unit Restore, and corresponding Sysmac Studio versions.

You can use the following version or later/higher.

Safety Control Unit		CPU Unit		Sysmac Studio
Model	Version	Model	Version	version
NX-SL5	Ver.1.3	NX502	Ver.1.60	Ver.1.54
		NX102	Ver.1.31	Ver.1.24

11

Safety Data Logging

This section describes the Safety Data Logging function.

11-1 Outline	of the Safety Data Logging Function	11-2
	g a Safety Data Logging Settings File with the Sysr	
11-3 Safety	Data Logging Operation Procedure	11-6
11-4 Checki	ng the Logging Status	11-7
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11-4-2	Checking with System-defined Variables	11-7
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11-1 Outline of the Safety Data Logging Function

The safety data logging is a function that records exposed variables and device variables used in the safety program of the Safety CPU Unit in a chronological order. The function logs the specified variables in the volatile memory and saves the log data into the SD Memory Card before and after the trigger condition is met. Refer to *11-6 Versions for Which Safety Data Logging Can Be Used* on page 11-10 for information on the Unit models and unit versions that can use this function, and corresponding Sysmac Studio versions.

Item	Specifications
Number of logging settings	2 max.
	Specify the respective settings including sampling interval,
	trigger conditions, and logging target.
Number of records	3000 records per setting
Sampling interval	Based on the task period of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102
	CPU Unit, select one of the four options specified by the
	Sysmac Studio for each setting.
Trigger condition	One variable can be specified as a trigger condition for each
	setting.
	BOOL variables: True or False
	Non-BOOL variables: Select any of the following and specify
	a constant:
	=: Equal to the constant
	≠: Not equal to the constant
	>: Greater than the constant
	<: Less than the constant
	≥: Equal to or greater than the constant
	≤: Equal to or less than the constant
Logging target	Up to 100 exposed variables and devices variables can be
	specified for each setting.
Storage location of the safety data logging set-	The data is saved in the following folder of the SD Memory
tings file and log files	Card that is mounted in the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU
	Unit.
	/SFLog/

This section provides the specifications of the safety data logging.

The safety data logging function works as follows:

Logging standby (waiting for start trigger)	Start Trigger	Logging in-progress (waiting for stop trigger)	
--	---------------	---	--

Status	Operation
Logging standby (waiting for start trig-	The safety data logging is not in progress. When the start trigger is
_ger)	detected, it enters the "logging in-progress" state.

Status	Operation
Logging in-progress (waiting for stop	The safety data logging is in progress. The log data is constantly re-
trigger)	corded in the ring buffer of the volatile memory. When the buffer be-
	comes full, the oldest log is discarded in order.
	When the unit enters the logging standby state with the stop trigger,
	logs in the buffer are saved into the SD Memory Card.

Start Trigger

When the following condition is met in the logging standby state, the start trigger is activated and the unit enters into the logging in-progress state.

• The service switch is pressed for operation after all the safety master connections were established.

However, if the logging settings file is configured to start logging at a startup, you do not need to press the service switch to start the logging in-progress state for the first logging.

• Stop Trigger

The stop trigger is activated by the following factors:

Stop factors	Logging to be stop- ped	Log files to be saved
When the trigger condition specified in a safety data logging settings file is met	Stop only the logging for which the trigger condition is met	Save only log files re- corded for the logging setting for which the trigger condition is met.
When the stop operation is performed with the service switch	Stop all the loggings in progress	Save log files for all the logging settings in progress.
When a communication error occurs in the safety master con- nections (FSoE master connection or CIP Safety originator connection)	Stop all the loggings in progress	Save log files for all the logging settings in progress.
 When the operation to stop the FSoE or CIP Safety communications is performed When the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit changes The setting is transferred to the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit The NX bus restart is executed, etc. 	Stop all the loggings in progress	Save log files for all the logging settings in progress.

When the unit enters the logging standby state with the stop trigger, logs into the buffer are saved into the SD Memory Card.

Precautions for Correct Use

Do not turn OFF the power supply to the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit while data is being transferred. Otherwise, the files may be damaged.

11-2 Creating a Safety Data Logging Settings File with the Sysmac Studio

The Sysmac Studio allows you to create a safety data logging settings file. Safety validation must be completed for the safety application data. Refer to *7-11 Performing Safety Validation and Operation* on page 7-65 for details on the safety validation of safety application data.

Use the following procedure to create a safety data logging settings file.

1 From the Controller selection in the Multiview Explorer, select the Safety CPU Unit and then go to Tools – Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File.

The Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File Window shown below appears.

	ettings File		×
Generate			Import
Logging Settings Number 1 🔻	Logging Settings ID	1234	
Start logging at startup			
Trigger condition NES	_IN_BOOL TRU	IE (rising)	
Sampling interval 5	🔻 ms		
Data ratio after 10.0 trigger	00 s ——	5.000 s	
Logging target (1	1/100)		
Name NES IN BOOL	I Data Type BOOL	I Comment	1 1
NES_OUT_BOOL	BOOL		
NES_IN_INT	INT		
NES_OUT_INT	INT		
ESTOP1	SAFEBOOL	Unit2_SID800_Si00	
Unit2_ConnectionStatus	SAFEBOOL	Unit2_SID800_ConnectionStatus	
Unit4_ConnectionStatus	SAFEBOOL	Unit4_SOD400_ConnectionStatus	
SR1	SAFEBOOL	Unit4_SOD400_So00	
Cip_SI0	SAFEBOOL	Cip_Si0_Byte0_Bit0	
Cip_SIB	SAFEBOOL	Cip_SiB_Byte1_Bit0	
	SAFEBOOL	Cip_SO0_Byte0_Bit0	

The structure of the Safety Data Logging Settings File Window is as follows:

Item	Description
Logging Settings Num-	Select 1 or 2.
ber	Up to two safety data logging settings files can be saved in the SD Memory
	Card. The logging settings ID for each file must be unique.

Item	Description	
Logging Settings ID	An ID number is specified to associate a logging settings file with relevant log files as its logging result. This ID number is used as part of their file names so that the safety data logging settings file and the corresponding log files can be identified.	
Start logging at startup	Selected: The safety data logging is executed at a startup without pressing the service switch. Not selected: The service switch operation is required for executing the safety data logging.	
Trigger condition	Specify a variable and a condition expression as the trigger to stop the safety data logging. Left box: Specify a variable name. Right box: Specify a constant value to compare. List in the middle: Select from the following. For BOOL: Select either True or False. For other than BOOL: Select one of the following options: =: Equal to the constant \neq : Not equal to the constant >: Greater than the constant <: Less than the constant \geq : Equal to or greater than the constant \leq : Equal to or less than the constant	
Sampling interval	Select a sampling interval.	
Data ratio after trigger	Specify a ratio of the log data after the trigger to that before the trigger.	
Logging target	Up to 100 variables can be registered for logging. Name: Specify the name of the variable is specified. Data Type: The data type of the variable is displayed. Comment: The comment for the variable is displayed.	
Generate Button	This button allows you to save a safety data logging settings file into a folder you specify.	
Import Button	This button allows you to import a safety data logging settings file.	

2 Specify the settings and click the **Generate** Button.

When you specify a save destination in the displayed dialog box and click the **OK** Button, the following file will be generated.

File name ^{*1}	Application
SFLogConfig_ <n>_<id>_<signature>.dat</signature></id></n>	Safety data logging settings file. This file is used for the safety data logging function.
SFLogConfig_ <n>_<id>_<signature>.txt</signature></id></n>	Confirmation file for safety data logging settings. A text file in which the settings are visualized. This file is not used for the safety data logging function.

 *1. The meaning of the extensions used for file names is as follows: N: Logging Settings Number
 ID: Logging Settings ID
 SIGNATURE: Safety Signature

3 Store the safety data logging settings file in /SFLog/ on the SD Memory Card.

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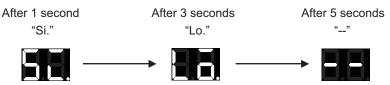
4

11-3 Safety Data Logging Operation Procedure

Use the following procedure to execute the safety data logging function:

- 1 Find the SD Memory Card that contains the safety data logging settings file in the specified folder. Insert the SD Memory Card into the SD Card Slot of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit to which the Safety CPU Unit is connected.
- **2** Set the DIP switch on the front panel of the Safety CPU Unit to turn ON SW2, and OFF SW1, SW3 and SW4.
- **3** Start or restart the NX502 CPU Unit, NX102 CPU Unit, and Safety CPU Unit.
 - If the logging settings file is configured to start logging at a startup, the logging execution starts when all the safety master connections are established. If the logging settings file is not configured to start logging at a startup, press the service switch on the front panel of the Safety CPU Unit after confirming that all the safety master connections are established.

If you hold down the service switch, the display of the seven-segment indicator will change as shown below.



Release the service switch while the indicator shows "Lo".

If you release the service switch while "--" is displayed, the function is not executed and the original state is restored.

5 Check the left dot of the seven-segment indicator on the Safety CPU Unit to see if the logging execution started normally.

If it starts normally, the left dot is lit. If it fails, the left dot is flashing.

6 Check the left dot of the seven-segment indicator on the Safety CPU Unit to see if the trigger condition was met and the log files were output.

When output of all the log files is completed, the left dot goes out and the right dot lights up. If the log files are not saved successfully, the right dot starts flashing.

By following Step 4, you can manually stop the logging that is in progress.

Remove the SD Memory Card.

11-4 Checking the Logging Status

You can verify the logging status in the following methods:

- · Checking the seven-segment indicator of the Safety CPU Unit.
- · Checking with system-defined variables

11-4-1 Checking the Seven-segment Indicator

The logging status is displayed with the right and left dots of the seven-segment indicator of the Safety CPU Unit as shown below.

Display area	Display	Description
Left dot of the seven-	Not lit	No logging is in progress.
segment indicator of	Lit	Logging is in progress.
the Safety CPU Unit	Flashing (0.5-s interval)	Logging did not start.
Right dot of the seven-	Not lit	No log file was output.
segment indicator of the Safety CPU Unit	Lit	A log file was saved successfully.
	Flashing (0.5-s interval)	A log file was not saved successfully.

11-4-2 Checking with System-defined Variables

You can verify the logging execution status by checking the system-defined variables of the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit.

The NX502 CPU Unit and NX102 CPU Unit have system-defined variables for each logging setting. For details on the system-defined variables, refer to *System-defined Variables* in the *NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual (Cat. No. W501).*

11-5 Log File Specifications

Log files are stored in the SD Memory Card.

A log file is saved as a comma-delimited text file with a csv extension. Log file specifications are described below.

Item	Specifications	
Log file name ^{*1 *2}	SFLog_ <n>_<id>_<signature>_<date of="" output="">_<time of="" output="">.csv</time></date></signature></id></n>	
File location	/SFLog/	

*1. N, ID, and SIGNATURE in a log file name are each set with the same text string set for the corresponding identifier in the file name of the relevant safety data logging settings file. The meaning of each identifier is as follows.

N: Logging Settings Number ID: Logging Settings ID SIGNATURE: Safety Signature

*2. As identifiers, the date of output is set as YYYYMMDD, and the time of output is as hhmmss.

The header row of a log record is output in the first row. The contents of the log record are output in the second and following rows.

Column	Item	Description
1st column	Record index (index)	Index number of the record. 0 to 2999
2nd column	Sampling time (time)	Sampling execution time. It is based on the time information configured in the NX502 CPU Unit or NX102 CPU Unit. YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm:ss.ms
3rd column	Condition is met (condition)	When the trigger condition is met for the record, 1 is output. * If the logging is stopped by pressing the service switch, there may be no re- cord with 1 for this value.
4th column and later	Sampling data (variable name)	It lists all the sampling data corresponding to the number of logging target vari- ables. All data is expressed in decimal notation. BOOL/SAFEBOOL: 0 (FALSE), 1 (TRUE) BYTE: 0 to 255 WORD/SAFEWORD: 0 to 65535 INT/SAFEINT: -32768 to 32767 DINT/SAFEDINT: -2147483648 to 2147483647

After the final row of the record, the additional information (footer) shown below is output following a blank row.

Row No.	Item	Description
1st footer row	Trigger variable (condition)	The trigger condition used for the logging is output.
2nd footer row	Reason for logging stopped (StopType)	The reason for the stopped logging is provided. condition: The logging stopped because the trigger condition specified in the logging setting was met. other: The logging stopped due to any reason other than the trigger con- dition.

This is a log file example: (condition)

Logging completion condition: VarX changes to FALSE Logging target: Var1(SAFEBOOL), Var2(SAFEBOOL), Var3(WORD) Reason for logging stopped: The trigger condition is met. (VarX changes to FALSE.) The condition was met when No2205 was read in the sampling.

```
"index", "time", "condition", "Var1:SAFEBOOL", "Var2:SAFEBOOL", "Var3:WORD"
:
"2200", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.443", "0", "1", "1", "153"
"2201", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.448", "0", "1", "0", "153"
"2202", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.453", "0", "1", "0", "153"
"2203", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.458", "0", "1", "0", "153"
"2204","2017-06-16 11:16:40.463","0","1","0","153"
"2205", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.468", "1", "1", "0", "153"
"2206", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.473", "0", "1", "0", "153"
"2207", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.478", "0", "1", "0", "153"
"2208", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.483", "0", "1", "0", "150"
"2209", "2017-06-16 11:16:40.488", "0", "1", "0", "150"
:
"2999","2017-06-16 11:16:40.488","0","1","0","150"
"condition:VarX=false"
"StopType:condition"
```

11-6 Versions for Which Safety Data Logging Can Be Used

This section describes combinations of unit models and unit versions that can use the safety data logging, and corresponding Sysmac Studio versions.

You can use the following version or later/higher.

Safety Control Unit		CPU Unit		Sysmac Studio
Model	Version	Model	Version	version
NX-SL5	Ver.1.3	NX502	Ver.1.60	Ver.1.54
		NX102	Ver.1.31	Ver.1.24

12

Troubleshooting

This section describes troubleshooting for the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.

12-1 How to	o Check for Errors	12-2
	ing for Errors with the Indicators	
12-2-1 12-2-2	Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety CPU Unit Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety I/O Units	
12-3 Check	ing for Errors with the Sysmac Studio	
12-3-1	Checking for Errors from the Sysmac Studio	
12-3-2	Types of Errors	12-15
12-3-3	Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures	12-17
12-3-4	Error Descriptions	12-33
12-4 Check	ing Errors of CIP Safety Target Devices Using Sysmac	: Studio 12-93
12-4-1	Troubleshooting the CIP Safety Target Device Errors	12-93
12-4-2	CIP Safety Connection Status Codes and Troubleshooting	12-98
12-5 Resett	ing Errors	
12-6 Troubl	eshooting Flow When Errors Occur	

12-1 How to Check for Errors

You can check to see if an error has occurred in the Safety Control Units with the following methods.

Checking method	What you can check
Checking the Indicators	Operating status of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, Safety CPU Unit, and Safe- ty I/O Units
Checking with the Troubleshoot- ing Function of the Sysmac Stu- dio	Current errors in the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units, error logs in the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units, and the sources, causes, and corrections for errors

In addition, you can check to see if an error has occurred with the CIP Safety target device by using the following methods.

Checking method	What you can check
Checking the Indicators of the CIP Safety Target Device	Device status and error status, etc.
Checking with the CIP Safety Monitor Function of Sysmac Studio	 Device status Connection status Parameter monitor value Event logs (for OMRON CIP Safety target devices only)

12-2 Checking for Errors with the Indicators

You can use the indicators on the NX Units to check the NX Unit status and errors. This section describes the meanings of errors that the indicators show and the troubleshooting procedures for them.

Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety CPU Unit 12-2-1

NX-SL3300/NX-SL3500							
TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action				
			Status is normal.				
		System Error	Refer to System Error (page 12-34).				
	1-second interval	NX Bus I/O Communica- tions Stopped	Refer to NX Bus I/O Com- munications Stopped (page 12-46).				
1-second interval	1-second interval	NX Unit I/O Communica- tions Error	Refer to NX Unit I/O Com- munications Error (page 12-37).				
2-second interval		InitializingDownloading	Status is normal. Wait un- til processing is complet- ed.				
∠-second interval			eu.				

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TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action
		No power is supplied by the Unit power supply.	 Check the following items and make sure that power is correctly supplied from the Unit power supply. Checks Related to the Power Supply Make sure that the power supply cable is wired properly. Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range. Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity. Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity. Make sure that the power supply has not failed. If you cannot resolve the problem after you check the above items and cycle the Slave Terminal power supply, the Unit may have a hardware failure. In that case, replace the Unit.
		Waiting for initialization to startRestarting the Unit	Status is normal. Wait un- til processing is complet- ed.
	1-second interval	Safety Process Data Communications Not Es- tablished Error Safety Process Data	Refer to Safety Process Data Communications Not Established Error (page 12-35). Refer to Safety Process
	1-second interval	Communications Timeout	Data Communications Timeout (page 12-39).
	1-second interval	The safety connections are not established (in- cluding when they are currently being establish- ed).	Wait until processing is completed.
	1-second interval	NX Bus Communications Settings Read Error	Refer to NX Bus Commu- nications Settings Read Error (page 12-59).
	1-second interval	Safety Application Data Read Error	Refer to Safety Applica- tion Data Read Error (page 12-59).

TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action		
	1-second interval	NX Bus Communications Settings and Safety Appli- cation Data Mismatch	Refer to NX Bus Commu- nications Settings and Safety Application Data Mismatch (page 12-60).		
	1-second interval	Non-volatile Memory Ac- cess Error	Refer to Non-volatile Memory Access Error (page 12-61).		
		Division by Zero	Refer to Division by Zero (page 12-56).		
	1-second interval	Cast Error	Defer to Cost Error (page		
	1-second interval	Cast Error	Refer to Cast Error (page 12-57).		
	1-second interval	MUX Error	Refer to MUX Error (page 12-58).		
	1-second interval	SF_Antivalent Error	Refer to SF_Antivalent Er- ror (page 12-47).		
	1-second interval	SF_EDM Error	Refer to SF_EDM Error (page 12-47).		
	1-second interval	SF_EmergencyStop Error	Refer to SF_Emergency- Stop Error (page 12-48).		
	1-second interval	SF_EnableSwitch Error	Refer to SF_Enable- Switch Error (page 12-48).		
	1-second interval	SF_Equivalent Error	Refer to SF_Equivalent Error (page 12-49).		
	1-second interval	SF_ESPE Error	Refer to SF_ESPE Error (page 12-49).		
	1-second interval	SF_GuardLocking Error	Refer to SF_GuardLock- ing Error (page 12-50).		
	1-second interval	SF_GuardMonitoring Er- ror	Refer to SF_GuardMoni- toring Error (page 12-50).		
	1-second interval	SF_ModeSelector Error	Refer to SF_ModeSelec- tor Error (page 12-51).		
	1-second interval	SF_MutingPar Error	Refer to SF_MutingPar Error (page 12-51).		
	1-second interval	SF_MutingPar_2Sensor Error	Refer to SF_Muting- Par_2Sensor Error (page 12-52).		

TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action
	1-second interval	SF_MutingSeq Error	Refer to SF_MutingSeq Error (page 12-52).
	1-second interval	SF_OutControl Error	Refer to SF_OutControl Error (page 12-53).
	1-second interval	SF_SafetyRequest Error	Refer to SF_SafetyRe- quest Error (page 12-53).
	1-second interval	SF_TestableSafetySensor Error	Refer to SF_TestableSa- fetySensor Error (page 12-54).
	1-second interval	SF_TwoHandControlTy- pell Error	Refer to SF_TwoHand- ControlTypeII Error (page 12-54).
	1-second interval	SF_TwoHandControlTy- peIII Error	Refer to SF_TwoHand- ControlTypeIII Error (page 12-55).
		NX Message Communi- cations Error	Refer to NX Message Communications Error (page 12-69).

NX-SL5500/NX-SL5700

TS in- dica- tor	NS In- dica- tor	FS in- dica- tor	P ERR In- dicator	Sev- en- seg- ment Indi- cator	Cause	Corrective action
						Status is normal.
				[H3]	System Error	Refer to System Error (page 12-34).
				[L3]	An error has occurred in the software.	Cycle the power supply. If the error reoccurs, contact your OMRON representative.
					NX Bus I/O Communications Stopped	Refer to NX Bus I/O Commu- nications Stopped (page 12-46).
1-sec- ond in- terval					NX Unit I/O Communications Error	Refer to NX Unit I/O Commu- nications Error (page 12-37).
2-sec- ond in- terval					InitializingDownloading	Status is normal. Wait until processing is completed.

TS in- dica- tor	NS In- dica- tor	FS in- dica- tor	P ERR In- dicator	Sev- en- seg- ment Indi- cator	Cause	Corrective action
					No power is supplied by the Unit power supply.	 Check the following items and make sure that power is correctly supplied from the Unit power supply. Checks Related to the Power Supply Make sure that the power supply cable is wired prop- erly. Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range. Make sure that the power supply has enough capaci- ty. Make sure that the power supply has not failed. If you cannot resolve the problem after you check the above items and cycle the Slave Terminal power supply, the Unit may have a hard- ware failure. In that case, re- place the Unit.
					Waiting for initialization to startRestarting the Unit	Status is normal. Wait until processing is completed.
	1-sec- ond inter- val			[d6] > [iP] > Re- mote IP ad- dress	CIP Safety Originator Con- nection Not Established Error	Refer to CIP Safety Origina- tor Connection Not Establish- ed Error (page 12-41).
	1-sec- ond inter- val			[dA] > [iP] > Re- mote IP ad- dress	CIP Safety Originator Con- nection Timeout	Refer to CIP Safety Origina- tor Connection Timeout (page 12-43).

TS in- dica- tor	NS In- dica- tor	FS in- dica- tor	P ERR In- dicator	Sev- en- seg- ment Indi- cator	Cause	Corrective action
	1-sec- ond inter- val			[d5] > [iP] > [Re- mote IP ad- dress]	CIP Safety Target Does Not Exist	Refer to CIP Safety Target Does Not Exist (page 12-44).
	1-sec- ond inter- val			[A0] > As- sem- bly No. Upper Byte > As- sem- bly No. Lower Byte	CIP Safety Target Connection Timeout	Refer to CIP Safety Target Connection Timeout (page 12-45).
		1-sec- ond inter- val			FSoE Master Connection Not Established Error	Refer to FSoE Master Con- nection Not Established Error (page 12-36).
		1-sec- ond inter- val			FSoE Master Connection Timeout	Refer to FSoE Master Con- nection Timeout (page 12-40).
		1-sec- ond inter- val			The safety connections are not established (including when they are currently being established).	Wait until processing is completed.
					NX Bus Communications Set- tings Read Error	Refer to NX Bus Communica- tions Settings Read Error (page 12-59).
					Safety Application Data Read Error	Refer to Safety Application Data Read Error (page 12-59).
					NX Bus Communications Set- tings and Safety Application Data Mismatch	Refer to NX Bus Communica- tions Settings and Safety Ap- plication Data Mismatch (page 12-60).

TS in- dica- tor	NS In- dica- tor	FS in- dica- tor	P ERR In- dicator	Sev- en- seg- ment Indi- cator	Cause	Corrective action
					Non-volatile Memory Access Error	Refer to Non-volatile Memory Access Error (page 12-61).
					Division by Zero	Refer to Division by Zero (page 12-56).
					Cast Error	Refer to Cast Error (page 12-57).
					MUX Error	Refer to MUX Error (page 12-58).
			1-second interval		SF_Antivalent Error	Refer to SF_Antivalent Error (page 12-47).
			1-second interval		SF_EDM Error	Refer to SF_EDM Error (page 12-47).
			1-second interval		SF_EmergencyStop Error	Refer to SF_EmergencyStop Error (page 12-48).
			1-second interval		SF_EnableSwitch Error	Refer to SF_EnableSwitch Error (page 12-48).
			1-second interval		SF_Equivalent Error	Refer to SF_Equivalent Error (page 12-49).
			1-second interval		SF_ESPE Error	Refer to SF_ESPE Error (page 12-49).
			1-second interval		SF_GuardLocking Error	Refer to SF_GuardLocking Error (page 12-50).
			1-second interval		SF_GuardMonitoring Error	Refer to SF_GuardMonitoring Error (page 12-50).
			1-second interval		SF_ModeSelector Error	Refer to SF_ModeSelector Error (page 12-51).

TS in- dica- tor	NS In- dica- tor	FS in- dica- tor	P ERR In- dicator	Sev- en- seg- ment Indi- cator	Cause	Corrective action
			1-second interval		SF_MutingPar Error	Refer to SF_MutingPar Error (page 12-51).
			1-second interval		SF_MutingPar_2Sensor Error	Refer to SF_Muting- Par_2Sensor Error (page 12-52).
			1-second interval		SF_MutingSeq Error	Refer to SF_MutingSeq Error (page 12-52).
			1-second interval		SF_OutControl Error	Refer to SF_OutControl Error (page 12-53).
			1-second interval		SF_SafetyRequest Error	Refer to SF_SafetyRequest Error (page 12-53).
			1-second interval		SF_TestableSafetySensor Er- ror	Refer to SF_TestableSafety- Sensor Error (page 12-54).
			1-second interval		SF_TwoHandControlTypeII Error	Refer to SF_TwoHandCon- trolTypell Error (page 12-54).
			1-second interval		SF_TwoHandControlTypeIII Error	Refer to SF_TwoHandCon- trolTypeIII Error (page 12-55).
					NX Message Communica- tions Error	Refer to NX Message Com- munications Error (page 12-69).
				[E1] > [01]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed to Start (SD Mem- ory Card Access Failed)	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed to Start (SD Memory Card Access Failed) (page 12-62).
				[E1] > [02]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed to Start (Safety Unit Restore File Read Fail- ure)	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed to Start (Safety Unit Restore File Read Failure) (page 12-63).
				[E1] > [03]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed to Start (Model Mismatch)	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed to Start (Model Mismatch) (page 12-64).

TS in- dica- tor	NS In- dica- tor	FS in- dica- tor	P ERR In- dicator	Sev- en- seg- ment Indi- cator	Cause	Corrective action
				[E1] > [04]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed to Start (Version Mismatch)	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed to Start (Version Mismatch) (page 12-65).
				[E1] > [05]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed to Start (Node Name Mismatch)	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed to Start (Node Name Mismatch) (page 12-66).
				[E1] > [06]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed to Start (Safety Password Mismatch)	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed to Start (Safety Password Mismatch) (page 12-67).
				[E1] > [10]	Safety Unit Restore Opera- tion Failed	Refer to Safety Unit Restore Operation Failed (page 12-68).
				[E8]	Incorrect DIP Switch Setting	Refer to Incorrect DIP Switch Setting (page 12-61).

12-2-2 Troubleshooting the Main Errors in the Safety I/O Units

NX-SIH400/NX-SID800/NX-SOD400/NX-SOH200

TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action
			Status is normal.
	1-second inter-	Safety Process Data Communica- tions Not Established - Incorrect Unit Parameter Error	Refer to Safety Process Data Com- munications Not Established - Incor- rect Unit Parameter Error (page 12-73).
	1-second inter- val	Safety Process Data Communica- tions Not Established, Incorrect FSoE Slave Address Error	Refer to Safety Process Data Com- munications Not Established, Incor- rect FSoE Slave Address Error (page 12-74).
	1-second inter- val	Safety Process Data Communica- tions Not Established, Incorrect Frame Error	Refer to Safety Process Data Com- munications Not Established, Incor- rect Frame Error (page 12-75).
	1-second inter- val	I/O Power Supply Voltage Error	Refer to I/O Power Supply Voltage Error (page 12-83).
	1-second inter- val	Output Power Interrupt Circuit Error	Refer to Output Power Interrupt Cir- cuit Error (page 12-84).

TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action
	1-second inter- val	External Test Signal Failure at Safe- ty Input	Refer to External Test Signal Failure at Safety Input (page 12-85).
	1-second inter- val	Internal Circuit Error at Safety Input	Refer to Internal Circuit Error at Safety Input (page 12-80).
	1-second inter- val	Discrepancy Error at Safety Input	Refer to Discrepancy Error at Safety Input (page 12-86).
	1-second inter- val	Overload Detected at Test Output	Refer to Overload Detected at Test Output (page 12-87).
	1-second inter- val	Stuck-at-high Detected at Test Out- put	Refer to Stuck-at-high Detected at Test Output (page 12-88).
	1-second inter- val	Internal Circuit Error at Test Output	Refer to Internal Circuit Error at Test Output (page 12-81).
	1-second inter- val	Short Circuit Detected at Safety Out- put	Refer to Short Circuit Detected at Safety Output (page 12-89).
	1-second inter- val	Stuck-at-high Detected at Safety Output	Refer to Stuck-at-high Detected at Safety Output (page 12-90).
	1-second inter- val	Internal Circuit Error at Safety Out- put	Refer to Internal Circuit Error at Safety Output (page 12-82).
2-second inter- val		Initializing	Status is normal. Wait until process- ing is completed.
		System Error	Refer to System Error (page 12-72).
	1-second inter- val	NX Bus I/O Communications Stop- ped	Refer to NX Bus I/O Communica- tions Stopped (page 12-79).
1-second inter- val	1-second inter- val	NX Unit I/O Communications Error	Refer to NX Unit I/O Communica- tions Error (page 12-76).

TS indicator	FS indicator	Cause	Corrective action
		No power is supplied by the Unit power supply.	 Check the following items and make sure that power is correctly supplied from the Unit power supply. Checks Related to the Power Supply Make sure that the power supply cable is wired properly. Make sure that there are no breaks in the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply cable. Make sure that the power supply voltage is within the specified range. Make sure that the power supply has enough capacity. Make sure that the power supply has not failed. If you cannot resolve the problem after you check the above items and cycle the Slave Terminal power supply, the Unit may have a hardware failure. In that case, replace the Safety I/O Unit.
		Waiting for initialization to startRestarting the Unit	Status is normal. Wait until process- ing is completed.
	1-second inter- val	The safety connections are not es- tablished (including when they are currently being established).	Wait until processing is completed.
	1-second inter- val	Safety Process Data Communica- tions Timeout	Refer to Safety Process Data Com- munications Timeout (page 12-78).
		NX Message Communications Error	Refer to NX Message Communica- tions Error (page 12-91).

12-3 Checking for Errors with the Sysmac Studio

Error management on the NX Series is based on the methods used for the NJ/NX-series Controllers. This allows you to use the Sysmac Studio to check the meanings of errors and troubleshooting procedures.

12-3-1 Checking for Errors from the Sysmac Studio

When an error occurs, you can place the Sysmac Studio online to the Controller or the Communications Coupler Unit to check current Controller errors and the log of past Controller errors.

Refer to the user's manual for the connected NX bus master for information on checking errors.

Current Errors

Open the Sysmac Studio's **Controller Error** Tab Page to check the current *error's level, source, source details, event name, event codes, details, attached information 1 to 4,* and *correction.* Errors in the *observation level* are not displayed.



Additional Information

Number of Current Errors

The following table gives the number of errors that are reported simultaneously as current errors in each Unit.

Unit	Number of simultaneous errors
Safety CPU Unit	NX-SL3300 / NX-SL3500: 32
	NX-SL5500 / NX-SL5700: 64
Safety I/O Units	16

If the number of errors exceeds the maximum number of reportable current errors, errors are reported with a priority given to the oldest and highest-level errors. The errors that occur beyond this limit are not reported.

Errors that are not reported are still shown in the error status.

Log of Past Errors

You can check the following information on past errors on the **Controller Event Log** Tab Page in the Sysmac Studio: *times*, *levels*, *sources*, *source details*, *event names*, *event codes*, *details*, *attached information 1 through 4*, and *corrections*.

12-3 Checking for Errors with the Sysmac Studio

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Additional Information

Number of Events in Log of Past Errors

The following table gives the number of events that each event log can record. When an event log is full and a new event occurs, the oldest data in the log is replaced with the new event information

Event log esterony	Unit					
Event log category	Safety CPU Unit	Safety I/O Units				
System event log	NX-SL3300 / NX-SL3500: 32	10				
	NX-SL5500 / NX-SL5700: 128					
Access event log	32 events total	10				

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* and the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)* for information on the items you can check and for how to check for errors.

Refer to *12-3-3 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures* on page 12-17 for information on event codes.

12-3-2 Types of Errors

This section describes the errors that can originate in the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units and how to correct them.

Safety CPU Unit

The errors that can occur in the Safety CPU Unit and the operation that is performed for each are described in the following table.

Туре	Overview	Operation
System Error	Errors that occur in hard-	The Safety CPU Unit will stop.
	ware self-diagnosis in the	The Safety I/O Units will detect this and make the safety I/O data
	Safety CPU Unit	inactive (OFF).
Communica-	Errors that occur in safe-	The Safety CPU Unit will continue operation.
tions Errors	ty process data commu-	The relevant safety process data communications will stop.
	nications	The Unit that detects the safety process data communications er-
		ror will make the safety I/O data inactive (OFF).
Operation con-	Errors that occur in the	The Safety CPU Unit will continue operation.
tinuation error	safety function blocks in	Refer to NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference
related to pro-	the Safety CPU Unit	Manual (Cat. No. Z931) for the operation of function blocks in
gram execution		which errors occur.
Operation stop	Errors that occur in the	The Safety CPU Unit operation is continued; however, the execu-
error related to	safety function blocks in	tion of user programs and all the safety process data communi-
program execu-	the Safety CPU Unit	cations are stopped.
tion		Refer to NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference
		Manual (Cat. No. Z931) for the operation of function blocks in
		which errors occur.
Setting error	Safety CPU Unit setting	The Safety CPU Unit continues operation. Refer to the list of er-
	error	rors for details.

Туре	Overview	Operation
Other Errors	Errors other than those	The Safety CPU Unit will continue operation.
	given above	Refer to the list of errors for details.

Events are recorded in the log when the Safety CPU Unit is accessed by the Sysmac Studio.

Туре	Overview	Operation
User access log	The Safety CPU Unit was accessed by the	The Safety CPU Unit will continue operation.
	Sysmac Studio.	

Safety I/O Units

The errors that can occur in the Safety I/O Units and the operation that is performed for each are described in the following table.

Туре	Overview	Operation
System error	Errors that occur in hardware self-di- agnosis in the Safety I/O Units	The Safety I/O Unit will stop.
Communica-	Errors that occur in safety process	The Safety I/O Unit will continue operation.
tions errors	data communications with the Safety	The Safety I/O Unit will make the safety I/O data inac-
	CPU Units	tive (OFF).
Safety I/O er-	Errors that occur in safety I/O in the	The Safety I/O Unit will continue operation.
rors	Safety I/O Units	Safety process data communications will continue.
		The safety I/O data will become inactive (OFF).
Other errors	Errors other than those given above	The Safety I/O Unit will continue operation.
		Refer to the list of errors for details.

Events are recorded in the log when the Safety I/O Unit is accessed by the Sysmac Studio.

Туре	Overview	Operation
User access log	The Safety I/O Unit was accessed by the Sys-	The Safety I/O Unit will continue operation.
	mac Studio.	

12-3-3 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures

This section lists the errors (events) that can originate in the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.

Event levels are given in the tables as follows:

- Maj : Major fault level
- Prt : Partial fault level
- Min : Minor fault level
- Obs : Observation
- Info : Information

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Troubleshooting Manual (Cat. No. W503)* for all of the event codes that may occur for an NJ/NX-series Controller.

Safety CPU Unit

The errors (events) that can occur in the Safety CPU Unit are listed in the following tables.

• System Error

			Level						
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
05200000 hex	System Er- ror	A hardware error was detected during self- diagnosis of the hard- ware.	 Hardware has failed. A memory error occurred due to a transient cause, such as a software error or excessive noise. 			0			page 12-34

• Communications Errors

					L	.eve	el		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
35200000 hex	Safety Proc-	Safety process data	The communications settings			0			page
[NX-SL3□□]	ess Data Communica-	communications was not established with	for safety process data are not correct, the safety slave is not						12-35
	tions Not Es-	one or more safety	in the correct status, etc.						
	tablished Er-	slaves.	The safety slave for safety						
	ror		process data communications						
			is not connected.The NX Unit Mounting Setting						
			for the safety slave for safety						
			process data communications						
			is set to Disabled.						

			Level	
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause M P M O I a rt b f n s o	Reference
35200001 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	FSoE Mas- ter Connec- tion Not Es- tablished Er- ror	FSoE communica- tions were not estab- lished with the FSoE slave.	The FSoE communications O settings are not correct, the FSoE slave is not in the correct status, etc. The FSoE slave for FSoE C communications is not connected. C The FSoE slave set in the NX C	page 12-36
			Unit Mounting Setting for FSoE communications is disabled. The version of the FSoE slave to be communicated is older than the configured version.	

				Level					
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
8020000 hex	NX Unit I/O Communica- tions Error	An I/O communica- tions error occurred between the NX bus master and the NX Unit.	 NX Bus of the CPU Unit An error occurred in the CPU Unit, which prevents the NX bus communications from be- ing carried out normally. The NX Unit is not mounted properly. The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit power supply to the NX Units is incorrect. The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken. The Unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the Unit power capacity is not suf- ficient. There is a hardware error in the NX Unit. Communications Coupler Unit An error occurred in the Com- munications Coupler Unit, which prevents the NX bus communications from being carried out normally. The NX Unit is not mounted properly. The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit power supply to the NX Units is incorrect. The power cable for the Unit power supply to the NX Units is incorrect. The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken. The Unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the Unit power capacity is not suf- ficient. The Unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the Unit power capacity is not suf- ficient. There is a hardware error in the NX Unit. 						page 12-37

Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	Level					
				M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
8030000 hex [NX-SL3□□]	Safety Proc- ess Data Communica- tions Time- out	A communications timeout occurred in safety process data communications with the Safety Control Unit.	 A setting is not correct. The setting of the safety task period is too short. There is excessive noise. The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety process data communications. The process data communications were not performed correctly because an error or status change occurred in the NX bus master to which the Unit is connected. 			0			page 12-39
80300001 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	FSoE Mas- ter Connec- tion Timeout	A communication timeout occurred in FSoE communica- tions with the FSoE slave.	 A setting is not correct. The setting of the safety task period is too short. There is excessive noise. The Safety CPU Unit or FSoE slave entered a state where it could not continue FSoE communications. The process data communications were not performed correctly because an error or status change occurred in the NX bus master to which the Unit is connected. 			0			page 12-40

						_eve	el		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
80310000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	CIP Safety Originator Connection Not Estab- lished Error	CIP safety originator connection was not established.	 The target node is different. The target node is not configured. The target node status is invalid. The Do not use Option is selected for CIP message server setting in the EtherNet/IP Port Settings. The settings of the NX-series CPU Unit and NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit related to CIP Safety communications do not match the settings of the Safety CPU Unit. Setting to use tag data link communications was made to the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit that is included in the CIP Safety connection settings. The NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit that is data link communications settings. The NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit with tag data link communications was added to the CIP Safety connection settings. The Do not use Option is selected for CIP Safety communications. The Do not use Option is selected for CIP Safety communications was added to the CIP Safety connection settings. The Do not use Option is selected for CIP Safety communications in the Built-in EtherNet/IP Port Settings. 			0			page 12-41
8032000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	CIP Safety Originator Connection Timeout	A timeout occurred in CIP safety originator connection.	 The communications cable is disconnected or broken. The target node entered a state where it could not accept the connection. The timeout value in the communications setup is too small. CIP message communications at the target node are stopped. When the Packet Filter function is enabled in the EtherNet/IP Port Settings, CIP Safety packets from the target node are not allowed. CIP Safety packets are not allowed by the Packet Filter (Simple) or Packet Filter functions on the target node or the devices on the communication path. There is excessive noise. 			0			page 12-43

					L	eve			
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
80330000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	CIP Safety Target Does Not Exist	The target node does not exist.	 The communications cable is disconnected or broken. The target node entered a state where it could not accept the connection. The timeout value in the communications setup is too small. CIP message communications at the target node are stopped. CIP Safety packets from the originator node are not allowed by the Packet Filter (Simple) or Packet Filter functions on the target node or the devices on the communication path. There is excessive noise. 			0			page 12-44
80340000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	CIP Safety Target Con- nection Timeout	A timeout occurred in the CIP Safety Target connection.	 The communications cable is disconnected or broken. The originator device entered a state where it could not accept the connection. The timeout value for the communications settings is too small. CIP Safety packets from the originator node are not allowed by the Packet Filter (Simple) or Packet Filter functions in the EtherNet/IP Port Settings or on the devices on the communication path. The CIP message server setting for the originator node is set to Do not use. When the Packet Filter functions is enabled, CIP Safety packets from the target node are not allowed. There is excessive noise. The Do not use Option is selected for CIP Safety communications in the Built-in EtherNet/IP Port Settings. 			0			page 12-45
84F00000 hex	NX Bus I/O Communica- tions Stop- ped	An error occurred in I/O communications between the NX bus master and an NX Unit.	There is a hardware error in the NX bus master or an NX Unit.			0			page 12-46

				Level					
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
74A00000 hex	SF_Antiva- lent Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-47
74A10000 hex	SF_EDM Er- ror	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-47
74A20000 hex	SF_Emer- gencyStop Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-48
74A30000 hex	SF_Enable- Switch Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-48
74A40000 hex	SF_Equiva- lent Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-49
74A50000 hex	SF_ESPE Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-49
74A60000 hex	SF_Guar- dLocking Er- ror	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-50
74A70000 hex	SF_Guard- Monitoring Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-50

Operation Continuation Error Related to Program Execution Function

12-3 Checking for Errors with the Sysmac Studio

12-3-3 Event Codes for Errors and Troubleshooting Procedures

					l				
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
74A80000 hex	SF_Mode- Selector Er- ror	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-51
74A90000 hex	SF_Muting- Par Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).			0			page 12-51
74AA0000 hex	SF_Muting- Par_2Sen- sor Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-52
74AB0000 hex	SF_Muting- Seq Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-52
74AC0000 hex	SF_OutCon- trol Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-53
74AD0000 hex	SF_Safe- tyRequest Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-53
74AE0000 hex	SF_Testa- bleSafety- Sensor Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-54
74AF0000 hex	SF_Two- HandCon- trolTypell Er- ror	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-54

					L	.eve	l		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
74B00000 hex	SF_Two- HandCon- trolTypeIII Error	An error was detect- ed in execution of a safety function block.	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. 2931).			0			page 12-55

Operation Stop Error Related to Program Execution

					L	eve	l		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
55000000 hex	Division by Zero	Division by zero was detected.	The divisor is zero.			0			page 12-56
55010000 hex	Cast Error	A casting error was detected.	A value was input that exceeded the range of the receiving varia- ble.			0			page 12-57
55020000 hex	MUX Error	An MUX instruction error was detected.	The value of the selection input (K) to the MUX instruction is not correct.			0			page 12-58

• Setting Errors

					L	.eve	I		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
10500000 hex	NX Bus Communica- tions Set- tings Read Error	There is an error in the NX Bus communi- cations settings that are saved in non-vol- atile memory.	 A hardware failure occurred in the non-volatile memory. Power was turned OFF while saving data to the non-volatile memory. 			0			page 12-59
10510000 hex	Safety Appli- cation Data Read Error	There is an error in the safety application data that is saved in non-volatile memory.	 A hardware failure occurred in the non-volatile memory. Power was turned OFF while saving data to the non-volatile memory. 			0			page 12-59
10520000 hex	NX Bus Communica- tions Set- tings and Safety Appli- cation Data Mismatch	There is an error in the safety application data that is saved in non-volatile memory.	 The NX bus communications settings that were transferred to the Safety CPU Unit do not match the safety application data. 			0			page 12-60
10530000 hex	Non-volatile Memory Ac- cess Error	Reading/writing non- volatile memory failed.	Non-volatile memory failure.			0			page 12-61

					L	.eve	el		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
24AA0000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Incorrect DIP Switch Setting	The DIP switch set- ting is not correct.	The DIP switch setting was changed to an incorrect value.				0		page 12-61

• Restore Function Errors

					L	_eve	el		-
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
35250000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed to Start (SD Memory Card Access Failed)	Access to the SD Memory Card failed when you start the re- store operation for a Safety Unit.	 An SD Memory Card is not inserted. The SD Memory Card type is not correct. The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct. The SD Memory Card is damaged. 				0		page 12-62
35260000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed to Start (Safety Unit Restore File Read Failure)	Reading the Safety Unit Restore File failed.	 The Safety Unit Restore File is not stored in the specified fold- er. The Safety Unit Restore File is corrupted. 				0		page 12-63
35270000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed to Start (Model Mismatch)	A model mismatch was detected during pre-execution checks for a restore opera- tion for a Safety Unit.	 The restore operation for a Safety Unit was performed on an incorrect Unit. An incorrect Safety Unit Re- store File was used. 				0		page 12-64
35280000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed to Start (Ver- sion Mis- match)	A version mismatch was detected during pre-execution checks for a restore opera- tion for a Safety Unit.	 The restore operation for a Safety Unit was performed on an incompatible unit. An incorrect Safety Unit Re- store File was used. 				0		page 12-65
35290000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed to Start (Node Name Mis- match)	A node name mis- match was detected during pre-execution checks for a restore operation for a Safety Unit.	 The restore operation for a Safety Unit was performed on an incorrect Unit. An incorrect Safety Unit Re- store File was used. The node name specified when the Safety Unit Restore File was generated is incor- rect. 				0		page 12-66

					L	.eve	l		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
352A0000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed to Start (Safety Password Mismatch)	A safety password mismatch was detect- ed during pre-execu- tion checks for a re- store operation for a Safety Unit.	 The restore operation for a Safety Unit was performed on an incorrect Unit. An incorrect Safety Unit Re- store File was used. The safety password specified when the Safety Unit Restore File was generated is incor- rect. 				0		page 12-67
352B0000 hex [NX-SL5□□□]	Safety Unit Restore Op- eration Failed	The restore operation for a Safety Unit ended in an error.	 The SD Memory Card was removed during a restore operation for a Safety Unit. Data was read from or written to the SD Memory Card via the Support Software or an FTP client during a restore operation for a Safety Unit. 				0		page 12-68

• Other Errors

					L	.eve	el		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
80220000 hex	NX Message Communica- tions Error	An error was detect- ed in message com- munications for an NX Unit and the mes- sage frame was dis- carded.	 The message communications load is high. The communications cable is disconnected or broken. This cause does not apply if attach- ed information 2 is 0 (NX bus). Message communications were cut off as the result of ex- ecuting a synchronization or restoration operation on the Sysmac Studio or as the result of disconnecting an EtherCAT slave. 				0		page 12-69
951E0000 hex	Sysmac Stu- dio Commu- nications Connection Timeout	A communications timeout occurred be- tween the Sysmac Studio and the Safety CPU Unit.	 The communications cable was disconnected. 					0	page 12-70
951F0000 hex	Clear All Memory Re- jected	Clearing all of memo- ry failed.	 The Clear All Memory opera- tion for a Controller or a Slave Terminal was performed. 					0	page 12-70

• User Access Log

					L	.eve			
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
90400000 hex	Event Log Cleared	The event log was cleared.	 The event log was cleared by the user. 					0	page 12-71
90430000 hex	Memory All Cleared	The Unit settings were cleared.	The Clear All Memory opera- tion was performed.					0	page 12-71

Safety I/O Units

The errors (events) that can occur in the Safety I/O Units are listed in the following tables.

• System Error

					L	.eve	l		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
05200000 hex	System Er- ror	A hardware error was detected during self- diagnosis of the hard- ware.	 Hardware has failed. A memory error occurred due to a transient cause, such as a software error or excessive noise. 			0			page 12-72

• Communications Errors

					L	.eve	l		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
35210000 hex	Safety Proc- ess Data Communica- tions Not Es- tablished - Incorrect Unit Param- eter Error	Safety process data communications was not established with the Safety CPU Unit.	 The model or safety I/O termi- nal settings are not correct. 			0			page 12-73
35230000 hex	Safety Proc- ess Data Communica- tions Not Es- tablished, In- correct FSoE Slave Address Er- ror	Safety process data communications was not established with the Safety CPU Unit because of an incor- rect FSoE slave ad- dress.	 The setting of the FSoE slave address in the safety process data communications settings is different from the setting in the Unit. 			0			page 12-74

					I	_eve	el		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
35240000 hex	Safety Proc- ess Data Communica- tions Not Es- tablished, In- correct Frame Error	Safety process data communications were not established with the Safety CPU Unit because an incorrect frame was received.	 An incorrect frame was received in safety process data communications. There is excessive noise. 			0			page 12-75
8020000 hex	NX Unit I/O Communica- tions Error	An I/O communica- tions error occurred between the NX bus master and the NX Unit.	 The NX Unit is not mounted properly. The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit power supply to the NX Units is incorrect. The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken. The unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the unit power capacity is not sufficient. There is a hardware error in the NX Unit. 			0			page 12-76
8030000 hex	Safety Proc- ess Data Communica- tions Time- out	A communications timeout occurred in safety process data communications with the Safety Control Unit.	 A setting is not correct. The setting of the safety task period is too short. There is excessive noise. The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety process data communications. The process data communications. The process data communications were not performed correctly because an error or status change occurred in the NX bus master to which the Unit is connected. 			0			page 12-78
84F10000 hex	NX Bus I/O Communica- tions Stop- ped	An error occurred in I/O communications between the NX bus master and an NX Unit.	There is a hardware error in the NX bus master or an NX Unit.			0			page 12-79

Safety I/O Errors

					L	eve	el		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
05210000 hex	Internal Cir- cuit Error at Safety Input	A fault was detected in the internal circuit for the safety input terminal.	 The internal circuit for the safe- ty input terminal is faulty. A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as an excessive noise. 			0			page 12-80
05220000 hex	Internal Cir- cuit Error at Test Output	A fault was detected in the internal circuit for the test output ter- minal.	 The internal circuit for the test output terminal is faulty. A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as an excessive noise. 			0			page 12-81
05230000 hex	Internal Cir- cuit Error at Safety Out- put	A fault was detected in the internal circuit for the safety output terminal.	 The internal circuit for the safe- ty output terminal is faulty. A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as an excessive noise. 			0			page 12-82
65200000 hex	I/O Power Supply Volt- age Error	An incorrect I/O pow- er supply voltage was detected.	The input power or output power is not supplied correctly.			0			page 12-83
65210000 hex	Output Pow- er Interrupt Circuit Error	An error was detect- ed by the output pow- er interruption test.	• The wiring is not correct or there is a fault in the hardware.			0			page 12-84
65220000 hex	External Test Signal Fail- ure at Safety Input	An error was detect- ed in test pulse evalu- ation of the safety in- put terminals.	 The positive power supply wire is in contact with the input sig- nal line. The input signal lines are shorted. The external device is faulty. An error occurred in the test output terminal used with the safety input terminal. 			0			page 12-85
65230000 hex	Discrepancy Error at Safety Input	An error was detect- ed in discrepancy evaluation of safety input terminals.	 There is a ground fault or disconnection in the input signal line. The connected device is faulty. The setting of the discrepancy time is not correct. Chattering occurred in the input signal from the external input device, such as a safety door. An error occurred in the test output terminal used with the safety input terminal. 			0			page 12-86
65240000 hex	Overload Detected at Test Output	An overcurrent was detected at the test output terminal.	 There is a ground fault on the output signal line. The external device is faulty. 			0			page 12-87

					L	.eve	l		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
65250000 hex	Stuck-at- high Detect- ed at Test Output	It was detected that the test output termi- nal is stuck ON.	 The positive power supply line is in contact with the output signal line. The internal circuit is faulty. A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as a software er- ror or excessive noise. 			0			page 12-88
65270000 hex	Short Circuit Detected at Safety Out- put	A ground fault was detected on the safe- ty output terminal.	 There is a ground fault on the output signal line. 			0			page 12-89
65280000 hex	Stuck-at- high Detect- ed at Safety Output	It was detected that the safety output ter- minal is stuck ON.	 The positive power supply line is in contact with the output signal line. The output power supply is outside the specifications. The internal circuit is faulty. A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as a software er- ror or excessive noise. 			0			page 12-90

• Other Errors

					L	.eve	I		
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
80220000 hex	NX Message Communica- tions Error	An error was detect- ed in message com- munications for an NX Unit and the mes- sage frame was dis- carded.	 The message communications load is high. The communications cable is disconnected or broken. Message communications were cut off as the result of ex- ecuting a synchronization or restoration operation on the Sysmac Studio or as the result of disconnecting an EtherCAT slave. 				0		page 12-91

• User Access Log

						Level			
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
90400000 hex	Event Log Cleared	The event log was cleared.	The event log was cleared by the user.					0	page 12-92

				Level					
Event code	Event name	Meaning	Assumed cause	M a j	P rt	M i n	O b s	l n f o	Reference
90430000 hex	Memory All Cleared	The Unit settings were cleared.	The Clear All Memory operation was performed.					0	page 12-92

12-3 Checking for Errors with the Sysmac Studio

12

12-3-4 Error Descriptions

12-3-4	Error	Descriptio	ons
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This section describes the information that is given for individual errors.

Controller Error Descriptions

The items that are used to describe individual errors (events) are described in the following copy of an error table.

Event name	Gives the name	of the error.		Event code	Gives the code of	of the error.				
Meaning	Gives a short de	scription of the eri	ror.	•	•					
Source	Gives the source	e of the error.	Source details	Gives details on the source of the error.	Detection tim- ing	Tells when the error is detect-ed.				
Error attrib- utes	Level	Tells the level of influence on standard con- trol. ^{*1}	Recovery	Gives the re- covery meth- od. ^{*2}	Log category	Tells which log the error is saved in. ^{*3}				
Effects	User program	Tells what will happen to exe- cution of the user program in the NJ/NX- series CPU Unit. ^{*4}	Operation	Provides specific results from the	c information on th error.	e operation that				
Indicators	Gives the status el.	of the indicators of	on the Safety Cont	rol Unit, which sh	ow status other th	an the event lev-				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name					
fined varia- bles				•	ariables that provi gs that cause the					
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention					
correction	Lists the possible	e causes, correctio	ons, and preventiv	e measures for th	he error.					
Attached in- formation	This is the attach	ned information the	at is displayed by	the Sysmac Studi	0.					
Precautions/ Remarks	Provides precau	tions, restrictions,	and supplementa	l information.						

*1. This is the level of influence on standard control, and not the level of influence on safety control. One of the following:

Major fault: Major fault level Partial fault: Partial fault level Minor fault: Minor fault level Observation Information

*2. One of the following:

Automatic recovery: Normal status is restored automatically when the cause of the error is removed. Error reset: Normal status is restored when the error is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Cycle the power supply: Normal status is restored when the power supply to the Controller is turned OFF and then back ON after the cause of the error is removed. Controller reset: Normal status is restored when the Controller is reset after the cause of the error is removed. Controller reset: Normal status is restored when the Controller is reset after the cause of the error is removed.

*3. One of the following:

System: System event log

Access: Access event log

*4. This status is for the execution of the user program in the NJ-series CPU Unit, and not for the execution of the safety program in the Safety CPU Unit. One of the following:

Continues: Execution of the user program in the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit will continue.

Stops: Execution of the user program in the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit stops.

Starts: Execution of the user program in the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit starts.

Safety CPU Unit

Details on the errors (events) that can occur in the Safety CPU Unit are given in the following tables.

• System Error

Event name	System Error			Event code	05200000 hex						
Meaning	A hardware erro	r was detected du	ring self-diagnosis	of the hardware.	•						
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	Continuously					
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the Unit.	Log category	System					
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit stops o to the safe states	perating and the I s.	/O data changes					
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name						
fined varia- bles	None		None		None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention						
correction	Hardware has fa	iled.	Cycle the power	supply. If the er-	If cycling the pow	wer supply re-					
	A memory error a transient cause ware error or exe	e, such as a soft-	ror occurs again Unit.	, replace the	stores normal op may be excessiv Unit. Implement measures.	ve noise near the					
Attached in-		ation 1: System inf									
formation		ation 2: System inf									
		ation 3: System inf									
-		ation 4: System inf	formation, status o	code							
Precautions/ Remarks	None										

• Communications Errors

Event name	Safety Process I lished Error	Data Communicat	ions Not Estab-	Event code	35200000 hex			
Meaning	Safety process of	lata communicatio	ons was not establ	lished with one or	more safety slave	S.		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ues to operate, but I/O data of safety was detected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None		None		None			
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention			
correction	The communicat safety process d rect, the safety s correct status, et	ata are not cor- lave is not in the		Refer to the error for the safety slave and correct the problem.		rs for the safety ement counter-		
	The safety slave ess data commu connected.	• •	Make sure the si connected corre	-	Make sure that a slaves to commu connected befor the Safety CPU mode (STOPPE mode (RUN), or	unicate with are e you change Unit to DEBUG D), DEBUG		
	The safety slave Unit Mounting So process data cor disabled.	etting for safety	Set the disabled the NX Unit Mou that they do not safety process d tions and then tr to the Safety CP	nting Setting so participate in lata communica- ansfer the data	Set the disabled safety slaves the NX Unit Mounting Setting that they do not participate in safety process data communic tions.			
Attached in- formation	None				1			
Precautions/ Remarks		, when the cause		-	/ connections after ess data communi			

Event name	FSoE Master Co	nnection Not Esta	ablished Error	Event code	35200001 hex	
Meaning	FSoE communic	ations were not e	stablished with the	FSoE slave.		
Source	Studio is connected and the system configuration.		Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		ues to operate, but the safe sta I/O data of the safety connect was detected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The FSoE communications set- tings are not correct, the FSoE slave is not in the correct status, etc.		Refer to the error for the FSoE slave and correct the problem.		Refer to the errors for the FSoE slaves and implement counter- measures.	
	The FSoE slave for FSoE com- munications is not connected.		Make sure the FSoE slave is connected correctly.		Make sure that all of the FSoE slaves to communicate with are connected before you change the Safety CPU Unit to DEBUG mode (STOPPED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode.	
	The FSoE slave set in the NX Unit Mounting Setting for FSoE communications is disabled.		the NX Unit Mou that they do not FSoE communic	e disabled FSoE slaves in C Unit Mounting Setting so ey do not participate in communications and then er the data to the Safety Jnit.		inting Setting so participate in
	The version of the communicate the configured version of the configure	d is older than	Change the vers slave in the proje of the FSoE to b ed, and then trar to the Safety CP replace to a Unit er version than th set with the FSol communicated.	ect to the version e communicat- nsfer the setting U Unit again. Or, that has a new- he Unit that is	 slave in the project consister with the version of the FSol slave to be communicated. 	
Attached in- formation	None				I	
Precautions/ Remarks			e safe states for I/ of the error is remo			

Event name	NX Unit I/O Com	munications Error	r	Event code	80200000 hex		
Meaning	An I/O communi	cations error occu	rred between the l	NX bus master an	d the NX Unit.		
Source	Depends on whe Software is conn system configura	ected and the	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault		Log category	System		
utes	Recovery	[NX Bus of the C	PU Unit]				
		[Communication	Errors are reset [Fail-soft Operati Errors are reset s Coupler Unit] [Fail-soft Operati If errors are dete ler. If errors are not of Communications [Fail-soft Operati	ion Setting is <i>Fail</i> - in the NX Unit. ion Setting is <i>Stop</i> ected in the contro detected in the contro coupler Unit and ion Setting is <i>Fail</i> -	NX Bus Function Module. etting is <i>Fail-soft Operation</i>] NX Unit.		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Unit. Operation	Input data: Upda	nit will continue to operate. : Updating input values stops. ta: The output values depend on the		
System-de-	Variable	1	Data type		Name		
fined varia-	None		None None				
bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	[NX Bus of the C	PU Unit]	1				
	An error occurre Unit, which preve	An error occurred in the CPU Unit, which prevents the NX bus communications from being car-		Check the error in the CPU Unit and try the solutions specified in Correction.		specified in Pre- rror in the CPU	
	The NX Unit is n properly.	The NX Unit is not mounted		Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.		Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.	
	power supply is Or, the wiring fro	The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit pow- er supply to the NX Units is in-		Correctly wire the Unit power supply to the NX Units.		e Unit power Units.	
		The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken.		If the power cable connecting the Unit power supply and the NX Units is broken, replace the pow- er cable.			
	The Unit power we the supported ra power capacity is	nge, or the Unit s not sufficient.	Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.		Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.		
	There is a hardw NX Unit.	vare error in the	If the error occurs again even af- ter you make the above correc- tion, replace the NX Unit.		None		

Cause and	[Communications Coupler Unit]		
correction	An error occurred in the Commu- nications Coupler Unit, which prevents the NX bus communica- tions from being carried out nor- mally.	Check the error in the Communi- cations Coupler Unit and try the solutions specified in Correction.	Try the solutions specified in Pre- vention for the error in the Com- munications Coupler Unit.
	The NX Unit is not mounted properly.	Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.	Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.
	The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit pow- er supply to the NX Units is in- correct.	Correctly wire the Unit power supply to the NX Units.	Correctly wire the Unit power supply to the NX Units.
	The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken.	If the power cable connecting the Unit power supply and the NX Units is broken, replace the pow- er cable.	None
	The Unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the Unit power capacity is not sufficient.	Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.	Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.
	There is a hardware error in the NX Unit.	If the error occurs again even af- ter you make the above correc- tion, replace the NX Unit.	None
Attached in- formation	None		
Precautions/ Remarks	None		

Event name	Safety Process I	Data Communicat	ions Timeout	Event code	80300000 hex	80300000 hex	
Meaning	A communication	ns timeout occurre	ed in safety proces	s data communic	ations with the Sat	fety Control Unit.	
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation		es to operate, but I/O data of safety was detected.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A setting is not correct. The set- ting of the safety task period is too short.		Increase the safety task period and then transfer the settings to the Safety CPU Unit.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.		
	There is excessive noise.		Implement noise countermeas- ures.		Implement noise countermeas- ures if excessive noise caused the error.		
	The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety proc- ess data communications.		Check the status of the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.		Refer to troubleshooting informa- tion for the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.		
	red in the NX Bus Master to Mas		Check the status Master to which nected.		Set the system of setup according tions that are give		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks		, when the cause	e safe states for I/ of the error is rem	•			

Event name	FSoE Master Co	nnection Timeout		Event code	80300001 hex	
Meaning	A communication	n timeout occurred	in FSoE commu	nications with the	FSoE slave.	
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	covery when cause of error is removed		Log category	System
Effects	User program Continues.		Operation		ies to operate, but I/O data of the sat was detected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A setting is not correct. The set- ting of the safety task period is too short.		Increase the safety task period and then transfer the settings to the Safety CPU Unit.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.	
	There is excessive noise.		Implement noise countermeas- ures.		Implement noise countermeas- ures if excessive noise caused the error.	
	The Safety CPU Unit or FSoE slave entered a state where it could not continue FSoE commu- nications.		Check the status of the Safety CPU Unit or FSoE slave.		Refer to troubleshooting informa- tion for the Safety CPU Unit or FSoE slave.	
	The process data tions were not per ly because an er change occurred master to which nected.	erformed correct- ror or status I in the NX bus	nected.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks					connections after nunications will rec	

Event name	CIP Safety Origi Error	nator Connection	Not Established	Event code	80310000 hex		
Meaning	CIP safety origin	ator connection w	as not established	J.			
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-			Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System	
Effects	User program			es to operate, but I/O data of the sat was detected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The target node	The target node is different.		Check if the target node is cor- rect.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc-	
	The target node is not config- ured.		Check if the target node is con- figured.		tions that are given on the left.		
	The target node is not in the cor- rect status.		Check if the target node is in a state where it can accept the connection.				
	The Do not use Option is select- ed for CIP message server set- ting in the EtherNet/IP Port Set- tings.		Check if the Use Option is se- lected for the CIP message serv- er setting in the EtherNet/IP Port Settings.				
	The settings of the NX-series CPU Unit and NX-series Ether- Net/IP Unit related to CIP Safety communications do not match		Enable transfer of the settings for X Bus Units (settings of CIP Safety connections) in the Syn- chronization Window on the Sys-				
	the settings of th		mac Studio, and they are downloa	check whether			
	Setting to use tag data link com- munications was made to the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit that is included in the CIP Safety con- nection settings.		Do not make the setting to use tag data link communications to the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit that is included in the CIP Safety connection settings.				
	The NX-series E with tag data link tions was added ty connection se	c communica- to the CIP Safe-	Net/IP Unit with communications	Do not add the NX-series Ether- Net/IP Unit with tag data link communications to the CIP Safe- ty connection settings.			
	The Do not use Option is select- ed for CIP Safety communica- tions in the Built-in EtherNet/IP Port Settings.		Check if the Use lected for the CII nication setting in EtherNet/IP Port	P safety commu- n the Built-in			

Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	IP address of the target node (example: C0A8FA01 hex = address 192.168.250.1)
	Attached infor- mation 2:	General Status defined in CIP specifications
	Attached infor- mation 3:	Extended Status defined in CIP specifications
Precautions/	None	
Remarks		

Event name	CIP Safety Origi	nator Connection	Timeout	Event code	80320000 hex	
Meaning	A timeout occurr	ed in CIP safety o	riginator connectio	on.		
Source	Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System
Effects			es to operate, but I/O data of the saf was detected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The communications cable is dis- connected or broken.		Connect the communications ca- ble securely.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.	
	The target node entered a status where it could not accept the connection.		Check if the target node is in a state where it can accept the connection.			
	The timeout valu munications sett		Increase the time communications fer the settings.		tup and trans- ge communi-	
	CIP message co the target node a		Check if CIP mes cations are starte node.	-		
	When the Packet Filter function is enabled in the EtherNet/IP Port Settings, CIP Safety packets from the target node are not al- lowed.Allow CIP Safety packets from the target node in the Packet Fil- ter settings of the EtherNet/IP Port Settings.		n the Packet Fil-			
	CIP Safety pack lowed by the Pac ple) or Packet Fi the target node of the communicati	cket Filter (Sim- Iter functions on or the devices on	et Filter (Sim- r functions on the devices onPacket Filter (Simple) or Packet Filter functions on the target node or the devices on the com-			
	There is excessi	ve noise.	Implement noise ures.	countermeas-		
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	IP address of the (example: C0A8	e target node FA01 hex = addre	ss 192.168.250.1)		
Precautions/ Remarks	None			`		

Event name	CIP Safety Targe	et Does Not Exist		Event code	80330000 hex	
Meaning	The target node	does not exist.				
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Source details NX Unit Studio is connected and the system configuration. NX Unit		NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	-		les to operate, but I/O data of the sat was detected.	
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type	•	Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The communications cable is dis- connected or broken.		Connect the communications ca- ble securely.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.	
	The target node entered a state where it could not accept the connection.		Check if the target node is in a state where it can accept the connection.			
	The timeout value for the com- munications settings is too small.		Increase the timeout value in the communications setup and transfer the settings.			
	CIP message communications at the target node are stopped.		Check if CIP message communi- cations are started at the target node.			
	CIP Safety packets from the orig- inator node are not allowed by the Packet Filter (Simple) or Packet Filter functions on the tar- get node or the devices on the communication path.		Allow CIP Safety packets from the originator node in the Packet Filter (Simple) or Packet Filter functions on the target node or the devices on the communica- tion path.			
	There is excessi	ve noise.	Implement noise ures.	countermeas-		
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1: Attached infor- mation 2:		e target node FA01 hex = addre defined in CIP spe	,	,	
	Attached infor- mation 3:	Extended Status	defined in CIP sp	ecifications		
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	CIP Safety Target Connection Timeout Event code		Event code	80340000 hex		
Meaning	A timeout occurr	ed in the CIP Safe	ety Target connect	ion.		
Source	Studio is connec	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the system configuration.		NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (STOP- PED), DEBUG mode (RUN), or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery when cause of error is removed	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		es to operate, but I/O data of the sat was detected.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	connected or bro The originator de status where it c the connection. The timeout valu munications sett	evice entered a ould not accept le for the com- ings is too small. ets from the orig- not allowed by (Simple) or ctions in the Settings or on he communica- ge server setting node is set to t Filter function node is enabled, ets from the tar- allowed.	connection. Increase the time communications fer the settings. Allow CIP Safety the originator no Filter (Simple) or functions in the E	inator device is it can accept the eout value in the setup and trans- packets from de in the Packet Packet Filter EtherNet/IP Port e devices on the path. sage server set- ator node to packets from n the Packet Fil- e originator	Prevention Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.	
Attached in- formation	The Do not use ed for CIP Safet tions in the Built- Port Settings. Attached infor- mation 1:		Assembly 1 Assembly 2 Assembly 3			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	NX Bus I/O Com	munications Stop	ped	Event code	84F00000 hex	
Meaning	An error occurre	d in I/O communio	ations between th	e NX bus master	and an NX Unit.	
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit Detection tim- ing Continuously		Continuously
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the NX bus master and NX Units.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	 The NX Units will continue to operate. Input data: An error occurs in safety process data communcations because refreshing is stopped. The values of the status and exposed variables in the standard process data are not refreshed. Output data: An error occurs in safety process data communcations because 0's are output. 		s data communi- opped. The val- ariables in the efreshed.
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention	
correction	There is a hardw NX bus master c		If the error occurs again even af- ter you cycle the power supply to the NX Units, replace the NX bus master or the NX Unit.		None	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SF_Antivalent E	rror		Event code	74A00000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det	ected in executior	n of a safety functi	on block.	•	
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details NX Unit		Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System
Effects	User program Continues. Operation The		The Unit continu	es to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None	None			None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Refer to informat nostic code that tached information series Safety Coor Instructions Refer (Cat. No. Z931).	is given for at- on 1 in the NX- Introl Unit erence Manual	Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operati the corrections t the left.	-
	Attached information 1: Diagnostic		code			
Attached in-	Attached informa	ation 1: Diagnostic	00000			
formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Diagnostic				

Operation Continuation Error Related to Program Execution Function

Event name	SF_EDM Error			Event code	74A10000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det	ected in executior	n of a safety functi	on block.		
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Source deta Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Refer to information nostic code that tached information series Safety Constructions Reference (Cat. No. 2931).	is given for at- on 1 in the <i>NX-</i> <i>ntrol Unit</i>	Implement the co relevant cause o code that is give formation 1.		Program operati the corrections t the left.	-
Attached in-	Attached informa	ation 1: Diagnostic	code			
formation						
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SF EmergencyS	Stop Error		Event code	74A20000 hex		
Meaning		•	n of a safety functi	on block.			
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	les to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	rection Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).				Program operati the corrections t the left.	-	
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF_EnableSwitc	h Error		Event code	74A30000 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.					
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction Refer to information on t nostic code that is given tached information 1 in t series Safety Control Un Instructions Reference M (Cat. No. Z931).		is given for at- on 1 in the <i>NX-</i> <i>ntrol Unit</i>	Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in- formation	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF_Equivalent E	rror		Event code	74A40000 hex	
Meaning			n of a safety function			
Source			Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	•	Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		relevant cause o	the correction for the use of the diagnostic given for attached in-		-
Attached in-	Attached informa	tion 1: Diagnostic	code			
formation						
Precautions/	None					
Precautions/	INONE					

Event name	SF_ESPE Error			Event code	74A50000 hex			
Meaning	An error was det	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None		None		None			
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention			
correction	nostic code that is given for at-		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.			
Attached in-	Attached informa	ation 1: Diagnostic	code					
formation								
Precautions/	None							

Event name	SF_GuardLockir						
Meaning		-	n of a safety function	on block.			
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continues to operate.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		relevant cause of the diagnostic		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF_GuardMonito	oring Error		Event code	74A70000 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.					
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	correction Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in- formation	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF ModeSelector Error Event code				74A80000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det	ected in executior	n of a safety function	on block.	1	
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	correction Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		relevant cause o	the correction for the use of the diagnostic given for attached in-		-
Attached in-	Attached informa	tion 1: Diagnostic	code			
formation						
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SF_MutingPar E	rror		Event code	74A90000 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.					
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in-	Attached informa	ation 1: Diagnostic	code				
formation							
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF_MutingPar_2	Sensor Error		Event code	74AA0000 hex		
Meaning			n of a safety functi	on block.			
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continues to operate.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction			
correction	ection Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached in- formation 1.		Program operati the corrections t the left.	-	
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code					
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF_MutingSeq E	Frror		Event code	74AB0000 hex			
Meaning	An error was det	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction Refer to information on the nostic code that is given tached information 1 in the series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Mic (Cat. No. Z931).		is given for at- on 1 in the <i>NX-</i> <i>ntrol Unit</i>	Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.			
Attached in- formation	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code							
Precautions/ Remarks	None							

Event name	SF_OutControl E	Frror		Event code	74AC0000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det	ected in executior	n of a safety function	on block.		
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	correction Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the NX- series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached in- formation 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.	
Attached in-	Attached informa	tion 1: Diagnostic	code			
formation						
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SF_SafetyRequest Error			Event code	74AD0000 hex		
Meaning	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program Continues. Op		Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in-	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code						
formation							
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	SF_TestableSafetySensor Error Event code 74AE0000 hex					
Meaning	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.					
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The Unit continue		es to operate.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached information 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.	
Attached in- formation	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	SF_TwoHandCo	ntrolTypell Error		Event code	74AF0000 hex		
Meaning	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	er program Continues. Operation The Unit continu		es to operate.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	Refer to information on the diag- nostic code that is given for at- tached information 1 in the <i>NX</i> - series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931).		Implement the correction for the relevant cause of the diagnostic code that is given for attached in- formation 1.		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in-	Attached information 1: Diagnostic code						
formation							
	None						

Event name	SF_TwoHandCo	ntrolTypeIII Error		Event code	74B00000 hex		
Meaning	An error was detected in execution of a safety function block.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Implement the correction.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	User program Continues. Operation The Unit continu		es to operate.			
System-de-	Variable	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
	Assumed cause				Duranettar		
Cause and	Assumed cause	;	Correction		Prevention		
Cause and correction	Assumed cause Refer to information nostic code that tached information series Safety Co Instructions Reference (Cat. No. 2931).	tion on the diag- is given for at- on 1 in the <i>NX-</i> <i>ntrol Unit</i>	Correction Implement the correlevant cause o code that is given formation 1.	f the diagnostic	Provention Program operation the corrections to the left.	-	
	Refer to information nostic code that tached information series Safety Constructions Reference (Cat. No. Z931).	tion on the diag- is given for at- on 1 in the <i>NX-</i> <i>ntrol Unit</i>	Implement the co relevant cause o code that is given formation 1.	f the diagnostic	Program operations the corrections the	-	
correction	Refer to information nostic code that tached information series Safety Constructions Reference (Cat. No. Z931).	tion on the diag- is given for at- on 1 in the NX- ntrol Unit erence Manual	Implement the co relevant cause o code that is given formation 1.	f the diagnostic	Program operations the corrections the	-	

Event name	Division by Zero			Event code	55000000 hex	
Meaning	Division by zero was detected.					
Source	Depends on where the SysmacSoStudio is connected and the system configuration.So		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.			kecutes NX bus communications the user program stops. (All I/O at 0.)	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	Assumed cause The divisor is zero.		 Correct the program so that the divisor is not 0. Perform the following corrections according to the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit. RUN mode: Change to PRO-GRAM mode and transfer the corrected user program. DEBUG mode (RUN): Change to PROGRAM mode and transfer the corrected user program. 		Program operation considering the corrections that are given on the left.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	The CPU Unit executes NX bus communications but execution of the user program stops. (All I/O data will remain at 0.)					os. (All I/O data

• Operation Stop Error Related to Program Execution

Event name	Cast Error			Event code	55010000 hex		
Meaning	A casting error w	vas detected.			•		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	Source details NX Unit i		In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		kecutes NX bus co the user program at 0.)		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A value was input that exceeded the range of the receiving varia- ble.		 Do not allow the value to exceed the range of the receiving varia- ble. Perform the following corrections according to the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit. RUN mode: Change to PRO- GRAM mode and transfer the corrected user program. DEBUG mode (RUN): Change to PROGRAM mode and transfer the corrected user program. 				
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	0x01000AE0: Th	e conversion between the signed a e positive upper limit of the data typ e negative upper limit of the data ty		e after conversior	n was exceeded.	
Precautions/ Remarks	The CPU Unit ex will remain at 0.)	CPU Unit executes NX bus communications but execution of the user program stops. (All I/O data					

Event name	MUX Error			Event code	55020000 hex		
Meaning	An MUX instruct	ion error was dete	ected.				
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	Source details NX Unit		In DEBUG mode (RUN) or RUN mode	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Automatic re- covery	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		xecutes NX bus co the user program at 0.)		
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type	•	Name		
fined varia- bles	None	None		None			
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The value of the selection input (K) to the MUX instruction is not correct. Correct the value of the value of the MUX in Perform the according to of the Safe • RUN model • RUN model • DEBUG to PROCE		 corrected user DEBUG mode to PROGRAM transfer the co program. 	ction input (K) to tion is in range. wing corrections operating mode U Unit. hange to PRO- and transfer the r program. e (RUN): Change mode and prrected user	Program operations the corrections the left.	•	
Attached in-	Attached infor-	0x01000ADD: T	he value of the sel	ection input (K) is	negative.		
formation	mation 1:						
		0x01000ADE: The lection range.	he value of the sel	ection input (K) ex	ceeded the upper	r limit of the se-	
Precautions/	The CPU Unit ex	v	ommunications but	t execution of the	user program stop	os. (All I/O data	
Remarks	will remain at 0.)		X bus communications but execution of the user program stops. (All I/O dat				

• Setting Errors

Event name	NX Bus Commu	nications Settings	Read Error	Event code	10500000 hex		
Meaning		0	mmunications set			nemory.	
Source			Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	At power ON or restart	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When settings are transferred	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	I/O refreshing st	ops for the CPU U	nit.	
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction		A hardware failure occurred in the non-volatile memory.		Transfer the configuration infor- mation to the Safety CPU Unit		None	
	Power was turned OFF while saving data to the non-volatile memory.		again. Replace the CPU Unit if the error occurs again.		Do not turn OFF the power sup- ply while transferring parameters from the Sysmac Studio.		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safety Application	on Data Read Erro	or	Event code	10510000 hex	
Meaning	There is an error	in the safety app	ication data that is saved in non-volatile memory.			
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	At power ON or restart
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When settings are transferred	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.			am is not execute	-
System-de-	ystem-de- Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	A hardware failu the non-volatile r		Transfer the safety application data to the Safety CPU Unit		None	
	Power was turned OFF while again. saving data to the non-volatile memory.		Do not turn OFF the power ply while transferring param from the Sysmac Studio.		rring parameters	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	NX Bus Communications Settings and Safety Application Data Mismatch			Event code	10520000 hex	
Meaning	There is an error	r in the safety appl	ication data that is	s saved in non-vol	atile memory.	
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When applica- ble
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When settings are transferred	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The CPU Unit executes NX bus comm but refreshing for the user program sto data will remain at 0.)			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The NX bus com	munications set-	Transfer the Slave Terminal con-		None	
	tings that were ti	ansferred to the	figuration information and Safety			
	Safety CPU Unit		Application Data to the Safety			
	the safety applic	ation data.	CPU Unit again.	CPU Unit again.		
Attached in-	None					
formation						
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

When *NX Bus Communications Settings and Safety Application Data Mismatch* with regular troubleshooting, refer to *A-18 Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data* on page A-109.

Event name	Non-volatile Mer	nory Access Error		Event code	10530000 hex		
Meaning	Reading/writing	non-volatile memo	ory failed.				
Source	Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When power is turned ON to the NX Unit, when the safe- ty application is transferred, when Clear All Memory is exe- cuted for NX Unit	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Clear All Mem- ory operation for the Unit	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu	es to operate.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	Non-volatile memory failure		Perform the Clear All Memory operation or download the set- tings again. Replace the CPU Unit if the error occurs again.		None		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Incorrect DIP Sw	vitch Setting		Event code	24AA0000 hex		
Meaning	The DIP switch s	setting is not corre	ct.				
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the system configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	At startup	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-de-	em-de- Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The DIP switch s changed to an in	•		witch setting and to a correct val-	If you change the DIP switch set- ting, make sure that the DIP switch setting that you changed is correct.		
Attached in-	Attached infor-	DIP switch set va	alue				
formation	mation 1:						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safety Unit Rest Memory Card Ad	ore Operation Fail ccess Failed)	ed to Start (SD	Event code	35250000 hex		
Meaning	Access to the SI	Memory Card fa	iled when you sta	rt the restore operation	ation for a Safety Unit.		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-			Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	An SD Memory Card is not in- serted.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		Insert an SD Memory Card.		
	The SD Memory Card type is not correct.		Replace the SD Memory Card with an SD or SDHC card.		Use an SD or SDHC card.		
		The format of the SD Memory Card is not correct.		Format the SD Memory Card with the Sysmac Studio.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card.	
	The SD Memory Card is dam- aged.		If none of these causes apply, re- place the SD Memory Card.		Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power sup- ply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit. Replace the SD Memory Card periodically according to the write life of the SD Memory Card.		
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

• Errors Related to Restore Function

Event name	Safety Unit Rest	ore Operation Fai	led to Start	Event code	35260000 hex		
Lvont namo		tore File Read Fa					
Meaning		Reading the Safety Unit Restore File failed.					
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type	ta type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction	Correction			
correction		The Safety Unit Restore File is not stored in the specified folder.		Store the Safety Unit Restore File in the specified folder again.		Use a formatted SD Memory Card and store the Safety Unit	
	The Safety Unit Restore File is corrupted.		Create the Safet File again.	Create the Safety Unit Restore File again.		Restore File in the specified fold- er. Do not edit the Safety Unit Restore File. Do not remove the SD Memory Card or turn OFF the power sup- ply while the SD BUSY indicator is lit.	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

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12-3-4 Error Descriptions

Event name	Safety Unit Rest (Model Mismatcl	ore Operation Fai n)	led to Start	Event code	35270000 hex		
Meaning	A model mismat	ch was detected c	luring pre-execution	on checks for a re	store operation for	a Safety Unit.	
Source		epends on where the Sysmac rudio is connected and the sys- m configuration.		NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None	None		one	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction	Prevention			
correction	The restore operation for a Safe- ty Unit was performed on an in- correct Unit.		After making sure that the desti- nation is set to an intended unit, cycle the power supply and then perform the restore operation for a Safety Unit again.		After making sure that the desti- nation is set to an intended unit, start the restore operation for a Safety Unit.		
An incorrect Safety Unit Restor File was used.		ety Unit Restore	On the front indicators of the Safety CPU Unit, check the safe- ty signature for the Safety Unit Restore File that is stored in the SD Memory Card.On the front indicators Safety CPU Unit, check ty signature for the Safety Unit Restore File that is stored in the SD Memory Card.On the front indicators Safety CPU Unit, check ty signature for the Safety SD Memory Card.After making sure that the safety signature is the intended signa- ture, cycle the power supply and then perform the restore opera- tion for a Safety Unit again.On the front indicators Safety CPU Unit, check ty signature for the Safety SD Memory Card. After sure that the safety sig the intended signa- testore operation for a Unit.		t, check the safe- he Safety Unit t is stored in the d. After making ety signature is nature, start the		
Attached in- formation	None			-	1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safety Unit Rest sion Mismatch)	ore Operation Fai	led to Start (Ver-	Event code	35280000 hex		
Meaning	A version misma	A version mismatch was detected during pre-execution checks for a restore operation for a Safety Unit					
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The restore operation for a Safe- ty Unit was performed on an in- compatible unit.		After making sure that the desti- nation is set to a compatible unit, cycle the power supply and then perform the restore operation for a Safety Unit again.		After making sure that the desti- nation is set to a compatible unit, start the restore operation for a Safety Unit.		
An incorrect Safety Unit Restore File was used.		On the front indicators of the Safety CPU Unit, check the safe- ty signature for the Safety Unit Restore File that is stored in the SD Memory Card.On the front indicators of Safety CPU Unit, check the ty signature for the Safety Unit Restore File that is stored in the SD Memory Card.On the front indicators of Safety CPU Unit, check the ty signature for the Safety Unit Restore File that is stored SD Memory Card.After making sure that the safety signature is the intended signa- ture, cycle the power supply and then perform the restore opera- tion for a Safety Unit again.On the front indicators of Safety CPU Unit, check the ty signature for the Safety Soft the safety signature is the intended signa- the intended signature, s restore operation for a Safety Unit again.		, check the safe- he Safety Unit is stored in the d. After making ety signature is nature, start the			
Attached in- formation	None				1		
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safety Unit Rest (Node Name Mis	ore Operation Fai smatch)	led to Start	Event code	35290000 hex	
Meaning	A node name mi Unit.	smatch was deteo	cted during pre-exe	ecution checks for	a restore operation	on for a Safety
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-			Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The restore operation for a Safe- ty Unit was performed on an in- correct Unit. An incorrect Safety Unit Restore File was used.		After making sur nation is set to a cycle the power perform the rester a Safety Unit aga On the front india Safety CPU Unit ty signature for t Restore File that SD Memory Car After making sur signature is the i ture, cycle the per then perform the tion for a Safety	n intended unit, supply and then ore operation for ain. cators of the c, check the safe- he Safety Unit t is stored in the d. re that the safety intended signa- ower supply and e restore opera-	After making sur nation is set to a start the restore Safety Unit. On the front indi Safety CPU Unit ty signature for t Restore File tha SD Memory Car sure that the saf the intended sig restore operation Unit.	n intended unit, operation for a cators of the c, check the safe- he Safety Unit t is stored in the d. After making ety signature is nature, start the
Attached in-			Specify a correct node name for the Safety Unit Restore File.		When you enter a node name, visually check that the specified node name is correct.	
formation						
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Safety Unit Rest (Safety Passwor	ore Operation Fai d Mismatch)	led to Start	Event code	352A0000 hex		
Meaning	A safety passwo Safety Unit.	ord mismatch was	detected during pr	re-execution chec	ks for a restore op	eration for a	
Source	Studio is connec	Depends on where the Sysmac Source details NX Unit Studio is connected and the system configuration.		Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation				
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None				
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The restore operation for a Safe- ty Unit was performed on an in- correct Unit. An incorrect Safety Unit Restore File was used.		ty signature for the Restore File that SD Memory Carro After making sur signature is the i ture, cycle the po- then perform the tion for a Safety	n intended unit, supply and then ore operation for ain. cators of the c, check the safe- he Safety Unit t is stored in the d. re that the safety ntended signa- ower supply and restore opera- Unit again.	ty signature for t Restore File tha SD Memory Car sure that the saf the intended sig restore operation Unit.	in intended unit, operation for a cators of the t, check the safe- he Safety Unit t is stored in the d. After making rety signature is nature, start the n for a Safety	
	when the Safety	The safety password specified when the Safety Unit Restore File was generated is incorrect.		Specify a correct safety pass- word for the Safety Unit Restore File.		Specify a correct password when you enter the safety password.	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Safety Unit Rest	ore Operation Fail	ed	Event code	352B0000 hex	
Meaning	· ·	•	Unit ended in an e	Prror		
Source			Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When Safety Unit restoring data is speci- fied by the user
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The SD Memory moved during a for a Safety Unit	restore operation	contains the Safe File, cycle the po	The SD Memory Card that the Safety Unit Restore the power supply and form the restore opera- a Safety Unit again.		restore operation
	Data was read fr the SD Memory Support Softward ent during a rest a Safety Unit.	Card via the	Store the correct Safety Unit Re- store File to the SD Memory Card, cycle the power supply and then perform the restore opera-		Do not read data from or write data to the SD Memory Card via the Support Software or an FTP client during the restore opera- tion for a Safety Unit.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

• Other Errors

Event name	NX Message Co	mmunications Err	or	Event code	80220000 hex	80220000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det ed.	tected in message	communications	for an NX Unit and	d the message fra	me was discard-	
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuratio	ted and the sys-			Detection tim- ing	During NX message com- munications	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction The message communications load is high.		instructions are u messages. Refer to the appo <i>NJ/NX-series Ins</i> <i>Reference Manu</i> <i>W502</i>) for inform	Reduce the number of times that instructions are used to send NX messages. Refer to the appendix of the <i>NJ/NX-series Instructions</i> <i>Reference Manual (Cat. No.</i> <i>W502)</i> for information on the in- structions that send messages.		Reduce the number of times that instructions are used to send NX messages.		
	connected or bro does not apply if	The communications cable is dis- connected or broken. This cause does not apply if attached infor- mation 2 is 0 (NX bus).		Connect the communications ca- ble securely		Connect the communications ca- ble securely.	
	Message communications were cut off as the result of executing a synchronization or restoration operation on the Sysmac Studio or as the result of disconnecting an EtherCAT slave.						
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	System informat	ion		·		
	mation 2: 0: NX bus 1: EtherCAT 2: Serial commu		nications where err nications (USB) Jnit communicatio				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Sysmac Studio Communications Connection Time- out			Event code	951E0000 hex		
Meaning	A communicatio	ns timeout occurre	smac Studio and	the Safety CPU U	nit.		
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When applica- ble	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation If the CPU Unit w cally enters PRO		vas in DEBUG mode, it automati- DGRAM mode.		
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type None		Name None		
fined varia- bles	None						
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	disconnected. com Stud		communications Studio while the	Do not do anything to disconnect communications with the Sysmac Studio while the Safety CPU Unit is operating in DEBUG mode.		Perform debugging considering the corrections that are given on the left.	
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Clear All Memory	y Rejected		Event code	951F0000 hex	
Meaning	Clearing all of m	emory failed.				
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the system configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When com- manded from user
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The Clear All Me	mory operation	Specify the Units	individually and	Specify the Units individually and	
	for a Controller o	r a Slave Termi-	perform the Clea	r All Memory op-	perform the Clea	ar All Memory op-
	nal was performe	ed.	eration.		eration.	
Attached in-	Attached information	ation 1: The Clear	All Memory opera	tion for the Contro	oller or the Slave T	Ferminal was per-
formation	formed.					
Precautions/	The Clear All Me	mory operation fo	r the Safety CPU	Unit cannot be pe	rformed for the Co	ontroller or the
Remarks	Slave Terminal.					

• User Access Log

Event name	Event Log Clear	ed		Event code	90400000 hex	
Meaning	The event log wa	as cleared.				
Source	Depends on where the SysmacStudio is connected and the system configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When com- manded from user
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The event log wa user.	as cleared by the				
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	Events that were	cleared.			
		•	vent log was clear vent log was clear			
Precautions/	None					
Remarks						

Event name	Memory All Clea	red		Event code	90430000 hex	
Meaning	The Unit settings	were cleared.				
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When com- manded from user
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit settings	s are cleared.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None	None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction Prevention			
correction	The Clear All Me was performed.	emory operation				
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	Unit number of t	he NX Unit where	the Clear All Mem	nory operation was	s performed
	Attached infor-	Execution result	S			
	mation 2:	0: Successful				
		1: Hardware erro				
		2: Initialization fa				
		3: Initialization n	ot possible			
Precautions/ Remarks	Refer to the atta	ched information f	or the results of th	e Clear All Memo	ry operation.	

Safety I/O Units

Details on the errors (events) that can occur in the Safety I/O Units are given in the following tables.

• System Error

Event name	System Error			Event code	05200000 hex			
Meaning	A hardware erro	r was detected du	ring self-diagnosis	of the hardware.	•			
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the system configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	Continuously		
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the Unit.	Log category	System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The Unit stops or to the safe states			perating and the I/O data changes		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name			
fined varia- bles	None		None		None			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention			
correction	Hardware has fa	iled.	Cycle the power supply. If the er-		If cycling the power supply re-			
	A memory error a transient cause ware error or exe	e, such as a soft-	ror occurs again, replace the Unit.		stores normal operation, there may be excessive noise near the Unit. Implement noise counter- measures.			
Attached in-	Attached information	ation 1: System inf	formation, status c	code				
formation	Attached information	ation 2: System inf	formation, status o	code				
		ation 3: System inf						
	Attached information	ation 4: System inf	formation, status o	ode				
Precautions/	None							
Remarks								

• Communications Errors

Event name	Safety Process [Data Communicati	ions Not Estab-	Event code	35210000 hex		
Event hame		Unit Parameter E		Event code			
Meaning				ished with the Safety CPU Unit.			
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When safety process data communica- tions are estab- lished	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	For request to establish com- munications from Safety CPU Unit after removing cause of error	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	User program Continues. Operation		The Unit stops of to the safe states	perating and the l. s.	/O data changes	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The model or safety I/O terminal settings are not correct.		Check the safety I/O terminal settings, correct any errors, and then transfer the settings to the Safety CPU Unit. Check the model of the Safety		Set the parameters considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
			I/O Unit to see if	it is correct.			
Attached in- formation	None						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	· ·	Data Communicati FSoE Slave Addre		Event code	35230000 hex	
Meaning	Safety process of rect FSoE slave		ns was not establ	ished with the Sat	fety CPU Unit beca	ause of an incor-
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When safety process data communica- tions are estab- lished
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	For request to establish com- munications from Safety CPU Unit after removing cause of error	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit stops o to the safe state	perating and the l	/O data changes
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The setting of the FSoE slave address in the safety process da- ta communications settings is dif- ferent from the setting in the Unit.		Perform the Clear All Memory operation for the Unit.		If you use a Safety I/O Unit for which safety process data com- munications were previously es- tablished in another system, per- form the Clear All Memory opera- tion before you use the Unit.	
Attached in- formation	None		1			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Safety Process Data Communications lished, Incorrect Frame Error		ons Not Estab-	Event code	35240000 hex	
Meaning	Safety process data communications was not est frame was received.			ished with the Saf	ety CPU Unit beca	ause an incorrect
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When safety process data communica- tions are estab- lished
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	For request to establish com- munications from Safety CPU Unit after removing cause of error	Log category	System
Effects	User program			The Unit stops o to the safe state	perating and the l. s.	/O data changes
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause)	Correction		Prevention	
correction		An incorrect frame was received in safety process data communi- cations.		Make sure that the system con- figurations and model numbers agree for the Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.		configuration and to the correc- ren on the left.
	There is excessi	ve noise.	Implement noise ures.	countermeas-	Implement noise countermeas- ures if excessive noise caused the error.	
Attached in- formation	None					
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	NX Unit I/O Com	imunications Erroi	r	Event code	80200000 hex		
Meaning	An I/O communi	cations error occu	rred between the I	NX bus master an	d the NX Unit.		
Source	Depends on whe Software is conn system configura	ected and the	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	Continuously	
Error attrib-	Level	Minor fault		Log category	System		
utes	Recovery	[NX Bus of the C	PU Unit]				
		 When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop Errors are reset in the NX Bus Function Module. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft Reset the error in the NX Unit. [Communications Coupler Unit] When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Stop If errors are detected in the controller, errors are rese ler. If errors are not detected in the controller, errors are r Communications Coupler Unit and the NX Unit. When Fail-soft Operation Is Set to Fail-soft Errors are reset in the Communications Coupler Unit Unit. 			reset in the		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Input data: Upda	I continue to operate. ating input values stops. ne output values depend on the Output Setting		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia-	None		None		None		
bles							
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	[NX Bus of the C	PU Unit]	•				
	An error occurre Unit, which preve communications ried out normally	ents the NX bus from being car-	Check the error in the CPU Unit and try the solutions specified in Correction.		Try the solutions vention for the e Unit.	•	
	The NX Unit is n properly.		Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.		Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.		
	power supply is Or, the wiring fro	The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit pow- er supply to the NX Units is in-		Correctly wire the Unit power supply to the NX Units.		e Unit power CUnits.	
		The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken.		If the power cable connecting the Unit power supply and the NX Units is broken, replace the pow- er cable.			
	the supported ra	The Unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the Unit power capacity is not sufficient.		Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.		Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.	
	There is a hardw NX Unit.	are error in the	If the error occurs again even af- ter you make the above correc- tion, replace the NX Unit.		None		

Cause and	[Communications Coupler Unit]		
correction	An error occurred in the Commu- nications Coupler Unit, which prevents the NX bus communica- tions from being carried out nor- mally.	Check the error in the Communi- cations Coupler Unit and try the solutions specified in Correction.	Try the solutions specified in Pre- vention for the error in the Com- munications Coupler Unit.
	The NX Unit is not mounted properly.	Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.	Mount the NX Units and End Cover securely and secure them with End Plates.
	The power cable for the Unit power supply is disconnected. Or, the wiring from the Unit pow- er supply to the NX Units is in- correct.	Correctly wire the Unit power supply to the NX Units.	Correctly wire the Unit power supply to the NX Units.
	The power cable for the Unit power supply is broken.	If the power cable connecting the Unit power supply and the NX Units is broken, replace the pow- er cable.	None
	The Unit power voltage is out of the supported range, or the Unit power capacity is not sufficient.	Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.	Configure the power supply sys- tem correctly in accordance with the power supply specifications.
	There is a hardware error in the NX Unit.	If the error occurs again even af- ter you make the above correc- tion, replace the NX Unit.	None
Attached in- formation	None		
Precautions/ Remarks	None		

Event name	Safety Process [Data Communicati	ions Timeout	Event code	80300000 hex		
Meaning	A communication	ns timeout occurre	ed in safety proces	s data communic	ations with the Saf	ety Control Unit.	
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connec tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details NX Unit		Detection tim- ing	When estab- lishing or dur- ing safety proc- ess data com- munications	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	For request to establish com- munications from Safety CPU Unit after removing cause of error	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continues to operate. The safe sta used for the I/O data of the safety connection where the error was detected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	A setting is not correct. The set- ting of the safety task period is too short.		Increase the safety task period and then transfer the settings to the Safety CPU Unit.		Set the system configuration and setup according to the correc- tions that are given on the left.		
	There is excessive noise.		Implement noise countermeas- ures.		Implement noise countermeas- ures if excessive noise caused the error.		
	The Safety CPU Unit or safety slave entered a status where it could not continue safety proc- ess data communications.		Check the status of the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.		Refer to troubleshooting informa- tion for the Safety CPU Unit or safety slave.		
					safety slave.		
		nications. s change occur- s Master to connected, pre- rocess data	Check the status Master to which nected.		Set the system of setup according tions that are give	to the correc-	
Attached in- formation	ess data commu An error or statu red in the NX Bu which the Unit is venting correct p	nications. s change occur- s Master to connected, pre- rocess data	Master to which		Set the system c setup according	to the correc-	

Event name	NX Bus I/O Com	munications Stop	ped	Event code	84F10000 hex	
Meaning	An error occurre	d in I/O communio	ations between th	e NX Bus Master	and an NX Unit.	
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connec tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details NX Unit Detection tim- Continuou ing			
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the NX bus master and NX Units.	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	 The NX Units will continue to operate. Input data: An error occurs in safety process data communications because refreshing is stopped. The values of the status in standard process data are not refreshed. Output data: An error occurs in safety process data communications because 0's are output. 		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention	
correction	There is a hardw NX bus master c		If the error occurs again even af- ter you cycle the power supply to the NX Units, replace the NX Bus Master or the NX Unit.		None	
Attached in- formation	None				1	
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

• Safety I/O Errors

Event name	Internal Circuit E	rror at Safety Inpu	ıt	Event code	05210000 hex		
Meaning	A fault was dete	cted in the interna	l circuit for the safe	ety input terminal.			
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details NX Unit		Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the Unit.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The safety input terminal retains the safe state u the power supply is cycled.			ne safe state until	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None	e None		None			
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction		The internal circuit for the safety input terminal is faulty.		Cycle the power supply. If the er- ror occurs again, replace the		If cycling the power supply re- stores normal operation, there	
	A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as an excessive noise.		Unit.		may be excessive noise near the Unit. Implement noise counter- measures.		
Attached in-	Attached information	ation 1: Terminal n	umber				
formation							
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Internal Circuit E	rror at Test Outpu	t	Event code	05220000 hex		
Meaning	A fault was deter	cted in the interna	I circuit for the test	t output terminal.			
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit Detection tim- ing During re- ing		During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the Unit.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The test output terminal retains the safe state until the power supply is cycled. Also, an External Test Signal Failure at Safety Input event (65220000 hex) will occur for the safety input terminal that is the test source of the test output terminal.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined Varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction		The internal circuit for the test output terminal is faulty.		Cycle the power supply. If the error occurs again, replace the		If cycling the power supply re- stores normal operation, there	
	occurred due to	A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as an excessive noise.		Unit.		may be excessive noise near the Unit. Implement noise counter- measures.	
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Terminal n	umber				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Internal Circuit E	rror at Safety Out	put	Event code	05230000 hex		
Meaning	A fault was deter	cted in the interna	I circuit for the safe	ety output termina	l.		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details NX Unit		Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	Cycle the pow- er supply to the Unit.	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The safety output terminal retains the safe sta until the power supply is cycled.		the safe state	
System-de-	-de- Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction		The internal circuit for the safety output terminal is faulty.		Cycle the power supply. If the error occurs again, replace the		If cycling the power supply re- stores normal operation, there	
	A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as an excessive noise.		Unit.		may be excessive noise near the Unit. Implement noise counter- measures.		
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Terminal n	umber				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	I/O Power Suppl	y Voltage Error		Event code	65200000 hex	
Meaning	An incorrect I/O	power supply volta	age was detected.			
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connec tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	s NX Unit Detection tim- During ing ing		During refresh- ing
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When cause of error is re- moved	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu tains the safe sta	es to operate, but ates.	the I/O data re-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention	
correction	Assumed cause The input power or output power is not supplied correctly.		 Check the follow the rated power. Is the power s within the spee Is the wiring c disconnected? Is 24 V applied output terminal safety output to touching the p supply wire? If the voltage that correct, the Unit that case, replace 	upply voltage cifications? orrect and not d to the safety al and is the terminal not ositive power t is measured is may be faulty. In	Design the syste the corrections to the left.	•
Attached in-	None		<u> </u>		1	
formation						
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Output Power In	terrupt Circuit Erro	or	Event code	65210000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det	ected by the outp	ut power interrupti	on test.		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	 When cause of error is re- moved and then one of the following is performed The I/O pow- er supply is turned OFF. Safety proc- ess data communica- tions are stopped. 	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The Unit continu tains the safe sta	es to operate, but ates.	the I/O data re-
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention	
correction	The wiring is not correct or there is a fault in the hardware.		 Check the following and supply the rated power. Is the power supply voltage within the specifications? Is the wiring correct and not disconnected? Is 24 V applied to the safety output terminal and is the safety output terminal not touching the positive power supply wire? If the voltage that is measured is correct, the Unit may be faulty. In 		Design the syste the corrections the the left.	-
Attached in-	None		that case, replac			
formation						
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	External Test Sig	nal Failure at Saf	ety Input	Event code	65220000 hex	
Meaning	An error was det	ected in test pulse	e evaluation of the	safety input termi	nals.	
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connec tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When safety input terminal goes inactive after cause of error is re- moved	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The safety input the error is clear	terminal retains the safe state until ed.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention	
correction	The positive power supply wire is in contact with the input signal line. The input signal lines are short- ed.		Check the external wiring.		Set the parameters and wire the system considering the correc- tions that are given on the left.	
	The external dev	vice is faulty.	Replace the external device.			
	An error occurred in the test out- put terminal used with the safety input terminal.		Check the error in the test output terminal and try the solutions specified in Correction.		Try the solutions specified in Pre- vention for the error in the test output terminal.	
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Terminal n	umber			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Discrepancy Erro	or at Safety Input		Event code	65230000 hex		
Meaning	An error was det	tected in discrepar	ncy evaluation of s	safety input termin	als.		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When safety input terminal goes inactive after cause of error is re- moved	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation The safety input the error is cleared		terminal retains the safe state until ed.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type	Data type		Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	There is a ground fault or discon- nection in the input signal line.		Check the external wiring.		Set the parameters and wire the system considering the correc-		
	The connected of	The connected device is faulty.		Replace the external device.		tions that are given on the left.	
	The setting of the discrepancy time is not correct.		Correct the setting of the discrep- ancy time. If that does not correct				
	Chattering occurred in the input signal from the external input de- vice, such as a safety door.		the problem, use an input filter to set an ON delay or an OFF de- lay.				
		An error occurred in the test out- put terminal used with the safety input terminal.		in the test output the solutions ection.	Try the solutions specified in Pre- vention for the error in the test output terminal.		
		ation 1. Terminal n	Terminal number				
Attached in- formation	Attached Informa						

Event name	Overload Detect	ed at Test Output		Event code	65240000 hex		
Meaning	An overcurrent w	as detected at the	e test output termi	nal.			
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connec tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details NX Unit		Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When safety input terminal goes inactive after cause of error is re- moved	Log category System		
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The safety input terminal that is the test source of the test output terminal retains the safe state until the error is removed.			
System-de-	Variable	•	Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause	9	Correction		Prevention		
correction	There is a groun output signal line		Check the exterr	Check the external wiring.		Set the parameters and wire the system considering the correc-	
	The external dev	vice is faulty.	Replace the exte	ernal device.	tions that are given on the left.		
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Terminal n	umber				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Stuck-at-high De	tected at Test Out	tput	Event Code	65250000 hex	
Meaning	It was detected t	hat the test output	t terminal is stuck	ON.		
Source	Depends on whe Studio is connect tem configuration	ted and the sys-	Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When safety input terminal goes inactive after cause of error is re- moved	Log category	System
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		terminal that is the test source of erminal retains the safe state until oved.	
System-de-	Variable		Data type	•	Name	
fined varia- bles	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	Assumed cause		Correction		
correction	The positive power supply line is in contact with the output signal line.		Check the external wiring.		Set the parameters and wire the system considering the corrections that are given on the left.	
	The internal circo	uit is faulty.	Cycle the power	supply. If the er-	If cycling the power supply re-	
A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as a software error or excessive noise.		a transient a software error	ror occurs again, replace the Unit.		stores normal operation, there may be excessive noise near the Unit. Implement noise counter- measures.	
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Terminal n	umber			
Precautions/ Remarks	None					

Event name	Short Circuit Det	ected at Safety O	utput	Event code	65270000 hex		
Meaning	A ground fault was detected on the safety output terminal.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When safety output terminal goes inactive after cause of error is re- moved	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	The safety output terminal retains the safe state until the error is cleared.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and			Correction		Prevention		
correction			Check the external wiring.		Set the parameters and wire the system considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
Attached in- formation	Attached information 1: Terminal number						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

Event name	Stuck-at-high De	etected at Safety C	Dutput	Event Code	65280000 hex		
Meaning	It was detected that the safety output terminal is stuck ON.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During refresh- ing	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Minor fault	Recovery	When safety output terminal goes inactive after cause of error is re- moved	Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation		fety output terminal retains the safe state error is cleared.		
System-de-	Variable None		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles			None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The positive power supply line is in contact with the output signal line.		Check the external wiring.		Set the parameters and wire the system considering the corrections that are given on the left.		
	The output power supply is out- side the specifications.		Check the output power supply.				
	The internal circuit is faulty.		Cycle the power supply. If the er-		If cycling the power supply re-		
	A memory error or signal error occurred due to a transient cause, such as a software error or excessive noise.		ror occurs again, replace the Unit.		stores normal operation, there may be excessive noise near the Unit. Implement noise counter- measures.		
Attached in- formation	Attached informa	ation 1: Terminal n	umber				
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

• Other Errors

Event name	NX Message Communications Error Event code			80220000 hex			
Meaning	An error was detected in message communications for an NX Unit and the message frame was discard- ed.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	During NX message com- munications	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Observation	Recovery		Log category	System	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause	e	Correction		Prevention		
correction	The message communications load is high.		Reduce the number of times that instructions are used to send NX messages. Refer to the appendix of the <i>NJ/NX-series Instructions</i> <i>Reference Manual (Cat. No.</i> <i>W502)</i> for information on the in- structions that send messages.		Reduce the number of times that instructions are used to send NX messages.		
	The communications cable is dis- connected or broken. This cause does not apply if attached infor- mation 2 is 0 (NX bus).		Connect the communications ca- ble securely.		Connect the communications ca- ble securely.		
	Message communications were cut off as the result of executing a synchronization or restoration operation on the Sysmac Studio or as the result of disconnecting an EtherCAT slave.						
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1: System information Attached infor- mation 2: Type of communications where error occurred 1: EtherCAT 2: Serial communications (USB) 65535: Internal Unit communications (routing)						
Precautions/ Remarks	None						

• User Access Log

Event name	Event Log Cleared			Event code	90400000 hex		
Meaning	The event log was cleared.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When com- manded from user	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues.	Operation	Not affected.			
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None	None		None		None	
Cause and	Assumed cause		Correction		Prevention		
correction	The event log was cleared by the user.						
Attached in-	Attached infor-	Cleared events	vents				
formation	mation 1: 1: The system event log was cleared.						
		2: The access ev	cess event log was cleared.				
Precautions/	None						
Remarks							

Event name	Memory All Cleared			Event code	90430000 hex		
Meaning	The Unit settings were cleared.						
Source	Depends on where the Sysmac Studio is connected and the sys- tem configuration.		Source details	NX Unit	Detection tim- ing	When com- manded from user	
Error attrib- utes	Level	Information	Recovery		Log category	Access	
Effects	User program	Continues. Operation The Unit settir		The Unit settings	igs are cleared.		
System-de-	Variable		Data type		Name		
fined varia- bles	None		None		None		
Cause and	Assumed cause Correl The Clear All Memory operation was performed.		Correction		Prevention		
correction							
Attached in- formation	Attached infor- mation 1:	Unit number of the NX Unit where the Clear All Memory operation was performed					
	Attached infor-	Execution results					
	mation 2:	0: Successful					
		1: Hardware error 2: Initialization failed					
		3: Initialization not possible					
Precautions/	Refer to the attached information for the results of the Clear All Memory operation.						
Remarks							

12-4 Checking Errors of CIP Safety Target Devices Using Sysmac Studio

You can check errors of the CIP Safety target devices by using Sysmac Studio.

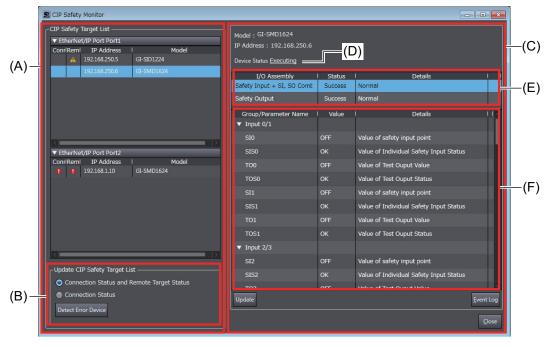
12-4-1 Troubleshooting the CIP Safety Target Device Errors

Sysmac Studio has the CIP Safety Monitor function.

The CIP Safety Monitor function allows you to monitor the device status of the CIP Safety target devices, the connection status with the Safety CPU Unit, as well as the parameter monitor values. If you are using an OMRON CIP Safety target device, the event logs can also be checked.

Part Names and Functions of the CIP Safety Monitor

This section describes the names and functions of the components on the CIP Safety Monitor.



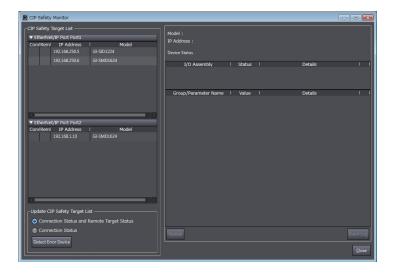
Letter	Name	Function	
(A)	CIP Safety Target List	A list of CIP Safety target devices registered in the Safety CPU Unit.	
(B)	Update CIP Safety Target List	Updates the status of the CIP Safety Target List.	
(C)	Monitor Information	Monitor information of the CIP Safety target device selected in the CIP Safety Target List.	
(D)	Device Status	Device status information of the CIP Safety target device.	
(E)	Connection Status	Status information of the connections configured for the CIP Safety target device.	
(F)	Parameter Monitor Value	Information of monitored parameters of the CIP Safety target device.	

Starting the CIP Safety Monitor

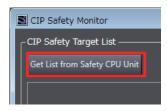
Use the following procedure to start the CIP Safety Monitor.

- Select Online from the Controller Menu. Or, click the Go Online Button (
- 2 In the Multiview Explorer, select the Safety CPU Unit in the Controller Selection Box.
- **3** Select **Tools CIP Safety Monitor**. Or, click the **CIP Safety Monitor** Button (

If the information of the CIP Safety target device matches between the Safety CPU Unit and Sysmac Studio, **CIP Safety Target List** displays CIP Safety target devices that are registered in the Safety CPU Unit as shown below.



If the list of CIP Safety target devices does not appear, click the **Get List from Safety CPU Unit** Button. This will retrieve the connection settings from the Safety CPU Unit and display the device data in the list.



Precautions for Correct Use

The CIP Safety Monitor function is available only when the Safety CPU Unit is in the RUN or DEBUG mode.

Identifying a Target Device with the Connection Error and its Cause

In the CIP Safety Target List, you can identify a CIP Safety target device with a connection error and its cause.

1 Go to **Update CIP Safety target list** and select the checkbox for **Connection Status**, and then click the **Detect Error Device** Button.

CUpdate CIP Safety Target List
Connection Status and Remote Target Status
Connection Status
Detect Error Device

In the **CIP Safety Target List**, the display of the connection status error icon is refreshed. If an error is present in the connection, an error icon is displayed.

Conr Rem	IP Address		Model
	192.168.250.5	GI-SID1224	
A	192.168.250.6	GI-SMD1624	

lcon	Description
A	A connection between the target device cannot be established.
•	No target device is found.

2 In the **CIP Safety Target List**, click a CIP Safety target device where a connection error is present.

The monitor information of the selected CIP Safety target is updated.

The connections configured to the CIP Safety target device and their statuses are displayed in the list. You will be able to identify the cause of the error by checking the details.

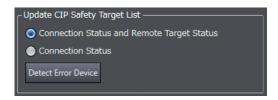
I/O Assembly	Status	l Details	
Safety Input	Success	Normal	
Safety Input + SI, SO Comb	Failed	No connection resources exist for the target	
			\sim

Checking the Parameter Monitor Values

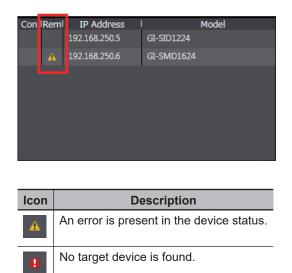
The supported parameters defined in the EDS file can be monitored.

The cause of the error can be identified by monitoring the CIP Safety device-specific I/O data and status information.

1 Go to Update CIP Safety target list and select the checkbox for Connection Status and Remote Target Status, and then click the Detect Error Device Button.



In the **CIP Safety Target List**, the display of the remote target status error icon is refreshed. If an error is present in the device status of the CIP Safety target devices, an error icon is displayed.



2 In the CIP Safety Target List, click a CIP Safety target device where an error is present. In the monitor information of the selected CIP Safety target, the device status, connection status, and parameter monitor values are displayed.

2 Troubleshooting

	up	iesi	100	ung

Model : GI-SMD1624 IP Address : 192.168.250.6				
Device Status <u>Executing</u>				
I/O Assembly	Status	Details I I		
Safety Input + SI, SO Comb	Success	Normal		
Safety Output	Success	Normal		
Group/Parameter Name	Value	I Details I I 🔨		
SOS2	ок	Value of Ouput Status		
SOM3	OFF	Value of Test Ouput Monitor		
SOS3	ок	Value of Ouput Status		
▼ General				
Output Power Error	ок	Output Power Error		
Input Power Error	ок	Input Power Error		
Combined Output Status	ALARM	Value of combined Output status		
Combined Input Status	ок	Value of combined Input status		
Muting Lamp Status 3	ALARM	Muting Lamp Status		
Muting Lamp Status 7	ALARM	Muting Lamp Status		
Output Power Over Curre	ок	Output Power over current Error		
Input Power Over Curren	ок	Input Power over current Error		
Update Event Log				

For details on the parameter monitor values, refer to the manuals for the corresponding CIP Safety target devices.

Precautions for Correct Use

The monitor values of CIP Safety Monitor are not automatically refreshed. Click the Update Button to refresh the values.

Checking the Event Logs

You can check event logs of the OMRON CIP Safety target devices.

1 Go to CIP Safety Target List and select an OMRON CIP Safety target device that you want to check the event logs.

2 Click the Event Log Button.

	SOM3	OFF	Value of Test Ouput Monitor	
	SOS3	ок	Value of Ouput Status	
	General			
	Output Power Error	ок	Output Power Error	
	Innut Power Error	OK	Input Power Error	\sim
Up	odate			<u>E</u> vent Log

The event logs are displayed.

12-4 Checking Errors of CIP Safety Target Devices Using Sysmac Studio

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	S [GI-SMD1624][192.168.250.6] Event Logs						
Г		Timestamps	l Events				
U	15	Timeatumpa	Safety I/O terminal launched				
	14	00:00:00:22:313	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
	13		Safety I/O terminal launched				
J	12	00:00:00:22:643	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
U	11		Safety I/O terminal launched				
I	10	00:00:06:29:395	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
	9	00:00:06:14:937	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
		00:00:00:22:433	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
Ш			Safety I/O terminal launched	_			
Ш		00:00:00:22:549	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
Ш			Safety I/O terminal launched				
Ш		00:10:02:05:645	Safety I/O terminal discrepancy error				
Ш	2	00.10.01.51.307	Cafaby 1/0 terminal discremance error				
H	- Deta	(a.).					
	An error was detected in dual channel evaluation for safety input and output terminals. <causes> Ground fault of input signal lines, disconnection, and short-circuit of signal lines Ground fault of output signal lines and short-circuit of signal lines (3) (3) Failure of connected device (4) Invalid set value to discrepancy time (5) Input signals from the external input device; e.g. Safety door <actions> (1)(2) Check the external wiring. (3) Replace the connected external device. (4) (5) Change the discrepancy time.</actions></causes>						
	<u>Save</u> <u>U</u> pdate						

For details on the event logs, refer to the manuals for the corresponding CIP Safety target devices.

12-4-2 CIP Safety Connection Status Codes and Troubleshooting

This section explains how to identify and correct errors based on the connection status of CIP Safety connection. If the CIP Safety Originator Connection Not Established error or the CIP Safety Target Missing error occurs with the Safety CPU Unit, the connection status of the CIP Safety connection is registered to the Attached information.



Additional Information

The connection status has the same meaning as the Connection Manager's General and Additional error response codes, as defined in the CIP specifications.

The following table shows the likely causes of the errors and the troubleshooting methods for each connection status.

	ection tus Ex- tended status (HEX)	Description	Cause	Correction
01	0100	Connection in use or duplicate forward open.	The connection with the CIP Safety target device is already used for connecting another originator.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	0105	Ownership Conflict or OUNID Mismatch. The configuration is already owned by another origi- nator.	The connection with the CIP Safety target device is not available because it was used for connecting another originator.	Delete the memory of the CIP Safe- ty target device and reconfigure the device. (The method for clearing the memory varies by the CIP Safety target devices.)

Conn	ection			
Sta Gener- al sta- tus (HEX)	tus Ex- tended status (HEX)	Description	Cause	Correction
01	0106	Ownership Conflict or OUNID Mismatch. The output connection was already owned by an- other originator.	The connection with the CIP Safety target device is not available because it was used for connecting another originator.	Delete the memory of the CIP Safe- ty target device and reconfigure the device. (The method for clearing the memory varies by the CIP Safety target devices.)
01	0110	Device not configured.	Attempted to open a connection for an unconfigured CIP Safety target device by selecting "Check Safety Signature (Type2a)" or "Open Only (Type2b)" for the Open Type setting.	 Use Configuration (Type1) open type for the CIP Safety target de- vice. Configure the CIP Safety target device accordingly. (The configu- ration method varies by the CIP Safety target devices.)
01	0111	RPI not supported. May also indicate problem with connection time-out multiplier, or production inhibit time.	Attempted to open a connection using an EPI that is not supported on the device.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the specifications of the CIP Safety target device.
01	0113	Connection Manager cannot support any more connections.	It has exceeded the maximum number of connections that can be used si- multaneously.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the specifications of the CIP Safety target device.
			Connections of tag data link communi- cations and CIP Safety communica- tions are used together.	Check whether a Unit Configuration Error, Combined Use of CIP Safety and Tag Data Link (342C0000 hex) observation level event occurred in the NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit which is on the path of CIP Safety communications.
			The NX502 CPU Unit is set so that CIP Safety communications cannot be used.	Check that the NX502 CPU Unit on the path of CIP Safety communica- tions can use for CIP Safety com- munications.
01	0114	Either the vendor ID or the product code in the key segment does not match the device.	Incorrect CIP Safety target device set- tings or IP address settings	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the IP address settings of the CIP Safety target device.
01	0116	Major or minor revision information in the key segment does not match the device.	The version of the device does not match.	Check the version of the CIP Safety target device and the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	0117	Invalid connection point.	The CIP Safety I/O assembly on the CIP Safety target device is not availa- ble.	Check the connection settings of the CIP Safety target device. (The configuration method varies by the CIP Safety target devices.) CIP Safety Target Device is a Safe- ty CPU Unit: Check the CIP Safety I/O assembly settings on the CIP Safety target device.

Connection status				
Gener- al sta- tus (HEX)	Ex- tended status (HEX)	Description	Cause	Correction
01	011A	Target application can- not support any more connections.	It has exceeded the maximum number of objects that can be used simultane- ously for the CIP Safety target device.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the specifications of the CIP Safety target device.
01	0134	Mismatched T→O Net- work Connection Fixvar	Attempted to open a multicast con- nection for the CIP Safety target de- vice that has already opened a single- cast connection with another origina- tor.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	0204	Unconnected_Send service timed out while waiting for a response.	The IP address settings on the CIP Safety target device are incorrect, or the Ethernet cable is disconnected. CIP Safety Target Device is a Safety CPU Unit: The node number of the Safety CPU Unit is incorrect.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	031F	No connection resour- ces exist for the target path.	Attempted to open a single-cast con- nection for the CIP Safety target de- vice that has already opened a con- nection with another originator.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	0801	Incompatible Multi-cast RPI. An existing con- nection has been estab- lished at a different RPI.	Attempted to open a multicast con- nection with different EPI for the CIP Safety target device that has already opened a multi-cast connection with another originator.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	0802	Invalid Safety Connec- tion Size	The connection of the selected size is not available for the CIP Safety target device.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the CIP Safety target device settings.
01	0805	Invalid Ping Interval EPI Multiplier	Attempted to open a multicast con- nection with different timeout settings for the CIP Safety target device that has already opened a multi-cast con- nection with another originator.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings.
01	0809	Invalid Max Consumer Number	It has exceeded the maximum number of originators that can be simultane- ously connected in the multicast con- nection with the CIP Safety target de- vice.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the specifications of the CIP Safety target device.
01	080C	SCID Mismatch. The SCID was non-zero and did not match the value in the target	Attempted to open a connection for an already configured CIP Safety target device by selecting "Check Safety Signature (Type2a)" for the Open Type setting, but the safety signature did not match.	Check the CIP Safety connection settings and the CIP Safety target device settings.
01	080D	TUNID not set. Device is out-of-box and TUNID has not been set, so connections are not al- lowed.	TUNID for the CIP Safety target de- vice is not configured.	Configure TUNID of the CIP Safety target device. (The configuration method varies by the CIP Safety target devices.)

Connection status Gener- Ex- al sta- tended tus status (HEX) (HEX)		Description	Cause	Correction		
01	080E	TUNID Mismatch. The TUNID provided does not match. The mes- sage was likely routed to this node in error	TUNID for the CIP Safety target de- vice is configured to another value.	Reconfigure TUNID for the CIP Safety target device. (The configu- ration method varies by the CIP Safety target devices.)		
02		Resources needed for the object to perform the requested service were unavailable.	There was no open resource in the CIP Safety target device.	Check the CIP Safety target device settings.		

12-4 Checking Errors of CIP Safety Target Devices Using Sysmac Studio

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12-5 Resetting Errors

Refer to the user's manual for the connected NX bus master for the standard flow for troubleshooting.

12-6 Troubleshooting Flow When Errors Occur

Refer to the user's manual for the connected NX bus master for the standard flow for troubleshooting.

Inspection and Maintenance

This section describes the procedures for cleaning, inspecting, and replacing Safety Control Units.

13-1 Cleani	ng and Inspection	
	Cleaning	
13-1-2	Periodic Inspections	
13-2 Mainte	nance Procedures	
13-2-1	Replacing the Safety CPU Unit	13-5
10.0.0	Replacing Safety I/O Units	

13-1 Cleaning and Inspection

This section describes daily maintenance and the cleaning and inspection methods.

13-1-1 Cleaning

Clean the Safety Control Unit regularly as described below in order to keep it in optimal operating condition.

- Wipe the equipment over with a soft, dry cloth when performing daily cleaning.
- If dirt remains even after wiping with a soft, dry cloth, wipe with a cloth that has been wet with a sufficiently diluted detergent (2%) and wrung dry.
- A smudge may remain on the Units from gum, vinyl, or tape that was left on for a long time. Remove the smudge when cleaning.



Precautions for Correct Use

- Never use volatile solvents, such as paint thinner, benzene, or chemical wipes.
- Do not touch the NX bus connectors.

13-1-2 Periodic Inspections

Although the major components in Safety Control Unit have an extremely long life time, they can deteriorate under improper environmental conditions. Periodic inspections are thus required.

Inspection is recommended at least once every six months to a year, but more frequent inspections will be necessary in adverse environments.

Take immediate steps to correct the situation if any of the conditions in the following table are not met.

- Make sure that the Units are used within the ranges of specifications.
- · Make sure that the Units are mounted and wired correctly.
- To maintain the operating reliability of the safety functions at a consistent level, diagnose the safety functions.
- Use the error log to check whether non-fatal errors have occurred.

Periodic Inspection Items

No.	Inspec- tion item	Inspection details	Criteria	Correction
1	External power supply	Is the power supply voltage measured at the terminal block within standards?	Within the power sup- ply voltage range	Use a voltage tester to check the power supply at the terminals. Take necessary steps to bring the power supply within the power supply volt- age range.
2	I/O power supply	Is the power supply voltage measured at the I/O terminal block within standards?	Voltages must be with- in I/O specifications of each NX Unit.	Use a voltage tester to check the power voltage at the terminals. Take necessary steps to bring the I/O power supply within NX Unit standards.

No.	Inspec- tion item	Inspection details	Criteria	Correction
3	Ambient environ- ment	Is the ambient operating temperature within stand- ards?	0 to 55°C	Use a thermometer to check the temperature and ensure that the ambient operating temperature remains within the allowed range of 0 to 55°C.
		Is the ambient operating hu- midity within standards?	Relative humidity must be 10% to 95% with no condensation.	Use a hygrometer to check the hu- midity and ensure that the ambient operating humidity remains be- tween 10% and 95%. Make sure that condensation does not occur due to rapid changes in temperature.
		Is it subject to direct sun- light?	Not in direct sunlight	Protect the Controller if necessary.
		Is there an accumulation of dirt, dust, salt, metal powder, etc.?	No accumulation	Clean and protect the Controller if necessary.
		Is there water, oil, or chemi- cal sprays hitting the Control- ler?	No spray	Clean and protect the Controller if necessary.
		Are there corrosive or flam- mable gases in the area of the Controller?	No gases	Check by smell or use a sensor.
		Is the Unit subject to shock or vibration?	Vibration resistance and shock resistance must be within specifi- cations.	Install cushioning or other vibration and shock absorbing equipment if necessary.
		Are there noise sources near the Controller?	No significant noise sources	Either separate the Controller and noise source or protect the Control- ler.
4	Installa- tion and wiring	Are the DIN Track mounting hooks for each NX Unit se- curely locked?	No looseness	Securely lock the DIN Track mount- ing hooks.
		Are the cable connectors fully inserted and locked?	No looseness	Correct any improperly installed connectors.
		Are there any loose screws on the End Plates (PFP-M)?	No looseness	Tighten loose screws with a Phil- lips-head screwdriver.
		Are the NX Units connected to each other along the hookup guides and until they touch the DIN track?	You must connect and fix the NX Units to the DIN track.	Connect the NX Units to each other along the hookup guides and insert them until they touch the DIN track.
		Are there any damaged ex- ternal wiring cables?	No visible damage	Check visually and replace cables if necessary.
5	Safety validation testing (user testing)	Check to be sure that all safety functions operate correctly.	All functions must op- erate as intended.	Remove the cause of errors and check the operation of all safety functions again.

Tools Required for Inspections

• Required Tools

- Phillips screwdriver
- Flat-blade screwdriver
- Voltage tester or digital voltmeter
- · Industrial alcohol and pure cotton cloth

• Tools Required Occasionally

- Oscilloscope
- Thermometer and hygrometer

13-2 Maintenance Procedures

If the inspection reveals any problems that require you to replace a Safety Control Unit, observe the following precautions.

- Never disassemble, repair, or modify a Safety Control Unit. This will compromise the integrity of the safety function and is dangerous.
- Make sure that you can replace the Unit under safe conditions.
- Perform all replacements with the power supply turned OFF to prevent electric shock, or unexpected movement of the machinery.
- Check the new Unit to make sure that there are no errors.



Precautions for Safe Use

After you replace the Unit, reset the program and all configuration settings that are necessary to resume operation. Make sure that the safety functions operate normally before you start actual operation.

Remove the faulty Unit, and then replace and wire the new Unit.

Refer to 2-1-2 Part Names and Functions on page 2-8and to Section 3 Installation and Wiring on page 3-1 for information on installing, removing, and wiring Units.

The following section introduces how to replace Safety CPU Unit and Safety I/O Units.

Precautions for Correct Use

The backup/restore functions of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit do not apply to Safety Control Unit. Use the Sysmac Studio when you replace a Unit.

13-2-1 Replacing the Safety CPU Unit

Precautions before Replacing the Unit

- Before replacing the Unit, make sure there is a Sysmac Studio project file that corresponds to the current safety control system. Alternatively, you can upload the project file from the actual safety control system.
- Make sure that the Sysmac Studio project file is the intended file before replacing the Unit.
- · Replacement work must be performed only by personnel with knowledge of safety controls.
- To ensure the safety of all workers, turn OFF the power supply to all hazard sources (i.e., actuators, etc.). Alternatively, place the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit in PROGRAM mode.

Replacement Procedure

Remove the Safety CPU Unit to replace and attach the new Safety CPU Unit.

• When Sysmac Studio Is Connected to NJ/NX-series CPU Unit

You can use this connection method only if you use an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit and EtherCAT Coupler Unit.

1 Connect the Sysmac Studio online to the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit. When you add a new Safety CPU Unit to the system, a Slave Initialization Error will occur in the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

- 2 Select Synchronization from the Controller Menu. Click the Transfer to Controller Button in the Synchronization Window to transfer the Slave Terminal configuration information from the computer to the Safety CPU Unit. Refer to 7-2-2 Transfer Procedure for a Connection to NJ/NX-series CPU Unit on page 7-8 for a detailed procedure.
- **3** Reset the error from the Troubleshooting Dialog Box.
- 4 Select the Safety CPU Unit as the Controller.The Sysmac Studio goes online with the Safety CPU Unit.

5 Place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode. Refer to *7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode* on page 7-17 for a detailed procedure.

6 On the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, select **Safety Validation** from the **Controller** Menu to transfer the safety programs to the non-volatile memory in the Safety CPU Unit.

Refer to 7-11-1 Performing Safety Validation on page 7-65 for a detailed procedure.

7 Change the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit to RUN mode. Or, cycle the power supply to Safety CPU Unit. Refer to 7-11-2 Changing to RUN Mode on page 7-67 for a detailed procedure.

When Sysmac Studio Is Connected to Communications Coupler Unit

- Place the Sysmac Studio online with the Communications Coupler Unit.
 When you add a new Safety CPU Unit to the system, a Slave Initialization Error will occur in the Communications Coupler Unit.
- 2 Right-click the Communications Coupler Unit and select Transfer to Controller from the menu to transfer the Slave Terminal configuration information to the Safety CPU Unit. Refer to 7-2-3 Transfer Procedure for a Connection to Communications Coupler Unit on page 7-8 for a detailed procedure.
- **3** Reset the error from the Troubleshooting Dialog Box.
- 4 Select the Safety CPU Unit as the Controller.The Sysmac Studio goes online with the Safety CPU Unit.
- **5** Place the Safety CPU Unit in DEBUG mode.

Refer to 7-4 Changing to DEBUG Mode on page 7-17 for a detailed procedure.

- **6** On the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, select **Safety Validation** from the **Controller** Menu to transfer the safety programs to the non-volatile memory. Refer to *7-11-1 Performing Safety Validation* on page 7-65 for a detailed procedure.
- 7 Change the operating mode of the Safety CPU Unit to RUN mode. Or, cycle the power supply to Safety CPU Unit.

Refer to 7-11-2 Changing to RUN Mode on page 7-67 for a detailed procedure.

• When Using an SD Memory Card

Refer to Section 10 Safety Unit Restore on page 10-1 for details when you use an SD Memory Card.

Checking after Replacing a Unit

- After a Unit is replaced, make sure that the intended data was transferred to the Safety CPU Unit by using the following methods.
 - a) Make sure that the safety signature that is shown in the Safety Properties Dialog Box for the safety project is the same as the safety signature that is shown in the Controller Status Pane.
 - b) When you use an SD Memory Card, make sure that the safety signature that is shown in the seven-segment indicator of the Safety CPU Unit is the intended signature.
- After the replacement is completed, always perform user testing to make sure that the safety functions operate correctly.
- If necessary, clear the event log of any events that remain in Safety CPU Unit due to the replacement work.

13-2-2 Replacing Safety I/O Units

This section describes the ACR (auto configuration restart) function.

Precautions before Replacing the Units

- The replaced Safety I/O Units must be in the default status before the replacement.
 If you are unsure of whether the Safety I/O Units are in the default state, perform the Clear All Memory operation for all Safety I/O Units that were replaced. Refer to 7-16 Restarting and Clearing All Memory on page 7-78 for detailed procedures.
- Replacement work must be performed only by personnel with knowledge of safety controls.
- To ensure the safety of all workers, turn OFF the power supply to all hazard sources (i.e., actuators, etc.). Alternatively, place the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit in PROGRAM mode.

Replacement Procedure

- **1** Record the relationship between the wiring and the terminal numbers before you remove the terminal block from the Safety I/O Units.
- **2** Remove the Safety I/O Units to replace.

- **3** Mount the new Safety I/O Units.
- **4** Return the terminal block to the new Safety I/O Units.
- **5** Cycle the power supply to the Safety CPU Unit.

• Checking after Replacing Safety I/O Units

• After the replacement is completed, always perform user testing to make sure that the safety functions operate correctly. Make sure that the terminal block is inserted into the correct location on the Safety I/O Units, and check by performing user testing.

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Precautions for Correct Use

Checking the Serial Numbers of NX Units

- If the Serial Number Check Methodsetting on the NX bus master is set to Setting = Actual device, Serial Number Check Method temporarily change this setting to No check, and then replace the NX Unit. Get the serial number of the new NX Unit, and then set the Serial Number Check Method setting on the NX bus master to Setting = Actual device again. If you replace the NX Unit with the Serial Number Check Method setting set to Setting = Actual device, a Unit Configuration Verification Error will occur.
- Refer to the user's manual for the NX bus master for details on the serial number checking function for NX bus master.

Additional Information

If you replace a Safety I/O Unit while the Safety CPU Unit is in operation, a communications error event will be logged in the following Units. After the replacement, clear the event logs as necessary.

- Safety CPU Unit
- Safety I/O Units on the same Slave Terminal that were not replaced
- The NX bus master to which the Safety CPU Unit or Safety I/O Unit where a communications error was detected is connected

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Appendices

The appendices provide the general specifications, dimensions of the Units, application examples, and other information.

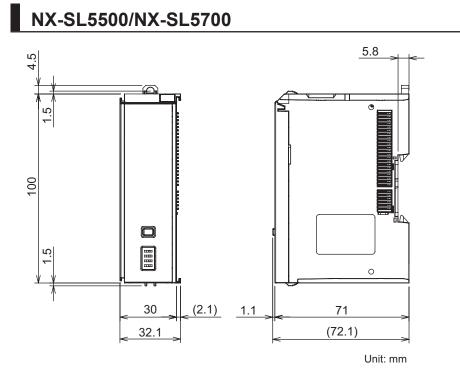
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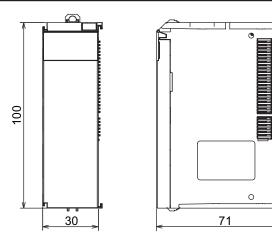
A-1 Dimensions

Dimensions of the Units are shown as follows. The unit of dimension is millimeter.

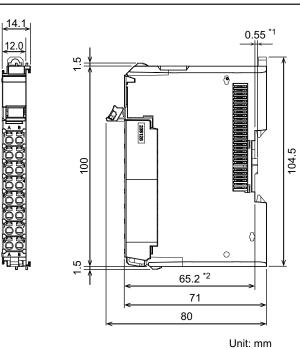
A-1-1 Safety CPU Unit



NX-SL3300/NX-SL3500



A-1-2 Safety I/O Units



NX-SID800/NX-SIH400/NX-SOD400/NX-SOH200

- *1. The dimension is 1.35 mm for Units with lot numbers through December 2014.
- *2. The dimension from the attachment surface of the DIN Track to the front surface of the Safety I/O Unit.

A-2-1 Format of NX Object Descriptions

In this manual, NX objects are described with the following format.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute

Index (hex)	:	This is the index of the NX object that is expressed as a four-digit hexadecimal number.
Subindex (hex)	:	This is the subindex of the NX object that is expressed as a two-digit hexadecimal number.
Object name	:	This is the name of the object. For a subindex, this is the name of the subindex.
Default value	:	This is the value that is set by default.
Data range	:	For a read-only (RO) NX object, this is the range of the data you can read. For a read-write
		(RW) NX object, this is the setting range of the data.
Unit	:	The unit is the physical units.
Data Type	:	This is the data type of the object.
Access	:	This data tells if the object is read-only or read/write.
		RO: Read-only
		RW: Read/write
I/O allocation	:	This tells whether I/O allocation is allowed.
Data attribute	:	This is the timing when changes to writable NX objects are enabled.
		Y: Enabled by restarting
		N: Enabled at all times
		: Write-prohibited

A-2-2 Safety CPU Unit (NX-SL3300/NX-SL3500)



This object gives the product information.

Index (hex)	Subin- dex (hex)	Object name	Default val- ue	Data range	Unit	Data Type	Ac- cess	I/O alloca- tion	Data attrib- ute
1000		NX Bus Identi- ty							
	00	Number of En- tries	7	7		USINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	02	Model	*1			ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	03	Device Type	00000A00 hex			UDINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	04	Product Code	*2			UDINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	05	Vendor Code	1			UDINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	06	Unit Version	*3			UDINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	07	Serial Number	*4	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of En- tries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	01	Lot Number	*5	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	02	Hardware Ver- sion	*6			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not possi- ble.	
	03	Software Ver- sion	*7			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not possi- ble.	

*1. The product models are assigned in ascending order from the lowest number of array elements. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

- *2. The product codes are assigned for each product model. NX-SL3300: 00A03300 hex NX-SL3500: 00A03500 hex
- *3. Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version. Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version. Bits 0 to 15: Reserved (Example) For Ver.1.0, 0100
- *4. The unique serial number of the product is given. Bits 0 to 31: Serial number
 *5. The year, month, and day of production are assigned to the "lot number". Bits 24 to 31: Day of manufacture Bits 16 to 23: Month of manufacture Bits 8 to 15: Year of manufacture
 - Bits 0 to 7: Reserved
- *6. The hardware version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.
- *7. The software version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

These objects accept I/O allocations.

You cannot access the objects with the Read NX Unit Object instruction or the Write NX Unit Object instruction.

Refer to the *NJ/NX-series Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. W502)* for details on the Read NX Unit Object instruction or the Write NX Unit Object instruction.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data Type	Access	I/O alloca- tion	Data at- tribute
6004		Status							
	00	Number of En- tries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not possible.	
	01	Safety CPU Sta-	0000 hex	0000 to		WORD	RO	Possible.	
		tus		000F hex ^{*1}					

*1. The details of the "Safety CPU Status" are as follows:

Bit 0: Normal Operating

Bit 1: Program Operating

Bit 2: Program No Fault

Bit 3: Safety Master Connection Status

Bits 4 to 15: Reserved

A-2-3 Safety CPU Unit (NX-SL5500/NX-SL5700)

Unit Information Object

This object gives the product information.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
1000		NX Bus Identity							
	00	Number of Entries	7	7		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Model	*1			ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Device Type	00000A00 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	04	Product Code	*2			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	05	Vendor Code	1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	06	Unit Version	*3			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	07	Serial Number	*4	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of Entries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Lot Number	*5	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Hardware Version	*6			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Software Version	*7			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

*1. The product models are assigned in ascending order from the lowest number of array elements. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

*2. The product codes are assigned for each product model.

NX-SL5700: 00A05700 hex

- *3. Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version Bits 0 to 15: Reserved (Example) For Ver.1.0, 0100
- *4. The unique serial number of the product is given. Bits 0 to 31: Serial number
- *5. The date of manufacture is given for the "lot number". Bits 24 to 31: Day of manufacture Bits 16 to 23: Month of manufacture Bits 8 to 15: Year of manufacture Bits 0 to 7: Reserved
- The hardware version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces. *6.
- *7. The software version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6004		Status							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety CPU Status	0000 hex	0000 to 007F		WORD	RO	Sup-	
				hex ^{*1}				port-	
								ed	

These objects accept I/O allocations.

*1. The details of the Safety CPU Status are as follows:

Bit 0: Normal Operating, All safety master connections established

- Bit 1: Program Operating
- Bit 2: Program No Fault

Bit 3: Safety Master Connection Status

Bit 4: FSoE Master Connection Status

Bit 5: CIP Safety Originator Connection Status

Bit 6: CIP Safety Target Connection Status

Bits 7 to 15: Reserved

Other Objects

This section lists other objects.

Α

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5002		Safety Signature							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Last Modified ^{*1}	0x0000000000 000000	0x000000000 000000 to 0xFFFFFFF FFFFFF		ULINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Signature ^{*2}	0x0000	0xFFFF		UINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

• Safety Signature Objects

*1. The default value is given if it is not validated. If safety validation is executed, the elapsed number of seconds from 00:00:00 on January 1, 1970 (UTC) is entered as the update time of the safety signature.

*2. The default value is given if it is not validated.

Node Name Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5003		Node name							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Node name ^{*1}	0			ARRAY [079] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

*1. If the node name is not set, the default value is given. If the node name is specified, the node name in the ASCII code will be entered.

• Status Objects

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5001		Status							
	00	Number of Entries	8	8		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Safety CPU Status	0000 hex	0000 to 007F hex		WORD	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Normal Operating	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Program Operating	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	04	Program No Fault	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	05	Safety Master Connection Status	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	06	FSoE Master Con- nection Status	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	07	CIP Safety Origi- nator Connection Status	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	08	CIP Safety Target Connection Status	0	0-1		BOOL	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

A-2-4 NX-SID800 Safety Input Unit

Unit Information Objects

These objects give the product information.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
1000		NX Bus Identity							
	00	Number of Entries	7	7		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Model	NX-SID800			ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Device Type	00000A01 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	04	Product Code	00A10800 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	05	Vendor Code	1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	06	Unit Version	*1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	07	Serial Number	*2	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of Entries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Lot Number	*3	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Hardware Version	*4			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Software Version	*5			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

*1. Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version Bits 0 to 15: Reserved (Example) For Ver.1.0, 0100

- *2. The unique serial number of the product is given. Bits 0 to 31: Serial number
- *3. The date of manufacture is given for the "lot number". Bits 24 to 31: Day of manufacture Bits 16 to 23: Month of manufacture Bits 8 to 15: Year of manufacture Bits 0 to 7: Reserved
- *4. The hardware version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.
- *5. The software version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

These objects accept I/O allocations.

They cannot be accessed through message communications.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6000		FSoE Slave Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Slave CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Slave CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6001		Safety Input Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety Input 1st	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF		WORD	RO	Sup-	
		Byte		hex				port-	
								ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6002		Standard Input Da- ta							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Input 1st Word	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex ^{*1}		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Input 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex ^{*2}		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	

- *1. The details of the "Standard Input 1st Word" are as follows:
 - Bit 0: Si00 Logical Value
 - Bit 1: Si01 Logical Value
 - Bit 2: Si02 Logical Value
 - Bit 3: Si03 Logical Value
 - Bit 4: Si04 Logical Value
 - Bit 5: Si05 Logical Value
 - Bit 6: Si06 Logical Value
 - Bit 7: Si07 Logical Value

Bit 8: Safety Connection Status

Bit 9: Safety Input Terminal Status

Bit 10: Unit Normal Status

Bit 11: IO Power Supply Error Flag

Bits 12 to 15: Reserved

*2. The details of the "Standard Input 2nd Byte" are as follows:

- Bit 0: Si00 Status
- Bit 1: Si01 Status
- Bit 2: Si02 Status
- Bit 3: Si03 Status
- Bit 4: Si04 Status
- Bit 5: Si05 Status
- Bit 6: Si06 Status
- Bit 7: Si07 Status

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7000		FSoE Master Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Master CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Master Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Master CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7001		Safety Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety Output 1st	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF		WORD	RW	Sup-	
		Word		hex				port-	
								ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7002		Standard Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Output 1st Word	0000 hex	0000 hex ^{*1}		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Output 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 hex ^{*2}		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	

*1. "Standard Output 1st Word" is reserved by the system.

*2. "Standard Output 2nd Byte" is reserved by the system.

A

Other Objects

This section lists other objects.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5000		Device Safety Ad- dress							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
_	01	Safety Address	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		UINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

A-2-5 NX-SIH400 Safety Input Unit

Unit Information Objects

This object gives the product information.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
1000		NX Bus Identity							
	00	Number of Entries	7	7		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Model	NX-SIH400			ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Device Type	00000A02 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	04	Product Code	00A20400 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	05	Vendor Code	1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	06	Unit Version	*1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	07	Serial Number	*2	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of Entries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Lot Number	*3	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Hardware Version	*4			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Software Version	*5			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

*1. Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version Bits 0 to 15: Reserved Α

(Example) For Ver.1.0, 0100

- *2. The unique serial number of the product is given. Bits 0 to 31: Serial number
- *3. The date of manufacture is given for the "lot number". Bits 24 to 31: Day of manufacture Bits 16 to 23: Month of manufacture Bits 8 to 15: Year of manufacture Bits 0 to 7: Reserved
- *4. The hardware version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.
- *5. The software version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

These objects accept I/O allocations.

They cannot be accessed through message communications.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6000		FSoE Slave Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Slave CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Slave CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6001		Safety Input Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety Input 1st	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup-	
		Byte						port-	
								ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6002		Standard Input Da- ta							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Input 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex ^{*1}		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Input 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex ^{*2}		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	

*1. The details of the "Standard Input 1st Byte" are as follows:

- Bit 0: Si00 Logical Value
- Bit 1: Si01 Logical Value
- Bit 2: Si02 Logical Value
- Bit 3: Si03 Logical Value
- Bit 4: Safety Connection Status
- Bit 5: Safety Input Terminal Status
- Bit 6: Unit Normal Status
- Bit 7: IO Power Supply Error Flag
- *2. The details of the "Standard Input 2nd Byte" are as follows:
 - Bit 0: Si00 Status
 - Bit 1: Si01 Status
 - Bit 2: Si02 Status
 - Bit 3: Si03 Status
 - Bits 4 to 7: Reserved

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7000		FSoE Master Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Master CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Master Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Master CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7001		Safety Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety Output 1st	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup-	
		Byte						port-	
								ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7002		Standard Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Output 1st Byte	00 hex	00 hex ^{*1}		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Output 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 hex *2		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	

*1. "Standard Output 1st Byte" is reserved by the system.

*2. "Standard Output 2nd Byte" is reserved by the system.

Other Objects

This section lists other objects.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5000		Device Safety Ad- dress							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Safety Address	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		UINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

A-2-6 NX-SOD400 Safety Output Unit

Unit Information Objects

These objects give the product information.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
1000	00	NX Bus Identity Number of Entries	7	7		 USINT	 RO	 Not sup- port-	
	02	Model	NX-SOD400			ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	ed Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Device Type	00000A03 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	04	Product Code	00A30400 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	05	Vendor Code	1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	06	Unit Version	*1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	07	Serial Number	*2	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of Entries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Lot Number	*3	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Hardware Version	*4			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Software Version	*5			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

- *1. Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version Bits 0 to 15: Reserved (Example) For Ver.1.0, 0100
- *2. The unique serial number of the product is given. Bits 0 to 31: Serial number
- *3. The date of manufacture is given for the "lot number". Bits 24 to 31: Day of manufacture Bits 16 to 23: Month of manufacture Bits 8 to 15: Year of manufacture Bits 0 to 7: Reserved
- *4. The hardware version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.
- *5. The software version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

These objects accept I/O allocations.

They cannot be accessed through message communications.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6000		FSoE Slave Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Slave CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Slave CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6001		Safety Input Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Safety Input 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6002		Standard Input Da- ta							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Input 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex ^{*1}		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Input 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex ^{*2}		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	

*1. The details of the "Standard Input 1st Byte" are as follows:

Bit 0: So00 Monitor Value

Bit 1: So01 Monitor Value

Bit 2: So02 Monitor Value

A-2 NX Objects

Α

A-2-6 NX-SOD400 Safety Output Unit

- Bit 3: So03 Monitor Value Bit 4: Safety Connection Status
- Bit 5: Safety Output Terminal Status
- Bit 6: Unit Normal Status
- Bit 7: IO Power Supply Error Flag
- *2. The details of the "Standard Input 2nd Byte" are as follows:
 - Bit 0: So00 Status
 - Bit 1: So01 Status
 - Bit 2: So02 Status
 - Bit 3: So03 Status
 - Bits 4 to 7: Reserved

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7000		FSoE Master Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Master CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Master Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Master CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7001		Safety Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety Output 1st	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup-	
		Byte						port-	
								ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7002		Standard Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Output 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Output 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Other Objects

This section lists other objects.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5000		Device Safety Ad- dress							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Safety Address	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		UINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

A-2-7 NX-SOH200 Safety Output Unit

Unit Information Objects

These objects give the product information.

Α

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
1000		NX Bus Identity							
	00	Number of Entries	7	7		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Model	NX-SOH200			ARRAY [011] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Device Type	00000A04 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	04	Product Code	00A40200 hex			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	05	Vendor Code	1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	06	Unit Version	*1			UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	07	Serial Number	*2	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
1001		Production Info							
	00	Number of Entries	4	4		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Lot Number	*3	00000000 to FFFFFFF hex		UDINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	02	Hardware Version	*4			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	03	Software Version	*5			ARRAY [019] OF BYTE	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

*1. Bits 24 to 31: Integer part of the Unit version Bits 16 to 23: Fractional part of the Unit version Bits 0 to 15: Reserved (Example) For Ver.1.0, 0100

- *2. The unique serial number of the product is given. Bits 0 to 31: Serial number
- *3. The date of manufacture is given for the "lot number". Bits 24 to 31: Day of manufacture Bits 16 to 23: Month of manufacture Bits 8 to 15: Year of manufacture Bits 0 to 7: Reserved
- *4. The hardware version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.
- *5. The software version is given in order in the lowest elements of the array. Unused elements are padded with spaces.

Objects That Accept I/O Allocations

These objects accept I/O allocations.

They cannot be accessed through message communications.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6000		FSoE Slave Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Slave CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Slave Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Slave CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RO	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6001		Safety Input Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not	
								sup-	
								port-	
								ed	
	01	Safety Input 1st	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RO	Sup-	
		Byte						port-	
								ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
6002		Standard Input Da- ta							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Input 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex ^{*1}		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Input 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex *2		BYTE	RO	Sup- port- ed	

*1. The details of the "Standard Input 1st Byte" are as follows:

- Bit 0: So00 Monitor Value
- Bit 1: So01 Monitor Value
- Bit 2: Safety Connection Status
- Bit 3: Safety Output Terminal Status
- Bit 4: Unit Normal Status
- Bit 5: IO Power Supply Error Flag
- Bits 6 to 7: Reserved

*2. The details of the "Standard Input 2nd Byte" are as follows: Bit 0: So00 Status

Bit 1: So01 Status

Bits 2 to 7: Reserved

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7000		FSoE Master Frame Elements							
	00	Number of Entries	3	3		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	FSoE Master CMD	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	FSoE Master Conn_ID	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	03	FSoE Master CRC_0	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		WORD	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7001		Safety Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Safety Output 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
7002		Standard Output Data							
	00	Number of Entries	2	2		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Standard Output 1st Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	
	02	Standard Output 2nd Byte	00 hex	00 to FF hex		BYTE	RW	Sup- port- ed	

Other Objects

This section lists other objects.

Index (hex)	Subindex (hex)	Object name	Default value	Data range	Unit	Data type	Ac- cess	I/O allo- cati- on	Data at- trib- ute
5000		Device Safety Ad- dress							
	00	Number of Entries	1	1		USINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	
	01	Safety Address	0000 hex	0000 to FFFF hex		UINT	RO	Not sup- port- ed	

A-3 Application Examples

These examples show safety systems that use Safety Control Unit. Refer to the *NX-series Safety Control Unit Instructions Reference Manual (Cat. No. Z931) for details on the instructions that are used in each example.*

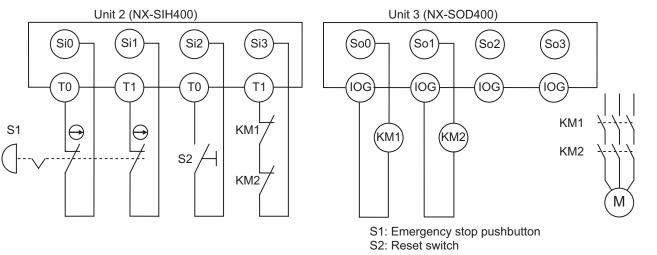
A-3-1 Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switches

Application Overview

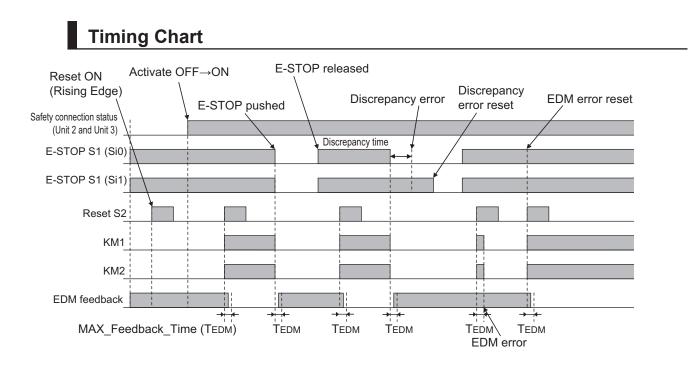
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual

Motor M stops when emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

Wiring



S2: Reset switch KM1, KM2: Contactors M: Motor



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	0ms	0ms	то	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	0ms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	0ms	0ms	0ms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

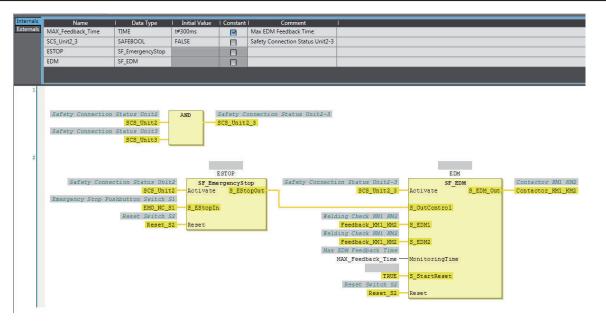
Node1/Unit3 : NX-SOD400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Comment
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check
	So 1	
	So 2	
	So 3	

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	EtherCAT Network	1				
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	V NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs	1		ň.		
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	0		
	So03 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			

Program



Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

A-3-2 Safety Doors

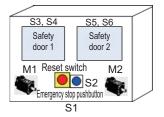
Application Overview

Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe	Safety limit switches 1 and 2	0	Auto
(Safety Door)	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual

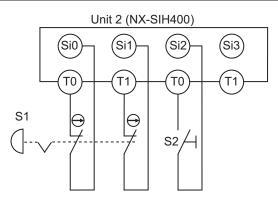
M1 stops when safety door 1 (S3, S4) is opened.

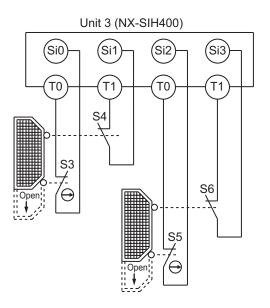
M2 stops when safety door 2 (S5, S6) is opened.

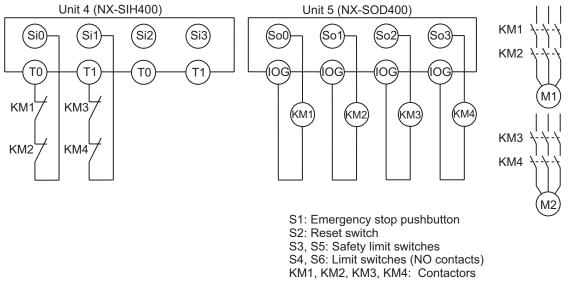
Both M1 and M2 stop when the emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.



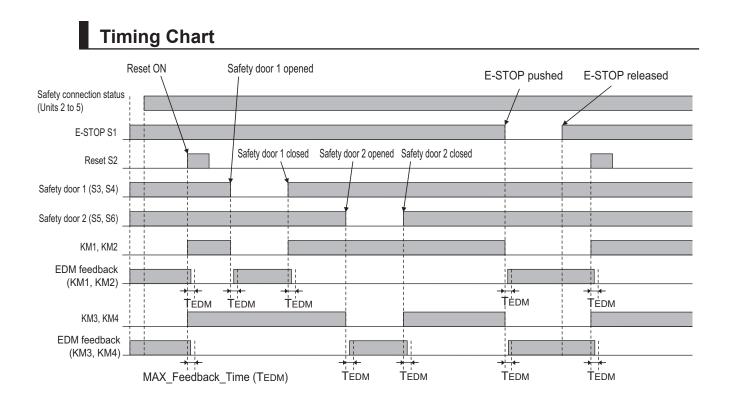
Wiring







```
M1, M2: Motors
```



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si 0 5	500ms	0ms	Oms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Reset Switch
	Si 3			1		

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si O	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Safety Limit Switch(NC)
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 1	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	Limit Switch(NO)
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Safety Limit Switch(NC)
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	0ms	Oms	T1	Limit Switch(NO)

Node1/Unit4 : NX-SIH400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si O	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 1	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)
	Si 2					
	Si 3					

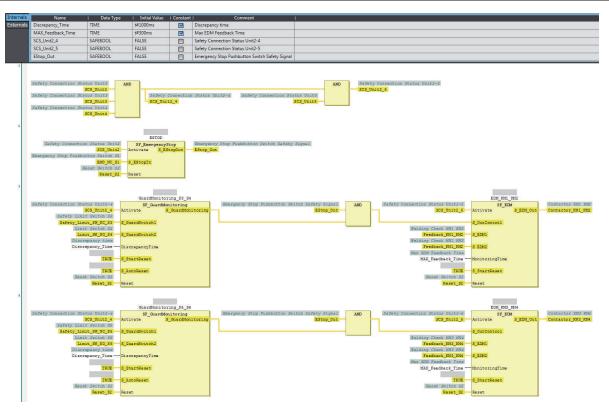
Node1/Unit5 : NX-SOD400 (N5 : Instance3)

External Device	Channel	Comment		
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check		
	So 1			
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 2	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check		
	So 3			

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	▼ <u> ↓</u> EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master					1
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			1
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			1
Node1/Unit3	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S3	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Limit_SW_NO_S4	Limit Switch(NO)	Global Variables
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Safety_Limit_SW_NC_S5	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Limit_SW_NO_S6	Limit Switch(NO)	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					Lesso and sources
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM3_KM4	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)	Global Variables
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			J
Node1/Unit5	▼ NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit5	Safety Connection Status Unit5	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM3_KM4	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	Global Variables
	So03 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			-9

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.
- Refer to ISO 14119:2013 for additional measures to minimize the possibility of interlocking devices associated with guards from being disabled.

A-3-3 Safety Laser Scanners

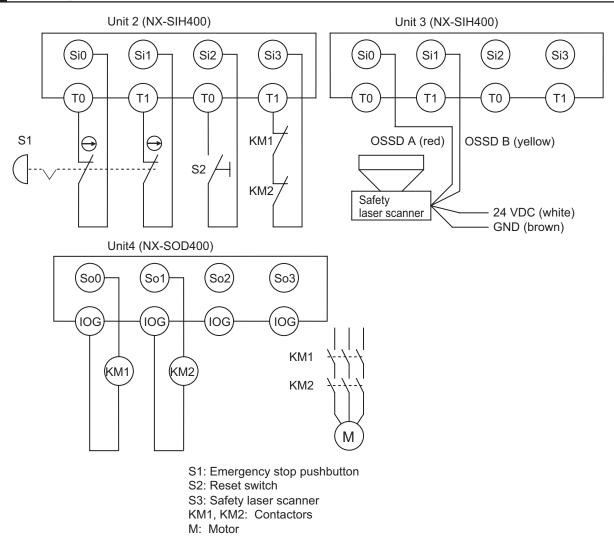
Application Overview

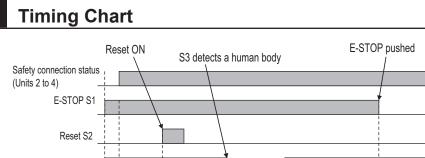
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 3/PLd	Laser scanner	0	Auto
(Laser Scanner)	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual

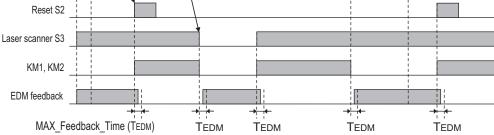
AGV stops when emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

AGV stops when laser scanner S3 detects that persons or objects approach into the safety zone.

Wiring







Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

E-STOP released

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	0ms	0ms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	0ms	Oms	TO	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	0ms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	0ms	0ms	Not Used	Dual Safety Semiconductor Output(Equivalent)
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	0ms	Not Used	
	Si 2					
	Si 3					

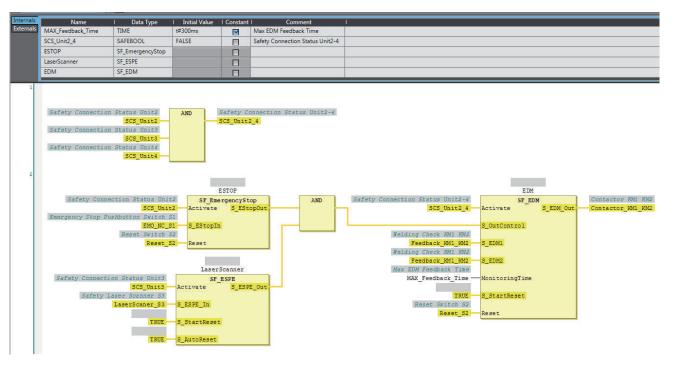
Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment	
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	
	So 1		
	So 2		
	So 3		

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	🔻 🖺 EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	NX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	LaserScaner_S3	Safety Laser Scanner S3	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	NX-SOD400	1				
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	 Safety Outputs 					
	So00 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

A-3-4 Safety Door Switches with Magnetic Locks and Key Selector Switches

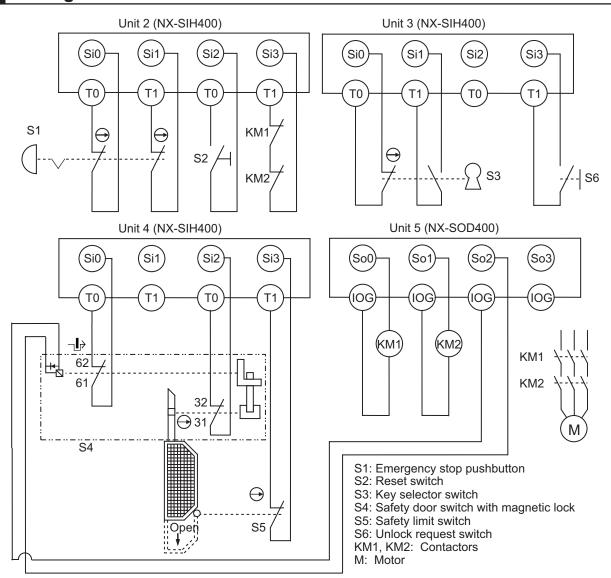
Application Overview

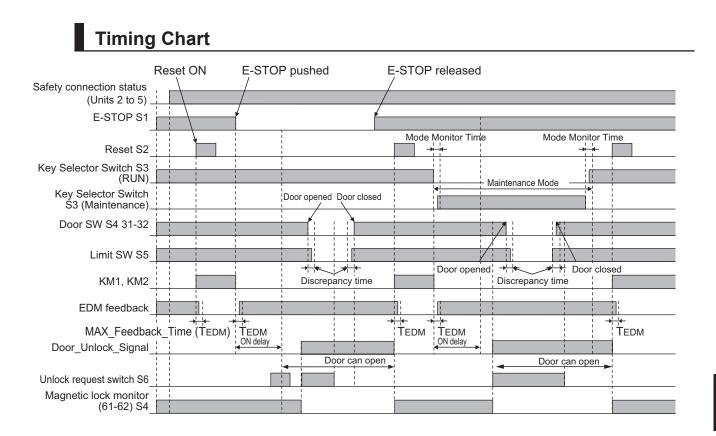
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe (Safety Door Switches with	 Emergency stop pushbutton Safety door switch with magnetic lock (me- sharing lock type) 	0	Manual
Magnetic Locks)	chanical lock type)Key selector switch		

Safety doors S4 and S5 cannot be opened while the user mode is set for normal operation. The outputs are turned OFF by changing to maintenance mode and the safety doors can be opened 5 seconds later.

The outputs also turn OFF when emergency pushbutton S1 is pressed.

Wiring





Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	Oms	Oms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
15	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si O	Oms	Oms	Oms	то	Single Contact
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 1	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	Single Contact
	Si 2					
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	Single Contact

Node1/Unit4 : NX-SIH400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 0	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Safety Switch(NC)
	Si 1					
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Safety Switch(NC)
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	Safety Limit Switch(NC)

Node1/Unit5 : NX-SOD400 (N5 : Instance3)

External Device	Channel	Comment
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check
	So 1	
Single Channel with Test Pulse	So 2	Door Unlock Signal
	So 3	

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	▼ <u> </u>					
EtherCAT Master	Master		1		1	
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
_	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	VX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Mode_SW_S3_RUN	Single Contact	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Mode_SW_S3_Maintenance	Single Contact	Global Variables
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Unlock_Request_SW_S6	Single Contact	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	VX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Lock_Monitor_S4	Safety Switch(NC)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Door_SW_S4	Safety Switch(NC)	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Safety_Limit_SW_S5	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit5	VX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit5	Safety Connection Status Unit5	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Door_Unlock_Signal	Door Unlock Signal	Global Variables
	So03 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL		5	8

Program

Internals	Name	Data Type				1					
Externals	Mode_Monitor_Time	TIME	t#2s		Allowed Mode Transition Time						
	MAX_Feedback_Time	TIME	t#300ms		Max EDM Feedback Time						
	ON_Delay_Time	TIME	t#5s		ON Delay Time						
	Discrepancy_Time	TIME	t#1000ms		Discrepancy time						
	RUN_Mode	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		RUN Mode						
	Maintenance_Mode	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Maintenance Mode						
	SafeActive	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Status						
	GuardLocked	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Guard Safety Signal						
	UnlockGuard	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Guard Unlock Signal						
	SCS_Unit2_3	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit2-3						
	SCS_Unit2_4	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit2-4						
	SCS_Unit2_5	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit2-5						
2	Safety Connection Sta	ON_Delay IN Q	Safety C SCS Unit Safety Status Safekctive	2_3	Bana Milio Banay	, . Sunaetian Tahun Tahid BCU Tasid —	AND Safety Con BCS_UnitS_	nactim Status Unit-4	Safety Connection Status Units BC3 (hist -	AND GCI_TRIST_B GCI_TRIST_B	1162-5
	User Mode Swi User Mode Switch S3 -	on Status Unit2-3 SCS_Unit2_3 toh S3 - RUN Mode Mode_SW_S3_RUN Maintenance Mode	SF_Mode Activate S_Mode0			RUN Mode RUN Mode					
	Allowed Mod	SW SS Maintenance TRUE E Transition Time Mode Monitor_Time Reset Switch S2 Reset_S2		14							
				-				r -			
				aardMonit			GuardLockin	ng			
	Safety Connec	tion Status Unit2-	4 SF_	GuardMon	Safety Safety	Connection Status Unit2-4	SF_GuardLock Activate S	ing	Guard Safety Signal		
	Safety Door Switch wi	SCS_Unit2_	4 Activate	s_	GuardMonitoring	SCS_Unit2_4 -	Activate S	_GuardLocked	GuardLocked		
	Salacy DODI Switch wi	Door_SW_S	4 S_GuardSwite	zh1			S GuardMonitoring S	_UnlockGuard UnlockGuar	d		
	Saf	ety Limit Switch S	5			Safety Status					
		Safety_Limit_SW_S	5 S_GuardSwite	zh2		SafeActive	S_SafetyActive				
		Discrepancy tim Discrepancy Tim	e - Discrepancyl	1.00		Magnetic Lock Monitor S4 Lock_Monitor_S4	S_GuardLock				
		Reset Switch S		1100		Unlock Request Switch	S_GUETODOCK				
		Reset_S				Unlock_Request_SW_S6	UnlockRequest				
		01-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1									
						TRUE	S_StartReset				
						TRUE	S AutoReset				
						Reset Switch 52					
						Reset_S2	Reset				
2											
			ESTOP					EDH			
	Safety Connectio	n Status Unit2	SF_EmergencySt	top		AND Safety Connecti	on Status Unit2-5	SF_EDM	Contactor KM1 KM2		
	Emergency Stop Pushbu	SCS_Unit2 - 2	Activate S_ESt	sopOut	Guard Safety Signal		SCS_Unit2_5 Ac	tivate S_EDM_Out	Contactor_1011_1012		
	anaryoney scop rusine	END_NC_S1 S	EStopIn		GuardLocked		S	OutControl			
	1	eset Switch S2			RUN Mode		ing Check KM1 KM2				
		Reset_S2	leset		RUN_Mode		Feedback_KM1_KM2S_	EDM1			
							Feedback KM1 KM2				
							SDM Feedback Time	EDM2			
							MAX_Feedback_Time Mo	mitoringTime			
							Reset Switch S2				
							Reset_52 Re	set	1		
6											
~											
	Safety Status	AND	r Unlock Signal								
	SafeActive Guard Unlock Signal	Doo	r_Unlock_Signal								
	UnlockGuard	-									



Precautions for Safe Use

- Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.
- Refer to ISO 14119:2013 for additional measures to minimize the possibility of interlocking devices associated with guards from being disabled.

A-3-5 **Enable Switches**

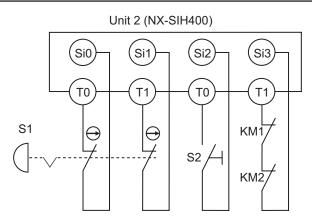
Application Overview

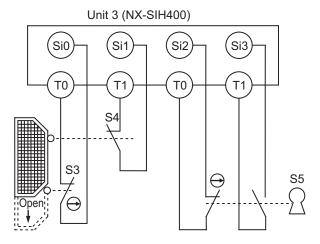
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe (Enable Switch)	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual
	Safety limit switchKey selector switch		
	Enable switch		

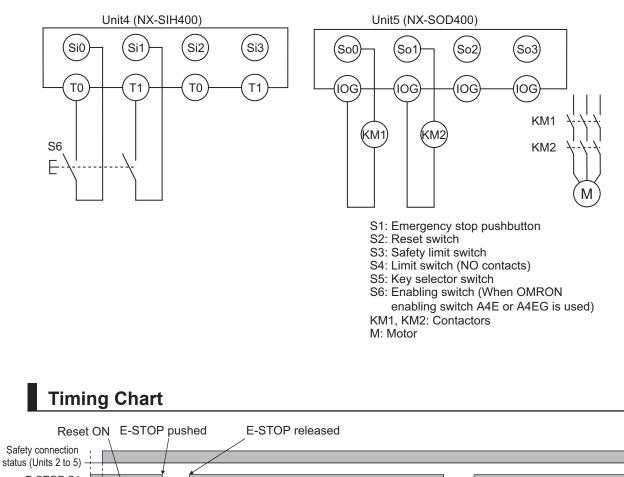
Motor M stops when safety doors S3 and S4 are opened or key Selector switch S5 is maintenance mode.

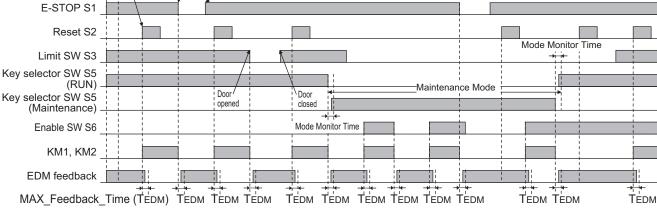
However, even if key selector switch S5 is set to maintenance mode, motor M will operate if enable switch S6 is ON.

Wiring









Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	Oms	Oms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si O	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 1	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	Limit Switch(NO)	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Single Contact	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	Single Contact	

Node1/Unit4 : NX-SIH400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	Oms	Oms	то	Enable Switch(2NO)
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
	Si 2			1		
	Si 3					

Node1/Unit5 : NX-SOD400 (N5 : Instance3)

External Device	Channel	Comment	
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	
	So 1		
	So 2		
	So 3		

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Door_SW_NC_S3	Safety Limit Switch(NC)	Global Variables
_	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Door_SW_NO_S4	Limit Switch(NO)	Global Variables
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Mode_SW_S5_RUN	Single Contact	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Mode_SW_S5_Maintenance	Single Contact	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	VINX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Enable_SW_NO_S6	Enable Switch(2NO)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	10 10 14		
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit5	V NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit5	Safety Connection Status Unit5	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			

Program

Name	I Data Type	Initial Value	I Constant	Comment
Mode_Monitor_Time	TIME	t#2s		Comment Allowed Mode Transition Time
Discrepancy_Time	TIME	t#1000ms		Riorece mode reason me
MAX_Feedback_Time	TIME	t#300ms		Discrepancy time Max EDM Feedback Time
	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		
RUN_Mode				RUN Mode
Maintenance_Mode	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Maintenance Mode
Guard_Monitoring	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Guard Status
SCS_Unit2_3	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit2-3
SCS_Unit2_4	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit2-4
SCS_Unit2_5	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit2-5
Safety Connecti User Mode Svi User Mode Svitch SS Mode	SCS Unit2 SCS Unit2-3 SCS Unit2 3 toh ST - RUN Mode Mode 38 55 EUL - Maintenance SN S5 Maintenance TRUE TRUE	Safety C SCSUnit UserMod SF_Mode S_Mode0 S_Mode1 S_Mode1 S_Unicek AutoSetMode	2_3 eSwitch Welector S_Mode	Return Date:
1	e Transition Time Mode_Monitor_Time - Reset Switch S2 Reset_S2	Reset	toring	
Safety Do D Safety Do Disc Disc	SCS_Unit2_3 Act or Switch S3 oor_SW_NC_S3 S_G or Switch S4	uardSwitch1 uardSwitch2 crepancyTime	itoring GuardMoni	Determine Section
Safaty Connecti Emergency Stop Pushb	SCS_Unit2 utton Switch S1 EMD_NC_S1 Reset Switch S2	ESTOP SF EmergencySt Activate S_ESt S_EStopIn Reset	top topOut	AND Servery Connection Status Status Status - St
	RUN Mode ANI RUN Mode		OR	Heredon, Hall Wei - S _utel Haz Bardon - S _utel Hol Reedon - Tane - Honi torigitine Honi Reedon - S _uteliaest Hazet Statu - S _uteliaest Heret _ Z - Reet
Nainter	nance Mode ANN nance_Node Switch S6 SW_NO_S6			



Precautions for Safe Use

- Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.
- Refer to ISO 14119:2013 for additional measures to minimize the possibility of interlocking devices associated with guards from being disabled.

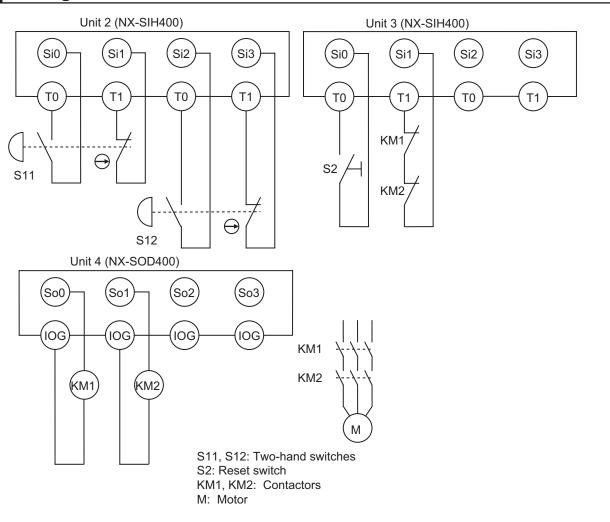
A-3-6 Two-hand Switches

Application Overview

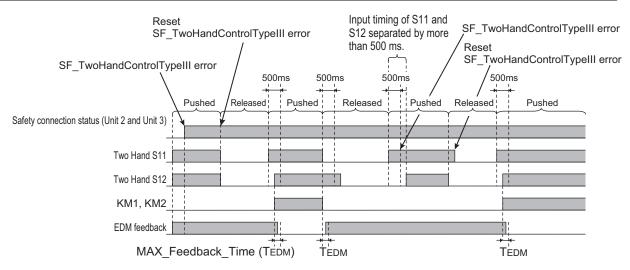
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe	Two-hand control switch	0	Auto

Motor M operates when two-hand control switches S11 and S12 are pressed at the same time.

Wiring



Timing Chart



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Complementary	Si 0	500ms	Oms	0ms	TO	Two-hand Control Switch
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Complementary	Si 2	500ms	0ms	Oms	то	Two-hand Control Switch
	Si 3	500ms	0ms	Oms	T1	

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si O	Oms	0ms	0ms	TO	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 1	Oms	0ms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)
	Si 2					
	Si 3					

Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment	
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	
	So 1		
	So 2		
	So 3		

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	EtherCAT Network					1200
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Two_Hand_S11	Two-hand Control Switch S11	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Two_Hand_S12	Two-hand Control Switch S12	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			2
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	▼ NX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	▼ NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			

Program

A-3 Application Examples

Internals	Name	I Data Type	I Initial Value	Constant	l Comment	Î.		
Externals	MAX_Feedback_Time	TIME	t#300ms		Max EDM Feedback Time			
	SCS_Unit3_4	SAFEBOOL	FALSE		Safety Connection Status Unit3-4			
	EDM	SF_EDM						
	TwoHandControl	SF_TwoHandControlTypeIII						
2	Two-hand Contro	SCS_Unit3 Status Unit4 SCS_Unit4 SCS_Unit4 SCS_Unit2 SCS_Unit2 SCS_Unit2 Activ 1 Switch SII Two Hand S11 S_But	SCS_U TwoHandContro WoHandControl ate S_Ty ton1	nit3_4	Welding (Feed Welding (Max EDN 1 Max I	Latus Unit3-4 Activate SCS_Unit3.4 S_OutConts Check KMI KM2 S_EDM1 Lack KMI KM2 S_EDM2 Feedback_Time Monitoring TRUE S_StartRes set Svitch S2 Reset_S2	JTime	Contactor KM1 KM2 Contactor KM1 KM2



Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.



Additional Information

In this example, a reset switch is used to reset EDM errors.

A-3-7 D40A Non-contact Door Switches

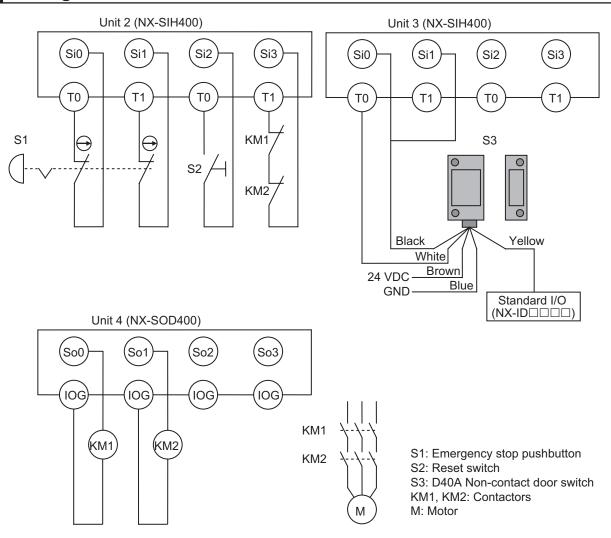
Application Overview

Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 3/PLd	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual
(Non-contact Door Switch)	 D40A Non-contact Door Switch 		

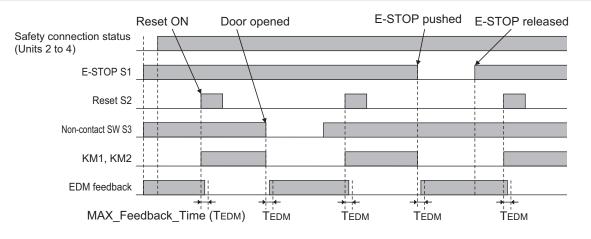
Motor M stops when emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

If either of the S3 safety doors (D40A Non-contact Door Switches) is opened, motor M will stop.

Wiring



Timing Chart



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	0ms	0ms	то	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	0ms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	0ms	0ms	0ms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Non-contact switch	Si O	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	Non-contact Door Switch
	Si 1	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	
	Si 2					
	Si 3					

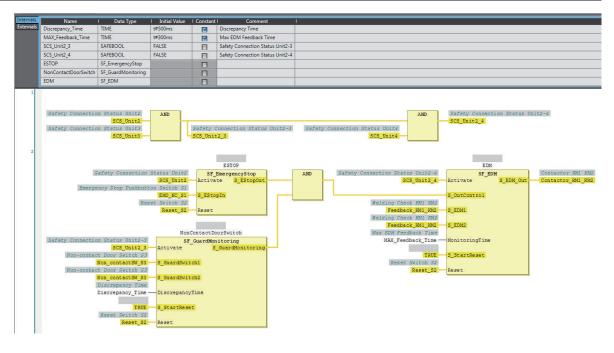
Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check
	So 1	
	So 2	
	So 3	

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	🔻 🟺 EtherCAT Network	ĺ –	2010			
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	VINX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	VX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Non_contactSW_S3	Non-contact Door Switch S3	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	▼ NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	 Safety Outputs 	1				12
	So00 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.
- Refer to ISO 14119:2013 for additional measures to minimize the possibility of interlocking devices associated with guards from being disabled.

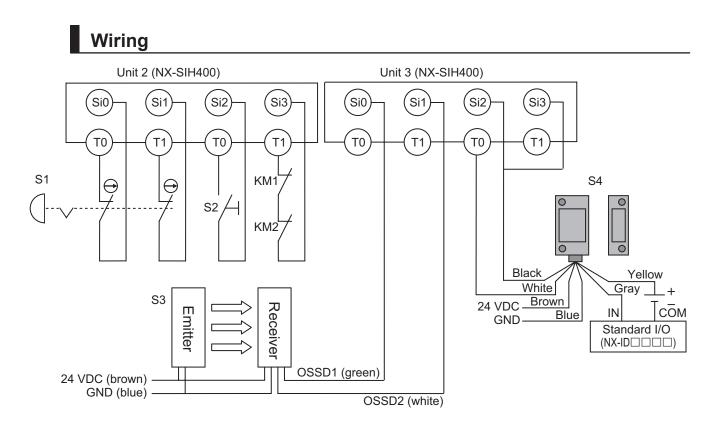
A-3-8 D40A-2/D40Z Non-contact Door Switches

Application Overview

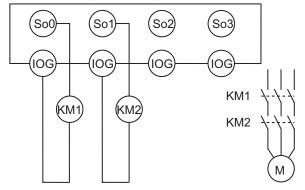
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 4/PLe	Safety light curtain	0	Manual
(Safety Light Curtain)	 Emergency stop pushbutton 		

If the light in the safety light curtain S3 is interrupted and the non-contact door switch S4 turns OFF at the same time, the outputs are turned OFF.

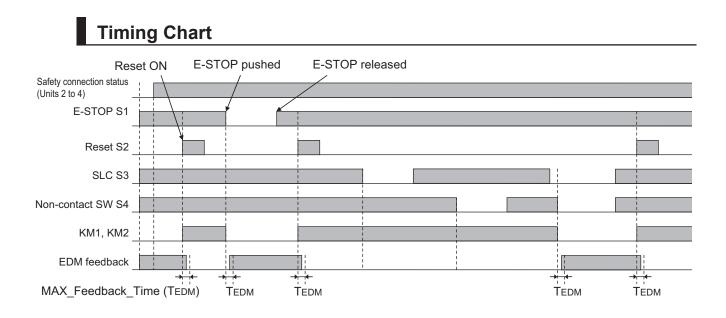
The outputs also turn OFF when emergency pushbutton S1 is pressed.



Unit 4 (NX-SOD400)



S1: Emergency stop pushbutton
S2: Reset switch
S3: Safety light curtain
S4: D40A-2D□ or D40Z Non-contact door switch
KM1, KM2: Contactors
M: Motor



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	Oms	0ms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	то	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si 0	500ms	Oms	Oms	Not Used	Safety Light Curtain
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	0ms	Not Used	
Non-contact switch	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	то	Non-contact Door Switch
	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	то	

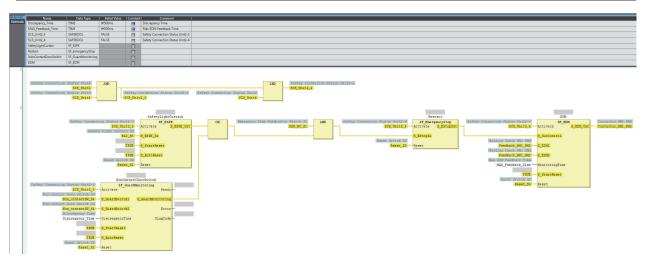
Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment	
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	
	So 1		
	So 2		
	So 3		

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	🔻 💺 EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	VX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	VX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SLC_S3	Safety Light Curtain S3	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Non_contactSW_S4	Non-contact Door Switch S4	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	VX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			2
	So03 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

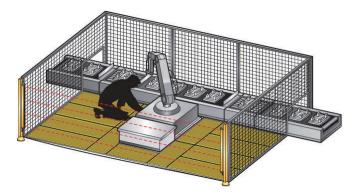
A-3-9 Safety Mats and Safety Light Curtains

Application Overview

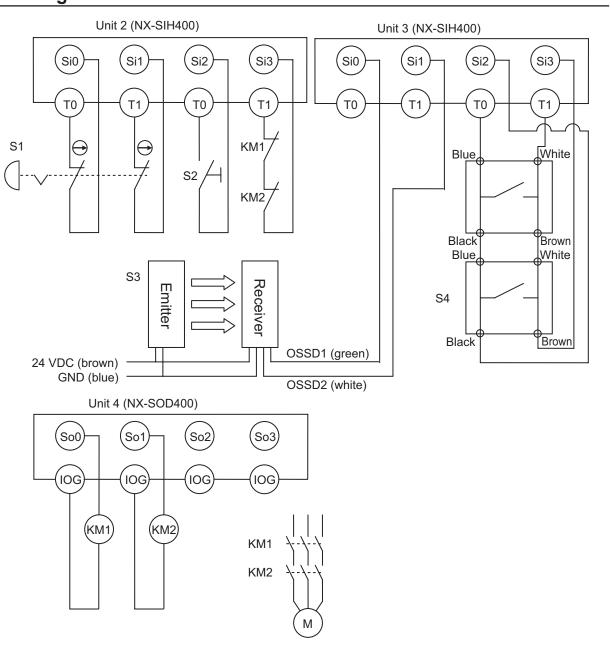
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 3/PLd (Safety Mat)	Emergency stop pushbuttonSafety light curtainSafety mat	0	Manual

Safety light curtain monitors apertural area of safeguarded space and safety mat monitors inside of safeguarded space.

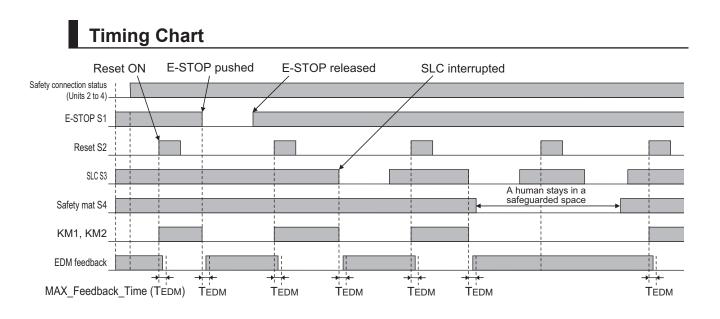
If the light in safety light curtain S3 is interrupted or safety mat S4 detects a person or object, motor M will stop.



Wiring



S1: Emergency stop pushbutton S2: Reset switch S3: Safety light curtain S4: Safety mat KM1, KM2: Contactors M: Motor



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	Oms	Oms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	то	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	Oms	Oms	Not Used	Dual Safety Semiconductor Output(Equivalent)
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	Not Used	
Safety Mat/Safety Edge	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	то	Safety Mat
	Si 3	Oms	0ms	Oms	T1	

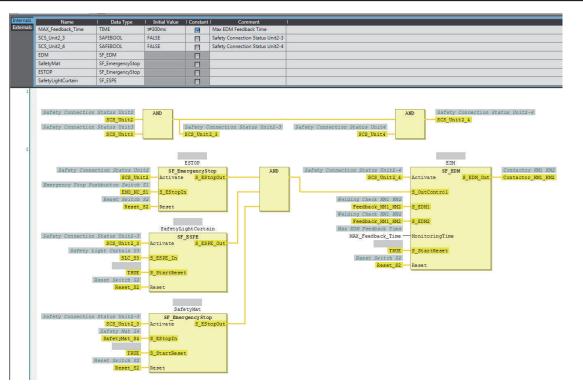
Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment	
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check	
	So 1		
	So 2		
	So 3		

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	🔻 🖣 EtherCAT Network					Í
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	▼ NX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SLC_S3	Safety Light Curtain S3	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SafetyMat_S4	Safety Mat S4	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	0.000 3000		
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	VX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

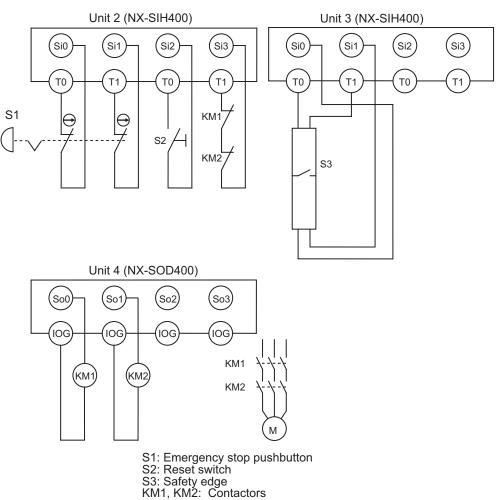
A-3-10 Safety Edges

Application Overview

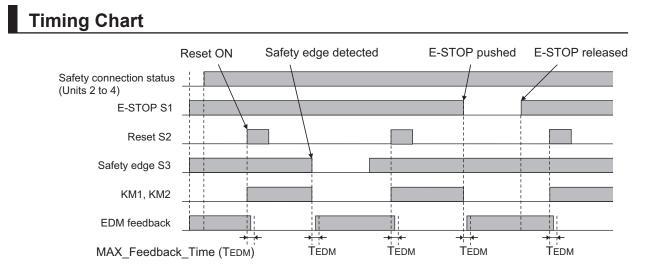
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 3/PLd	Emergency stop pushbutton	0	Manual
(Safety Edge)	 Safety edge (2-wire cable on both sides) 		

Motor M stops when emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed or when edge sensor detects a contact with persons or objects.

Wiring



M: Motor



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si O	500ms	0ms	0ms	то	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	0ms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	0ms	0ms	0ms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Safety Mat/Safety Edge	Si O	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	Safety Edge
	Si 1	0ms	0ms	0ms	T1	
	Si 2					
	Si 3					

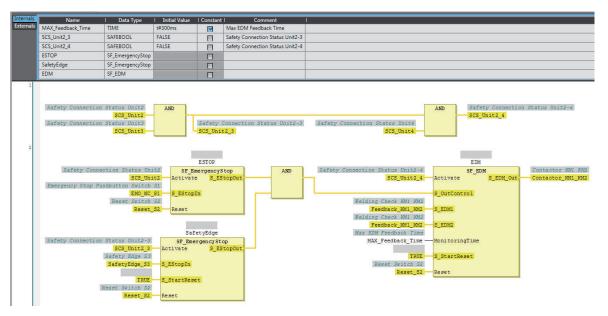
Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check
	So 1	
	So 2	
	So 3	

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	🔻 🞐 EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs			i.		
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	6		
	So03 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

A-3-11 Single Beam Safety Sensor

Α

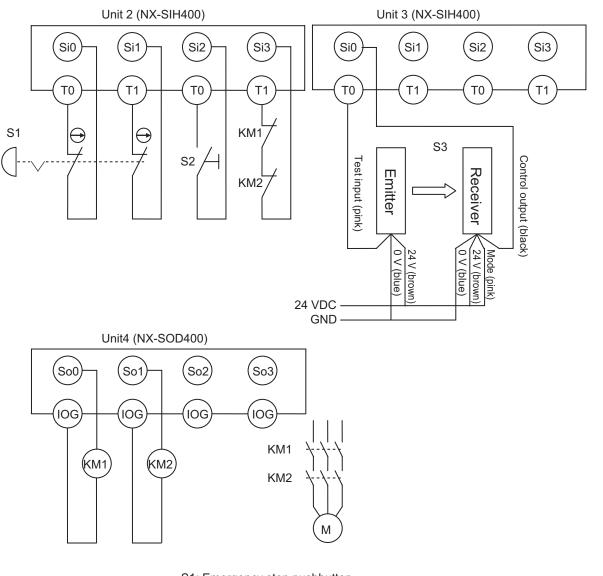
Application Overview

Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 2/PLc (Single Beam Safety Sen- sor)	Emergency stop pushbuttonSingle beam safety sensor	0	Manual

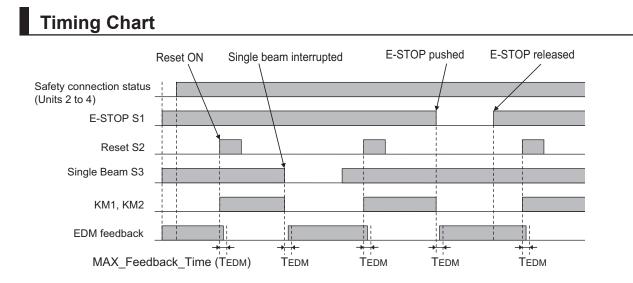
Motor M stops when emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

Motor M stops when the light in the single beam safety sensor is interrupted.

Wiring



S1: Emergency stop pushbuttonS2: Reset switchS3: Single beam safety sensorKM1, KM2: ContactorsM: Motor



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	annel Equivalent Si 0 500ms		0ms	0ms	то	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch(2NC)
	Si 1	500ms	0ms	0ms	T1	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	0ms	0ms	то	Reset Switch
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	0ms	0ms	0ms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)

Node1/Unit3 : NX-SIH400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment
Single Beam Safety Sensor	Si O	0ms	0ms	0ms	то	Single Beam Safety Sensor
	Si 1					
	Si 2					
	Si 3					

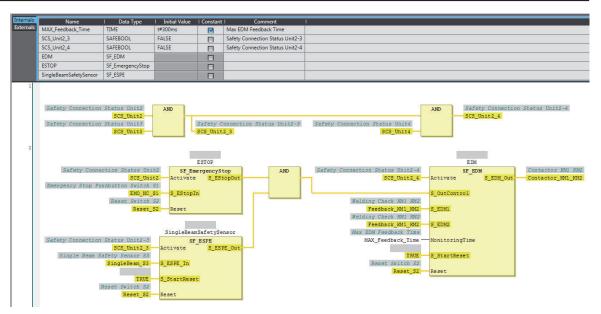
Node1/Unit4 : NX-SOD400 (N4 : Instance2)

External Device	Channel	Comment
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	2 Safety Relays w/ Welding Check
	So 1	
	So 2	
	So 3	

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	🔻 👰 EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master					
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton Switch S1	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch S2	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback_KM1_KM2	Welding Check KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit3	▼ NX-SIH400					
	 Safety Inputs and Status 					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	SingleBeam_S3	Single Beam Safety Sensor S3	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
Node1/Unit4	▼ NX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit4	Safety Connection Status Unit4	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	 Safety Outputs 					
	So00 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL	Contactor_KM1_KM2	Contactor KM1_KM2	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	W	SAFEBOOL			

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- · Test the functionality every six months to detect welded contactor contacts.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant mechanical output devices.

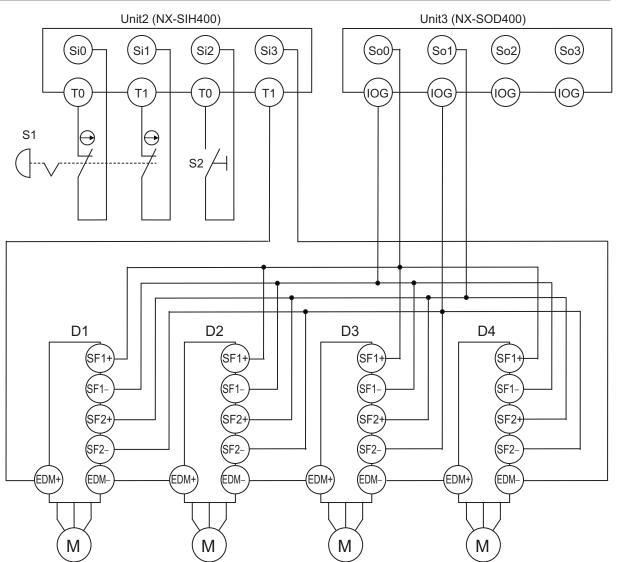
A-3-12 Multi-axis Servo Drives (STO)

Application Overview

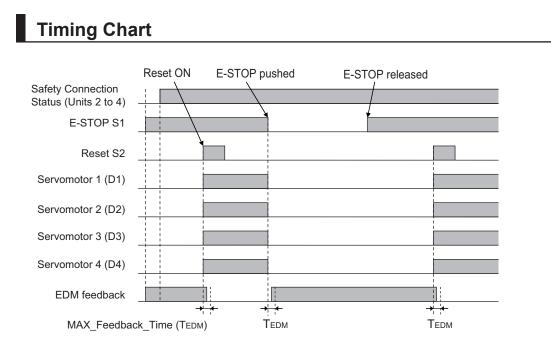
Safety category/PL	Safety device	Stop category	Reset
Equivalent to 3/PLd	Emergency stop pushbutton	0 (STO)	Manual

All servomotors M stop when emergency stop pushbutton S1 is pressed.

Wiring



S1: Emergency stop pushbutton S2: Reset switch D1, D2, D3, and D4: Servo drives M: Motor



Safety I/O Terminal & I/O Map Setting

• Safety I/O Terminal Settings

Node1/Unit2 : NX-SIH400 (N2 : Instance0)

External Device	Channel	Discrepancy	On-Off	Off-On	Test Source	Comment	
Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	Si 0	500ms	Oms	Oms	TO	Emergency Stop Pushbutton(2NC)	
	Si 1	500ms	Oms	Oms	T1		
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 2	Oms	Oms	Oms	TO	Reset Switch	
Mechanical Contact For Single Channel	Si 3	Oms	Oms	Oms	T1	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)	

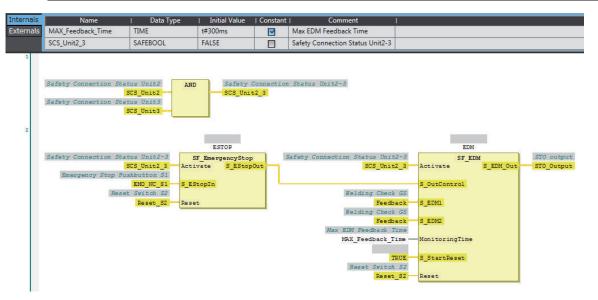
Node1/Unit3 : NX-SOD400 (N3 : Instance1)

External Device	Channel	Comment
Dual Output with Test Pulse	So 0	D1, D2, D3, D4
	So 1	
	So 2	
	So 3	

• I/O Map Settings

Position	Port	R/W	Data Type	Variable	Variable Comment	Variable Type
	EtherCAT Network					
EtherCAT Master	Master				2	
Node1/Unit2	▼ NX-SIH400					
	Safety Inputs and Status					
	Si00 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	EMO_NC_S1	Emergency Stop Pushbutton(2NC)	Global Variables
	Si01 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL			
	Si02 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Reset_S2	Reset Switch	Global Variables
	Si03 Logical Value	R	SAFEBOOL	Feedback	EDM(Contact Welding Detection)	Global Variables
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit2	Safety Connection Status Unit2	Global Variables
	Safety Input Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			1
Node1/Unit3	VX-SOD400					
	▼ Status					
	Safety Connection Status	R	SAFEBOOL	SCS_Unit3	Safety Connection Status Unit3	Global Variables
	Safety Output Terminal Status	R	SAFEBOOL			
	▼ Safety Outputs					
	So00 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL	STO_Output	D1, D2, D3, D4	Global Variables
	So01 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So02 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL			
	So03 Output Value	w	SAFEBOOL		1	

Program





Precautions for Safe Use

- Test the functionality every six months to detect faults in the safety input circuits and EDM output circuits of the servo drives.
- The customer is responsible for attaining conformance of the entire system to standards.
- To detect electrical and mechanical failures, use a combination of redundant semiconductor output contacts and redundant safety inputs for the servo drives.

A-4 Change Tracking

What is Change Tracking?

Change Tracking is used to display and manage changes in the safety application data after the pin is created.

Tracking information is property information in safety application data. The storage of the safety application data settings at a given point in time is referred to as "creating a pin".

It is primarily used for version management after the safety application data is debugged.

Change Tracking Procedure and Contents

1 From the Safety CPU Unit Setup and Programming View, select **Change Tracking** from the **Project** Menu.

The Change Tracking Tab Page is displayed.

n Wor			(4.00.0.7)					
Current		ns for Sysmac Studio V0.14.1 ONLY FOR TEST (.1.23.0.7)					
Name:			CRC: 16#50D4_16A6 Last change: 2018/04/03	20:12:58				
bjects	Device	s Object			Project		Pinned State	
242	1.5.5		82 72	100 0 100	I MARK IN STREET	The second		
Line	Туре	Name	Domain	Version	Content CRC	Version	Content CRC	
9	FB	_IwINTi	safetysystemio.library	1.0.0.0	16#73A5_5A5D	1.0.0.0	16#73A5_5A5D	
10	FB	_QbBOOL	safetysystemio.library	1.0.0.0	16#6168_2FF2	1.0.0.0	16#6168_2FF2	
11	FB	_QwINTi	safetysystemio.library	1.0.0.0	16#7409_5F6B	1.0.0.0	16#7409_5F6B	
12	FB	NonSafeIO	safetysystemio.library	1.0.0.0	16#85E0_5A8F	1.0.0.0	16#85E0_5A8F	
13	GVL	GVL	SafetyApp		16#089F_8B70		16#5A38_886F	
14	MAP	CIPDevice_Instance0	SafetyApp		16#3F5C_DB66		16#3F5C_DB66	
15	MAP	CIPOriginator_Instance0	SafetyApp		16#6F08_B61F		16#6F08_B61F	
16	MAP	CIPOriginator_Instance1	SafetyApp		16#2F0F_8DB8		16#2F0F_8DB8	
17	MAP	CIPOriginator_Instance3	SafetyApp		16#4324_3DF9			
18	MAP	CIPTarget_Instance0	SafetyApp		16#745D_2874		16#745D_2874	
19	MAP	CIPTarget_Instance1	SafetyApp				16#A56D_22E1	
20	MAP	CIPTarget_Instance2	SafetyApp			1	16#E488_E450	
21	MAP	ILX0	SafetyApp		16#2152_55D6		16#2152_55D6	
22	MAP	ILX1	SafetyApp		16#61BA_4D02		16#61BA_4D02	
23	MAP	ILX 10	SafetyApp		16#F2E4_41E6		16#F2E4_41E6	
24	MAP	ILX2	SafetyApp		16#6AAD 8F21		16#6AAD 8F21	

The outer frames of the cells for each item are displayed in the following colors if a pin has not been created or a change was made after it was created.

Color	Description						
Green	 The pin has not been created yet. 						
	 Items were added after the pin was created. 						
Red	• Changes were made after the pin was created.						
Blue	• The pin was deleted after it was created.						

Description of Type

The type of configuration data is displayed in the **Type** column.

Objects tab

Type Name	Description
APP	Safety Application
TASK	Safety Task
PRG	Programs
FB	Function Blocks
GVL	Global Variables
MAP	I/O Map and exposed variables
CNF	Safety process data communications

Devices tab

Type Name	Description
SAFEPLC	Safety CPU Unit
SAFEDEV	Safety I/O Unit
XVARDEF	Exposed variables

Pin Operations

This section describes the procedures to create and delete pins, and the jump function.

Creating Pins

When you click the **Pin project** Button, a dialog box to enter the current status name is displayed. The name that you set is shown as the pin information in the upper part of the **Change Tracking** Tab Page.

If the data changes from the data that is in effect at this point, the contents of the change are displayed in the tab page.

Deleting a Pin

When you click the **Clear Pin** Button, the status that you created with the **Pin project** Button is deleted.

Jump Function

When you double-click information on the **Change Tracking** Tab Page, the global variable table, FBD editor, or other corresponding tab page is displayed.

A-5 Safety CPU Unit Status

The Safety CPU Unit status gives the operating status of the Safety CPU Unit. When a Safety CPU Unit is placed on the NX bus of the Communications Coupler Unit, the status is displayed as an I/O port in the I/O map of the Communications Coupler Unit. Also, when a Safety CPU Unit is placed on the NX bus of the NX-series CPU Unit, the status is displayed as an I/O port in the I/O map of the CPU rack.

If you set a device variable for the I/O port, you can monitor the status of the Safety CPU Unit from the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.

I	/O port	Description	Condition	R/ W	Data type
Safety CPU Sta- tus		Status monitoring data for the Safety CPU Unit	This is a WORD variable that contains the following status.	R	WORD
D00	Normal Operating	Safety programs op- erating with no er- rors. All safety master connections estab- lished.	 This variable is TRUE when all of the following conditions are met. If even one condition is not met, it is FALSE. Conditions The safety programs are in RUN status (RUN mode or DEBUG mode (RUN)). No event with a level of minor fault or higher currently exists for the safety programs. All FSoE connections are established. 	R	BOOL
D01	Program Operating	Safety programs op- erating	 This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition The safety programs are in RUN status (RUN mode or DEBUG mode (RUN)). 	R	BOOL
D02	Program No Fault	No event with a level of minor fault or high- er currently exists for the safety programs.	 This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition No event with a level of minor fault or higher currently exists for the safety programs. 	R	BOOL
D03	Safety Master Connec- tion Status	All safety master connections estab- lished.	This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE.ConditionsAll FSoE connections are established.	R	BOOL

A-5-1 NX-SL3300/NX-SL3500

A-5-2 NX-SL5500/NX-SL5700

I/O port	Description	Condition	R/ W	Data type
Safety CPU Sta-	Status monitoring	This is a UINT variable that contains the following sta-	R	UINT
tus	data for the Safety	tus.		
	CPU Unit			

	I/O port	Description	Condition	R/ W	Data type	
D00	Normal Op- erating	Safety programs operating with no errors. All safety master connections estab- lished.	 This variable is TRUE when all of the following conditions are met. If even one condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition The safety programs are in RUN status (RUN mode or DEBUG mode (RUN)). No event with a level of minor fault or higher currently exists for the safety programs. All FSoE connections are established. All the CIP Safety Originator connections are established. No error is present in the CIP Safety Target connections. 	R	BOOL	
D01	Program Operating	Safety programs operating	 This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition The safety programs are in RUN status (RUN mode or DEBUG mode (RUN)). 	R	BOOL	
D02	Program No Fault	No event with a lev- el of minor fault or higher currently ex- ists for the safety programs.	 This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition No event with a level of minor fault or higher currently exists for the safety programs. 	R	BOOL	
D03	Safety Master Connection Status	All safety master connections estab- lished.	 This variable is TRUE when all of the following conditions are met. If even one condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition All FSoE connections are established. All the CIP Safety Originator connections are established. 	R	BOOL	
D04	FSoE Mas- ter Connec- tion Status	All the FSoE safety master connections established.	This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE.ConditionAll FSoE connections are established.	R	BOOL	
D05	CIP Safety Originator Connection Status	All the CIP Safety Originator connec- tions established.	 This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition All the CIP Safety Originator connections are established. 	R	BOOL	
D06	CIP Safety Target Con- nection Status	No error in the en- tire CIP Safety Tar- get connections	 This variable is TRUE when the following condition is met. If the condition is not met, it is FALSE. Condition No error is present in the entire CIP Safety Target connections. 	R	BOOL	

A-6 I/O Ports of Safety I/O Units

The I/O ports of the Safety I/O Units are displayed on the I/O map of the Communications Coupler Unit if you place the Safety I/O Units on the Communications Coupler Unit. When you place the Safety I/O Units on the NX bus of the NX-series CPU Unit, their I/O ports are displayed on the I/O map of the CPU Rack.

The names of the I/O ports that correspond to the data in the I/O Map of the Safety CPU Unit are given in the "Corresponding port name" Column. "Same" means that the same name is used.

A-6-1 NX-SIH400 Safety Input Unit

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
Standard Input 1st Byte	BYTE	R	Standard In- put 1st Byte		00 hex	
Si00 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si00 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si00. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si01 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si01 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si01. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si02 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si02 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si02. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si03 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si03 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si03. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Safety Connec- tion Status	BOOL	R	Safety Con- nection Sta- tus	This flag indicates when a safety con- nection is active. Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection applications.	0	Same
Safety Input Ter- minal Status	BOOL	R	Safety Input Terminal Sta- tus	This flag indicates the status of the safety input terminals.0: An error has occurred on one of the safety input terminals.1: All of the safety input terminals are normal (no errors).	0	Same
Unit Normal Sta- tus	BOOL	R	Unit Normal Status	This flag indicates the status of the Unit. 0: An error has occurred. 1: Normal (no errors)	0	
IO Power Supply Error Flag	BOOL	R	IO Power Supply Error Flag	 This flag indicates the status of the I/O power supply voltage. 0: The I/O power supply voltage is normal. 1: The I/O power supply voltage is incorrect or the I/O power supply is OFF. 	0	

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
Standard Input 2nd Byte	BYTE	R	Standard In- put 2nd Byte		00 hex	
Si00 Status	BOOL	R	Si00 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 00. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si01 Status	BOOL	R	Si01 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 01. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si02 Status	BOOL	R	Si02 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 02. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si03 Status	BOOL	R	Si03 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 03. 0: Error 1: No error	0	

A-6-2 NX-SID800 Safety Input Unit

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
Standard Input 1st Word	WORD	R	Standard In- put 1st Word		0000 hex	
Si00 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si00 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si00. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si01 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si01 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si01. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si02 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si02 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si02. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si03 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si03 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si03. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si04 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si04 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si04. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si05 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si05 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si05. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si06 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si06 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si06. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Si07 Logical Val- ue	BOOL	R	Si07 Logical Value	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal Si07. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	Same
Safety Connec- tion Status	BOOL	R	Safety Con- nection Sta- tus	This flag indicates when a safety con- nection is active. Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection applications.	0	Same
Safety Input Ter- minal Status	BOOL	R	Safety Input Terminal Sta- tus	 This flag indicates the status of the safety input terminals. 0: An error has occurred on one of the safety input terminals. 1: All of the safety input terminals are normal (no errors). 	0	Same
Unit Normal Sta- tus	BOOL	R	Unit Normal Status	This flag indicates the status of the Unit. 0: An error has occurred. 1: Normal (no errors)	0	

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
IO Power Supply Error Flag	BOOL	R	IO Power Supply Error Flag	 This flag indicates the status of the I/O power supply voltage. 0: The I/O power supply voltage is normal. 1: The I/O power supply voltage is incorrect or the I/O power supply is OFF. 	0	
Standard Input 2nd Byte	BYTE	R	Standard In- put 2nd Byte		00 hex	
Si00 Status	BOOL	R	Si00 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 00. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si01 Status	BOOL	R	Si01 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 01. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si02 Status	BOOL	R	Si02 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 02. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si03 Status	BOOL	R	Si03 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 03. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si04 Status	BOOL	R	Si04 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 04. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si05 Status	BOOL	R	Si05 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 05. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si06 Status	BOOL	R	Si06 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 06. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
Si07 Status	BOOL	R	Si07 Status	Gives the status of safety input termi- nal 07. 0: Error 1: No error	0	

A-6-3 NX-SOH200 Safety Output Unit

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
Standard Input	BYTE	R	Standard In-		00 hex	
1st Byte			put 1st Byte			

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
So00 Monitor Value	BOOL	R	So00 Monitor Value	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal So00. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	So00 Output Value
So01 Monitor Value	BOOL	R	So01 Monitor Value	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal So01. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	So01 Output Value
Safety Connec- tion Status	BOOL	R	Safety Con- nection Sta- tus	This flag indicates when a safety con- nection is active. Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection applications.	0	Same
Safety Output Terminal Status	BOOL	R	Safety Output Terminal Sta- tus	This flag indicates the status of the safety output terminals.0: An error has occurred on one of the safety output terminals.1: All of the safety output terminals are normal (no errors).	0	Same
Unit Normal Sta- tus	BOOL	R	Unit Normal Status	This flag indicates the status of the Unit. 0: An error has occurred. 1: Normal (no errors)	0	
IO Power Supply Error Flag	BOOL	R	IO Power Supply Error Flag	 This flag indicates the status of the I/O power supply voltage. 0: The I/O power supply voltage is normal. 1: The I/O power supply voltage is incorrect or the I/O power supply is OFF. 	0	
Standard Input 2nd Byte	BYTE	R	Standard In- put 2nd Byte		00 hex	
So00 Status	BOOL	R	So00 Status	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal 00. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
So01 Status	BOOL	R	So01 Status	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal 01. 0: Error 1: No error	0	

A-6-4 NX-SOD400 Safety Output Unit

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
Standard Input 1st Byte	BYTE	R	Standard In- put 1st Byte		00 hex	

Port	Data type			Default	Corre- spond- ing port name	
So00 Monitor Value	BOOL	R	So00 Monitor Value	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal So00. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	So00 Output Value
So01 Monitor Value	BOOL	R	So01 Monitor Value	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal So01. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	So01 Output Value
So02 Monitor Value	BOOL	R	So02 Monitor Value	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal So02. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	So02 Output Value
So03 Monitor Value	BOOL	R	So03 Monitor Value	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal So03. 0: OFF, 1: ON	0	So03 Output Value
Safety Connec- tion Status	BOOL	R	Safety Con- nection Sta- tus	This flag indicates when a safety con- nection is active. Use it for an input to the Activate terminal on a safety FB or for safety connection/disconnection applications.	0	Same
Safety Output Terminal Status	BOOL	R	Safety Output Terminal Sta- tus	This flag indicates the status of the safety output terminals.0: An error has occurred on one of the safety output terminals.1: All of the safety output terminals are normal (no errors).	0	Same
Unit Normal Sta- tus	BOOL	R	Unit Normal Status	This flag indicates the status of the Unit. 0: An error has occurred. 1: Normal (no errors)	0	
IO Power Supply Error Flag	BOOL	R	IO Power Supply Error Flag	 This flag indicates the status of the I/O power supply voltage. 0: The I/O power supply voltage is normal. 1: The I/O power supply voltage is incorrect or the I/O power supply is OFF. 	0	
Standard Input 2nd Byte	BYTE	R	Standard In- put 2nd Byte		00 hex	
So00 Status	BOOL	R	So00 Status	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal 00. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
So01 Status	BOOL	R	So01 Status	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal 01. 0: Error 1: No error	0	
So02 Status	BOOL	R	So02 Status	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal 02. 0: Error 1: No error	0	

Port	Data type	R/W	Name	Description	Default	Corre- spond- ing port name
So03 Status	BOOL	R	So03 Status	Gives the status of safety output termi- nal 03. 0: Error 1: No error	0	

A-7 CIP Response Codes

This section provides information on the response codes that are defined in the CIP specifications. They are stored in the received data of CIP messages that are sent to an NX502 CPU Unit, NX102 CPU Unit, NX-series EtherNet/IP Unit, or Safety CPU Unit. In case of the CIP Safety not established error, an extended code supplementing the event information may be registered.

A-7-1 General Status Codes

General Status Code (hex)	Status Name	Description of Status					
00	Success	Service was successfully performed by the object specified.					
01	Connection failure	A connection related to service failed along the connection path.					
02	Resource unavailable	Resources needed for the object to perform the requested service were unavailable.					
03	Invalid parameter value	See Status Code 20 hex.					
04	Path segment error	The path segment identifier or the segment syntax was not under- stood by the processing node. Path processing stops when a path segment error occurs.					
05	Path destination unknown	The path is referencing an object class, instance, or structure ele- ment that is not known or is not contained in the processing node. Path processing stops when a Path Destination Unknown Error oc- curs.					
06	Partial transfer	Only part of the expected data was transferred.					
07	Connection lost	tion lost The message connection was lost.					
08	Service not supported	The requested service was not supported or was not defined for this object class/instance.					
09	Invalid attribute value	Invalid attribute data was detected.					
0 A	Attribute list error	An attribute in the Get_Attribute_List or Set_Attribute_List response has a non-zero status.					
0B	Already in requested mode/state	The object is already in the mode/state being requested by the serv- ice.					
0C	Object state conflict	The object cannot perform the requested service in its current mode/ state.					
0D	Object already exists	The requested instance of object to be created already exists.					
0E	Attribute not settable	A request to modify a non-modifiable attribute was received.					
0F	Privilege violation	A permission/privilege check failed.					
10	Device state conflict	The device's current mode/state prohibits the execution of the re- quested service.					
11	Reply data too large	The data to be transmitted in the response buffer is larger than the allocated response buffer.					
12	Fragmentation of a primi- tive value	The service specified an operation that is going to fragment a primi- tive data value, i.e. half a REAL data type.					
13	Not enough data	The requested service did not supply enough data to perform the specified operation.					
14	Attribute not supported	The attribute specified in the request is not supported.					
15	Too much data	The service supplied more data than was expected.					

General Status Code (hex)	Status Name	Description of Status				
16	Object does not exist	An object that does not exist was specified for the requested serv- ice.				
17	Service fragmentation se- quence not in progress	The fragmentation sequence for this service is not currently active for this data.				
18	No stored attribute data	The attribute data of this object was not saved prior to the requested service.				
19	Store operation failure	The attribute data of this object was not saved due to a failure dur- ing the attempt.				
1A	Routing failure (request packet too large)	The service request packet was too large for transmission on a net- work in the path to the destination. The routing device was forced to abort the service.				
1B	Routing failure (response packet too large)	The service response packet was too large for transmission on a network in the path from the destination. The routing device was forced to abort the service.				
1C	Missing attribute list entry data	The service did not supply an attribute in a list of attributes that was needed by the service to perform the requested behavior.				
1D	Invalid attribute value list	The service is returning the list of attributes supplied with status in- formation for those attributes that were invalid.				
1E	Embedded service error	An embedded service resulted in an error.				
1F	Vendor specific error	A vendor-specific error occurred. The Additional Code Field of the error response defines the error. This is a general error code that is used only for errors that do not correspond to any of the error codes in this table and are not in an object class definition.				
20	Invalid parameter	A parameter for the requested service is invalid. This code is used when a parameter does not meet the requirements of the specifica- tion and/or the requirements defined in an application object specifi- cation.				
21	Write-once value or medi- um already written	An attempt was made to write to a write-once medium (e.g. WORM drive or PROM) that was previously written or cannot be changed.				
22	Invalid Reply Received	An invalid reply was received. (For example, the reply service code does not match the request service code, or the reply message is shorter than the minimum expected reply size.) This status code is used for other causes of invalid replies.				
23	Buffer Overflow	The message received is larger than the receiving buffer can han- dle. The entire message was discarded.				
24	Message Format Error	The format of the received message is not supported by the server.				
25	Key Failure in path	The key segment that was included as the first segment in the path does not match the destination module. The object specific status must indicate which part of the key check failed.				
26	Path Size Invalid	The size of the path that was sent with the service request is either too large or too small for the request to be routed to an object.				
27	Unexpected attribute in list	An attempt was made to set an attribute that is not able to be set at this time.				
28	Invalid Member ID	The member ID specified in the request does not exist in the speci- fied class, instance, and attribute.				
29	Member not settable	A request to modify a non-modifiable member was received.				
2 A	Group 2 only server gen- eral failure	This error code is reported only by group 2 only servers with 4K or less of code space and only in place of Service not supported, At- tribute not supported, or Attribute not settable.				

General Status Code (hex)	Status Name	Description of Status
2B	Unknown Modbus Error	A CIP to Modbus translator received an unknown Modbus Exception Code.
2C	Attribute not gettable	A request to read a non-readable attribute was received.
2D	Instance Not Deletable	The requested object instance cannot be deleted.
2E	Service Not Supported for Specified Path	The object supports the service, but not for the designated applica- tion path (e.g. attribute). NOTE: Not to be used for any set service (use General Status Code 0x0E or 0x29 instead)
2F-CF		Reserved by CIP for future extensions.
D0-FF	Reserved for Object Class and service errors	This range of error codes is to be used to indicate object class-spe- cific errors. This code range is used only when none of the error co- des in this table accurately reflect the error that occurred. The addi- tional code field is used to describe the general error code in more detail.

A-7-2 Extended Status Codes

General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Explanation
01	0100	Connection in use or duplicate forward open.
01	0103	Transport class and trigger combination not supported.
01	0105	Ownership Conflict or OUNID Mismatch. The configuration is already owned by another originator.
01	0106	Ownership Conflict or OUNID Mismatch. The output connection was already owned by another originator.
01	0107	Connection not found at target application.
01	0108	Invalid connection type. There is a problem with either the connection type or pri- ority of the connection.
01	0109	Invalid connection size.
01	0110	Device not configured.
01	0111	RPI not supported. May also indicate problem with connection time-out multiplier, or production inhibit time.
01	0112	RPI VALUE(S) not acceptable
01	0113	Connection Manager cannot support any more connections.
01	0114	Either the vendor ID or the product code in the key segment does not match the device.
01	0115	Device type in the key segment does not match the device.
01	0116	Major or minor revision information in the key segment does not match the de- vice.
01	0117	Invalid connection point.
01	0118	Invalid configuration format.
01	0119	Connection request failed because there is no controlling connection currently open.
01	011A	Target application cannot support any more connections.
01	011B	RPI is smaller than the production inhibit time.
01	011C	Transport Class not supported

General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Explanation
01	011D	T->O Production Trigger not supported
01	011E	Direction not supported
01	011F	Invalid originator to target Network Connection Fixvar
01	0120	Invalid target to originator Network Connection Fixvar
01	0121	Invalid originator to target Network Connection Priority
01	0122	Invalid target to originator Network Connection Priority
01	0123	Invalid originator to target Network Connection Type
01	0124	Invalid target to originator Network Connection Type
01	0125	Invalid originator to target Network Connection Redundant_Owner
01	0126	Invalid configuration size
01	0127	Invalid originator to target Network Connection Size
01	0128	Invalid target to originator Network Connection Size
01	0129	Invalid Configuration Application Path
01	012A	Invalid Consuming Application Path
01	012B	Invalid Producing Application Path
01	012C	Configuration Symbol does not exist
01	012D	Consuming Symbol does not exist
01	012E	Producing Symbol does not exist
01	012F	Inconsistent Application Path combination
01	0130	Inconsistent Consume Data Format
01	0131	Inconsistent Produce Data Format
01	0132	Null Forward Open function not supported
01	0133	Connection Timeout Multiplier not acceptable
01	0134	Mismatched T->O Network Connection Size
01	0135	Mismatched T->O Network Connection Fixvar
01	0136	Mismatched T->O Network Connection Priority
01	0137	Mismatched Transport Class
01	0138	Mismatched T->O Production Trigger
01	0139	Mismatched T->O Production Inhibit Time Segment
01	0203	Connection cannot be closed because the connection has timed out.
01	0204	Unconnected_Send service timed out while waiting for a response.
01	0205	Parameter Error in Unconnected Send Service or Parameter Error in SafetyOpen or SafetyClose
01	0206	Message too large for unconnected message service.
01	0207	Unconnected acknowledgement without reply.
01	0301	No buffer memory available.
01	0302	Network bandwidth not available for data.
01	0303	No tag filters available.
01	0304	Not configured to send real-time data.
01	0305	Schedule Signature mismatch
01	0306	Schedule Signature validation not possible
01	0311	Port that was specified in port segment is not available.
01	0312	Link address that was specified in port segment is not available.
01	0315	Invalid segment type or segment value in path.
01	0316	Path and connection were not equal when closing the connection.

General Status (hex)	Additional Status (hex)	Explanation
01	0317	Either the segment is not present or the encoded value in the network segment is invalid.
01	0318	Link address to self is invalid.
01	0319	Resources on secondary are unavailable.
01	031A	Connection is already established.
01	031B	Direct connection is already established.
01	031C	Others
01	031D	Redundant connection mismatch.
01	031E	There are no more reception resources available on the sending module.
01	031F	No connection resources exist for the target path.
01	0320 - 07FF	Vendor specific.
01	0801	Incompatible Multicast RPI. An existing connection has been established at a different RPI.
01	0802	Invalid Safety Connection Size
01	0803	Invalid Safety Connection Format
01	0804	Invalid Time Correction Connection Parameters
01	0805	Invalid Ping Interval EPI Multiplier
01	0806	Time Coordination Msg Min Multiplier
01	0807	Network Time Expectation Multiplier
01	0808	Timeout Multiplier
01	0809	Invalid Max Consumer Number
01	080A	Invalid CPCRC
01	080B	Time Correction Connection Id Invalid
01	080C	SCID Mismatch. The SCID was non-zero and did not match the value in the tar- get
01	080D	TUNID not set. Device is out-of-box and TUNID has not been set, so connections are not allowed.
01	080E	TUNID Mismatch. The TUNID provided does not match. The message was likely routed to this node in error
01	080F	Configuration operation not allowed
01	0810	No target application data available
01	0811	No originator application data available
01	0812	Node address has changed since the network was scheduled
01	0813	Not configured for off-subnet multicast
01	0814	Invalid Produce/Consume Data Format

A-8 Icon list for Safety Slave Unit Parameters

The icons that you can set or change for Safety Slave Unit parameters are listed in the following table.

A-8-1 External Device Icons for Input Devices

Category	Device	Settable external device icons				
Safety Switch	Emergency stop switch for dual channel equivalent input					
	Emergency stop switch for single channel	Ŷ	T			
	Safety door switch for dual-channel equivalent input					
	Safety door switch for dual-channel complementary input					
	Safety door switch for single channel					
	Safety limit switch for dual-channel equivalent input					
	Safety limit switch for dual-channel complementary input					
	Safety limit switch for single channel					
	Two-hand switches	*				

Category	Device	Settable external device icons					
Safety Switch	Safety key selector switch for dual-channel equivalent input	AND					
	Safety key selector switch for dual-channel complementary input	(CAN)					
	Safety key selector switch for single channel	R					
	Enabling switch	Ĩ					
Safety Sensor	Safety light curtain	Const	l),				
	Safety laser scanner						
	High-Coded Door Switch	() ()					
	High-Coded Door Switch (Guard Lock Model)	0					
	High-Coded Door Switch (For Gate)						
Specialty devices	Non-contact Door Switch	Ţ					
	Single Beam Safety Sensor						
	Safety Mat/Safety Edge			Ş.			
EDM Feedback	EDM Feedback	Feedback					

A

Category	Device	Settable external device icons
Standard Input De- vice	Reset switch with test pulse	
	Reset switch without test pulse	

Category	Device	Se	ttable external	device icons		
Generic Device	Mechanical Contact for Single Channel	1]→	OF OF	Î		
		Feedback				
	Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Equivalent	N⊒⇒		Î		_
					S. S. S.	
		Į				
	Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Complementary					
			~~	AND		_
	Semiconductor Output for Single Chan- nel					
	Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Equivalent	ka⇒	Linear Section			
	Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Complementary	13⇒				

Category	Device	S	ettable contact icons
Safety Switch	Emergency stop switch for dual-channel equivalent input		
	Emergency stop switch for single channel	2NC	
	Safety door switch for dual-channel equivalent input		/-/
	Safety door switch		2NO
	for dual-channel complementary input	T	
	Safety door switch for single channel	1NC/1NO	1NO/1NC
	Safety limit switch for dual-channel equivalent input		
	Safety limit switch for dual-channel complementary input	2NC	
	Safety limit switch for single channel	1NC/1NO	1NO/1NC
	Two-hand switches		
	Safety key selector switch for dual-channel equivalent input		1NC/1NO
	Safety key selector switch for dual-channel complementary input	2NC	
		 1NC/1NO	1NO/1NC

A-8-2 Contact Icons for Input Devices

Category	Device	Se	ettable contact ico	ns
Safety Switch	Safety key selector switch		/	
	for single channel			
		1NC	1NO	
	Enabling switch	-		
		4		
		2NO		
Safety Sensor	Safety light curtain	OSSD1		
		OSSD2		
		OSSD1/OSSD2		
	Safety laser scanner			
		OSSD1		
		OSSD2		
		OSSD1/OSSD2		
Specialty devices	Non-contact Door Switch	00001/00002		
	Single Beam Safety Sensor	OSSD1		
		05501		
		OSSD1		
	Safety Mat/Safety Edge	° † °		
		1.		
		o - o		
		SafetyMat/		
		SafetyEdge		
EDM Feedback	EDM Feedback	7		
		1		
		1NC		
Standard Input De- vice	Reset switch with test pulse		~	
100		1NO	1NC	
	Reset switch without test pulse		INC	
		1NO	1NC	
Generic Device	Mechanical Contact for Single Channel			
		1NC	1NO	
	Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel		1	
	Equivalent		1	
		7		
		2NC	2NO	

A

Category	Device	S	ettable contact ico	ns
Generic Device	Mechanical Contact for Dual Channel Complementary		-/-/	
		1NC/1NO	1NO/1NC	
	Semiconductor Output for Single Chan- nel	OSSD1		
		OSSD1		
	Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Equivalent	OSSD1 OSSD2		
		OSSD1/OSSD2		
	Semiconductor Output for Dual Channel Complementary			

A-8-3 External Device Icons for Output Devices

Category	Device	Settable external device icons
Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts for Dual Channel	
	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts for Single Channel	
Generic Device	Single Channel with Test Pulse	
	Single Channel without Test Pulse	→
	Dual Output with Test Pulse	
	Dual Output without Test Pulse	

Category	Device		Settable contact icons	
Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Relays with Forcibly Guided Con- tacts for Dual Channel	- <u>(</u>)-	-SR-	-KM
			(SR)	-(KM)
		Load	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Contactor
	Relays with Forcibly Guided Con- tacts for Single Channel	-(L)	—(SR)—	-KM-
		Load	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Contactor
Generic Device	Single Channel with Test Pulse	-(L)	—(SR)—	—(KM)—
		Load	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Contactor
	Single Channel without Test Pulse	-(L)		(KM)
		Load	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Contactor
	Dual Output with Test Pulse	-(L)-	(SR)	—(KM)—
			SR	-KM-
		Load	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Contactor
	Dual Output without Test Pulse	-(L)-		—(KM)—
			-SR-	-KM-
		Load	Relays with Forcibly Guided Contacts	Contactor

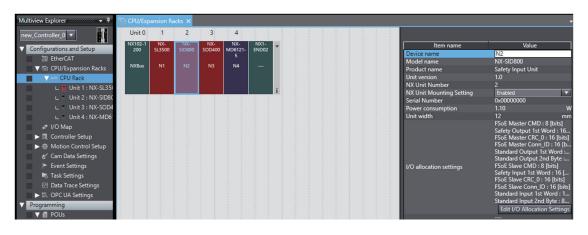
A-8-4 Contact Icons for Output Devices

A-9 Calculating I/O Sizes for CPU Rack or Slave Terminals

To confirm the I/O size of the CPU rack and Slave Terminal, including the Safety Control Unit, use the Edit NX Bus Master Configuration Tab Page for each NX bus master. Refer to the manual of each NX bus master for details on how to display the Edit NX Bus Master Configuration Tab Page.

1 On the Edit NX Bus Master Configuration Tab Page, select the NX Unit for which the connected I/O allocation can be changed.

This enables the **Edit I/O Allocation Settings** Button in the Parameter Settings Area on the right side of the tab page.



2 Click the Edit I/O Allocation Settings Button. The Edit I/O Allocation Setting Tab Page is displayed.

Multiview Explorer 👻 🗸	S CPU/Expansion Racks 🗙					
new_Controller_0 🔻	I/O Allocation Status: (1) I/O data size Input 36/8192 [bytes] Output 34/8192 [bytes]					
Configurations and Setup	VO Entry Mapping List VO entries included in the Output Data Set 1					
▼ 🖾 CPU/Expansion Racks		Input 80[bits] Output 80[bits]	Index Size IData Type I/O entry name Comment 0x7000:01 8[bit] BYTE FSoE Master CMD FSoE Master CMD			
📕 💎 🚥 CPU Rack	Selection Input/Output I/O entry mapping name Flag		0x7001:01 16[bit] WORD Safety Output 1st Word Safety output 1st word			
L 📕 Unit 1 : NX-SL350	Output Output Data Set 1		0x7000:03 16[bit] WORD FSoE Master CRC_0 FSoE Master CRC_0			
L Unit 2 : NX-SID80			0x7000:02 16[bit] WORD FSoE Master Conn_ID FSoE Master Conn_ID			
L Unit 3 : NX-SOD4	Input Input Data set I					
L Unit 4 : NX-MD6 I/O Map	Input Input Data Set 2					

The input and output data sizes of the CPU rack and the entire Slave Terminal are displayed in the I/O Allocation Status Column.

A-10 Printing

This section describes how to print information related to Safety Control Unit from the Sysmac Studio. Refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual (Cat. No. W504)* for basic printing procedures for the Sysmac Studio.

A-10-1 Selecting the Items to Print

Use the following procedure to specify Safety Control Unit as the print target.

Select File - Print.

The items that you can print will be displayed.

2 Select the items for the Safety Control Unit. The Safety Control Unit will be set up for printing.



A-10-2 Items that are Printed

The items that you selected for printing are printed in the order in which the printing items were displayed.

Samples of the information that is printed for a Safety Control Unit are provided below.

Signature and Validation Boxes

This information is printed on the first page of the Safety Control Unit. Validation and signature boxes for safety validation are printed.

Del son confirm all the Salety Properties item	is in the printed document are identical with these in the online Suldry Project?
	chttps cNO
 Did you confirm all the network configuration Safety Project? 	in and unit configuration in the printed document are identical with these in the selfs
	UTES DND
• Did you confirm all the Communications item	is in the printed document are identical with these in the online Solidy Project?
	o'YES JNO
• Did you confirm all the Task Settings insue in	the printed document are identical with those in the online Safety Project?
	0725
· Did you confirm all the I/O Map items in the	orizated document are identical with those in the online Safety Present?
	0725 090
• Did you confirm all the POIL items in the print	ted focument are identical with those in the online Safeth Project?
	0705
• Did you confirm all the variables in the minist	of document are identical with those in the online Safety Project?
	0705
· Different senders of the Charge Technic In-	in the original document are identical with these in the online Safety Project!
 Two loss constant no mis cramfits transcrift near 	In the printee accument are contacts with these in the cause subsy respect OVES
Subland No.	
	-Stanor-
-Validand Date-	

• Wiring Diagrams

The wiring diagrams that are set on the Parameters Tab Page are printed.

LEIP/Unit2 : NX:SIH400 (N2 : Instancel)			Stere Name	Parameter Name	Value
			HPUM2 : NX-SHHOP (N2 Intercel)	TOP Test Output Mode	Test Output (mechanical contact)
			(and accust)	TO1 Test Output Mode	Jee Organ Inschanical contact)
				531-1 Ded Chennel Sofers Lapot Mode	Deal Chand Equivalent
				181-1 Decemponcy lime	900(rm)
				330 Janear Channel Marke	Test Pube from Test Output
				511 luput Channel Mode	Test Palsa from Test Output
				SH Test Serger	Ton Organ 9
	CPAUR2 : NX SEHOD (N2 : Instancell)			SII Test Serger	Tor Organ L
				SR-Off On Delay	8(m)
	 S00 Emergency Stop Switch(2NC) 			MI Off On Delay	(m)
	800			3.20 Chi Off Theory	8(ms)
U	10			S11 On Off Dainy	R(M+)
work Switch with Yest Pulse	11			SI2-3 Dual Channel Safety Input Mode	Single Chaund
				513-3 Discrepancy Time	(m)
	\$62 Reset Switch			832 Input Channel Mode	Test Pube Even Test Ourput
	10	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		SD Input Channel Mode	Test Pulse from Test Output
DM Fredbalk				542 Test Sector	Test Output 9
	 SK03 EDM(Welding check) 			ND Tied Searce	Test Output 1
Redat tabel	11			NEI Off On Delay	0(m)
				SDI Off On Dulay	8(m)
				SE On Off Delay SE On Off Delay	0(ms) 0(ms)
	Tic Test Gutaut (mechanical context)				
	10: Test Output (rechencel contect) T1: Test Output (rechencel contect)	-			
ļ					
Į					

• Program

The programs are printed.

2.1. Emergency Stop Publication Applicatio	2.1. Emergency Step Publishins Applicat new_SafetyCPC0 Program Program	2.1. Emergency Step Peablectum Applicatio
151152Program		1-6.Data
1		1.6.1.Global Variables Name Data Yuar Data Valar Konstant Konstant
Particip Consection (Partie Solid) No. 20(http://www.sites.com/action.co		
Party Pressentian Party Polar		Road 51 SAVERSER FALSE False React Solid-52
800,0000		Feedback KMI KMI KAMI KAMI KMI KMI KMI KMI KMI KMI KMI KMI KMI K
1		Contactor KMU KM GATEBOOK FALSE False Contactor KMU KM2
Infect Departure Dates Suits of Reconception	BOD MALLAND ACLIVICE REAL COMPACTOR AND	SCS Units SAFEBOOK FALSE False Sulty Connection Status Units
BERNELLE ACLIVES BURGEDON	CE REALIZED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	
BRUK STORES	Produce(.prt_con = 5,000) Weitery court and con	
Part_RZ - Inset	President (ML 100) - 9 (200) MAX 2000 President (2000)	
	2010 - C.Stachart	
	Basat 22 Jacob	
15/19	16./19	17/19

A-11 List of Screwless Clamping Terminal Block Models

This section explains how to read the screwless clamping terminal block model numbers and shows the model number table.

A-11-1 Model Notation

The screwless clamping terminal block models are assigned based on the following rules.

Product type TB: Terminal block	
Terminal specifications A: Column number indications A and B, no functional ground terminals B: Column number indications C and D, no functional ground terminals C: Column number indications A and B, functional ground terminals	
No. of terminals 08: 8 terminals 12: 12 terminals 16: 16 terminals	
Other Specifications — 1: Terminal current capacity of 4 A 2: Terminal current capacity of 10 A	

A-11-2 List of Terminal Block Models

The following table shows a list of screwless clamping terminal blocks.

Terminal block model	Number of terminals	Ground terminal mark	Terminal current capaci- ty
NX-TBA081	8	Not provided	4 A
NX-TBA121	12		
NX-TBA161	16		
NX-TBB121	12		
NX-TBB161	16		
NX-TBA082	8		10 A
NX-TBA122	12		
NX-TBA162	16		
NX-TBB082	8		
NX-TBB122	12		
NX-TBB162	16		
NX-TBC082	8	Provided	
NX-TBC162	16		

Note When you purchase a terminal block, purchase an NX-TB \square \square 2.

A-12 I/O Response Times for Communications between NX Units on EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals

This section describes the input response times and output response times for communications between NX Units on EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

Input Response Times

The input response time gives the time required from when an external signal is input to the NX Unit until it is processed by the Safety CPU Unit.

The maximum input response time is calculated as follows:

Formula: Maximum input response time = Safety task period + Tnx-Indelay + 4.5 ms

The elements in the formulas are as follows:

- · Safety task period: Setting of the safety task period in the Safety CPU Unit
- Tnx-Indelay: Input delay time of the NX Unit

Output Response Times

The output response time is the time from data processing on the Safety CPU Unit until the results are externally output from an NX Unit.

The maximum output response time is calculated as follows:

Formula: Maximum output response time = Safety task period + Tnx-OutProc + Tnx-Outdelay + 4.5 ms

The elements in the formulas are as follows:

- · Safety task period: Setting of the safety task period in the Safety CPU Unit
- Tnx-OutProc: Output data processing time of the NX Unit
- Tnx-Outdelay: Output delay time of the NX Unit

Definition of Formula Elements and Calculation Methods

This section defines the elements and describes the calculation methods.

Tnx-Indelay

This is the input delay time of the NX Unit. It is the time required to read the status of the input terminals into NX Unit memory. There is a unique value for each type of NX Unit. The NX Unit input delay time is different for each type of NX Unit. The following table gives the definition of the input delay time for each type of NX Unit.

Α

NXType of NX Unit	Tnx-Indelay	Remarks
Digital Input Units	ON/OFF response time + Input filter time	The ON/OFF response time depends on the model of the Unit.
		You can set the input filter time for each Unit.
Analog Input Units	Conversion time × Number of	The conversion time and number of points depend on
	points	the model of the Unit.

Refer to the user's manuals for individual NX Units or to the *NX-series Data Reference Manual* (*Cat.No. W525*) for the definition of Tnx-Indelay in the above table and use it in the calculations.

Tnx-OutProc

This is the output data processing time of the NX Unit. It is the time from when the NX Unit reads the output data that was sent by the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit until preparations to update the output data are completed. There is a unique value for each type of NX Unit.

The NX Unit output data processing time has a different definition or value for each type of NX Unit. The following table gives the value or definition of Tnx-OutProc for each type of NX Unit.

Type of NX Unit	Tnx-OutProc	Remarks
Digital Output Units	0 µs	
Analog Output Units	Conversion time × Number of points	The conversion time and number of points depend on the model of the Unit.

If a formula rather than a value is given for Tnx-OutProc in the above table, refer to the user's manuals for individual NX Units or to the *NX-series Data Reference Manual (Cat. No. W525)* for the values of the items to make the calculation.

Tnx-Outdelay

This is the output delay time of the NX Unit. This is the time required to change the output terminals according to the updated output data in the NX Unit. There is a unique value for each type of NX Unit.

The NX Unit output delay time has a different definition or value for each type of NX Unit. The following table gives the value or definition of the output delay time for each type of NX Unit.

Type of NX Unit	Tnx-Outdelay	Remarks
Digital Output Units	ON/OFF response time	The ON/OFF response time depends on the model of the Unit.
Analog Output Units	0 µs	

If a formula rather than a value is given for Tnx-Outdelay in the above table, refer to the user's manuals for individual NX Units or to the *NX-series Data Reference Manual (Cat. No. W525)* for the values of the items to make the calculation.

Additional Information

To calculate the I/O response times between a Safety I/O Unit and a standard I/O Unit, add the input response time or output response time to the FSoE watchdog timer value of the Safety I/O Unit.

A-13 Units That Support Communications between NX Units

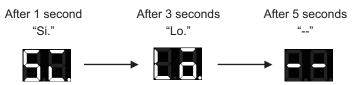
Refer to A-19 Version Information on page A-110.

A-14 Checking the Signature Code on the Seven-segment Indicator

Use the following procedure to display a signature code on the seven-segment indicator on the front panel of the Safety CPU Unit. This function is available for NX-SL5

1 Press the service switch on the front panel of the Safety CPU Unit.

If you hold down the service switch, the display of the seven-segment indicator will change as shown below.



Release the service switch while the indicator shows "Si".

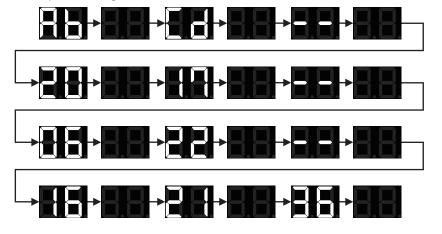
If you release the service switch while "--" is displayed, the function does not execute and the original state is restored.

2 The signature code appears.

The indicator displays all nine bytes starting from the creation date (UTC) and then the signature code one byte at a time.

(Signature display start symbol --> Signature code (High) --> Signature code (Low) --> Separator (--) --> Year (High) --> Year (Low) --> Separator (--) --> Month --> Day --> Separator (--) --> Hour --> Minute --> Second)

Example: The signature code is ABCD, and the date is 16:21:36 of June 22, 2017 (UTC)



When the signature code is undefined, "--" appears.

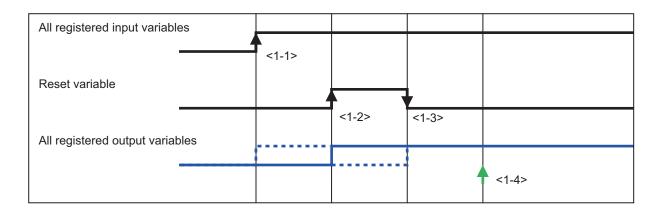
A-15 Execution Scenarios for the Simple Automatic Test

The operations given in the following table are executed in order for the Simple Automatic Test.

No.	Test phase	Executed processes	Confirmations	Displayed errors
1	Initialize	Set all the registered input varia- bles to TRUE. <1-1> Set the reset variable to TRUE. <1-2> Set the reset variable to FALSE. <1-3>	Examine all the registered output variables are TRUE. <1-4>	<error> "Cannot Execute" <remarks> "The following output variables are FALSE after the reset."</remarks></error>
2	Shutoff Test	The input variables are set to FALSE. <2-1>	Examine the output variables expected to be 0 in the expected value setting table are FALSE. <2-2>	<error> "Failed" <remarks> "The following output variables do not match with the expected values."</remarks></error>
			Examine the output variables expected to be 1 in the expected value setting table are TRUE. <2-3>	<error> "Failed" <remarks> "The following output variables do not match with the expected values."</remarks></error>
3	Restore Test <reset type:<br="">Auto></reset>	Set the input variable to TRUE. <3-1>	Examine all the registered output variables are TRUE. <3-2>	<error> "Failed" <remarks> "The following output variables do not return."</remarks></error>
4	Restore Test <reset type:<br="">Manual></reset>	Set the input variable to TRUE. <4-1> Set the reset variable to TRUE. <4-2> Set the reset variable to FALSE.	Examine the output variables expected to be 0 in the expected value setting table are FALSE. <4-4>	<error> "Failed" <remarks> "The following output variables do return."</remarks></error>
		<4-3>	Examine all the registered output variables are TRUE. <4-5>	<error> "Failed" <remarks> "The following output variables are FALSE after the reset."</remarks></error>

1. Initialization

Α



2. Shutoff Test

Target input variable			
	<2-1>		
Output variables expected to be 0			
	4	<2-2>	
Output variables expected to be 1		[
		<2-3>	

3. Restore Test (Reset Type: Auto)

Target input variable		
All registered output variables	<3-1>	
		<3-2>

4. Restore Test (Reset Type: Manual)

Target input variable						
Reset variable		<4-1>				
Output variables expected	to be 0			<4-2>	<4-3>	
Output variables expected	to be 1		<4-4>			<4-5>
					4	<4-5>

A-16 Differences in Checking Operation between the Simulator and Safety CPU Unit

This section describes the differences in the program debugging functions that you can perform on the Sysmac Studio between online debugging on a Safety CPU Unit and offline debugging with the Simulator.

Debugging function	Safety CPU Unit	Simulator	Reference
Monitoring	Supported.	Supported.	7-6-3 Monitoring Variables in the FBD Editor on page 7-29 7-6-4 Monitoring Variables in a Watch Tab Page on page 7-30
Monitoring in a Watch Tab Page	Supported.	Supported.	7-6-5 Controlling BOOL Variables, Changing Present Values, and Using Forced Refreshing on
Controlling BOOL vari- ables	Supported.	Supported.	page 7-32
Forced refreshing in- puts	Supported.	Supported.	
Changing present val- ues of data	Supported.	Supported.	
Monitoring Controller status	Supported.	Supported.	7-15 Monitoring Controller Status on page 7-76
Clear All Memory	Supported.	Not support- ed.	7-16-2 Clear All Memory Operation on page 7-79
Changing the operat- ing mode	Supported.	Not support- ed.	7-3 Operating Modes of the Safety CPU Unit on page 7-11
Troubleshooting	Supported.	Not support- ed.	Section 12 Troubleshooting on page 12-1
Monitoring error infor- mation	Supported.	Not support- ed.	
Displaying error logs	Supported.	Not support- ed.]

A-17 I/O Data Enable Flag for CIP Safety Connections

You can use the I/O data enable flag for CIP Safety connections in the safety program.

ON and OFF Conditions of the I/O Data Enable Flag for CIP Safety Connections

You can use the I/O data enable flag for CIP Safety connections in the safety program.

Connection type	Data Direction	ON (data enabling) conditions	OFF (data disabling) conditions
Originator Con- nection	IN (Target Device →Safety CPU Unit)	Safety connection open and valid data ^{*1} received	Disconnection or invalid data ^{*1} received
	OUT (Safety CPU Unit→ Target Device)	Safety connection open and data being transmitted	Disconnection
Target Connection (Single-cast)	OUT (Originator Device → Safety CPU Unit)	Safety connection open and valid data ^{*2} received	Disconnection or invalid data ^{*2} received
	IN (Safety CPU Unit → Originator Device)	Safety connection open and data being transmitted	Disconnection
Target Connection (Multi-cast)	IN (Safety CPU Unit → Originator Device)	At least one connection open and data being transmitted	All connections discon- nected

*1. Whether the data is enabled or disabled depends on the target device. When the target device is NX-SL5500 or NX-SL5700, the data is always enabled.

Using the I/O Data Enable Flag for CIP Safety Connections

The following describes the procedure to use the I/O data enable flag for CIP Safety connections.

1 Register CIP Safety connection instance variables as the external variables of the program POU.

Program	m0 ×				
Internals	Name	I Data Type	Constant	Comment	0
Externals	CIPOriginator_Instance0	CIPSafetyOriginator			

The following list shows a combination of the instance variable name and data type.

Instance variable name	Data type
"CIPOriginator_Instance" + num-	CIPSafetyOri-
ber	ginator
"CIPTarget_Instance" + number	CIPSafetyTar-
	get

The instance variable name of the originator can be verified on the **Connection Settings** (**Originator**) screen.

Α

^{*2.} Whether the data is enabled or disabled depends on the originator device. When the originator device is NX-SL5500 or NX-SL5700, the data is always enabled.

N

etwork eaction Time [ms] Instance name
126.080 CIPOriginator_Insta
90.208 CIPOriginator_Insta
126.080 CIPOriginator_Insta
90.208 CIPOriginator_Insta

The target instance variable name can be verified on the **I/O Assembly Settings (Target)** screen.

		ety I/O Ports when an I/O				
u can use I/O v	alues of the	following I/O assemblies	s on safety programs,	if you assign device vari	iables to the I/O ports on I/O Map view.	
10 10 10 1	1 10 1	1 1/O Assessber Masses	Data Size [byte]	Instance name	December	
ctive/Inactive	In/Out	I/O Assembly Name	Data Size [byte]	instance name	Description	
ctive/Inactive	In/Out	Input Assembly Name	16	CIPTarget_Instance0	Description This Input assembly contains 128 entries of SAFEBOOL type Input entry.	
		Input Assembly 1 Input Assembly 2	16	CIPTarget_Instance0	This Input assembly contains 128 entries of SAFEBOOL type Input entry.	

2 Use "InstanceVariableName.S_RunIdleFlag" in the program POU.

Precautions for Correct Use

The I/O data enable flag for CIP Safety connections (S_RunIdleFlag) is supported by the NX-SL5500/NX-SL5700 unit version 1.4 or higher. Do not use this feature with the unit version 1.3 or lower.

A-18 Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data

If a standard controller and a Safety CPU Unit are transferred by using different projects, the following error may occur.

Event name	Event Code
NX Bus Communications Settings and Safety Application Data Mismatch	10520000 hex

If you cannot resolve the above error after you implement the normal correction, use the following procedure.

1 From the main menu, select Tools – Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data.

Tools Window Help					
Troubleshooting					
CIP Safety Monitor					
I/O Map 🔸					
Variable Comment (Safety Program)					
IEC 61131-10 XML					
Generate Safety Data Logging Settings File					
Generate Safety Unit Restore File					
Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data					
Customize Shortcut Keys Option					

The following confirmation dialog is displayed.

Sysmac Studio				
2	All the transfer data of Configurations and Setup will be updated. After this menu, transfer the settings to the Standard Controller. Do you want to continue? <u>Yes</u> <u>No</u>			

2 Click the Yes button.

When you complete Safety: Update Configurations and Setup Transfer Data, the following message appears.

Sysmac Studio
Update completed. Execute Transfer To Controller to apply settings to the Standard Controller.
ОК

3 Click the **OK** button.

Execute Transfer to Controller of the standard controller after the update is completed.

Α

A-19 Version Information

This section describes the compatibility between unit versions of the Safety Control Unit and the version of the Sysmac Studio, as well as the functions supported by the Sysmac Studio.

A-19-1 Relationship between Unit Versions and Sysmac Studio Versions

This section describes the possible combinations of versions of Safety Control Units, NJ/NX-series CPU Units, Communications Coupler Units, Communication Control Units, Sysmac Studio, and other NX Units.

Refer to the manuals of each unit and Sysmac Studio for the relationship of functions and versions of NJ/NX-series CPU Units, Communications Coupler Units, Communication Control Units, and Sysmac Studio.

Refer to the user's manual of the connected Communications Coupler Unit for details on the relationship between Slave Terminal functions and versions.

EtherCAT Slave Terminal

This configuration is used to connect the Safety Control Unit to the EtherCAT Coupler Unit, and the EtherCAT Slave Terminal to the built-in EtherCAT master of the CPU Unit via EtherCAT.

Safety Control Unit model and version		NX bus master: EtherCAT Coupler Unit			
Model	Unit version	Communications Coupler Unit	CPU Unit	Sysmac Studio	
NX-SL3300	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.1 ^{*1}	Ver. 1.06	Ver. 1.07	
	Ver. 1.1			Ver. 1.10	
NX-SL3500	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.2 ^{*1}	Ver. 1.07	Ver. 1.08	
	Ver1.1			Ver. 1.10	
NX-SL5500	Ver. 1.3				
	Ver. 1.4				
NX-SL5700	Ver. 1.2				
	Ver. 1.3				
	Ver. 1.4				
NX-SIH400	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.1 ^{*1}	Ver. 1.06	Ver. 1.07	
	Ver. 1.1			Ver. 1.10	
NX-SID800	Ver. 1.0			Ver. 1.07	
NX-SOH200]				
NX-SOD400					

*1. Some Units do not have all of the versions given in the above table. If a Unit does not have the specified version, support is provided by the oldest available version after the specified version. Refer to the user's manuals of the specific Units for the relationship between models and versions.

CPU Rack

This configuration is used to connect the Safety Control Unit to the CPU Unit or Communication Control Unit.

Safety Control Unit model and version		NX bus master: CPU Unit	
Model	Unit version	NX502 CPU Unit	Sysmac Studio
NX-SL3300	Ver.1.0	Ver.1.60	Ver.1.54
	Ver.1.1		
NX-SL3500	Ver.1.0		
	Ver.1.1		
NX-SL5500	Ver.1.3		
	Ver.1.4		
NX-SL5700	Ver.1.2		
	Ver.1.3	Ver.1.60	Ver.1.54
	Ver.1.4		
NX-SIH400	Ver.1.0		
	Ver.1.1		
NX-SID800	Ver.1.0		
NX-SOH200]		
NX-SOD400]		

Safety Control Unit model and version		NX bus master: CPU Unit	
Model	Unit version	NX102 CPU Unit	Sysmac Studio
NX-SL3300	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.30	Ver. 1.22
	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SL3500	Ver. 1.0		
	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SL5500	Ver. 1.3	Ver. 1.31	Ver. 1.24
	Ver. 1.4		Ver. 1.40
NX-SL5700	Ver. 1.2		
	Ver. 1.3	Ver. 1.31	Ver. 1.24
	Ver. 1.4		Ver. 1.40
NX-SIH400	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.30	Ver. 1.22
	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SID800	Ver. 1.0		
NX-SOH200			
NX-SOD400			

Safety Control Unit model and version		NX bus master: Communication Control Unit	
Model	Unit version		Sysmac Studio
NX-SL3300	Ver. 1.0		
NX-SL3300	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SL3500	Ver. 1.0		
NX-SL3500	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SL5500	Ver. 1.3	Ver. 1.01	Ver. 1.24
	Ver. 1.4		Ver. 1.40

Safety Control Unit model and version		NX bus master: Communication Control Unit	
Model	Unit version		Sysmac Studio
NX-SL5700	Ver. 1.2	Ver. 1.00 only	Ver. 1.24
	Ver. 1.3	Ver. 1.01	
	Ver. 1.4		Ver. 1.40
NX-SIH400	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.00	Ver. 1.24
NX-SIH400	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SID800	Ver. 1.0		
NX-SOH200			
NX-SOD400			

EtherNet/IP Slave Terminal

This configuration is used to connect the Safety Control Unit to the EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit.

Safety Control Unit model and version		NX bus master: EtherNet/IP Coupler Unit	
Model	Unit version	Communications Cou- pler Unit	Sysmac Studio
NX-SL3300	Ver. 1.0		
	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10
NX-SL3500	Ver. 1.0		
	Ver. 1.1		
NX-SL5500	Ver. 1.3		
	Ver. 1.4		
NX-SL5700	Ver. 1.2		
	Ver. 1.3		
	Ver. 1.4		
NX-SIH400	Ver. 1.0		
	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10
NX-SID800	Ver. 1.0		
NX-SOH200			
NX-SOD400			

Units That Support Communications between NX Units

This section describes how to set up communications between the NX Units of the EtherNet/IP Slave Terminals.

• Digital I/O Units

The table below shows the NX Unit models that support communications between the NX Units as well as the combinations of the Unit version and Sysmac Studio version.

Model	Unit version	Sysmac Studio
NX-ID3317	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID3343	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID3344	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID3417	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID3443	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher

Model	Unit version	Sysmac Studio
NX-ID4342	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID4442	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID5142-1	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-ID5142-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID5342	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID5442	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID6142-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-ID6142-6	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-IA3117	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD3121	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD3153	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD3256	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD3257	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD3268	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-OD4121	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD4256	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD5121	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-OD5121-1	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-OD5121-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD5256	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD5256-1	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-OD5256-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD6121-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OD6121-6	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-OD6256-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OC2633	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OC2733	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-OC4633	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-MD6121-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-MD6121-6	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-MD6256-5	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher

The data types in the following table are supported for communications between NX Units.

Data Type
BOOL
BYTE
INT
WORD
DINT

Analog I/O Units

The table below shows the NX Unit models that support communications between the NX Units as well as the combinations of the Unit version and Sysmac Studio version.

Model	Unit version	Sysmac Studio
NX-AD2203	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD2204	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher

Model	Unit version	Sysmac Studio
NX-AD2208	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD2603	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD2604	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD2608	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD3203	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD3204	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD3208	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD3603	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD3604	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD3608	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD4203	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD4204	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD4208	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD4603	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD4604	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-AD4608	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA2203	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA2205	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA2603	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA2605	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA3203	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA3205	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA3603	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher
NX-DA3605	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.10 or higher

The data types in the following table are supported for communications between NX Units.

Data Type
BOOL
BYTE
INT
WORD
DINT

• Temperature Input Units

The table below shows the NX Unit models that support communications between the NX Units as well as the combinations of the Unit version and Sysmac Studio version.

Model	Unit version	Sysmac Studio
NX-TS2101	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS2102	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS2104	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS2201	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS2202	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS2204	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher

Model	Unit version	Sysmac Studio
NX-TS3101	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS3102	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS3104	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS3201	Ver. 1.0	Ver. 1.22 or higher
	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS3202	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher
NX-TS3204	Ver. 1.1	Ver. 1.22 or higher

The data types in the following table are supported for communications between NX Units.

Data Type
BOOL
BYTE
INT
WORD
DINT

A-19-2 Functions That Were Added or Changed for Each Version

This section gives the Safety Control Unit-related functions that were added or changed for each version.

	Change an	Corresponding unit version/ version			
Description	Change or addition	Sysmac Stu- dio	Safety CPU Unit NX-SL□□□□	Reference	
Supported model added. NX-SL3500 	Addition	Ver.1.08 or higher	Ver. 1.0 or later	2-1 Safety CPU Unit on page 2-2	
Offline debugging	Addition			6-8 Offline Debugging on page 6-98	
Function to change mod- els	Addition	Ver. 1.10 or higher	Ver. 1.0 or later	5-3-3 Procedure to Change the Model of the Safety Control Unit on page 5-10	
Monitoring memory usage	Addition			6-7 Monitoring Memory Usage for Safety Control Unit on page 6-96	
Setting the initial values of variables	Addition			6-8-5 Setting the Initial Values of Variables on page 6-101	
Feedback setting	Addition			6-8-6 Feedback Settings on page 6-102	
Setting watchdog times for safety process data communications	Addition		Ver. 1.10 or lat- er	8-3-4 Changing FSoE Watchdog Timers on page 8-10	
Transferring safety-vali- dated safety application data	Addition			7-3-3 Executable Functions in Each Mode of the Safety CPU Unit on page 7-14	

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A-19 Version Information

	0	Corresponding unit version/ version			
Description	Change or addition	Sysmac Stu- dio	Safety CPU Unit NX-SL□□□□	Reference	
Importing/exporting user- defined function blocks	Addition	Ver. 1.12 or higher	Ver. 1.0 or later	6-5-2 <i>Registering POUs</i> on page 6-27	
Data protection	Addition			7-10-2 Data Protection on page 7-60	
Simple Automatic Test	Addition	Ver. 1.15 or higher	Ver. 1.0 or later	6-8-7 Simple Automatic Test on page 6-103	
Importing/exporting pro- grams	Addition	Ver. 1.17 or higher	Ver. 1.0 or higher	6-5-2 <i>Registering POUs</i> on page 6-27	
Program data protection.	Addition			7-10-2 Data Protection on page 7-60	
Checking external device wiring	Addition			7-5 Checking External Device Wiring on page 7-20	
Supported model added. NX-SL5500 NX-SL5700 	Addition	Ver. 1.24 or higher	Ver. 1.3 or later	2-1 Safety CPU Unit on page 2-2	
I/O data enable flag for CIP Safety connections	Addition	Ver. 1.40 or higher	Ver. 1.4 or higher	A-17 I/O Data Enable Flag for CIP Safety Connections on page A-107	
Safety POU Data Protec- tion Version	Addition	Ver. 1.54 or higher	Ver. 1.0 or later	7-10-2 Data Protection on page 7-60	
Batch import/export of CIP Safety connection settings	Addition	Ver. 1.54 or higher	Ver. 1.2 or later	5-4-2 Setting Up the CIP Safety Communications on page 5-13	



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